

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2023 edition with Rubi V 4.17.3

6-Hyperbolic-functions/6.2-Hyperbolic-cosine/165-6.2.1-c+d-x-^m-
a+b-cosh-ⁿ

Nasser M. Abbasi

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [183]. This is test number [165].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 13.3.1 (August 16, 2023) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 13.3.1 on windows 10
3. Maple 2023.1 (July, 12, 2023) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
5. FriCAS 1.3.9 (July 8, 2023) based on sbcl 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-57 (June 26, 2023) on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
7. Sympy 1.12 (May 10, 2023) Using Python 3.11.3 on Linux.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or `Hypergeometric2F1` functions. `RootSum` and `RootOf` are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (183)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	99.45 (182)	0.55 (1)
Fricas	81.97 (150)	18.03 (33)
Maxima	78.14 (143)	21.86 (40)
Maple	60.66 (111)	39.34 (72)
Giac	56.28 (103)	43.72 (80)
Mupad	38.25 (70)	61.75 (113)
Sympy	33.88 (62)	66.12 (121)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

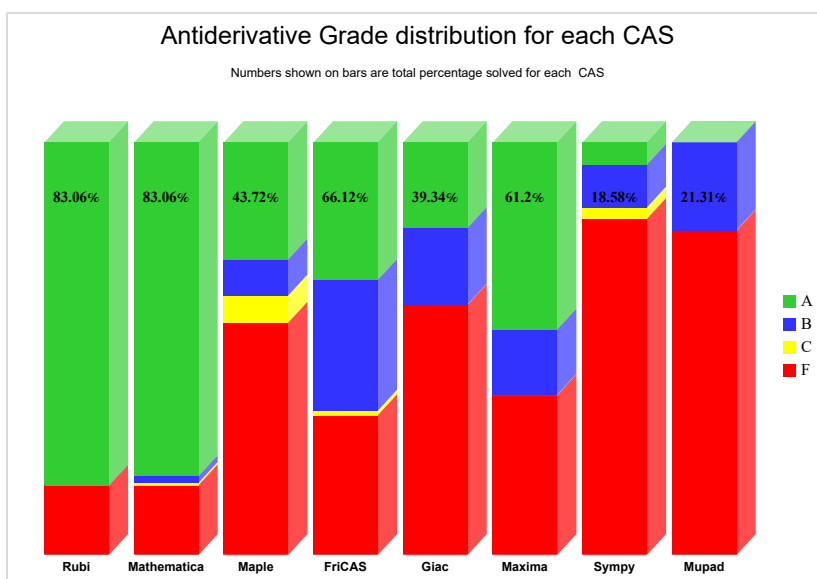
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

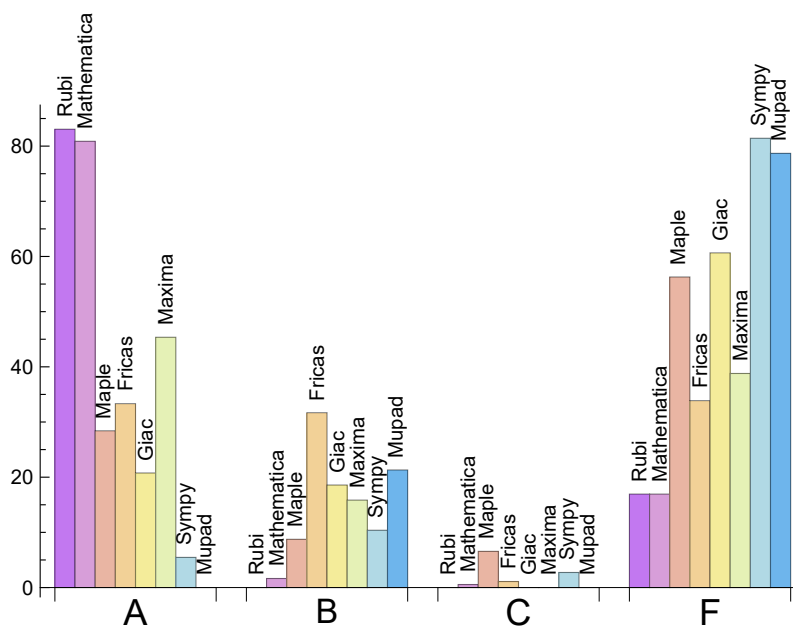
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Mathematica	80.874	1.639	0.546	16.940
Rubi	59.016	0.000	24.044	16.940
Maxima	45.355	15.847	0.000	38.798
Fricas	33.333	31.694	1.093	33.880
Maple	28.415	8.743	6.557	56.284
Giac	20.765	18.579	0.000	60.656
Sympy	5.464	10.383	2.732	81.421
Mupad	0.000	21.311	0.000	78.689

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates

an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	1	0.00	100.00	0.00
Fricas	33	18.18	0.00	81.82
Maxima	40	80.00	0.00	20.00
Maple	72	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	80	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	113	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	121	76.86	11.57	11.57

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maple	0.22
Fricas	0.24
Maxima	0.25
Rubi	0.53
Giac	0.68
Mupad	1.50
Mathematica	2.52
Sympy	7.14

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mupad	93.54	1.32	45.50	1.12
Rubi	127.96	1.03	96.00	1.00
Maple	129.57	1.34	81.00	1.11
Sympy	156.63	1.77	72.00	1.46
Maxima	160.73	2.51	116.00	1.10
Mathematica	187.50	1.07	78.50	0.92
Giac	192.99	1.89	107.00	1.15
Fricas	472.70	2.77	168.00	1.87

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

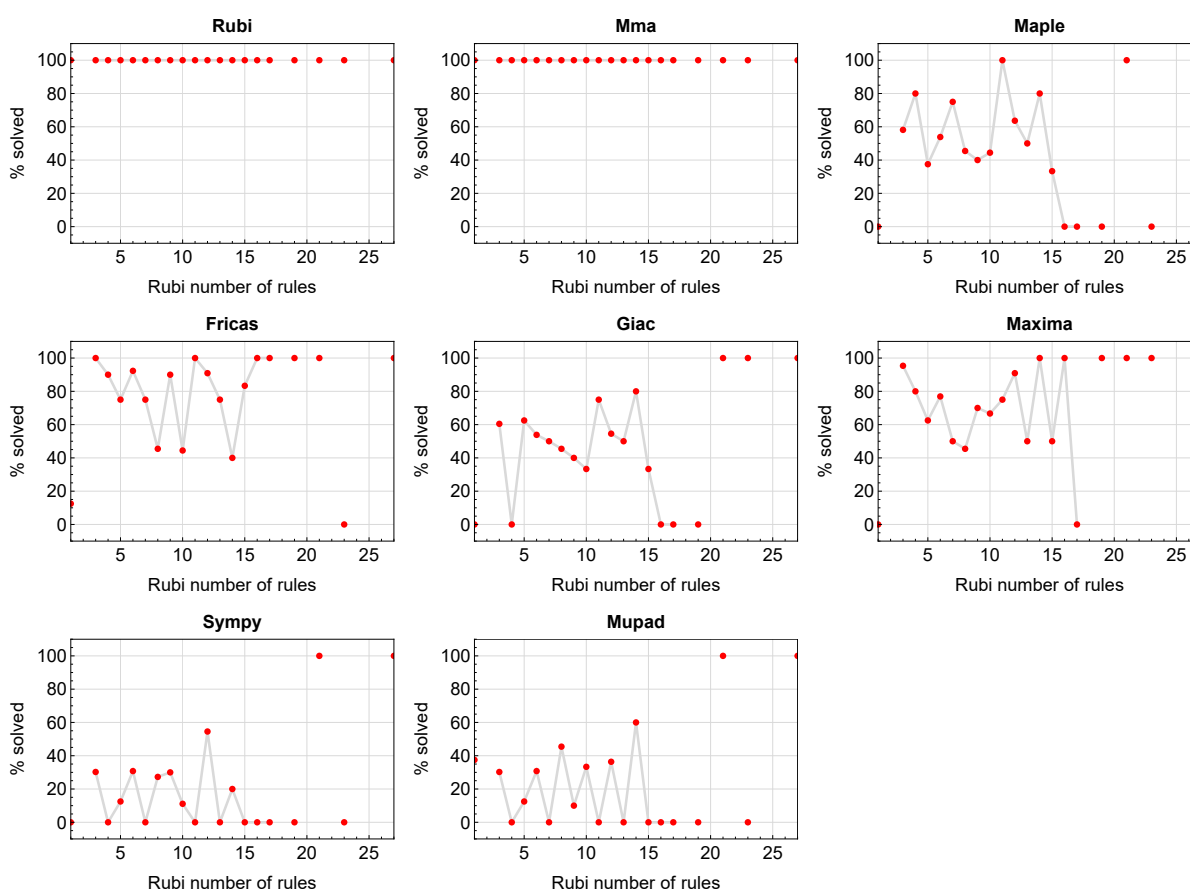


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

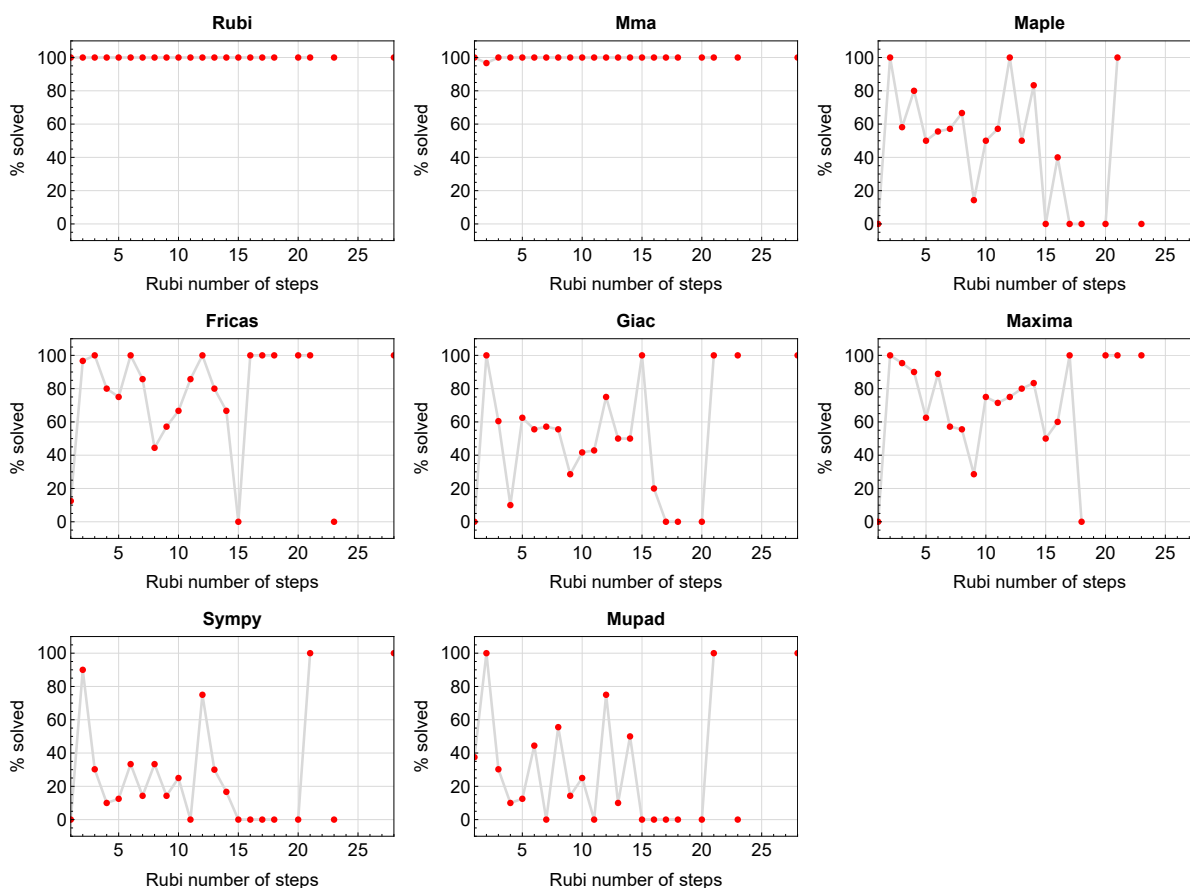


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

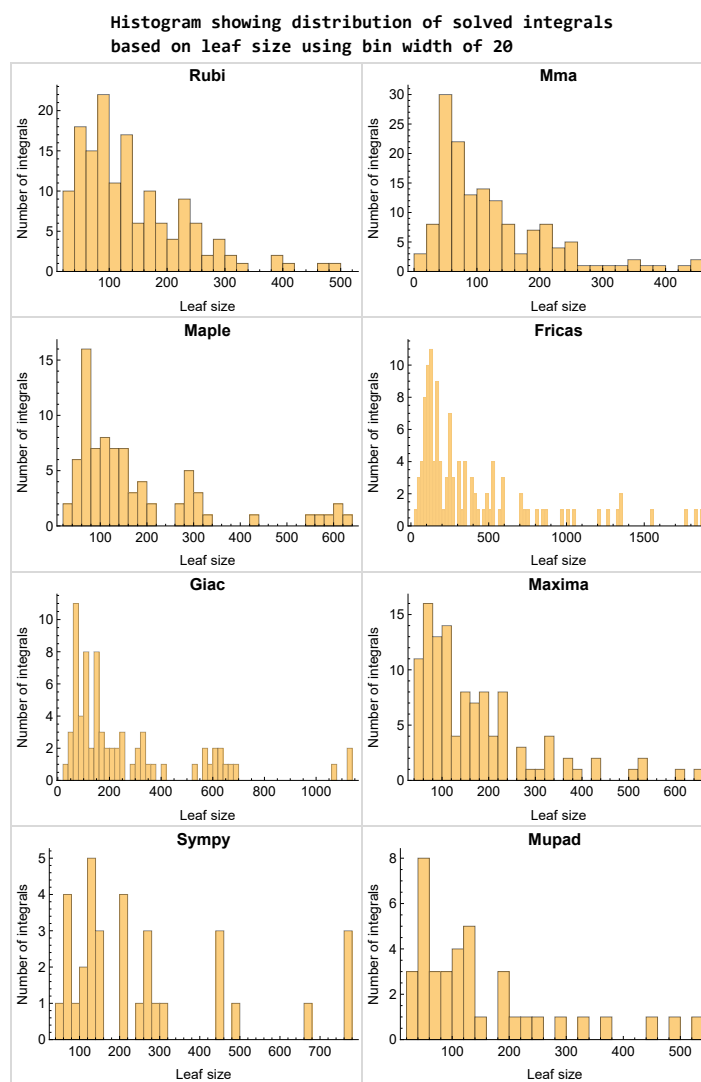


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

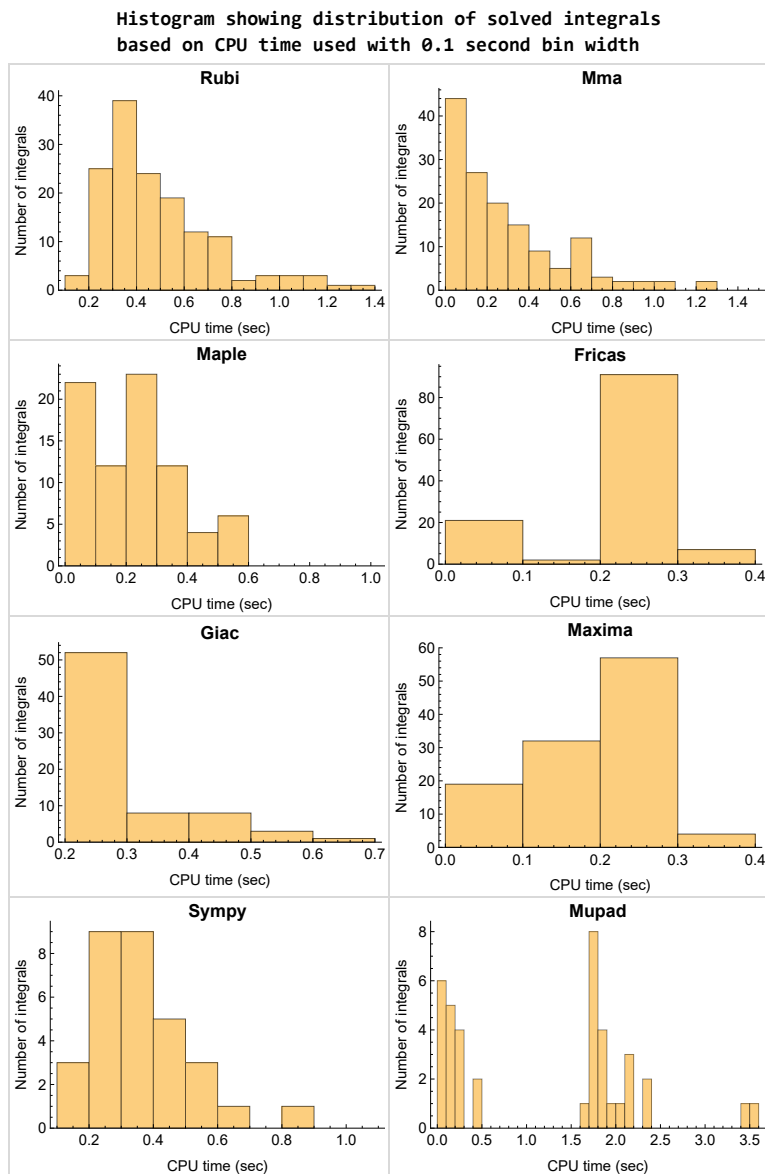


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following gives the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time.

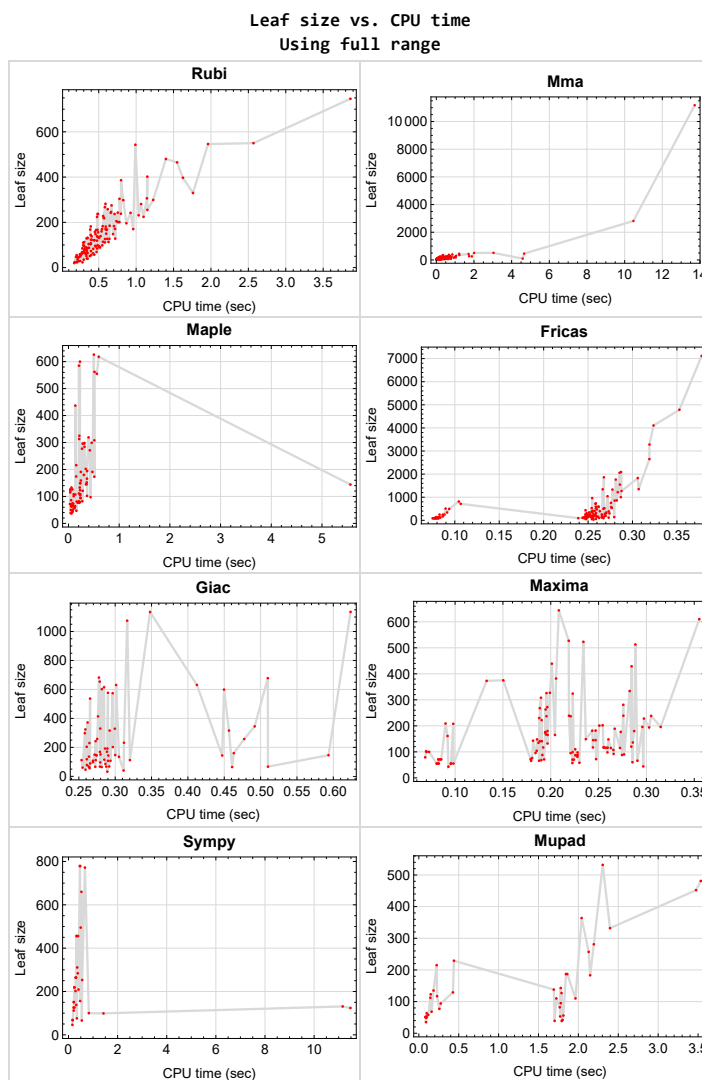


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{29, 30, 34, 35, 39, 40, 68, 69, 70, 75, 79, 80, 114, 115, 119, 120, 142, 143, 147, 148, 149, 150, 154, 155, 171, 172, 176, 177, 178, 182, 183}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {71, 73}

Maple {}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

1.14.1 Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the Timofeev test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

1.14.2 Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

1.14.3 Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount =1
```

1.14.4 Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

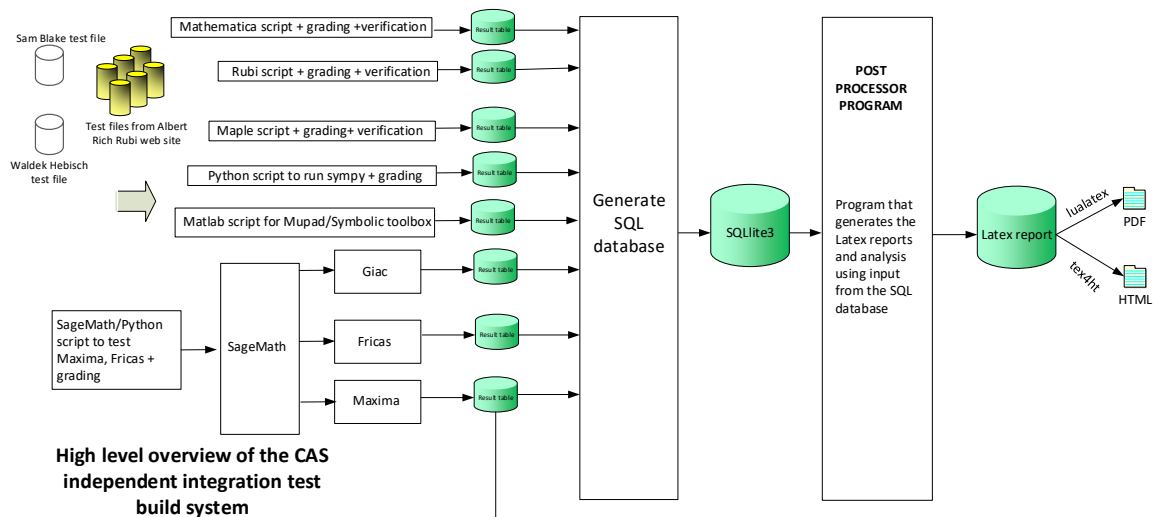
The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer, 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer, Leaf size of result.
4. integer, Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number, CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string, The integral in Latex format
7. string, The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string, The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string, The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer, 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String, The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String, The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String, Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer, 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer, Number of steps used.
16. integer, Number of rules used.
17. integer, Integrand leaf size.
18. real number, Ratio, Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String, The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
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Design v0.01

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	21
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems	25
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	71

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

2.1.1	Rubi	21
2.1.2	Mma	21
2.1.3	Maple	22
2.1.4	Fricas	22
2.1.5	Maxima	23
2.1.6	Giac	23
2.1.7	Mupad	23
2.1.8	Sympy	24

2.1.1 Rubi

A grade { 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 36, 37, 38, 44, 48, 49, 50, 51, 53, 55, 58, 59, 61, 65, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 110, 113, 118, 123, 124, 129, 130, 131, 135, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 179, 180, 181 }

B grade { }

C grade { 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 31, 32, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 52, 54, 56, 57, 60, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 109, 111, 112, 116, 117, 121, 122, 125, 126, 127, 128, 132, 133, 134, 137 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.2 Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 175, 179, 180, 181 }

B grade { 71, 173, 174 }

C grade { 74 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timeout fail { 40 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.3 Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 28, 33, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 113, 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 127, 128, 129, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166 }

B grade { 7, 14, 15, 22, 31, 32, 38, 104, 110, 111, 112, 116, 161, 167, 170, 175 }

C grade { 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87 }

F normal fail { 26, 27, 36, 37, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 124, 125, 126, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 168, 169, 173, 174, 179, 180, 181 }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.4 Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 44, 51, 59, 65, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, 108, 151, 152, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 179, 180, 181 }

B grade { 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 33, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 72, 104, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 161, 167, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175 }

C grade { 31, 32 }

F normal fail { 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146 }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 70, 71, 73, 74, 95, 96, 97, 98, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 149 }

2.1.5 Maxima

A grade { 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 66, 67, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 101, 102, 103, 104, 107, 108, 109, 110, 113, 121, 122, 123, 127, 128, 129, 133, 134, 135, 151, 152, 153, 158, 159, 160, 161, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 179, 180, 181 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 16, 17, 18, 19, 31, 33, 41, 42, 43, 44, 63, 64, 65, 99, 100, 105, 106, 111, 116, 118, 156, 157, 162 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 26, 27, 28, 32, 36, 37, 38, 71, 72, 73, 74, 95, 96, 97, 98, 112, 117, 124, 125, 126, 130, 131, 132, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 93, 94, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175 }

2.1.6 Giac

A grade { 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 41, 42, 43, 44, 51, 63, 64, 65, 101, 102, 107, 108, 113, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 158, 159, 164, 165 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 33, 99, 100, 103, 104, 105, 106, 109, 110, 118, 138, 156, 157, 160, 161, 162, 163, 166, 167 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 66, 67, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 111, 112, 116, 117, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 179, 180, 181 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.7 Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 33, 71, 72, 73, 99, 100, 101, 105, 106, 107, 113, 118, 121, 122, 123, 127, 128, 129, 156, 157, 158, 162, 163, 164 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 74, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 102, 103, 104, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 124, 125, 126, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 151, 152, 153, 159, 160, 161, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 179, 180, 181 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.8 Sympy

A grade { 4, 19, 23, 24, 25, 101, 107, 118, 158, 164 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 99, 100, 105, 106, 113, 156, 157, 162, 163 }

C grade { 63, 64, 65, 66, 67 }

F normal fail { 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 36, 37, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 71, 72, 74, 76, 77, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 102, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 145, 146, 159, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 6, 7, 55, 73, 103, 104, 150, 160, 161, 173, 174, 175, 177, 178 }

F(-2) exception fail { 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 151, 152, 153, 179, 180, 181 }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	114	76	144	326	171	311	324	215
N.S.	1	1.25	0.84	1.58	3.58	1.88	3.42	3.56	2.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	0.187	5.561	0.196	0.256	0.356	0.259	0.224

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	83	61	111	222	111	202	204	143
N.S.	1	1.19	0.87	1.59	3.17	1.59	2.89	2.91	2.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.117	0.205	0.190	0.248	0.286	0.261	1.779

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	59	44	77	135	64	112	112	82
N.S.	1	1.20	0.90	1.57	2.76	1.31	2.29	2.29	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.099	0.181	0.187	0.248	0.214	0.254	1.767

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	27	37	68	30	46	46	35
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.32	2.43	1.07	1.64	1.64	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.074	0.060	0.190	0.256	0.161	0.259	0.090

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	49	82	57	94	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.61	1.12	1.84	0.00	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.057	0.273	0.223	0.239	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	84	65	133	81	150	0	615	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.92	1.87	1.14	2.11	0.00	8.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.164	0.222	0.228	0.246	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	111	88	277	95	254	0	298	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.85	2.66	0.91	2.44	0.00	2.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.622	0.343	0.267	0.221	0.247	0.000	0.258	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	167	132	145	382	312	660	372	332
N.S.	1	1.03	0.81	0.90	2.36	1.93	4.07	2.30	2.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.367	0.345	0.206	0.259	0.527	0.262	2.396

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	129	104	121	263	209	456	243	229
N.S.	1	0.96	0.78	0.90	1.96	1.56	3.40	1.81	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.271	0.281	0.195	0.259	0.391	0.273	0.440

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	97	75	79	165	123	264	136	127
N.S.	1	1.02	0.79	0.83	1.74	1.29	2.78	1.43	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.184	0.223	0.197	0.246	0.302	0.264	1.788

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	51	52	88	66	126	63	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.95	1.60	1.20	2.29	1.15	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.167	0.094	0.191	0.255	0.208	0.264	0.118

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	64	97	72	104	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.24	0.92	1.33	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.159	0.436	0.247	0.262	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	94	75	152	88	164	0	574	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.93	1.88	1.09	2.02	0.00	7.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	0.286	0.360	0.228	0.261	0.000	0.297	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	148	102	299	99	278	0	330	0
N.S.	1	1.32	0.91	2.67	0.88	2.48	0.00	2.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	0.615	0.458	0.223	0.256	0.000	0.280	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	171	121	555	110	409	0	537	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.75	3.43	0.68	2.52	0.00	3.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.762	0.568	0.559	0.226	0.255	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	330	158	173	644	528	772	654	532
N.S.	1	1.47	0.70	0.77	2.86	2.35	3.43	2.91	2.36
time (sec)	N/A	1.818	0.762	0.510	0.208	0.254	0.671	0.279	2.305

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	224	122	284	439	343	495	414	364
N.S.	1	1.28	0.70	1.62	2.51	1.96	2.83	2.37	2.08
time (sec)	N/A	1.157	0.655	0.316	0.201	0.251	0.497	0.276	2.040

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	150	93	191	272	199	284	230	183
N.S.	1	1.22	0.76	1.55	2.21	1.62	2.31	1.87	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.630	0.372	0.244	0.196	0.249	0.378	0.265	2.147

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	52	62	143	95	126	98	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.83	1.91	1.27	1.68	1.31	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.189	0.113	0.182	0.247	0.246	0.269	0.257

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	102	166	117	186	0	112	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.37	0.97	1.54	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.279	0.365	0.244	0.256	0.000	0.273	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	158	196	271	145	305	0	1075	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.35	1.87	1.00	2.10	0.00	7.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	0.468	0.421	0.244	0.248	0.000	0.316	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	242	218	562	145	527	0	602	0
N.S.	1	1.32	1.18	3.05	0.79	2.86	0.00	3.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.968	0.612	0.513	0.247	0.259	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	237	100	102	176	195	253	150	129
N.S.	1	1.38	0.58	0.59	1.02	1.13	1.47	0.87	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.738	0.279	0.366	0.194	0.255	0.559	0.272	0.428

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	181	90	81	132	147	209	118	94
N.S.	1	1.35	0.67	0.60	0.99	1.10	1.56	0.88	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.647	0.113	0.161	0.197	0.260	0.407	0.261	0.275

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	85	53	64	96	114	138	86	68
N.S.	1	1.06	0.66	0.80	1.20	1.42	1.72	1.08	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.124	0.131	0.184	0.273	0.317	0.287	0.160

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	185	343	0	0	497	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.92	0.00	0.00	2.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.684	0.360	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	121	199	0	0	305	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.67	0.00	0.00	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.207	0.000	0.000	0.270	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	84	101	0	157	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	1.66	0.00	2.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.059	0.103	0.000	0.268	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	16	12	16	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.14	0.86	1.14	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	2.819	0.032	0.434	0.244	0.458	0.361	1.728

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	27	14	16	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.93	1.00	1.14	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.209	5.736	0.037	0.404	0.252	0.662	1.911	1.799

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	B	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	127	145	298	238	1332	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.23	1.41	2.89	2.31	12.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.667	0.617	0.313	0.305	0.277	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	93	91	159	0	715	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.27	1.25	2.18	0.00	9.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.498	0.244	0.000	0.258	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	51	57	72	161	0	78	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.76	1.97	2.48	5.55	0.00	2.69	1.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.088	0.123	0.179	0.253	0.000	0.261	0.096

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	102	18	14	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	6.38	1.12	0.88	1.12	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	25.540	0.027	0.269	0.254	0.491	0.270	1.756

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	156	29	15	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	9.75	1.81	0.94	1.12	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	25.787	0.028	0.307	0.253	0.668	0.325	1.803

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	296	306	455	0	0	4785	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.54	0.00	0.00	16.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.224	4.662	0.000	0.000	0.353	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	183	270	0	0	2651	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.54	0.00	0.00	15.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.725	1.740	0.000	0.000	0.319	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	104	156	216	0	1267	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.53	2.12	0.00	12.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.477	0.153	0.000	0.288	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	321	18	14	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	20.06	1.12	0.88	1.12	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	124.558	0.033	0.443	0.263	0.523	2.517	1.738

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	0	16	405	29	15	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	1.00	25.31	1.81	0.94	1.12	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.217	0.000	0.034	0.516	0.267	0.748	27.399	1.823

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	B	B	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	201	107	0	308	523	0	232	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.63	0.00	1.80	3.06	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.821	0.043	0.000	0.190	0.268	0.000	0.312	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	B	B	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	167	107	0	268	387	0	202	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.73	0.00	1.84	2.65	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.630	0.072	0.000	0.189	0.273	0.000	0.297	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	B	B	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	138	105	0	230	302	0	169	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.85	0.00	1.87	2.46	0.00	1.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.492	0.054	0.000	0.188	0.274	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	B	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	105	0	180	123	0	89	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.00	1.73	1.18	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.027	0.000	0.197	0.266	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	137	118	0	104	338	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.99	0.00	0.87	2.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.247	0.000	0.185	0.270	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	168	150	0	115	534	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.01	0.00	0.77	3.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.627	0.454	0.000	0.272	0.277	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	205	191	0	115	853	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.10	0.00	0.66	4.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.772	0.289	0.000	0.263	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	239	246	137	0	281	1001	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.57	0.00	1.18	4.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.698	0.333	0.000	0.276	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	218	137	0	239	755	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.65	0.00	1.13	3.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	0.168	0.000	0.276	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	166	129	0	189	590	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.00	1.14	3.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.304	0.000	0.267	0.259	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	141	0	107	155	0	115	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.78	1.12	0.00	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.099	0.000	0.266	0.255	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	160	152	0	116	569	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.07	0.00	0.82	4.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.559	0.265	0.000	0.255	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	221	156	0	118	861	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.90	0.00	0.68	4.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.595	0.924	0.000	0.255	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	243	204	0	116	1350	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.93	0.00	0.53	6.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.801	0.299	0.000	0.258	0.307	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	304	222	0	116	1825	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.88	0.00	0.46	7.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.807	0.535	0.000	0.259	0.306	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	381	546	195	0	513	2092	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.43	0.51	0.00	1.35	5.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.042	0.370	0.000	0.288	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	326	465	209	0	429	1545	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.43	0.64	0.00	1.32	4.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.637	0.334	0.000	0.285	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	275	275	210	0	334	1217	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.00	1.21	4.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.696	0.214	0.000	0.283	0.283	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	228	192	0	177	253	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.00	0.78	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.589	0.152	0.000	0.273	0.265	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	267	246	0	196	1344	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.00	0.00	0.80	5.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.633	0.585	0.000	0.296	0.266	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	402	253	0	194	2058	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.91	0.00	0.70	7.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.216	1.886	0.000	0.303	0.285	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	331	480	376	0	196	3280	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.45	1.14	0.00	0.59	9.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.486	0.665	0.000	0.315	0.319	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	B	B	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	132	51	133	174	191	131	145	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.46	1.20	1.57	1.72	1.18	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	0.011	0.059	0.194	0.270	11.163	0.274	0.000

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	B	B	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	107	48	121	148	138	100	108	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.52	1.32	1.61	1.50	1.09	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.011	0.038	0.186	0.279	0.828	0.269	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	B	A	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	48	72	117	59	66	60	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.62	0.94	1.52	0.77	0.86	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.009	0.029	0.192	0.259	0.543	0.255	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	A	B	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	106	67	115	76	136	99	0	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.76	1.31	0.86	1.55	1.12	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.030	0.034	0.181	0.266	1.425	0.000	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	A	B	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	133	78	126	58	179	124	0	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.68	1.11	0.51	1.57	1.09	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.067	0.034	0.230	0.266	11.478	0.000	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	16	15	16	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	1.00	0.94	1.00	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	3.426	0.045	0.784	0.266	1.275	0.300	1.745

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	16	15	16	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	1.00	0.94	1.00	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	5.275	0.043	0.940	0.252	0.928	0.276	1.759

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	8	10	0	10	10	10
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.80	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	2.618	0.019	0.326	0.000	101.615	0.272	1.716

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	46	0	0	0	0	0	39
N.S.	1	1.00	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.311	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.791

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	16	0	0	109	0	0	42
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	4.54	0.00	0.00	1.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000	0.000	1.802

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	64	0	0	0	0	0	110
N.S.	1	1.00	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.208	0.489	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.963

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	76	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.776	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	20	20	17	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	1.11	1.11	0.94	1.11	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	2.379	0.045	0.337	0.269	8.059	0.328	1.819

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	237	205	0	161	340	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.68	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.133	0.000	0.092	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	144	132	0	102	241	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.71	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.167	0.000	0.070	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	102	0	79	168	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.72	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.046	0.000	0.069	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	16	14	16	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	4.789	0.021	0.290	0.249	1.935	0.268	1.719

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	18	18	15	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.12	0.94	1.12	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	3.007	0.024	0.286	0.251	4.181	0.275	1.798

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	73	55	86	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	0.93	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.031	0.087	0.083	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	73	55	86	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	0.93	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.016	0.092	0.081	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	73	55	86	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	0.93	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.025	0.078	0.082	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	73	55	78	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.24	0.93	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.015	0.077	0.081	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	49	67	43	78	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.37	0.88	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.016	0.076	0.093	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	52	67	55	86	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.22	1.00	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.017	0.084	0.096	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	55	71	55	86	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.20	0.93	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.018	0.073	0.096	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	79	0	71	136	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.83	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.078	0.000	0.083	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	78	0	71	136	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.84	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.075	0.000	0.082	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	79	0	71	136	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.83	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.075	0.000	0.085	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	76	0	71	122	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.84	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.060	0.000	0.086	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	64	0	55	117	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.76	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.045	0.000	0.098	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	73	0	0	136	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	84	0	0	136	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	17	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.058	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	17	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.199	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	45	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	49	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	122	104	237	168	264	258	187
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	1.17	2.66	1.89	2.97	2.90	2.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.342	0.230	0.196	0.249	0.302	0.275	1.844

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	80	77	141	102	151	146	112
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	1.15	2.10	1.52	2.25	2.18	1.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.232	0.202	0.189	0.254	0.217	0.274	0.145

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	52	43	66	51	68	64	53
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	0.96	1.47	1.13	1.51	1.42	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.411	0.083	0.179	0.247	0.165	0.281	0.094

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	54	94	70	111	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.47	1.09	1.73	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.126	0.237	0.224	0.255	0.000	0.288	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	68	149	87	162	0	631	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	1.71	1.00	1.86	0.00	7.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.277	0.229	0.227	0.253	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	90	296	98	274	0	316	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	2.41	0.80	2.23	0.00	2.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	0.389	0.280	0.228	0.269	0.000	0.292	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	224	217	180	527	395	779	577	452
N.S.	1	0.95	0.92	0.76	2.22	1.67	3.29	2.43	1.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.988	0.303	0.219	0.263	0.463	0.290	3.475

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	192	123	327	227	456	329	257
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.73	1.95	1.35	2.71	1.96	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.424	0.228	0.199	0.248	0.342	0.300	2.129

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	98	81	126	167	113	219	151	123
N.S.	1	0.83	0.69	1.07	1.42	0.96	1.86	1.28	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.635	0.078	0.195	0.247	0.245	0.280	0.149

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	139	113	191	149	228	0	135	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.78	1.32	1.03	1.57	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.565	0.535	0.471	0.237	0.252	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	170	207	308	182	359	0	1134	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.32	1.96	1.16	2.29	0.00	7.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	0.627	0.511	0.247	0.255	0.000	0.348	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	298	353	618	202	596	0	682	0
N.S.	1	1.44	1.71	2.99	0.98	2.88	0.00	3.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.872	1.226	0.597	0.254	0.262	0.000	0.278	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	128	178	325	228	438	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.52	2.78	1.95	3.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.754	1.031	0.215	0.297	0.247	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	98	133	174	0	243	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.51	1.98	0.00	2.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	0.666	0.152	0.000	0.252	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	51	70	47	71	92	76	66	53
N.S.	1	1.04	1.43	0.96	1.45	1.88	1.55	1.35	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.617	0.156	0.193	0.267	0.342	0.273	1.772

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	98	27	27	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	4.90	1.35	1.35	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	8.189	0.062	0.297	0.249	1.103	0.269	1.800

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	154	51	58	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	7.70	2.55	2.90	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	6.395	0.066	0.321	0.250	1.957	0.326	1.805

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	B	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	255	506	600	610	1863	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.98	2.35	2.39	7.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.236	2.006	0.226	0.355	0.268	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	196	295	313	0	963	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.48	1.56	0.00	4.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.903	1.051	0.211	0.000	0.255	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	119	114	82	239	385	156	192	138
N.S.	1	0.97	0.93	0.67	1.94	3.13	1.27	1.56	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.699	0.205	0.219	0.254	0.476	0.289	1.692

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	593	57	54	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	29.65	2.85	2.70	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	21.299	0.111	0.472	0.246	1.823	0.320	1.793

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	710	99	105	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	35.50	4.95	5.25	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	22.764	0.099	0.630	0.256	4.458	0.418	2.454

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	126	53	108	120	0	0	147	117
N.S.	1	1.15	0.48	0.98	1.09	0.00	0.00	1.34	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.618	0.229	0.103	0.284	0.000	0.000	0.300	0.229

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	99	44	86	90	0	0	107	95
N.S.	1	1.12	0.50	0.98	1.02	0.00	0.00	1.22	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.158	0.052	0.277	0.000	0.000	0.294	1.780

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	66	34	64	60	0	0	67	56
N.S.	1	1.25	0.64	1.21	1.13	0.00	0.00	1.26	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.254	0.049	0.285	0.000	0.000	0.279	1.812

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	57	54	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.215	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	89	75	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	0.147	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.292	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	113	97	0	0	0	0	107	0
N.S.	1	0.75	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.658	0.183	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.290	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	69	33	62	88	0	0	0	63
N.S.	1	1.01	0.49	0.91	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.091	0.064	0.274	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.099

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	55	31	50	66	0	0	0	51
N.S.	1	1.04	0.58	0.94	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.073	0.046	0.291	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.081

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	35	22	38	44	0	0	0	39
N.S.	1	1.09	0.69	1.19	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.051	0.043	0.297	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.702

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.009	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	39	33	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	63	44	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.444	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	F(-2)	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	170	70	0	180	0	0	192	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.38	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.038	0.249	0.000	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.286	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	A	F(-2)	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	127	54	0	136	0	0	144	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.37	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.660	0.191	0.000	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.291	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	F(-2)	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	73	56	0	92	0	0	96	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.63	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.088	0.000	0.266	0.000	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	40	36	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	0.73	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.312	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	64	53	0	0	0	0	112	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.320	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	91	69	0	0	0	0	170	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	383	238	213	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.866	0.251	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	170	163	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.627	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	104	139	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.352	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	30	17	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.67	0.94	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	2.789	0.028	0.354	0.244	1.974	0.939	1.779

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	34	19	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.89	1.06	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	1.335	0.032	0.369	0.246	3.707	1.684	1.804

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	402	231	234	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.57	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.093	0.676	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	148	161	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.731	0.367	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	96	110	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	0.153	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	14	36	14	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	1.00	2.57	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	8.835	0.026	0.351	0.241	9.085	0.547	1.839

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	14	42	15	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	1.00	3.00	1.07	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	9.772	0.029	0.349	0.246	15.746	0.527	1.845

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	0	15	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	0.00	0.83	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	2.554	0.023	0.343	0.000	1.637	0.506	1.696

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	22	0	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.00	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	4.879	0.042	0.332	0.259	0.000	0.722	1.793

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	402	386	429	0	373	713	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.07	0.00	0.93	1.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.834	1.715	0.000	0.133	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	263	258	302	0	209	493	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.15	0.00	0.79	1.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.639	0.723	0.000	0.090	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	189	0	100	249	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	0.00	0.76	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.228	0.000	0.070	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	22	17	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.85	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	3.716	0.040	0.267	0.258	1.582	0.436	1.850

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	39	29	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.95	1.45	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	7.277	0.069	0.332	0.251	10.955	0.528	1.803

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	123	108	237	168	264	258	187
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	1.21	2.66	1.89	2.97	2.90	2.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.301	0.234	0.221	0.254	0.298	0.478	1.861

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	83	76	141	102	151	146	110
N.S.	1	1.00	1.24	1.13	2.10	1.52	2.25	2.18	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.183	0.211	0.191	0.245	0.220	0.593	1.724

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	46	46	66	51	68	64	49
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.02	1.47	1.13	1.51	1.42	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.118	0.075	0.188	0.254	0.173	0.461	0.092

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	57	94	70	111	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.47	1.09	1.73	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.110	0.239	0.223	0.244	0.000	0.510	0.000

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	71	149	87	162	0	631	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.71	1.00	1.86	0.00	7.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.276	0.233	0.226	0.250	0.000	0.412	0.000

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	95	296	98	274	0	316	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	2.41	0.80	2.23	0.00	2.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.421	0.307	0.259	0.252	0.000	0.456	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	237	232	194	523	409	779	599	481
N.S.	1	0.95	0.93	0.78	2.09	1.64	3.12	2.40	1.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.811	0.368	0.234	0.257	0.474	0.450	3.534

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	182	252	145	324	240	456	345	281
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	0.80	1.78	1.32	2.51	1.90	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.607	0.357	0.223	0.249	0.326	0.492	2.194

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	113	96	107	165	122	219	160	135
N.S.	1	0.97	0.83	0.92	1.42	1.05	1.89	1.38	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	4.586	0.134	0.204	0.249	0.239	0.463	0.184

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	156	133	202	148	230	0	144	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	1.29	0.95	1.47	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.528	0.217	0.340	0.260	0.258	0.000	0.447	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	183	233	319	181	355	0	1135	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	1.74	0.99	1.94	0.00	6.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.589	0.444	0.396	0.243	0.254	0.000	0.624	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	242	394	626	201	586	0	678	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.63	2.59	0.83	2.42	0.00	2.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.699	0.852	0.501	0.251	0.262	0.000	0.510	0.000

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	436	397	336	0	0	1042	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.77	0.00	0.00	2.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.679	0.330	0.000	0.000	0.272	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	299	247	0	0	736	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.77	0.00	0.00	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.277	0.190	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	201	152	437	0	473	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.75	2.15	0.00	2.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.801	0.091	0.135	0.000	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	27	17	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.35	0.85	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.885	0.049	0.338	0.239	6.383	0.474	1.827

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	51	19	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	2.55	0.95	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.832	0.048	0.397	0.247	37.402	0.725	1.822

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	823	746	11178	0	0	7116	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.91	13.58	0.00	0.00	8.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.076	13.718	0.000	0.000	0.378	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	593	550	2814	0	0	4105	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	4.75	0.00	0.00	6.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.749	10.465	0.000	0.000	0.324	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	281	509	585	0	1765	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.86	2.14	0.00	6.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.143	3.037	0.207	0.000	0.281	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	416	55	19	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	20.80	2.75	0.95	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	27.708	0.080	0.655	0.261	173.539	0.908	1.895

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	622	96	0	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	31.10	4.80	0.00	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	28.309	0.081	0.958	0.257	0.000	1.868	2.032

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	22	0	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.00	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	3.271	0.046	0.375	0.274	0.000	0.610	1.921

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	543	543	447	0	375	813	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.00	0.69	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.060	1.214	0.000	0.150	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	282	254	0	208	509	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.00	0.74	1.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.616	0.520	0.000	0.098	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	119	0	100	249	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.76	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.133	0.000	0.073	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	22	17	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.85	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	1.194	0.024	0.308	0.245	1.689	0.508	1.766

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	22	20	22	38	19	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.90	0.95	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	5.533	0.062	0.336	0.255	12.856	0.432	1.844

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. The column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [16] had the largest ratio of [1.6875000000000000]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	C	14	14	1.25	14	1.000
2	C	12	12	1.19	14	0.857
3	C	8	8	1.20	14	0.571
4	A	6	6	1.00	12	0.500
5	A	7	7	1.00	14	0.500
6	C	11	11	1.18	14	0.786
7	C	13	13	1.07	14	0.929
8	A	9	9	1.03	16	0.562
9	A	6	6	0.96	16	0.375
10	A	6	6	1.02	16	0.375
11	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
12	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
13	C	11	11	1.16	16	0.688
14	A	6	6	1.32	16	0.375
15	C	14	14	1.06	16	0.875
16	C	28	27	1.47	16	1.688
17	C	21	21	1.28	16	1.312
18	C	13	12	1.22	16	0.750
19	A	8	8	1.00	14	0.571
20	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
21	C	3	3	1.09	16	0.188
22	A	11	11	1.32	16	0.688

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
23	A	12	12	1.38	12	1.000
24	A	12	12	1.35	12	1.000
25	A	5	5	1.06	10	0.500
26	A	7	6	1.03	14	0.429
27	A	6	5	1.02	14	0.357
28	A	5	4	1.00	12	0.333
29	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000
30	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000
31	C	11	10	1.23	16	0.625
32	C	10	9	1.27	16	0.562
33	A	6	6	1.00	14	0.429
34	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
35	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
36	A	11	10	1.03	16	0.625
37	A	9	8	1.05	16	0.500
38	A	7	6	1.02	14	0.429
39	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
40	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
41	C	16	15	1.18	16	0.938
42	C	13	12	1.14	16	0.750
43	C	10	9	1.12	16	0.562
44	A	7	6	1.00	16	0.375
45	C	10	9	1.15	16	0.562
46	C	13	12	1.13	16	0.750
47	C	16	15	1.18	16	0.938
48	A	6	6	1.03	18	0.333
49	A	6	6	1.03	18	0.333
50	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
51	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
52	C	10	9	1.13	18	0.500
53	A	6	6	1.27	18	0.333
54	C	13	12	1.10	18	0.667
55	A	9	9	1.21	18	0.500

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
56	C	20	19	1.43	18	1.056
57	C	17	16	1.43	18	0.889
58	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
59	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
60	C	3	3	1.09	18	0.167
61	A	11	10	1.45	18	0.556
62	C	14	13	1.45	18	0.722
63	C	13	12	1.19	12	1.000
64	C	10	9	1.16	12	0.750
65	A	7	6	1.00	12	0.500
66	C	10	9	1.20	12	0.750
67	C	13	12	1.17	12	1.000
68	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
69	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
70	N/A	4	0	1.00	10	0.000
71	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
72	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
73	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
74	A	1	1	1.00	21	0.048
75	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
76	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
77	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
78	A	4	4	1.00	14	0.286
79	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000
80	N/A	2	0	1.00	16	0.000
81	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
82	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
83	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
84	A	4	4	1.00	10	0.400
85	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
86	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
87	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
88	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
89	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
90	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
91	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
92	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
93	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
94	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
95	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
96	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
97	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
98	A	1	1	1.00	24	0.042
99	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
100	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
101	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
102	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
103	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
104	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
105	A	3	3	0.95	20	0.150
106	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
107	A	3	3	0.83	18	0.167
108	A	5	5	0.96	20	0.250
109	C	5	5	1.08	20	0.250
110	A	7	7	1.44	20	0.350
111	C	13	12	1.09	20	0.600
112	C	12	11	1.11	20	0.550
113	A	8	8	1.04	18	0.444
114	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
115	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
116	C	16	15	1.00	20	0.750
117	C	16	15	0.98	20	0.750
118	A	10	10	0.97	18	0.556
119	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
120	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
121	C	14	14	1.15	18	0.778

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
122	C	10	10	1.12	18	0.556
123	A	8	8	1.25	16	0.500
124	A	9	9	0.69	18	0.500
125	C	13	13	0.81	18	0.722
126	C	15	15	0.75	18	0.833
127	C	14	14	1.01	14	1.000
128	C	10	10	1.04	14	0.714
129	A	8	8	1.09	12	0.667
130	A	4	4	1.00	14	0.286
131	A	8	8	0.93	14	0.571
132	C	10	10	0.94	14	0.714
133	C	23	23	0.92	14	1.643
134	C	15	14	0.88	14	1.000
135	A	10	10	0.82	12	0.833
136	A	5	5	0.73	14	0.357
137	C	5	5	0.81	14	0.357
138	A	8	8	0.83	14	0.571
139	A	9	8	0.62	18	0.444
140	A	8	7	0.63	18	0.389
141	A	7	6	0.66	16	0.375
142	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
143	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
144	A	13	12	0.57	14	0.857
145	A	11	10	0.60	14	0.714
146	A	9	8	0.69	12	0.667
147	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000
148	N/A	2	0	1.00	14	0.000
149	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
150	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
151	A	5	5	0.96	20	0.250
152	A	5	5	0.98	20	0.250
153	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
154	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
155	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
156	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
157	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
158	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
159	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
160	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
161	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
162	A	3	3	0.95	20	0.150
163	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
164	A	3	3	0.97	18	0.167
165	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
166	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
167	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
168	A	10	9	0.91	20	0.450
169	A	9	8	0.93	20	0.400
170	A	8	7	0.99	18	0.389
171	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
172	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
173	A	18	17	0.91	20	0.850
174	A	16	15	0.93	20	0.750
175	A	14	13	1.03	18	0.722
176	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
177	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
178	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
179	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
180	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
181	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
182	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000
183	N/A	2	0	1.00	20	0.000

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.1 $\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx$

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3.1.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{24d^3(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx)}{b^4} - \frac{4d(c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{24d^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b^5} + \frac{12d^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `-24*d^3*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^4-4*d*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+24*d^4*sinh(b*x+a)/b^5+12*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+(d*x+c)^4*sinh(b*x+a)/b`

3.1.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-4bd(c + dx) (6d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(a + bx) + (24d^4 + 12b^2d^2(c + dx)^2 + b^4(c + dx)^4) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^5}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(-4*b*d*(c + d*x)*(6*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[a + b*x] + (24*d^4 + 12*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2 + b^4*(c + d*x)^4)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^5`

3.1.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^4 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{4id \int -i(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{4d \int (c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{4d \int -i(c + dx)^3 \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \int (c + dx)^3 \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c+dx) \sin ia+ibx dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin ia+ibx dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + 4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + 4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin ia+ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3117}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^4*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((4*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((3*I)*d*((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((2*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))/b))/b`

3.1.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.1.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{12d^2xb\left(\frac{1}{3}x^2d^2+cdx+c^2\right)b^2+2d^2\left(-\left(dx+c\right)^4b^4-12d^2\left(dx+c\right)^2b^2-24d^4\right)\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)+8d\left(\frac{dx}{2}+c\right)}{b^5\left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$
risch	$\frac{\left(d^4x^4b^4+4b^4cd^3x^3+6b^4c^2d^2x^2-4b^3d^4x^3+4b^4c^3dx-12b^3cd^3x^2+b^4c^4-12b^3c^2d^2x+12b^2d^4x^2-4b^3c^3d+24b^2cd^3x+12b^3c^2d\right)}{2b^5}$
parts	$\frac{\sinh(bx+a)d^4x^4}{b} + \frac{4\sinh(bx+a)cd^3x^3}{b} + \frac{6\sinh(bx+a)c^2d^2x^2}{b} + \frac{4\sinh(bx+a)c^3dx}{b} + \frac{\sinh(bx+a)c^4}{b} - \frac{4d\left(\frac{d^3}{2\sqrt{\pi}}\left(\frac{5x^2b^2+15}{10\sqrt{\pi}}\cosh(bx) + \frac{i\left(\frac{5}{8}x^4b^4+\frac{15}{2}x^2b^2+15\right)\sinh(bx)}{10\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)}{b^5}$
meijerg	$-\frac{16d^4\sinh(a)\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{3}{2\sqrt{\pi}}-\frac{\left(\frac{3}{8}x^4b^4+\frac{15}{2}x^2b^2+15\right)\sinh(bx)}{10\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^4\left(\left(bx+a\right)^4\sinh\left(bx+a\right)-4\left(bx+a\right)^3\cosh\left(bx+a\right)+12\left(bx+a\right)^2\sinh\left(bx+a\right)-24\left(bx+a\right)\cosh\left(bx+a\right)+24\sinh\left(bx+a\right)\right)}{b^4} + \frac{d^4a^4\sinh\left(bx+a\right)}{b^4}$
default	$\frac{d^4\left(\left(bx+a\right)^4\sinh\left(bx+a\right)-4\left(bx+a\right)^3\cosh\left(bx+a\right)+12\left(bx+a\right)^2\sinh\left(bx+a\right)-24\left(bx+a\right)\cosh\left(bx+a\right)+24\sinh\left(bx+a\right)\right)}{b^4} + \frac{d^4a^4\sinh\left(bx+a\right)}{b^4}$

input `int((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(6*d^2*x*b*((1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*b^2+2*d^2)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2+(-(d*x+c)^4*b^4-12*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*b^2-24*d^4)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)+4*d*(1/2*d*x+c)*((d^2*x^2+c*d*x+c^2)*b^2+6*d^2)*b)/b^5/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2-1)`

3.1.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (c+dx)^4 \cosh(a+bx) dx = \frac{4(b^3d^4x^3 + 3b^3cd^3x^2 + b^3c^3d + 6bcd^3 + 3(b^3c^2d^2 + 2bd^4)x) \cosh(bx+a) - (b^4d^4x^4 + 4b^4cd^3x^3 + b^4c^4d^2x^2 + 4b^3cd^3x^2 + 4b^3c^3d^2x + 4b^2cd^3x + 4b^2c^3d^2 + 4b^2cd^3x + 4b^2c^3d^2 + 4b^2cd^3x + 4b^2c^3d^2)}{b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-(4*(b^3*d^4*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3*d + 6*b*c*d^3 + 3*(b^3*c^2*d^2 + 2*b*d^4)*x)*\cosh(b*x + a) - (b^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + b^4*c^4 + 12*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 24*d^4 + 6*(b^4*c^2*d^2 + 2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 4*(b^4*c^3*d + 6*b^2*c*d^3)*x)*\sinh(b*x + a))/b^5$

3.1.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{c^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4c^3 dx \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4cd^3 x^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{d^4 x^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4c^3 d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} - \frac{12c^2 d^2}{b^2} \\ \left(c^4 x + 2c^3 dx^2 + 2c^2 d^2 x^3 + cd^3 x^4 + \frac{d^4 x^5}{5} \right) \cosh(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4*cosh(b*x+a), x)`

output `Piecewise((c**4*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 4*c**3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 4*c*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)/b + d**4*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)/b - 4*c**3*d*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 12*c**2*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 12*c*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 4*d**4*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 + 12*c**2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 + 24*c*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 + 12*d**4*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 - 24*c*d**3*cosh(a + b*x)/b**4 - 24*d**4*x*cosh(a + b*x)/b**4 + 24*d**4*sinh(a + b*x)/b**5, Ne(b, 0)), ((c**4*x + 2*c**3*d*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**2*x**3 + c*d**3*x**4 + d**4*x**5/5)*cosh(a), True))`

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}(b^4 d^4 x^4 + 4b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 6b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4b^3 d^4 x^3 + 4b^4 c^3 d x - 12b^3 c d^3 x^2 + b^4 c^4 - 12b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 12b^2 d^4 x^2 - 4b^3 c^3 d + 24b^2 c d^3 x + 12b^2 c^2 d^2 - 24b d^4 x - 24b c d^3 + 24d^4) e^{(b x + a)}/b^5 - \frac{1}{2}(b^4 d^4 x^4 + 4b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 6b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4b^3 d^4 x^3 + 4b^4 c^3 d x + 12b^3 c d^3 x^2 + b^4 c^4 + 12b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 12b^2 d^4 x^2 + 4b^3 c^3 d + 24b^2 c d^3 x + 12b^2 c^2 d^2 + 24b d^4 x + 24b c d^3 + 24d^4) e^{(-b x - a)}/b^5$

3.1.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sinh(a + bx) (b^4 c^4 + 12 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 24 d^4)}{b^5} - \frac{4 \cosh(a + bx) (b^2 c^3 d + 6 c d^3)}{b^4} - \frac{4 d^4 x^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{12 x \cosh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 d^2 + 2 d^4)}{b^4} + \frac{d^4 x^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{4 x \sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^3 d + 6 c d^3)}{b^3} + \frac{6 x^2 \sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 d^2 + 2 d^4)}{b^3} - \frac{12 c d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{4 c d^3 x^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output $(\sinh(a + b x) * (24 d^4 + b^4 c^4 + 12 b^2 c^2 d^2)) / b^5 - (4 \cosh(a + b x) * (6 c d^3 + b^2 c^3 d)) / b^4 - (4 d^4 x^3 \cosh(a + b x)) / b^2 - (12 x \cosh(a + b x) * (2 d^4 + b^2 c^2 d^2)) / b^4 + (d^4 x^4 \sinh(a + b x)) / b + (4 x \sinh(a + b x) * (6 c d^3 + b^2 c^3 d)) / b^3 + (6 x^2 \sinh(a + b x) * (2 d^4 + b^2 c^2 d^2)) / b^3 - (12 c d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + b x)) / b^2 + (4 c d^3 x^3 \sinh(a + b x)) / b$

3.2 $\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx$

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3.2.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{6d^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^4} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{6d^2(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `-6*d^3*cosh(b*x+a)/b^4-3*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+6*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+(d*x+c)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b`

3.2.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-3d(2d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(a + bx) + b(c + dx) (6d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `(-3*d*(2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[a + b*x] + b*(c + d*x)*(6*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^4`

3.2.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int (c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i(c + dx)^2 \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3118} \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `((c + d*x)^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((3*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((2*I)*d*(-(d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/b`

3.2.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x_, x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.2.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{6d^2 \left(\frac{dx}{2} + c\right) x b^2 \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2 - 2\left((dx+c)^2 b^2 + 6d^2\right) (dx+c) b \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) + 6d\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 d^2 + cdx + c^2\right) b^2 + 2d^2\right)}{b^4 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$
risch	$\frac{(d^3 x^3 b^3 + 3b^3 c d^2 x^2 + 3b^3 c^2 dx - 3b^2 d^3 x^2 + b^3 c^3 - 6b^2 c d^2 x - 3b^2 c^2 d + 6b d^3 x + 6bc d^2 - 6d^3) e^{bx+a}}{2b^4} - \frac{(d^3 x^3 b^3 + 3b^3 c d^2 x^2 + 3b^3 c^2 dx - 3b^2 d^3 x^2 + b^3 c^3 - 6b^2 c d^2 x - 3b^2 c^2 d + 6b d^3 x + 6bc d^2 - 6d^3) e^{bx+a}}{2b^4}$
parts	$\frac{\sinh(bx+a)d^3 x^3}{b} + \frac{3 \sinh(bx+a) c d^2 x^2}{b} + \frac{3 \sinh(bx+a) c^2 dx}{b} + \frac{\sinh(bx+a) c^3}{b} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{d^2 ((bx+a)^2 \cosh(bx+a) - 2(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - 2(bx+a)^2)}{b^2}\right)}{b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^3 \left((bx+a)^3 \sinh(bx+a) - 3(bx+a)^2 \cosh(bx+a) + 6(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - 6 \cosh(bx+a)\right)}{b^3} - \frac{3d^3 a \left((bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) - 2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) + 2a\right)}{b^3}$
default	$\frac{d^3 \left((bx+a)^3 \sinh(bx+a) - 3(bx+a)^2 \cosh(bx+a) + 6(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - 6 \cosh(bx+a)\right)}{b^3} - \frac{3d^3 a \left((bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) - 2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) + 2a\right)}{b^3}$
meijerg	$\frac{8d^3 \cosh(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{3}{4\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{\left(\frac{3x^2 b^2}{2} + 3\right) \cosh(bx)}{4\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{xb \left(\frac{x^2 b^2}{2} + 3\right) \sinh(bx)}{4\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^4} - \frac{8id^3 \sinh(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{ixb \left(\frac{5x^2 b^2}{2} + 15\right) \cosh(bx)}{20\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{i \left(\frac{3x^2 b^2}{2} + 3\right) \sinh(bx)}{4\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^4}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(3*d^2*(1/2*d*x+c)*x*b^2*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2-((d*x+c)^2*b^2+6*d^2)*(d*x+c)*b*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)+3*d*((1/2*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*b^2+2*d^2))/b^4/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2-1)`

3.2.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{3(b^2 d^3 x^2 + 2b^2 cd^2 x + b^2 c^2 d + 2d^3) \cosh(bx + a) - (b^3 d^3 x^3 + 3b^3 cd^2 x^2 + b^3 c^3 + 6bcd^2 + 3(b^3 c^2 d + 2b^3 d^2 c)) \sinh(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-(3*(b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2*x + b^2*c^2*d + 2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a) - (b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + b^3*c^3 + 6*b*c*d^2 + 3*(b^3*c^2*d + 2*b*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^4`

3.2.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{c^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3c^2 dx \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3cd^2 x^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{d^3 x^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3c^2 d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} - \frac{6cd^2 x \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} - \frac{3d^3 x^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \\ \left(c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 dx^2}{2} + cd^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4} \right) \cosh(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((c**3*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 3*c**2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 3*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b + d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)/b - 3*c**2*d*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 6*c*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 3*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 + 6*c*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 + 6*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3 - 6*d**3*cosh(a + b*x)/b**4, Ne(b, 0)), ((c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4)*cosh(a), True))`

3.2.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 222 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{c^3 e^{(bx+a)}}{2b} + \frac{3(bxe^a - e^a)c^2 de^{(bx)}}{2b^2} - \frac{c^3 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b}$$

$$- \frac{3(bx+1)c^2 de^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^2} + \frac{3(b^2x^2e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a)cd^2 e^{(bx)}}{2b^3}$$

$$- \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2bx + 2)cd^2 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^3x^3e^a - 3b^2x^2e^a + 6bx e^a - 6e^a)d^3 e^{(bx)}}{2b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(b^3x^3 + 3b^2x^2 + 6bx + 6)d^3 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{2}c^3e^{(bx+a)}/b + \frac{3}{2}(bx e^a - e^a)c^2d e^{(bx)}/b^2 - \frac{1}{2}c^3e^{(-bx-a)}/b - \frac{3}{2}(bx+1)c^2d e^{(-bx-a)}/b^2 + \frac{3}{2}(b^2x^2e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a)cd^2 e^{(bx)}/b^3 - \frac{3}{2}(b^2x^2 + 2bx + 2)cd^2 e^{(-bx-a)}/b^3 + \frac{1}{2}(b^3x^3e^a - 3b^2x^2e^a + 6bx e^a - 6e^a)d^3 e^{(bx)}/b^4 - \frac{1}{2}(b^3x^3 + 3b^2x^2 + 6bx + 6)d^3 e^{(-bx-a)}/b^4$

3.2.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 204 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^3d^3x^3 + 3b^3cd^2x^2 + 3b^3c^2dx - 3b^2d^3x^2 + b^3c^3 - 6b^2cd^2x - 3b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 - 6d^3)e^{(bx+a)}}{2b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(b^3d^3x^3 + 3b^3cd^2x^2 + 3b^3c^2dx + 3b^2d^3x^2 + b^3c^3 + 6b^2cd^2x + 3b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 + 6d^3)e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x - 3*b^2*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3 - 6*b^2*c*d^2*x - 3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 - 6*d^3)*e^{(b*x + a)/b^4} - 1/2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*b^2*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3 + 6*b^2*c*d^2*x + 3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 + 6*d^3)*e^{(-b*x - a)/b^4}$

3.2.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^3 + 6 c d^2)}{b^3} - \frac{3 \cosh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 d + 2 d^3)}{b^4} - \frac{3 d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{d^3 x^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3 x \sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 d + 2 d^3)}{b^3} - \frac{6 c d^2 x \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{3 c d^2 x^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output $(\sinh(a + b*x)*(6*c*d^2 + b^2*c^3))/b^3 - (3*\cosh(a + b*x)*(2*d^3 + b^2*c^2*d))/b^4 - (3*d^3*x^2*\cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 + (d^3*x^3*\sinh(a + b*x))/b + (3*x*\sinh(a + b*x)*(2*d^3 + b^2*c^2*d))/b^3 - (6*c*d^2*x*\cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 + (3*c*d^2*x^2*\sinh(a + b*x))/b$

3.3 $\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx$

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3.3.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{2d^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `-2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+2*d^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+(d*x+c)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b`

3.3.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-2bd(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) + (2d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `(-2*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x] + (2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^3`

3.3.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c + dx) \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c + dx) \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3117} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((2*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))/b`

3.3.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.3.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2 b d^2 + 2\left(-(dx+c)^2 b^2 - 2d^2\right) \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) + 4d\left(\frac{dx}{2} + c\right)b}{b^3 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$
parts	$\frac{\sinh(bx+a)x^2 d^2}{b} + \frac{2 \sinh(bx+a)cdx}{b} + \frac{\sinh(bx+a)c^2}{b} - \frac{2d\left(\frac{d((bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) - \sinh(bx+a))}{b} - \frac{da \cosh(bx+a)}{b} + c \cosh(bx+a)\right)}{b^2}$
risch	$\frac{(x^2 d^2 b^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 - 2b d^2 x - 2bcd + 2d^2) e^{bx+a}}{2b^3} - \frac{(x^2 d^2 b^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 + 2b d^2 x + 2bcd + 2d^2) e^{-bx-a}}{2b^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 \left((bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) - 2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) + 2 \sinh(bx+a) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2 a \left((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a) \right)}{b^2} + \frac{2dc \left((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a) \right)}{b}$
default	$\frac{d^2 \left((bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) - 2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) + 2 \sinh(bx+a) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2 a \left((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a) \right)}{b^2} + \frac{2dc \left((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a) \right)}{b}$
meijerg	$\frac{4id^2 \cosh(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{ixb \cosh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{i \left(\frac{3x^2 b^2}{2} + 3 \right) \sinh(bx)}{6\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{b^3} + \frac{4d^2 \sinh(a) \sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\left(\frac{x^2 b^2}{2} + 1 \right) \cosh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{xb \sinh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{b^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(x*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2*b*d^2+(-(d*x+c)^2*b^2-2*d^2)*tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)+2*d*(1/2*d*x+c)*b)/b^3/(tanh(1/2*b*x+1/2*a)^2-1)`

3.3.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{2(bd^2x + bcd) \cosh(bx + a) - (b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2 + 2d^2) \sinh(bx + a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(2*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 + 2*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^3`

3.3.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{c^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2cdx \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{d^2 x^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2cd \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2 x \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{2d^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b^3} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \left(c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3}\right) \cosh(a) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*cosh(b*x+a), x)`

output `Piecewise((c**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b + 2*c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b + d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b - 2*c*d*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 2*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 + 2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), ((c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3)*cosh(a), True))`

3.3.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{c^2 e^{(bx+a)}}{2b} + \frac{(bx e^a - e^a) c d e^{(bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{c^2 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b} - \frac{(bx + 1) c d e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} + \frac{(b^2 x^2 e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a) d^2 e^{(bx)}}{2b^3} - \frac{(b^2 x^2 + 2bx + 2) d^2 e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c^2*e^(b*x + a)/b + (b*x*e^a - e^a)*c*d*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 1/2*c^2*e^(-b*x - a)/b - (b*x + 1)*c*d*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 + 1/2*(b^2*x^2*e^a - 2*b*x*e^a + 2*e^a)*d^2*e^(b*x)/b^3 - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*d^2*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3`

3.3.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 b^2 c d x + b^2 c^2 - 2 b d^2 x - 2 b c d + 2 d^2) e^{(bx+a)}}{2 b^3} - \frac{(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 b^2 c d x + b^2 c^2 + 2 b d^2 x + 2 b c d + 2 d^2) e^{(-bx-a)}}{2 b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - 2*b*d^2*x - 2*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(b*x + a)/b^3 - 1/2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*d^2*x + 2*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3`

3.3.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sinh(a + bx) (b^2 c^2 + 2 d^2)}{b^3} + \frac{d^2 x^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{2 c d \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{2 d^2 x \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{2 c d x \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `(sinh(a + b*x)*(2*d^2 + b^2*c^2))/b^3 + (d^2*x^2*sinh(a + b*x))/b - (2*c*d*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 - (2*d^2*x*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2 + (2*c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x))/b`

3.4 $\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx$

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3.4.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{d \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `-d*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+(d*x+c)*sinh(b*x+a)/b`

3.4.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-d \cosh(a + bx) + b(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(-(d*Cosh[a + b*x]) + b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2`

3.4.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3118} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b`

3.4.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.4.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
parts	$\frac{\sinh(bx+a)dx}{b} + \frac{\sinh(bx+a)c}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(bx+a)}{b^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-2 \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) b(dx+c) + 2d}{b^2 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$
risch	$\frac{(dx+cb-d)e^{bx+a}}{2b^2} - \frac{(dx+cb+d)e^{-bx-a}}{2b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a))}{b} - \frac{da \sinh(bx+a)}{b} + c \sinh(bx+a)$
default	$\frac{d((bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) - \cosh(bx+a))}{b} - \frac{da \sinh(bx+a)}{b} + c \sinh(bx+a)$
meijerg	$-\frac{2d \cosh(a)\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\cosh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{xb \sinh(bx)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^2} + \frac{d \sinh(a)(\cosh(bx)xb - \sinh(bx))}{b^2} + \frac{c \cosh(a) \sinh(bx)}{b} - \frac{c \sinh(a)}{b}$

input `int((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `sinh(b*x+a)/b*d*x+sinh(b*x+a)/b*c-d*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2`

3.4.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{d \cosh(bx + a) - (bdx + bc) \sinh(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(d*cosh(b*x + a) - (b*d*x + b*c)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^2`

3.4.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{c \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{dx \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}\right) \cosh(a) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((c*sinh(a + b*x)/b + d*x*sinh(a + b*x)/b - d*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)*cosh(a), True))`

3.4.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. $2(28) = 56$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{ce^{(bx+a)}}{2b} + \frac{(bx e^a - e^a) d e^{(bx)}}{2b^2} - \frac{ce^{(-bx-a)}}{2b} - \frac{(bx + 1) d e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c*e^(b*x + a)/b + 1/2*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*d*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 1/2*c*e^(-b*x - a)/b - 1/2*(b*x + 1)*d*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2`

3.4.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{(bdx + bc - d)e^{(bx+a)}}{2b^2} - \frac{(bdx + bc + d)e^{(-bx-a)}}{2b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b*d*x + b*c - d)*e^(b*x + a)/b^2 - 1/2*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2`

3.4.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{c \sinh(a + bx) + dx \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x),x)`

output `(c*sinh(a + b*x) + d*x*sinh(a + b*x))/b - (d*cosh(a + b*x))/b^2`

3.5 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

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3.5.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d}$$

```
output Chi(b*c/d+b*x)*cosh(a-b*c/d)/d+Shi(b*c/d+b*x)*sinh(a-b*c/d)/d
```

3.5.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right) + \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d}$$

```
input Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x),x]
```

```
output (Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x] + Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d
```

3.5.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx\right)}{c+dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3779} \\
 & \frac{\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x),x]`

```
output (Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d + (Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*Sin
hIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d
```

3.5.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3779 Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbo
l] :=> Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]
```

```
rule 3782 Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbo
l] :=> Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz
}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]
```

```
rule 3784 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[Cos[(d*
e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*
f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

3.5.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{e^{-\frac{da-cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(bx+a-\frac{da-cb}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{e^{\frac{da-cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-bx-a-\frac{-da+cb}{d}\right)}{2d}$	82

```
input int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output $-1/2/d*\exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*\text{Ei}(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)/d)-1/2/d*\exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*\text{Ei}(1,-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d)$

3.5.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{(\text{Ei}(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}) + \text{Ei}(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d})) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + (\text{Ei}(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}) - \text{Ei}(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d})) \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d})}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/2*((\text{Ei}((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + \text{Ei}(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*\cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (\text{Ei}((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - \text{Ei}(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*\sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))/d$

3.5.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x), x)`

3.5.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{e^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/2*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d`

3.5.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)} + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d))/d`

3.5.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x), x)`

3.6 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

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3.6.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	119
3.6.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	120

3.6.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right) \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{d^2}$$

output `-cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)+b*cosh(a-b*c/d)*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)/d^2+b*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)*sinh(a-b*c/d)/d^2`

3.6.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} + b\text{Chi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) + b \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/(c + d*x)) + b*CoshIntegral[b*(c/d + x)]*Sinh[a - (b*c)/d] + b*Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[b*(c/d + x)])/d^2`

3.6.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.786$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c+dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.6. $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int -\frac{i \sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3779} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{ibc}{d} + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \frac{i \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3782} \\
& \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{i \sinh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \text{Chi} \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{d} + \frac{i \cosh \left(a - \frac{bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(Cosh[a + b*x]/(d*(c + d*x))) - (I*b*((I*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x]*Sinh[a - (b*c)/d])/d + (I*Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d)`

3.6.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

3.6.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{b e^{-bx-a}}{2d(dx+cb)} + \frac{b e^{-\frac{da-cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(bx+a-\frac{da-cb}{d}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{b e^{bx+a}}{2d^2\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)} - \frac{b e^{\frac{da-cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-bx-a-\frac{-da+cb}{d}\right)}{2d^2}$	133

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*b*\exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b*d*x+b*c)+1/2*b/d^2*\exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)/d)-1/2*b/d^2*\exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-1/2*b/d^2*\exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}(1,-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d)$$

3.6.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{2 d \cosh(bx + a) - ((bdx + bc)\text{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) - (bdx + bc)\text{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) - ((bdx + bc)\text{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) - (bdx + bc)\text{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right)) \sinh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}{2(d^3x + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*d*cosh(b*x + a) - ((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - ((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^3*x + c*d^2)`

3.6.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.6.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{b \left(\frac{e^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{d} \right)}{2d} - \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b*(e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d - e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - cosh(b*x + a)/((d*x + c)*d)`

3.6.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.66

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left((dx + c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) b^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{(dx+c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) + bc - ad}{d} \right) e^{\left(\frac{bc-ad}{d} \right)} + b^3 c \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{(dx+c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right)}{d} \right) + \right.}{2 \left((dx + c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left((dx + c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) b^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) + bc - ad}{d} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d} \right)} + b^3 c \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) + bc - ad}{d} \right) \right.}{2 \left((dx + c) \left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c} \right) \right)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d) + b^3*c*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d) - a*b^2*d*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d) + b^2*d*e^(-(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*d^4 + b*c*d^4 - a*d^5)*b) + 1/2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + b^3*c*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - a*b^2*d*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - b^2*d*e^((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*d^4 + b*c*d^4 - a*d^5)*b)`

3.6.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

3.7 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

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3.7.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 \cosh(a - \frac{bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{bc}{d} + bx)}{2d^3} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2 \sinh(a - \frac{bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{bc}{d} + bx)}{2d^3}$$

output $1/2*b^2*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)*cosh(a-b*c/d)/d^3-1/2*cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/2*b^2*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)*sinh(a-b*c/d)/d^3-1/2*b*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)$

3.7.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{b^2 \cosh(a - \frac{bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(b(\frac{c}{d} + x)) - \frac{d(d \cosh(a+bx) + b(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx))}{(c+dx)^2} + b^2 \sinh(a - \frac{bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(b(\frac{c}{d} + x))}{2d^3}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output $(b^2*Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[b*(c/d + x)] - (d*(d*Cosh[a + b*x] + b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x]))/(c + d*x)^2 + b^2*Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral1[b*(c/d + x)]/(2*d^3)$

3.7.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.929$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c+dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{2d} - \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.7. $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow \text{3784} \\
\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
\downarrow \text{26} \\
\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
\downarrow \text{26} \\
\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
\downarrow \text{3779} \\
\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\frac{\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} \\
\downarrow \text{3782} \\
\frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{ib \left(\frac{\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{2d}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

```
output -1/2*Cosh[a + b*x]/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - ((I/2)*b*(((I)*Sinh[a + b*x])/(d*(c
+ d*x)) + (I*b*((Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d + (Sinh[
a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d))/d
```

3.7.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3778 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -
1]
```

```
rule 3779 Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbo
l] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]
```

```
rule 3782 Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbo
l] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz
}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]
```

```
rule 3784 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*
e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*
f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

3.7.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 276 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^3 e^{-bx-a} x}{4d(x^2 d^2 b^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2)} + \frac{b^3 e^{-bx-a} c}{4d^2(x^2 d^2 b^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2)} - \frac{b^2 e^{-bx-a}}{4d(x^2 d^2 b^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2)} - \frac{b^2 e^{-\frac{da-cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(bx + a - \frac{da-cb}{d}\right)}{4d^3} - \frac{1}{4d}$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{4}b^3 \exp(-bx-a)/d/(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2) * x + \frac{1}{4}b^3 \exp(-bx-a)/d^2/(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2) * c - \frac{1}{4}b^2 \exp(-bx-a)/d/(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2) - \frac{1}{4}b^2/d^3 \exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}(1, bx+a-(a*d-b*c)/d) - \frac{1}{4}b^2/d^3 \exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^2 - \frac{1}{4}b^2/d^3 \exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x) - \frac{1}{4}b^2/d^3 \exp((a*d-b*c)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}(1, -b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d)$$

3.7.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{2d^2 \cosh(bx+a) - ((b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) + (b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) + ((b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) + (b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right)) \sinh\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right)}{d^5 x^2 + 2c^2 d^4 x + c^2 d^3}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{1}{4}*(2*d^2*cosh(b*x + a) - ((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)) *cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + 2*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*sinh(b*x + a) - ((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c^2*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)$$

3.7.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output Timed out

3.7.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{b \left(\frac{e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} - \frac{e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right)}{4d} - \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{2(dx + c)^2 d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*b*(e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d)/d - 1/2*cosh(b*x + a)/((d*x + c)^2*d)`

3.7.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{b^2 d^2 x^2 \text{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} + b^2 d^2 x^2 \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} + 2 b^2 c d x \text{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} + 2 b^2 c d x \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})}}{2(d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d) + 2*b^2*c*d*x*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + 2*b^2*c*d*x*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d) + b^2*c^2*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + b^2*c^2*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d) - b*d^2*x*e^(b*x + a) + b*d^2*x*e^(-b*x - a) - b*c*d*e^(b*x + a) + b*c*d*e^(-b*x - a) - d^2*e^(b*x + a) - d^2*e^(-b*x - a))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)`

3.7.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

3.8 $\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

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3.8.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{3d^4x}{4b^4} + \frac{d(c + dx)^3}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^5}{10d} - \frac{3d^3(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^4} - \frac{d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{3d^4 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b^5} + \frac{3d^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output $3/4*d^4*x/b^4+1/2*d*(d*x+c)^3/b^2+1/10*(d*x+c)^5/d-3/2*d^3*(d*x+c)*\cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^4-d*(d*x+c)^3*\cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+3/4*d^4*\cosh(b*x+a)*\sinh(b*x+a)/b^5+3/2*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*\cosh(b*x+a)*\sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/2*(d*x+c)^4*\cosh(b*x+a)*\sinh(b*x+a)/b$

3.8.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{8b^5x(5c^4 + 10c^3dx + 10c^2d^2x^2 + 5cd^3x^3 + d^4x^4) - 20bd(c + dx)(3d^2 + 2b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(2(a + bx)) + 1}{80b^5}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output $(8*b^5*x*(5*c^4 + 10*c^3*d*x + 10*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 5*c*d^3*x^3 + d^4*x^4) - 20*b*d*(c + d*x)*(3*d^2 + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] + 10*(3*d^4 + 6*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 2*b^4*(c + d*x)^4)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)])/(80*b^5)$

3.8.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^4 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^4 dx - \frac{d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{b^2} - \frac{d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^5}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{b^2} - \frac{d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^5}{10d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \int \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c+dx)^2 dx - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 17 \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \int \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{6d} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \int \sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{6d} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3115 \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right)}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{6d} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 24 \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{d(c+dx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{6d} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \quad \frac{d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^5}{10d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^5/(10*d) - (d*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/b^2 + ((c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (3*d^2*((c + d*x)^3/(6*d) - (d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (d^2*(x/2 + (Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)))/(2*b^2)))/b^2`

3.8.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

3.8.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(2(dx+c)^4b^4+6d^2(dx+c)^2b^2+3d^4) \sinh(2bx+2a)+4(-d(dx+c)\left((dx+c)^2b^2+\frac{3d^2}{2}\right) \cosh(2bx+2a)+x\left(\frac{1}{5}d^4x^4+c d^3x^3+\right)}{8b^5}$
risch	$\frac{d^4x^5}{10} + \frac{d^3cx^4}{2} + d^2c^2x^3 + d c^3x^2 + \frac{c^4x}{2} + \frac{c^5}{10d} + \frac{(2d^4x^4b^4+8b^4cd^3x^3+12b^4c^2d^2x^2-4b^3d^4x^3+8b^4c^3dx-1}{8b^5}$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{8} \left((2(dx+c)^4 b^4 + 6d^2(dx+c)^2 b^2 + 3d^4) \sinh(2bx+2a) + 4(-d(dx+c) \cdot ((dx+c)^2 b^2 + 3/2 d^2) \cosh(2bx+2a) + x(1/5 d^4 x^4 + c d^3 x^3 + 2c^2 d^2 x^2 + 2c^3 d x + c^4)) b^4 + b^2 c^3 d + 3/2 d^3 c \right) b / b^5$

3.8.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 312 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^5 d^4 x^5 + 10b^5 c d^3 x^4 + 20b^5 c^2 d^2 x^3 + 20b^5 c^3 d x^2 + 10b^5 c^4 x - 5(2b^3 d^4 x^3 + 6b^3 c d^3 x^2 + 2b^3 c^2 d + 3bcd^3 + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{20} \left(2b^5 d^4 x^5 + 10b^5 c d^3 x^4 + 20b^5 c^2 d^2 x^3 + 20b^5 c^3 d x^2 + 10b^5 c^4 x - 5(2b^3 d^4 x^3 + 6b^3 c d^3 x^2 + 2b^3 c^2 d + 3b^3 c d^3 + 3(2b^3 c^2 d^2 + b d^4) x) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 5(2b^4 d^4 x^4 + 8b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 2b^4 c^2 d^2 + 6b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3d^4 + 6(2b^4 c^2 d^2 + b^2 d^4) x^2 + 4(2b^4 c^3 d + 3b^2 c d^3) x) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) - 5(2b^3 d^4 x^3 + 6b^3 c d^3 x^2 + 2b^3 c^2 d + 3b^3 c d^3 + 3(2b^3 c^2 d^2 + b d^4) x) \sinh(bx + a)^2 \right) / b^5$

3.8.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 660 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 660, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{c^4 x \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{c^4 x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} - c^3 d x^2 \sinh^2(a+bx) + c^3 d x^2 \cosh^2(a+bx) - c^2 d^2 x^3 \sinh^2(a+bx) + \dots \\ \left(c^4 x + 2c^3 d x^2 + 2c^2 d^2 x^3 + c d^3 x^4 + \frac{d^4 x^5}{5} \right) \cosh^2(a) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-c**4*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c**4*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - c**3*d*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2 + c**3*d*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2 - c**2*d**2*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2 + c**2*d**2*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**2 - c*d**3*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c*d**3*x**4*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - d**4*x**5*sinh(a + b*x)**2/10 + d**4*x**5*cosh(a + b*x)**2/10 + c**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + 2*c**3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/b + 3*c**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/b + 2*c*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/b + d**4*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) - c**3*d*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b**2 - 3*c**2*d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - 3*c**2*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - 3*c*d**3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - 3*c*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - d**4*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - d**4*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) + 3*c**2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b**3) + 3*c*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/b**3 + 3*d**4*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b**3) - 3*c*d**3*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**4) - 3*d**4*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**4) - 3*d**4*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**4) + 3*d**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(4*b**5), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**4*x + 2*c**3*d*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**2*x**3 + c*d**3*x**4 + d**4*x**5/5)*cosh(a)**2, True))`

3.8.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 382 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2bx e^{(2a)} - e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^2} \right) c^3 d$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2b^2x^2 e^{(2a)} - 2bx e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^3} - \frac{3(2b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^3} \right) c^2 d^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} \left(4x^4 + \frac{(4b^3x^3 e^{(2a)} - 6b^2x^2 e^{(2a)} + 6bx e^{(2a)} - 3e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^4} - \frac{(4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{80} \left(8x^5 + \frac{5(2b^4x^4 e^{(2a)} - 4b^3x^3 e^{(2a)} + 6b^2x^2 e^{(2a)} - 6bx e^{(2a)} + 3e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^5} - \frac{5(2b^4x^4 + 4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} c^4 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2bx+2a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{4}(4x^2 + (2bx)e^{2a} - e^{2a})e^{2bx}/b^2 - (2bx + 1)e^{-(2bx - 2a)}/b^2 * c^3d + \frac{1}{8}(8x^3 + 3(2b^2x^2e^{2a} - 2bx)e^{2a} + e^{2a})e^{2bx}/b^3 - 3(2b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1)e^{-(2bx - 2a)}/b^3 * c^2d^2 + \frac{1}{8}(4x^4 + (4b^3x^3e^{2a} - 6b^2x^2e^{2a} + 6bx)e^{2a} - 3e^{2a})e^{2bx}/b^4 - (4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{-(2bx - 2a)}/b^4 * cd^3 + \frac{1}{80}(8x^5 + 5(2b^4x^4e^{2a} - 4b^3x^3e^{2a} + 6b^2x^2e^{2a} - 6bx)e^{2a} + 3e^{2a})e^{2bx}/b^5 - 5(2b^4x^4 + 4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{-(2bx - 2a)}/b^5 * d^4 + \frac{1}{8}c^4(4x + e^{2bx + 2a})/b - e^{-(2bx - 2a)}/b$

3.8.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 372 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{10} d^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} cd^3 x^4 + c^2 d^2 x^3 + c^3 dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} c^4 x$$

$$+ \frac{(2b^4 d^4 x^4 + 8b^4 cd^3 x^3 + 12b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4b^3 d^4 x^3 + 8b^4 c^3 dx - 12b^3 cd^3 x^2 + 2b^4 c^4 - 12b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 6b^2 d^4 x^2 - (2b^4 d^4 x^4 + 8b^4 cd^3 x^3 + 12b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4b^3 d^4 x^3 + 8b^4 c^3 dx + 12b^3 cd^3 x^2 + 2b^4 c^4 + 12b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 6b^2 d^4 x^2 - 16b^5))}{16b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{10}d^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2}c^3d^3x^4 + c^2d^2x^3 + c^3dx^2 + \frac{1}{2}c^4x + \frac{1}{16}(2b^4d^4x^4 + 8b^4cd^3x^3 + 12b^4c^2d^2x^2 - 4b^3d^4x^3 + 8b^4c^3dx - 12b^3cd^3x^2 + 2b^4c^4 - 12b^3c^2d^2x + 6b^2d^4x^2 - 4b^3c^3d + 12b^2cd^3x + 6b^2c^2d^2 - 6bd^4x - 6b^3cd^3 + 3d^4)e^{2bx + 2a}/b^5 - \frac{1}{16}(2b^4d^4x^4 + 8b^4cd^3x^3 + 12b^4c^2d^2x^2 + 4b^3d^4x^3 + 8b^4c^3dx + 12b^3cd^3x^2 + 2b^4c^4 + 12b^3c^2d^2x + 6b^2d^4x^2 + 4b^3c^3d + 12b^2cd^3x + 6b^2c^2d^2 + 6bd^4x + 6b^3cd^3 + 3d^4)e^{-(2bx - 2a)}/b^5$

3.8.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{c^4 x}{2} + \frac{d^4 x^5}{10} + c^3 dx^2 + \frac{cd^3 x^4}{2} + \frac{c^4 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b}$$

$$+ \frac{3d^4 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{8b^5} + c^2 d^2 x^3 - \frac{c^3 d \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^2}$$

$$- \frac{3cd^3 \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^4} - \frac{3d^4 x \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^2 d^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^3} - \frac{d^4 x^3 \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{d^4 x^4 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b} + \frac{3d^4 x^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^2 d^2 x^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{2b} + \frac{c^3 dx \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{3cd^3 x \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^3} - \frac{3c^2 d^2 x \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^2}$$

$$- \frac{3cd^3 x^2 \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{cd^3 x^3 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{b}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `(c^4*x)/2 + (d^4*x^5)/10 + c^3*d*x^2 + (c*d^3*x^4)/2 + (c^4*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b) + (3*d^4*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(8*b^5) + c^2*d^2*x^3 - (c^3*d*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^2) - (3*c*d^3*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^4) - (3*d^4*x*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^4) + (3*c^2*d^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^3) - (d^4*x^3*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^2) + (d^4*x^4*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b) + (3*d^4*x^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^3) + (3*c^2*d^2*x^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b) + (c^3*d*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/b + (3*c*d^3*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^3) - (3*c^2*d^2*x*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^2) - (3*c*d^3*x^2*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b^2) + (c*d^3*x^3*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/b`

3.9 $\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

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3.9.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{3cd^2x}{4b^2} + \frac{3d^3x^2}{8b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^4}{8d} - \frac{3d^3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^4} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{3d^2(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output $\frac{3}{4}cd^2x/b^2 + \frac{3}{8}d^3x^2/b^2 + \frac{1}{8}(d^4x^4 + 4cd^3x^3 + 6c^2d^2x^2 + 4cd^3x^2 + d^3x^3) - \frac{3d^3 \cosh^2(bx+a)}{8b^4} - \frac{3d^2 \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{4b^3} + \frac{d^2 \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{4b^3} + \frac{d \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{2b}$

3.9.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{2b^4x(4c^3 + 6c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3) - 3d(d^2 + 2b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(2(a + bx)) + 2b(c + dx) (3d^2 + 2b^2(c + dx)) \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{16b^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output $(2*b^4*x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) - 3*d*(d^2 + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] + 2*b*(c + d*x)*(3*d^2 + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)]/(16*b^4)$

3.9.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3791, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^3 dx - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{2b^2} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^4}{8d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2b^2} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^4}{8d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx) dx - \frac{d \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right) - \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} +}{\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^4}{8d}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 17 \\
& \frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{d \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{4d} \right) - \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} +}{\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c+dx)^4}{8d}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^4/(8*d) - (3*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(4*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (3*d^2*((c + d*x)^2/(4*d) - (d*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(4*b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)))/(2*b^2)`

3.9.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

```
rule 3792 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x])
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

3.9.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{4(dx+c) \sinh(2bx+2a)b\left((dx+c)^2b^2+\frac{3d^2}{2}\right)-6\left((dx+c)^2b^2+\frac{d^2}{2}\right)d \cosh(2bx+2a)+2(d^3x^4+4d^2cx^3+6dc^2x^2+4c^3x)b^4+16b^4}{16b^4}$
risch	$\frac{d^3x^4}{8} + \frac{d^2cx^3}{2} + \frac{3dc^2x^2}{4} + \frac{c^3x}{2} + \frac{c^4}{8d} + \frac{(4d^3x^3b^3+12b^3cd^2x^2+12b^3c^2dx-6b^2d^3x^2+4b^3c^3-12b^2cd^2x-6b^2c^2d-4b^2c^3)x}{32b^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^3\left(\frac{(bx+a)^3 \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^4}{8} - \frac{3(bx+a)^2 \cosh(bx+a)^2}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a)^2}{8} - \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8}\right)}{b^3}$
default	$\frac{d^3\left(\frac{(bx+a)^3 \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^4}{8} - \frac{3(bx+a)^2 \cosh(bx+a)^2}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a)^2}{8} - \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8}\right)}{b^3}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/16*(4*(d*x+c)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)*b*((d*x+c)^2*b^2+3/2*d^2)-6*((d*x+c)^2*b^2+1/2*d^2)*d*cosh(2*b*x+2*a)+2*(d^3*x^4+4*c*d^2*x^3+6*c^2*d*x^2+4*c^3*x)*b^4+6*b^2*c^2*d+3*d^3)/b^4
```

3.9.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^4d^3x^4 + 8b^4cd^2x^3 + 12b^4c^2dx^2 + 8b^4c^3x - 3(2b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^2cd^2x + 2b^2c^2d + d^3) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 4(2b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^2cd^2x + 2b^2c^2d + d^3) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) + 4b^2c^3x}{b^4}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $\frac{1}{16}(2b^4d^3x^4 + 8b^4c^2d^2x^3 + 12b^4c^2d^2x^2 + 8b^4c^3x - 3(2b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^2c^2d^2x + 2b^2c^2d + d^3)\cosh(bx + a)^2 + 4(2b^3d^3x^3 + 6b^3c^2d^2x^2 + 2b^3c^3 + 3b^2cd^2 + 3(2b^3c^2d + b^2d^3)x)\cosh(bx + a)\sinh(bx + a) - 3(2b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^2c^2d^2x + 2b^2c^2d + d^3)\sinh(bx + a)^2)/b^4$

3.9.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{c^3x \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{c^3x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{3c^2dx^2 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{3c^2dx^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4} - \frac{cd^2x^3 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{cd^2x^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} \\ \left(c^3x + \frac{3c^2dx^2}{2} + cd^2x^3 + \frac{d^3x^4}{4} \right) \cosh^2(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-c**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c**3*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - 3*c**2*d*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2/4 + 3*c**2*d*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/4 - c*d**2*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - d**3*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)**2/8 + d**3*x**4*cosh(a + b*x)**2/8 + c**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + 3*c**2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + 3*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) - 3*c**2*d*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) - 3*c*d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) - 3*c*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) - 3*d**3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(8*b**2) - 3*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(8*b**2) + 3*c*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(4*b**3) + 3*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(4*b**3) - 3*d**3*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(8*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4)*cosh(a)**2, True))`

3.9.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 263 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2bx e^{(2a)} - e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^2} \right) c^2 d$$

$$+ \frac{1}{16} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2b^2x^2 e^{(2a)} - 2bx e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^3} - \frac{3(2b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^3} \right) cd^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{32} \left(4x^4 + \frac{(4b^3x^3 e^{(2a)} - 6b^2x^2 e^{(2a)} + 6bx e^{(2a)} - 3e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{b^4} - \frac{(4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} c^3 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2bx+2a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/16*(4*x^2 + (2*b*x*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^2 - (2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2)*c^2*d + 1/16*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) - 2*b*x*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^3 - 3*(2*b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^3)*c*d^2 + 1/32*(4*x^4 + (4*b^3*x^3*e^(2*a) - 6*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 6*b*x*e^(2*a) - 3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^4 - (4*b^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 3)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^4)*d^3 + 1/8*c^3*(4*x + e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b - e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b)`

3.9.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} d^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{2} cd^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{4} c^2 dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} c^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{(4b^3 d^3 x^3 + 12b^3 cd^2 x^2 + 12b^3 c^2 dx - 6b^2 d^3 x^2 + 4b^3 c^3 - 12b^2 cd^2 x - 6b^2 c^2 d + 6bd^3 x + 6bcd^2 - 3d^3)e^{(2bx+2a)}}{32b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(4b^3 d^3 x^3 + 12b^3 cd^2 x^2 + 12b^3 c^2 dx + 6b^2 d^3 x^2 + 4b^3 c^3 + 12b^2 cd^2 x + 6b^2 c^2 d + 6bd^3 x + 6bcd^2 + 3d^3)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{32b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{8}d^3x^4 + \frac{1}{2}c^2d^2x^3 + \frac{3}{4}c^2d^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}c^3x + \frac{1}{32}(4b^3d^3x^3 + 12b^3cd^2x^2 + 12b^3c^2dx - 6b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^3c^3 - 12b^2cd^2x - 6b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6b^2cd^2 - 3d^3)e^{(2bx + 2a)}/b^4 - \frac{1}{32}(4b^3d^3x^3 + 12b^3cd^2x^2 + 12b^3c^2dx + 6b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^3c^3 + 12b^2cd^2x + 6b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6b^2cd^2 + 3d^3)e^{(-2bx - 2a)}/b^4$$

3.9.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^4c^3x - \frac{3d^3\cosh(2a+2bx)}{2} + 2b^3c^3\sinh(2a+2bx) + b^4d^3x^4 - 3b^2c^2d\cosh(2a+2bx) + 6b^4c^2dx^2 + 4b^4cd^2x^3 - 3b^2d^3x^2\cosh(2a+2bx) + 2b^3d^3x^3\sinh(2a+2bx) + 3b^2cd^2\sinh(2a+2bx) + 3bd^3x\sinh(2a+2bx) - 6b^2cd^2x\cosh(2a+2bx) + 6b^3c^2d^2x\sinh(2a+2bx) + 6b^3cd^2x^2\sinh(2a+2bx)}{(8b^4)}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output
$$\frac{(4b^4c^3x - (3d^3\cosh(2a + 2bx))/2 + 2b^3c^3\sinh(2a + 2bx) + b^4d^3x^4 - 3b^2c^2d\cosh(2a + 2bx) + 6b^4c^2d^2x^2 + 4b^4cd^2x^3 - 3b^2d^3x^2\cosh(2a + 2bx) + 2b^3d^3x^3\sinh(2a + 2bx) + 3b^2cd^2\sinh(2a + 2bx) + 3bd^3x\sinh(2a + 2bx) - 6b^2cd^2x\cosh(2a + 2bx) + 6b^3c^2d^2x\sinh(2a + 2bx) + 6b^3cd^2x^2\sinh(2a + 2bx))}{(8b^4)}$$

3.10 $\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

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3.10.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{d^2 x}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3}{6d} - \frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{d^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output `1/4*d^2*x/b^2+1/6*(d*x+c)^3/d-1/2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+1/4*d^2*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/2*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b`

3.10.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{4b^3 x(3c^2 + 3cdx + d^2 x^2) - 6bd(c + dx) \cosh(2(a + bx)) + 3(d^2 + 2b^2(c + dx)^2) \sinh(2(a + bx))}{24b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(4*b^3*x*(3*c^2 + 3*c*d*x + d^2*x^2) - 6*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] + 3*(d^2 + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)])/(24*b^3)`

3.10.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \int \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^2 dx - \frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \int \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^3}{6d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^3}{6d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \right)}{2b^2} - \frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^3}{6d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & -\frac{d(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^3}{6d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^3/(6*d) - (d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (d^2*(x/2 + (Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)))/(2*b^2)`

3.10.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sine[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sine[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

3.10.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(2(dx+c)^2b^2+d^2) \sinh(2bx+2a)+4\left(-\frac{d(dx+c) \cosh(2bx+2a)}{2}+x\left(\frac{1}{3}x^2d^2+cdx+c^2\right)b^2+\frac{cd}{2}\right)b}{8b^3}$
risch	$\frac{d^2x^3}{6} + \frac{dcx^2}{2} + \frac{c^2x}{2} + \frac{c^3}{6d} + \frac{(2x^2d^2b^2+4b^2cdx+2b^2c^2-2bd^2x-2bcd+d^2)e^{2bx+2a}}{16b^3} - \frac{(2x^2d^2b^2+4b^2cdx+2b^2c^2+10bd^2x+5bcd+d^3)e^{2bx+2a}}{16b^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2\left(\frac{(bx+a)^2 \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^3}{6} - \frac{(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{2} + \frac{\cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{4} + \frac{bx}{4} + \frac{a}{4}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2a\left(\frac{(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{bx}{4} + \frac{a}{4}\right)}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2\left(\frac{(bx+a)^2 \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^3}{6} - \frac{(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{2} + \frac{\cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{4} + \frac{bx}{4} + \frac{a}{4}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^2a\left(\frac{(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{bx}{4} + \frac{a}{4}\right)}{b^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*((2*(d*x+c)^2*b^2+d^2)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)+4*(-1/2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(2*b*x+2*a)+x*(1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*b^2+1/2*c*d)*b)/b^3`

3.10.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{2b^3d^2x^3 + 6b^3cdx^2 + 6b^3c^2x - 3(bd^2x + bcd) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 3(2b^2d^2x^2 + 4b^2cdx + 2b^2c^2 + d^2) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) - 3(bd^2x + bcd) \sinh(bx + a)^2}{12b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(2*b^3*d^2*x^3 + 6*b^3*c*d*x^2 + 6*b^3*c^2*x - 3*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(2*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*x + 2*b^2*c^2 + d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - 3*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)/b^3`

3.10.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{c^2 x \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{c^2 x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{cdx^2 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{cdx^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{d^2 x^3 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{6} + \frac{d^2 x^3 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{6} + \frac{c^2 x^3}{6} \\ \left(c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right) \cosh^2(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-c**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - c*d*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c*d*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - d**2*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2/6 + d**2*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**2/6 + c**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/b + d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) - c*d*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) - d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) - d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) + d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(4*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3)*cosh(a)**2, True))`

3.10.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2bx e^{(2a)} - e^{(2a)}) e^{(2bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1) e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^2} \right) cd$$

$$+ \frac{1}{48} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2b^2 x^2 e^{(2a)} - 2bx e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)}) e^{(2bx)}}{b^3} - \frac{3(2b^2 x^2 + 2bx + 1) e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b^3} \right) d^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} c^2 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2bx+2a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(4*x^2 + (2*b*x*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^2 - (2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2)*c*d + 1/48*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) - 2*b*x*e^(2*a) + e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^3 - 3*(2*b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^3)*d^2 + 1/8*c^2*(4*x + e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b - e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b)`

3.10.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} d^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} c d x^2 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 x + \frac{(2 b^2 d^2 x^2 + 4 b^2 c d x + 2 b^2 c^2 - 2 b d^2 x - 2 b c d + d^2) e^{(2 b x + 2 a)}}{16 b^3}$$

$$- \frac{(2 b^2 d^2 x^2 + 4 b^2 c d x + 2 b^2 c^2 + 2 b d^2 x + 2 b c d + d^2) e^{(-2 b x - 2 a)}}{16 b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*d^2*x^3 + 1/2*c*d*x^2 + 1/2*c^2*x + 1/16*(2*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*x + 2*b^2*c^2 - 2*b*d^2*x - 2*b*c*d + d^2)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^3 - 1/16*(2*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*x + 2*b^2*c^2 + 2*b*d^2*x + 2*b*c*d + d^2)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^3`

3.10.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{c^2 x}{2} + \frac{d^2 x^3}{6} + \frac{c^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b} + \frac{d^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{8b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{c d x^2}{2} - \frac{d^2 x \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{d^2 x^2 \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b}$$

$$- \frac{c d \cosh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{c d x \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{2b}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `(c^2*x)/2 + (d^2*x^3)/6 + (c^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b) + (d^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(8*b^3) + (c*d*x^2)/2 - (d^2*x*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^2) + (d^2*x^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b) - (c*d*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^2) + (c*d*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(2*b)`

3.11 $\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

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3.11.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{cx}{2} + \frac{dx^2}{4} - \frac{d \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output `1/2*c*x+1/4*d*x^2-1/4*d*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+1/2*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b`

3.11.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ &= \frac{-d \cosh(2(a + bx)) + 2b(2ac + bx(2c + dx) + (c + dx) \sinh(2(a + bx)))}{8b^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(-(d*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)]) + 2*b*(2*a*c + b*x*(2*c + d*x) + (c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)]))/(8*b^2)`

3.11.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3791, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx) dx - \frac{d \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
 & -\frac{d \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(c + dx)^2}{4d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^2/(4*d) - (d*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(4*b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)`

3.11.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3791 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :>
  Simp[d*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]
  ]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
  x)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
  1]
```

3.11.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b \sinh(2bx+2a)(dx+c) - d \cosh(2bx+2a) + (2dx^2+4cx)b^2+d}{8b^2}$
risch	$\frac{dx^2}{4} + \frac{cx}{2} + \frac{(2dx+2cb-d)e^{2bx+2a}}{16b^2} - \frac{(2dx+2cb+d)e^{-2bx-2a}}{16b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d\left(\frac{(bx+a) \cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right)}{4}\right)}{b} - \frac{da\left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{bx+a}{2}\right)}{b} + c\left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{bx+a}{2}\right)$
default	$\frac{d\left(\frac{(bx+a) \cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{(bx+a)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right)}{4}\right)}{b} - \frac{da\left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{bx+a}{2}\right)}{b} + c\left(\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bx+a}{2}\right) \sinh(bx+a)}{2} + \frac{bx+a}{2}\right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8*(2*b*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)*(d*x+c)-d*cosh(2*b*x+2*a)+(2*d*x^2+4*c*x)*b^2+d)/
b^2
```

3.11.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2dx^2 + 4b^2cx - d \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 4(bdx + bc) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) - d \sinh(bx + a)^2}{8b^2}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/8*(2*b^2*d*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*x - d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*(b*d*x + b*c)*cosh(b*
x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - d*sinh(b*x + a)^2)/b^2
```

3.11. $\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.11.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{cx \sinh^2(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{cx \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{dx^2 \sinh^2(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{dx^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{c \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{dx \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \\ \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) \cosh^2(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-c*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2/2 + c*x*cosh(a + b*x)**2/2 - d*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2/4 + d*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/4 + c*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) + d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)/(2*b) - d*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)*cosh(a)**2, True))`

3.11.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2bx e^{2a}) - e^{2a}}{b^2} e^{2bx} - \frac{(2bx + 1)e^{-2bx-2a}}{b^2} \right) d$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} c \left(4x + \frac{e^{2bx+2a}}{b} - \frac{e^{-2bx-2a}}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(4*x^2 + (2*b*x*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^2 - (2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2)*d + 1/8*c*(4*x + e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b - e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b)`

3.11.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} cx + \frac{(2bdx + 2bc - d)e^{(2bx+2a)}}{16b^2} - \frac{(2bdx + 2bc + d)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{16b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*d*x^2 + 1/2*c*x + 1/16*(2*b*d*x + 2*b*c - d)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^2 - 1/16*(2*b*d*x + 2*b*c + d)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2`**3.11.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{b^2 dx^2 - \frac{d \cosh(2a+2bx)}{2} + bc \sinh(2a + 2bx) + 2b^2 cx + b dx \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b^2}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x),x)`output `(b^2*d*x^2 - (d*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/2 + b*c*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x) + 2*b^2*c*x + b*d*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/(4*b^2)`

3.12 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

3.12.1	Optimal result	154
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3.12.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	157

3.12.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\log(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*Chi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)*cosh(2*a-2*b*c/d)/d+1/2*ln(d*x+c)/d+1/2*Shi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)*sinh(2*a-2*b*c/d)/d`

3.12.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + \log(c+dx) + \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d] + Log[c + d*x] + Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*d)`

3.12.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{c + dx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2(c + dx)} + \frac{1}{2(c + dx)} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\log(c + dx)}{2d} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x), x]`

output `(Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/(2*d) + Log[c + d*x]/(2*d) + (Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/(2*d)`

3.12.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.12.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\ln(dx+c)}{2d} - \frac{e^{-\frac{2(da-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{2bx+2a-\frac{2(da-cb)}{d}}{d}\right)}{4d} - \frac{e^{\frac{2da-2cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{-2bx-2a-\frac{2(-da+cb)}{d}}{d}\right)}{4d}$	97

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{2} \ln(dx+c)/d - 1/4/d \exp(-2*(a*d-b*c)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, \frac{2*b*x+2*a-2*(a*d-b*c)}{d}\right) - 1/4/d \exp(2*(a*d-b*c)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}\left(1, \frac{-2*b*x-2*a-2*(-a*d+b*c)}{d}\right)$

3.12.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)\right) \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) - \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)\right) \sinh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{4} * \left(\left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2*(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2*(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}\right) \right) * \cosh\left(-\frac{2*(b*c - a*d)}{d}\right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2*(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}\right) - \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2*(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}\right) \right) * \sinh\left(-\frac{2*(b*c - a*d)}{d}\right) + 2 * \log(d*x + c) \right) / d$

3.12.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x), x)`

3.12.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4d} - \frac{e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4d} + \frac{\log(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/4*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d + 1/2*log(d*x + c)/d`**3.12.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} + \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} + 2 \log(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) + Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 2*log(d*x + c))/d`**3.12.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x), x)`

3.13 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

3.13.1	Optimal result	158
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3.13.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	164

3.13.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right) \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{d^2}$$

```
output -cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)+b*cosh(2*a-2*b*c/d)*Shi(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)/d^2+b*Chi(
2*b*c/d+2*b*x)*sinh(2*a-2*b*c/d)/d^2
```

3.13.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{d \cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} + b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) + b \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{d^2}$$

```
input Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

```
output (-(d*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(c + d*x)) + b*CoshIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d]*Sinh
[2*a - (2*b*c)/d] + b*Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d
])/d^2
```

3.13.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.688$, Rules used = {3042, 3794, 27, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(2a+2bx)}{2(c+dx)} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{\sinh(2a+2bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{b \int -\frac{i \sin(2ia+2ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \int \frac{\sin(2ia+2ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\cosh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sinh \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{i \sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3779} \\
& -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \frac{i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\
& -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Chi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} + \frac{i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(d*(c + d*x))) - (I*b*((I*CoshIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x]*Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d])/d + (I*Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/d)/d`

3.13.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`
- rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`
- rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

3.13.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{2(dx+c)d} - \frac{be^{-2bx-2a}}{4d(dx+cb)} + \frac{be^{-\frac{2(da-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(2bx+2a-\frac{2(da-cb)}{d}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{be^{2bx+2a}}{4d^2\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)} - \frac{be^{\frac{2da-2cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-2bx-2a-\frac{2(-da+cb)}{d}\right)}{2d^2}$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/(d*x+c)/d-1/4*b*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b*d*x+b*c)+1/2*b/d^2*exp(-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,2*b*x+2*a-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)-1/4*b/d^2*exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-1/2*b/d^2*exp(2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-2*b*x-2*a-2*(-a*d+b*c)/d)`

3.13.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{d \cosh(bx+a)^2 + d \sinh(bx+a)^2 - \left((bdx+bc) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) - (bdx+bc) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)}{2(d^3x+cd^2)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/2*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + d*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - ((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - ((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d)/(d^3*x + c*d^2)`

3.13.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

3.13.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)d} - \frac{e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)d} - \frac{1}{2(d^2x + cd)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) -
1/4*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) -
1/2/(d^2*x + c*d)`

3.13.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 574 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.09

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx =$$

$$\left(2(dx+c)\left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c}\right)b^2 \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{2((dx+c)\left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c}\right) + bc - ad)}{d}\right) e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} + 2b^3c \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{2((dx+c)\left(b - \frac{bc}{dx+c} + \frac{ad}{dx+c}\right) + bc - ad)}{d}\right) \right)$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/4*(2*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(-2*((d*x + c) \\
 & *(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + \\
 & 2*b^3*c*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d) \\
 & /d)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 2*a*b^2*d*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + \\
 & a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 2*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/ \\
 & (d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d \\
 & *x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 2*b^3*c*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(b \\
 & - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + 2 \\
 & *a*b^2*d*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/ \\
 & d)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + b^2*d*e^(2*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d \\
 & *x + c))/d) + b^2*d*e^(-2*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))/d) \\
 & + 2*b^2*d*d^2/(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*d^4 + b*c* \\
 & d^4 - a*d^5)*b)
 \end{aligned}$$

3.13.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

3.14 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

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3.14.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = -\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 \cosh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx)}{d^3} - \frac{b \cosh(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{d^2(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2 \sinh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx)}{d^3}$$

output $b^2 \operatorname{Chi}(2bc/d + 2bx) \cosh(2a - 2bc/d) / d^3 - 1/2 \cosh(bx+a)^2 / (dx+c)^2 + b^2 \operatorname{Shi}(2bc/d + 2bx) \sinh(2a - 2bc/d) / d^3 - b \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) / d^2 / (dx+c)$

3.14.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{2b^2 \cosh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}) - \frac{d(d \cosh^2(a+bx) + b(c+dx) \sinh(2(a+bx)))}{(c+dx)^2} + 2b^2 \sinh(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d})}{2d^3}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output $(2*b^2*Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d] - (d*(d*Cosh[a + b*x]^2 + b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)]))/(c + d*x)^2 + 2*b^2*Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*d^3)$

3.14.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 16, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\
 & \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{2b^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a+2bx)}{2(c+dx)} + \frac{1}{2(c+dx)} \right) dx}{d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{\cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{2d} + \frac{\log(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{d^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \log(c+dx)}{d^3}}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (b^2*Log[c + d*x])/d^3 - (b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(d^2*(c + d*x)) + (2*b^2*((Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/(2*d) + Log[c + d*x]/(2*d) + (Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/(2*d)))/d^2`

3.14.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

3.14.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{4(dx+c)^2d} + \frac{b^3e^{-2bx-2a}x}{4d(x^2d^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} + \frac{b^3e^{-2bx-2a}c}{4d^2(x^2d^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} - \frac{b^2e^{-2bx-2a}}{8d(x^2d^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} - \frac{b^2e^{-\frac{2(da-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{2}{2d}\right)}{2d}$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/4/(d*x+c)^2/d+1/4*b^3*\exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*x+1/4*b^3*\exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d^2/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*c-1/8*b^2*\exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)-1/2*b^2/d^3*\exp(-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1,2*b*x+2*a-2*(a*d-b*c)/d\right)-1/8*b^2/d^3*\exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^2-1/4*b^2/d^3*\exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-1/2*b^2/d^3*\exp(2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1,-2*b*x-2*a-2*(-a*d+b*c)/d\right)$$

3.14.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 278 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{d^2 \cosh(bx+a)^2 + d^2 \sinh(bx+a)^2 + 4(bd^2x + bcd) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) + d^2 - 2\left((b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+b^2c^2)}{d}\right) + (b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+b^2c^2)}{d}\right) \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) - 2\left((b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+b^2c^2)}{d}\right) - (b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+b^2c^2)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)\right)}{d^5x^2 + 2cd^4x + c^2d^3}}{d^5x^2 + 2cd^4x + c^2d^3}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

$$-1/4*(d^2*\cosh(b*x+a)^2+d^2*\sinh(b*x+a)^2+4*(b*d^2*x+b*c*d)*\cosh(b*x+a)*\sinh(b*x+a)+d^2-2*((b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2*(b*d*x+b^2*c^2)}{d}\right)+(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2*(b*d*x+b^2*c^2)}{d}\right)*\cosh\left(-\frac{2*(b*c-a*d)}{d}\right)-2*((b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2*(b*d*x+b^2*c^2)}{d}\right)-(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2*(b*d*x+b^2*c^2)}{d}\right))*\sinh\left(-\frac{2*(b*c-a*d)}{d}\right))/(d^5*x^2+2*c*d^4*x+c^2*d^3)$$

3.14. $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

3.14.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

3.14.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4(d^3x^2 + 2cd^2x + c^2d)} - \frac{e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)^2d} - \frac{e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)^2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d) - 1/4*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - 1/4*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)`

3.14.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 330 vs. 2(110) = 220.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{4b^2d^2x^2\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)e^{(2a-\frac{2bc}{d})} + 4b^2d^2x^2\text{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)e^{(-2a+\frac{2bc}{d})} + 8b^2cdx\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)e^{(2a-\frac{2bc}{d})} + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(4*b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) + 4*b^2*d^2*x^2*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 8*b^2*c*d*x*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) + 8*b^2*c*d*x*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 4*b^2*c^2*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) + 4*b^2*c^2*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) - 2*b*d^2*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 2*b*d^2*x*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - 2*b*c*d*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 2*b*c*d*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - d^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - d^2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - 2*d^2)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)`

3.14.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

3.15 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^4} dx$

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3.15.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	179

3.15.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^4} dx = \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} - \frac{2b^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d^3(c+dx)} + \frac{2b^3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right) \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{3d^4} - \frac{b \cosh(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} + \frac{2b^3 \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{3d^4}$$

output $1/3*b^2/d^3/(d*x+c)-1/3*\cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^3-2/3*b^2*\cosh(b*x+a)^2/d^3/(d*x+c)+2/3*b^3*\cosh(2*a-2*b*c/d)*\operatorname{Shi}(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)/d^4+2/3*b^3*\operatorname{Chi}(2*b*c/d+2*b*x)*\sinh(2*a-2*b*c/d)/d^4-1/3*b*\cosh(b*x+a)*\sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^2$

3.15.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^4} dx = \frac{4b^3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) - \frac{d((d^2+2b^2(c+dx)^2) \cosh(2(a+bx))+d(d+b(c+dx) \sinh(2(a+bx))))}{(c+dx)^3} + 4b^3 \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{6d^4}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^4,x]`

output $(4*b^3*CoshIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d]*Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d] - (d*((d^2 + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] + d*(d + b*(c + d*x))*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)])))/(c + d*x)^3 + 4*b^3*Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(6*d^4)$

3.15.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3794, 27, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\
 & \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2(c + dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
 & \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2(c + dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2(c + dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3794}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(2a+2bx)}{2(c+dx)} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\sinh(2a+2bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{b \int -\frac{i \sin(2ia+2ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \int \frac{\sin(2ia+2ibx)}{c+dx} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3784 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

3.15. $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int -\frac{i \sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \right) \\
& \hline
& \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& 2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx \right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d} \right) \\
& \hline
& \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3779} \\
& 2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left(\frac{2ibc}{d} + 2ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{c+dx} dx + \frac{i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right) \\
& \hline
& \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\
& 2b^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} - \frac{ib \left(\frac{i \sinh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Chi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} + \frac{i \cosh \left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d} \right) \text{Shi} \left(\frac{2bc}{d} + 2bx \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right) \\
& \hline
& \frac{b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{3d^3(c+dx)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^4,x]`

output `b^2/(3*d^3*(c + d*x)) - Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(3*d*(c + d*x)^3) - (b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*d^2*(c + d*x)^2) + (2*b^2*(-(Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(d*(c + d*x))) - (I*b*((I*CoshIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x]*Sinh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d])/d + (I*Cosh[2*a - (2*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*b*c)/d + 2*b*x])/d))/d)/(3*d^2)`

3.15.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`
- rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`
- rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

3.15.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{6(dx+c)^3d} - \frac{b^5 e^{-2bx-2ax^2}}{6d(d^3x^3b^3+3b^3cd^2x^2+3b^3c^2dx+b^3c^3)} - \frac{b^5 e^{-2bx-2acx}}{3d^2(d^3x^3b^3+3b^3cd^2x^2+3b^3c^2dx+b^3c^3)} - \frac{b^5 e^{-2bx-2acx}}{6d^3(d^3x^3b^3+3b^3cd^2x^2+3b^3c^2dx+b^3c^3)}$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/6/(d*x+c)^3/d-1/6*b^5*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*x^2-1/3*b^5*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d^2/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*c*x-1/6*b^5*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d^3/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*c^2+1/12*b^4*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*x+1/12*b^4*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d^2/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)*c-1/12*b^3*exp(-2*b*x-2*a)/d/(b^3*d^3*x^3+3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+3*b^3*c^2*d*x+b^3*c^3)+1/3*b^3/d^4*exp(-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,2*b*x+2*a-2*(a*d-b*c)/d)-1/12*b^3/d^4*exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^3-1/12*b^3/d^4*exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^2-1/6*b^3/d^4*exp(2*b*x+2*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-1/3*b^3/d^4*exp(2*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-2*b*x-2*a-2*(-a*d+b*c)/d)$$

3.15.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 409 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{d^3 + (2b^2d^3x^2 + 4b^2cd^2x + 2b^2c^2d + d^3) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 2(bd^3x + bcd^2) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) + \dots}{(c + dx)^4}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/6*(d^3 + (2*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*d + d^3)*cosh(b*x +
a)^2 + 2*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (2*b^2*d^3*x^2
+ 4*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*d + d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*((b^3*d^3*x^3 +
3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + b^3*c^3)*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b^3*d^
3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + b^3*c^3)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))
*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 2*((b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*
x + b^3*c^3)*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^
3*c^2*d*x + b^3*c^3)*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^7*
x^3 + 3*c*d^6*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^5*x + c^3*d^4)
```

3.15.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**4,x)
```

```
output Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**4, x)
```

3.15.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{6(d^4x^3 + 3cd^3x^2 + 3c^2d^2x + c^3d)} - \frac{e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})} E_4\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)^3d} - \frac{e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})} E_4\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4(dx+c)^3d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6/(d^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*x + c^3*d) - 1/4*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(4, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^3*d) - 1/4*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(4, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^3*d)`

3.15.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 537 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{4b^3d^3x^3\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)e^{(2a-\frac{2bc}{d})} - 4b^3d^3x^3\text{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)e^{(-2a+\frac{2bc}{d})} + 12b^3cd^2x^2\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(bdx+bc)}{d}\right)e^{(2a-\frac{2bc}{d})}}{7x^3 + 3cd^6x^2 + 3c^2d^5x + c^3d^4}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(4*b^3*d^3*x^3*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) - 4*b^3*d^3*x^3*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 12*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) - 12*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) + 12*b^3*c^2*d*x*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) - 12*b^3*c^2*d*x*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) - 2*b^2*d^3*x^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - 2*b^2*d^3*x^2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + 4*b^3*c^3*Ei(2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d) - 4*b^3*c^3*Ei(-2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d) - 4*b^2*c*d^2*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - 4*b^2*c*d^2*x*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - 2*b^2*c^2*d*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - b*d^3*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - 2*b^2*c^2*d*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + b*d^3*x*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - b*c*d^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b*c*d^2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - d^3*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - d^3*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) - 2*d^3)/(d^7*x^3 + 3*c*d^6*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^5*x + c^3*d^4)`

3.15.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^4, x)`

3.16 $\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

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3.16.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{160d^3(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx)}{9b^4} - \frac{8d(c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{3b^2} - \frac{8d^3(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{27b^4} - \frac{4d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{488d^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{27b^5} + \frac{80d^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{4d^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{8d^4 \sinh^3(a + bx)}{81b^5}$$

output

```
-160/9*d^3*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^4-8/3*d*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-8/27*d^3*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^4-4/9*d*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2+488/27*d^4*sinh(b*x+a)/b^5+80/9*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+2/3*(d*x+c)^4*sinh(b*x+a)/b+4/9*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b+8/81*d^4*sinh(b*x+a)^3/b^5
```

3.16.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-972bd(c + dx)(6d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(a + bx) - 12bd(c + dx)(2d^2 + 3b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(3(a + bx)) + \dots}{324b^5}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-972*b*d*(c + d*x)*(6*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[a + b*x] - 12*b*d*(c + d*x)*(2*d^2 + 3*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[3*(a + b*x)] + 2*(2920*d^4 + 1476*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 135*b^4*(c + d*x)^4 + (8*d^4 + 36*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 27*b^4*(c + d*x)^4)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(324*b^5)`

3.16.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 28, number of rules used = 27, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.688$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117, 3792, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$\frac{4d^2 \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^4 \cosh(a + bx) dx - \frac{4d(c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^4 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \\
& \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4id \int -i(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4d \int (c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4d \int -i(c+dx)^3 \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \int (c+dx)^3 \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 3777 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow 3777 \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3117} \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

\downarrow 3792

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2d^2 \int \cosh^3(a+bx) dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx) dx - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} - \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) +
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

\downarrow 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2d^2 \int \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2id^2 \int (\sinh^2(a+bx)+1)d(-i \sinh(a+bx))}{9b^3} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{3b^2}{b} \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right) + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{3b^2}{b} \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right) + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{3b} \right) \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{3b} \right) \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{3b^2} \right)}{3b^2} \\
 & + \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \left(\frac{2}{3} \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} \right)}{3b^2} \\
 & + \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \left(\frac{2}{3} \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left. \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3117} \\
 & - \frac{4d(c+dx)^3 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \left. \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{4id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^3 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
 & 4d^2 \left(\frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

```
output (-4*d*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(9*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^4*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*
Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (4*d^2*(-2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(9*b^2) +
((c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (((2*I)/9)*d^2*(-I)*S
inh[a + b*x] - (I/3)*Sinh[a + b*x]^3))/b^3 + (2*(((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x
])/b + ((2*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))
/b))/3)/(3*b^2) + (2*(((c + d*x)^4*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((4*I)*d*((I*(c + d
*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((3*I)*d*(((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((2*I)*
d*((I*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))/b))/b))/3
```

3.16.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3113 Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
and[(1 - x^2)^(n - 1)/2], x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]
```

```
rule 3117 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /;
FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 3777 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```



```
rule 3792 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol)
  ] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp
  p[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^
  2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2
  *m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]
  /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

3.16.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(27(dx+c)^4b^4+36d^2(dx+c)^2b^2+8d^4) \sinh(3bx+3a)-36\left((dx+c)^2b^2+\frac{2d^2}{3}\right)d(dx+c)b \cosh(3bx+3a)+243\left((dx+c)^4b^4+\frac{324b^5}{324b^5}\right)}{324b^5}$
risch	$\frac{(27d^4x^4b^4+108b^4cd^3x^3+162b^4c^2d^2x^2-36b^3d^4x^3+108b^4c^3dx-108b^3cd^3x^2+27b^4c^4-108b^3c^2d^2x+36b^2d^4x^2-36b^3c^3d)}{648b^5}$
derivativdivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/324*((27*(d*x+c)^4*b^4+36*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*b^2+8*d^4)*sinh(3*b*x+3*a)-36*((
d*x+c)^2*b^2+2/3*d^2)*d*(d*x+c)*b*cosh(3*b*x+3*a)+243*((d*x+c)^4*b^4+12*d^
2*(d*x+c)^2*b^2+24*d^4)*sinh(b*x+a)-972*d*(((d*x+c)^2*b^2+6*d^2)*(d*x+c)*c
osh(b*x+a)+28/27*b^2*c^3+488/81*d^2*c)*b)/b^5
```

3.16.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 528 vs. $2(205) = 410$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{12(3b^3d^4x^3 + 9b^3cd^3x^2 + 3b^3c^3d + 2bcd^3 + (9b^3c^2d^2 + 2bd^4)x) \cosh(bx + a)^3 + 36(3b^3d^4x^3 + 9b^3cd^3x^2 + 3b^3c^3d + 2bcd^3 + (9b^3c^2d^2 + 2bd^4)x) \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 36(3b^3d^4x^3 + 9b^3cd^3x^2 + 3b^3c^3d + 2bcd^3 + (9b^3c^2d^2 + 2bd^4)x) \cosh(bx + a) + 36(3b^3d^4x^3 + 9b^3cd^3x^2 + 3b^3c^3d + 2bcd^3 + (9b^3c^2d^2 + 2bd^4)x)}{324b^5}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```
-1/324*(12*(3*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 9*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^3*d + 2*b*c*d^3 + (9
*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 2*b*d^4)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 36*(3*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 9*b^3*c*d
^3*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^3*d + 2*b*c*d^3 + (9*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 2*b*d^4)*x)*cosh(b*x +
a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - (27*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 108*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 27*b^4*c^4 + 3
6*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*d^4 + 18*(9*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 36*(3*b^4*c^3
*d + 2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 972*(b^3*d^4*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^3*x^2
+ b^3*c^3*d + 6*b*c*d^3 + 3*(b^3*c^2*d^2 + 2*b*d^4)*x)*cosh(b*x + a) - 3*(
81*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 324*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 81*b^4*c^4 + 972*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 1944*d
^4 + 486*(b^4*c^2*d^2 + 2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + (27*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 108*b^4*c*d^3*x
^3 + 27*b^4*c^4 + 36*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*d^4 + 18*(9*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 2*b^2*d^4)*
x^2 + 36*(3*b^4*c^3*d + 2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 324*(b^4*c^3*d +
6*b^2*c*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^5
```

3.16.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 772 vs. $2(226) = 452$.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 772, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{2c^4 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{c^4 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{8c^3 dx \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{4c^3 dx \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4c^2 d^2 x^2 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{b} + \\ \left(c^4 x + 2c^3 dx^2 + 2c^2 d^2 x^3 + cd^3 x^4 + \frac{d^4 x^5}{5} \right) \cosh^3(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*c**4*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + c**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 8*c**3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + 4*c**3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 4*c**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/b + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 8*c*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + 4*c*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*d**4*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + d**4*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b + 8*c**3*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 28*c**3*d*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2) + 8*c**2*d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 28*c**2*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) + 8*c*d**3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 28*c*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) + 8*d**4*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 28*d**4*x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2) - 80*c**2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 28*c**2*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) - 160*c*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 56*c*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) - 80*d**4*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 28*d**4*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) + 160*c*d**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(9*b**4) - 488*c*d**3*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(27*b**4) + 160*d**4*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(9*b**4) - 488*d**4*x*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(27*b**4) - 1456*d**4*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(81*b**5) + 488*d**4*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(27*b**5), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**4*x + 2*c**3*d*x**2 + 2*c**2*d**2*x**3 + c*d**3*x**4 + d**4*x**5/5)*cosh(a)**3, True))`

3.16.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 644 vs. $2(205) = 410$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 644, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{18} c^3 d \left(\frac{(3bx e^{(3a)} - e^{(3a)}) e^{(3bx)}}{b^2} + \frac{27(bx e^a - e^a) e^{(bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{27(bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} - \frac{(3bx + 1) e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24} c^4 \left(\frac{e^{(3bx+3a)}}{b} + \frac{9e^{(bx+a)}}{b} - \frac{9e^{(-bx-a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{36} c^2 d^2 \left(\frac{(9b^2 x^2 e^{(3a)} - 6bx e^{(3a)} + 2e^{(3a)}) e^{(3bx)}}{b^3} + \frac{81(b^2 x^2 e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a) e^{(bx)}}{b^3} - \frac{81(b^2 x^2 + 2bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{54} cd^3 \left(\frac{(9b^3 x^3 e^{(3a)} - 9b^2 x^2 e^{(3a)} + 6bx e^{(3a)} - 2e^{(3a)}) e^{(3bx)}}{b^4} + \frac{81(b^3 x^3 e^a - 3b^2 x^2 e^a + 6bx e^a - 6e^a) e^{(bx)}}{b^4} - \frac{81(b^3 x^3 + 3b^2 x^2 + 6bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{648} d^4 \left(\frac{(27b^4 x^4 e^{(3a)} - 36b^3 x^3 e^{(3a)} + 36b^2 x^2 e^{(3a)} - 24bx e^{(3a)} + 8e^{(3a)}) e^{(3bx)}}{b^5} + \frac{243(b^4 x^4 e^a - 4b^3 x^3 e^a + 6b^2 x^2 e^a - 4bx e^a + 4e^a) e^{(bx)}}{b^5} - \frac{243(b^4 x^4 + 4b^3 x^3 + 6b^2 x^2 + 4bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^5} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/18*c^3*d*((3*b*x*e^{(3*a)} - e^{(3*a)})*e^{(3*b*x)}/b^2 + 27*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*e^{(b*x)}/b^2 - 27*(b*x + 1)*e^{(-b*x - a)}/b^2 - (3*b*x + 1)*e^{(-3*b*x - 3*a)}/b^2) + 1/24*c^4*(e^{(3*b*x + 3*a)}/b + 9*e^{(b*x + a)}/b - 9*e^{(-b*x - a)}/b - e^{(-3*b*x - 3*a)}/b) + 1/36*c^2*d^2*((9*b^2*x^2*e^{(3*a)} - 6*b*x*e^{(3*a)} + 2*e^{(3*a)})*e^{(3*b*x)}/b^3 + 81*(b^2*x^2*e^a - 2*b*x*e^a + 2*e^a)*e^{(b*x)}/b^3 - 81*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*e^{(-b*x - a)}/b^3 - (9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^{(-3*b*x - 3*a)}/b^3) + 1/54*c*d^3*((9*b^3*x^3*e^{(3*a)} - 9*b^2*x^2*e^{(3*a)} + 6*b*x*e^{(3*a)} - 2*e^{(3*a)})*e^{(3*b*x)}/b^4 + 81*(b^3*x^3*e^a - 3*b^2*x^2*e^a + 6*b*x*e^a - 6*e^a)*e^{(b*x)}/b^4 - 81*(b^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 6)*e^{(-b*x - a)}/b^4 - (9*b^3*x^3 + 9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^{(-3*b*x - 3*a)}/b^4) + 1/648*d^4*((27*b^4*x^4*e^{(3*a)} - 36*b^3*x^3*e^{(3*a)} + 36*b^2*x^2*e^{(3*a)} - 24*b*x*e^{(3*a)} + 8*e^{(3*a)})*e^{(3*b*x)}/b^5 + 243*(b^4*x^4*e^a - 4*b^3*x^3*e^a + 12*b^2*x^2*e^a - 24*b*x*e^a + 24*e^a)*e^{(b*x)}/b^5 - 243*(b^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*x^3 + 12*b^2*x^2 + 24*b*x + 24)*e^{(-b*x - a)}/b^5 - (27*b^4*x^4 + 36*b^3*x^3 + 36*b^2*x^2 + 24*b*x + 8)*e^{(-3*b*x - 3*a)}/b^5) \end{aligned}$$

3.16.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 654 vs. $2(205) = 410$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx \\ & = \frac{(27b^4d^4x^4 + 108b^4cd^3x^3 + 162b^4c^2d^2x^2 - 36b^3d^4x^3 + 108b^4c^3dx - 108b^3cd^3x^2 + 27b^4c^4 - 108b^3c^2d^2x + 648b^5}{648b^5} \\ & + \frac{3(b^4d^4x^4 + 4b^4cd^3x^3 + 6b^4c^2d^2x^2 - 4b^3d^4x^3 + 4b^4c^3dx - 12b^3cd^3x^2 + b^4c^4 - 12b^3c^2d^2x + 12b^2d^4x^2 - 8b^5)}{8b^5} \\ & - \frac{3(b^4d^4x^4 + 4b^4cd^3x^3 + 6b^4c^2d^2x^2 + 4b^3d^4x^3 + 4b^4c^3dx + 12b^3cd^3x^2 + b^4c^4 + 12b^3c^2d^2x + 12b^2d^4x^2 + 8b^5)}{8b^5} \\ & - \frac{(27b^4d^4x^4 + 108b^4cd^3x^3 + 162b^4c^2d^2x^2 + 36b^3d^4x^3 + 108b^4c^3dx + 108b^3cd^3x^2 + 27b^4c^4 + 108b^3c^2d^2x + 648b^5)}{648b^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/648*(27*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 108*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 162*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 36*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 108*b^4*c^3*d*x - 108*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 27*b^4*c^4 - 108*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 36*b^2*d^4*x^2 - 36*b^3*c^3*d + 72*b^2*c*d^3*x + 36*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 24*b*d^4*x - 24*b*c*d^3 + 8*d^4)*e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b^5 + 3/8*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 4*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 4*b^4*c^3*d*x - 12*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + b^4*c^4 - 12*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 12*b^2*d^4*x^2 - 4*b^3*c^3*d + 24*b^2*c*d^3*x + 12*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 24*b*d^4*x - 24*b*c*d^3 + 24*d^4)*e^(b*x + a)/b^5 - 3/8*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 4*b^4*c^3*d*x + 12*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + b^4*c^4 + 12*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 12*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d + 24*b^2*c*d^3*x + 12*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 24*b*d^4*x + 24*b*c*d^3 + 24*d^4)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^5 - 1/648*(27*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 108*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 162*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 36*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 108*b^4*c^3*d*x + 108*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 27*b^4*c^4 + 108*b^3*c^2*d^2*x + 36*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 36*b^3*c^3*d + 72*b^2*c*d^3*x + 36*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 24*b*d^4*x + 24*b*c*d^3 + 8*d^4)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^5 \end{aligned}$$

3.16.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^4 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = & \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (27 b^4 c^4 + 252 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 488 d^4)}{27 b^5} \\
& - \frac{2 \sinh(a + bx)^3 (27 b^4 c^4 + 360 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 728 d^4)}{81 b^5} \\
& - \frac{4 \cosh(a + bx)^3 (21 b^2 c^3 d + 122 c d^3)}{27 b^4} \\
& + \frac{8 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2 (3 b^2 c^3 d + 20 c d^3)}{9 b^4} \\
& - \frac{28 d^4 x^3 \cosh(a + bx)^3}{9 b^2} \\
& - \frac{4 x \cosh(a + bx)^3 (63 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 122 d^4)}{27 b^4} \\
& - \frac{2 d^4 x^4 \sinh(a + bx)^3}{3 b} \\
& - \frac{8 x \sinh(a + bx)^3 (3 b^2 c^3 d + 20 c d^3)}{9 b^3} \\
& - \frac{4 x^2 \sinh(a + bx)^3 (9 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 20 d^4)}{9 b^3} \\
& + \frac{2 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (9 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 14 d^4)}{3 b^3} \\
& - \frac{28 c d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^3}{3 b^2} \\
& + \frac{d^4 x^4 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} \\
& + \frac{8 d^4 x^3 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2}{3 b^2} \\
& - \frac{8 c d^3 x^3 \sinh(a + bx)^3}{3 b} \\
& + \frac{8 x \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2 (9 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 20 d^4)}{9 b^4} \\
& + \frac{4 x \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (3 b^2 c^3 d + 14 c d^3)}{3 b^3} \\
& + \frac{4 c d^3 x^3 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} \\
& + \frac{8 c d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2}{b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (\cosh(a + b*x)^2*\sinh(a + b*x)*(488*d^4 + 27*b^4*c^4 + 252*b^2*c^2*d^2))/ \\ & (27*b^5) - (2*\sinh(a + b*x)^3*(728*d^4 + 27*b^4*c^4 + 360*b^2*c^2*d^2))/(81 \\ & *b^5) - (4*\cosh(a + b*x)^3*(122*c*d^3 + 21*b^2*c^3*d))/(27*b^4) + (8*\cosh(\\ & a + b*x)*\sinh(a + b*x)^2*(20*c*d^3 + 3*b^2*c^3*d))/(9*b^4) - (28*d^4*x^3*c \\ & osh(a + b*x)^3)/(9*b^2) - (4*x*\cosh(a + b*x)^3*(122*d^4 + 63*b^2*c^2*d^2)) \\ & /(27*b^4) - (2*d^4*x^4*\sinh(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b) - (8*x*\sinh(a + b*x)^3*(20*c \\ & *d^3 + 3*b^2*c^3*d))/(9*b^3) - (4*x^2*\sinh(a + b*x)^3*(20*d^4 + 9*b^2*c^2* \\ & d^2))/(9*b^3) + (2*x^2*\cosh(a + b*x)^2*\sinh(a + b*x)*(14*d^4 + 9*b^2*c^2*d \\ & ^2))/(3*b^3) - (28*c*d^3*x^2*\cosh(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b^2) + (d^4*x^4*\cosh(a + \\ & b*x)^2*\sinh(a + b*x))/b + (8*d^4*x^3*\cosh(a + b*x)*\sinh(a + b*x)^2)/(3*b^2 \\ &) - (8*c*d^3*x^3*\sinh(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b) + (8*x*\cosh(a + b*x)*\sinh(a + b*x) \\ & ^2*(20*d^4 + 9*b^2*c^2*d^2))/(9*b^4) + (4*x*\cosh(a + b*x)^2*\sinh(a + b*x)* \\ & (14*c*d^3 + 3*b^2*c^3*d))/(3*b^3) + (4*c*d^3*x^3*\cosh(a + b*x)^2*\sinh(a + \\ & b*x))/b + (8*c*d^3*x^2*\cosh(a + b*x)*\sinh(a + b*x)^2)/b^2 \end{aligned}$$

3.17 $\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

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3.17.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{40d^3 \cosh(a + bx)}{9b^4} - \frac{2d(c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{2d^3 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{27b^4} - \frac{d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{40d^2(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{2d^2(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b}$$

output

```
-40/9*d^3*cosh(b*x+a)/b^4-2*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-2/27*d^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^4-1/3*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2+40/9*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+2/3*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b+2/9*d^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```


3.17.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-486d(2d^2 + b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(a + bx) - 2d(2d^2 + 9b^2(c + dx)^2) \cosh(3(a + bx)) + 12b(c + dx)(82d^2 + 15b^2(c + dx)^2) \sinh(a + bx)}{216b^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-486*d*(2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[a + b*x] - 2*d*(2*d^2 + 9*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[3*(a + b*x)] + 12*b*(c + d*x)*(82*d^2 + 15*b^2*(c + d*x)^2 + (2*d^2 + 3*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)])*Sinh[a + b*x]/(216*b^4)`

3.17.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.312$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118, 3791, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$\frac{2d^2 \int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^3 \cosh(a + bx) dx - \frac{d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^3 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i(c+dx)^2 \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow 3777 \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow 26
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} + \\
& \left. \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3118} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{3b^2} - \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \left. \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx) \cosh(a+bx) dx - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \left. \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx) \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} - \\
& \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \\
& \left. \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} \\
& \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} \\
& \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} \\
& \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow \text{26}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3118} \\
& \frac{2d^2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right)}{3b^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3b^2} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `-1/3*(d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/b^2 + ((c + d*x)^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Si
nh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (2*d^2*(-1/9*(d*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/b^2 + ((c + d*x)*Cos
h[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (2*(-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b^2) + ((c + d
*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/3))/(3*b^2) + (2*(((c + d*x)^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + (
(3*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((2*I)*d*(-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b
^2) + ((c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/b))/3`

3.17.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`
- rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

3.17.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
parallelrisch	$126d^2 \left(\frac{dx}{2} + c\right) x b^2 \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^6 - 54(dx+c) \left((dx+c)^2 b^2 + \frac{14d^2}{3}\right) b \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^5 + ((-27d^3 x^2 - 54c d^2 x + 162d c^2) b^2 + 2$
risch	$\frac{(9d^3 x^3 b^3 + 27b^3 c d^2 x^2 + 27b^3 c^2 dx - 9b^2 d^3 x^2 + 9b^3 c^3 - 18b^2 c d^2 x - 9b^2 c^2 d + 6b d^3 x + 6bc d^2 - 2d^3) e^{3bx+3a}}{216b^4} + \frac{3(d^3 x^3 b^3 + 3b^3 c d^2 x^2 + 3b^3 c^2 dx - 3b^2 d^3 x^2 + 3b^3 c^3 - 6b^2 c d^2 x - 3b^2 c^2 d + 3b d^3 x + 3bc d^2 - d^3) e^{3bx+3a}}{216b^4}$
derivativedivides	$d^3 \left(\frac{2(bx+a)^3 \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a)^3 \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - 2(bx+a)^2 \cosh(bx+a) + \frac{40(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{9} - \frac{40 \cosh(bx+a)}{9} - \frac{(bx+a)}{9} \right) \frac{1}{b^3}$
default	$d^3 \left(\frac{2(bx+a)^3 \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a)^3 \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - 2(bx+a)^2 \cosh(bx+a) + \frac{40(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{9} - \frac{40 \cosh(bx+a)}{9} - \frac{(bx+a)}{9} \right) \frac{1}{b^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{27} * (126 * d^2 * (1/2 * d * x + c) * x * b^2 * \tanh(1/2 * b * x + 1/2 * a)^6 - 54 * (d * x + c) * ((d * x + c)^2 * b^2 + 14/3 * d^2) * b * \tanh(1/2 * b * x + 1/2 * a)^5 + ((-27 * d^3 * x^2 - 54 * c * d^2 * x + 162 * c^2 * d) * b^2 + 252 * d^3) * \tanh(1/2 * b * x + 1/2 * a)^4 + 36 * (d * x + c) * ((d * x + c)^2 * b^2 + 38/3 * d^2) * b * \tanh(1/2 * b * x + 1/2 * a)^3 + ((-27 * d^3 * x^2 - 54 * c * d^2 * x - 216 * c^2 * d) * b^2 - 480 * d^3) * \tanh(1/2 * b * x + 1/2 * a)^2 - 54 * (d * x + c) * ((d * x + c)^2 * b^2 + 14/3 * d^2) * b * \tanh(1/2 * b * x + 1/2 * a) + (63 * d^3 * x^2 + 126 * c * d^2 * x + 126 * c^2 * d) * b^2 + 244 * d^3) / b^4 / (\tanh(1/2 * b * x + 1/2 * a) - 1)^3 / (1 + \tanh(1/2 * b * x + 1/2 * a))^3$

3.17.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{(9b^2 d^3 x^2 + 18b^2 c d^2 x + 9b^2 c^2 d + 2d^3) \cosh^3(bx + a) + 3(9b^2 d^3 x^2 + 18b^2 c d^2 x + 9b^2 c^2 d + 2d^3) \cosh^2(bx + a) + 6(9b^2 d^3 x^2 + 18b^2 c d^2 x + 9b^2 c^2 d + 2d^3) \cosh(bx + a) + 2(9b^2 d^3 x^2 + 18b^2 c d^2 x + 9b^2 c^2 d + 2d^3) \cosh(bx + a) + 2d^3}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`


```
output -1/108*((9*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d^2*x + 9*b^2*c^2*d + 2*d^3)*cosh(b*x +
a)^3 + 3*(9*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d^2*x + 9*b^2*c^2*d + 2*d^3)*cosh(b*x +
a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 3*(3*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 9*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^3 + 2*b
*c*d^2 + (9*b^3*c^2*d + 2*b*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 243*(b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2
*b^2*c*d^2*x + b^2*c^2*d + 2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a) - 9*(9*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 27*b^
3*c*d^2*x^2 + 9*b^3*c^3 + 54*b*c*d^2 + (3*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 9*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 +
3*b^3*c^3 + 2*b*c*d^2 + (9*b^3*c^2*d + 2*b*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 27*(b
^3*c^2*d + 2*b*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^4
```

3.17.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 495 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{2c^3 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{c^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2c^2 dx \sinh^3(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3c^2 dx \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2cd^2 x^2 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{b} + \\ \left(c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 dx^2}{2} + cd^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4} \right) \cosh^3(a) \end{array} \right.$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**3*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

```
output Piecewise((-2*c**3*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + c**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*
x)**2/b - 2*c**2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/b + 3*c**2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a
+ b*x)**2/b - 2*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/b + 3*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*
x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*d**3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + d**3*x**3*sin
h(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b + 2*c**2*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b*
**2 - 7*c**2*d*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) + 4*c*d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh
(a + b*x)/b**2 - 14*c*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) + 2*d**3*x**2*sinh(
a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/b**2 - 7*d**3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**2) - 4
0*c*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 14*c*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)
**2/(3*b**3) - 40*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**3) + 14*d**3*x*sinh(a + b*
x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) + 40*d**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(9*b
**4) - 122*d**3*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(27*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**3*x + 3*c**2*d
*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4)*cosh(a)**3, True))
```

3.17.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 439 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} c^2 d \left(\frac{(3bx e^{3a} - e^{3a}) e^{3bx}}{b^2} + \frac{27(bx e^a - e^a) e^{bx}}{b^2} - \frac{27(bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} - \frac{(3bx + 1) e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24} c^3 \left(\frac{e^{(3bx+3a)}}{b} + \frac{9e^{(bx+a)}}{b} - \frac{9e^{(-bx-a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{72} cd^2 \left(\frac{(9b^2 x^2 e^{3a} - 6bx e^{3a} + 2e^{3a}) e^{3bx}}{b^3} + \frac{81(b^2 x^2 e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a) e^{bx}}{b^3} - \frac{81(b^2 x^2 + 2bx + 2)e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{216} d^3 \left(\frac{(9b^3 x^3 e^{3a} - 9b^2 x^2 e^{3a} + 6bx e^{3a} - 2e^{3a}) e^{3bx}}{b^4} + \frac{81(b^3 x^3 e^a - 3b^2 x^2 e^a + 6bx e^a - 6e^a) e^{bx}}{b^4} - \frac{81(b^3 x^3 + 3b^2 x^2 + 6bx + 6)e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^4} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/24*c^2*d*((3*b*x*e^(3*a) - e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^2 + 27*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 27*(b*x + 1)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 - (3*b*x + 1)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^2) + 1/24*c^3*(e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b + 9*e^(b*x + a)/b - 9*e^(-b*x - a)/b - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b) + 1/72*c*d^2*((9*b^2*x^2*e^(3*a) - 6*b*x*e^(3*a) + 2*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^3 + 81*(b^2*x^2*e^a - 2*b*x*e^a + 2*e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^3 - 81*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3 - (9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^3) + 1/216*d^3*((9*b^3*x^3*e^(3*a) - 9*b^2*x^2*e^(3*a) + 6*b*x*e^(3*a) - 2*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^4 + 81*(b^3*x^3*e^a - 3*b^2*x^2*e^a + 6*b*x*e^a - 6*e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^4 - 81*(b^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 6)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^4 - (9*b^3*x^3 + 9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^4)`

3.17.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 414 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(9b^3d^3x^3 + 27b^3cd^2x^2 + 27b^3c^2dx - 9b^2d^3x^2 + 9b^3c^3 - 18b^2cd^2x - 9b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 - 2d^3)e^{(3bx+a)}}{216b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3(b^3d^3x^3 + 3b^3cd^2x^2 + 3b^3c^2dx - 3b^2d^3x^2 + b^3c^3 - 6b^2cd^2x - 3b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 - 6d^3)e^{(bx+a)}}{8b^4}$$

$$- \frac{3(b^3d^3x^3 + 3b^3cd^2x^2 + 3b^3c^2dx + 3b^2d^3x^2 + b^3c^3 + 6b^2cd^2x + 3b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 + 6d^3)e^{(-bx-a)}}{8b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(9b^3d^3x^3 + 27b^3cd^2x^2 + 27b^3c^2dx + 9b^2d^3x^2 + 9b^3c^3 + 18b^2cd^2x + 9b^2c^2d + 6bd^3x + 6bcd^2 + 2d^3)e^{(-3bx-a)}}{216b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/216*(9*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 27*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 27*b^3*c^2*d*x - 9*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 9*b^3*c^3 - 18*b^2*c*d^2*x - 9*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 - 2*d^3)*e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b^4 + 3/8*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x - 3*b^2*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3 - 6*b^2*c*d^2*x - 3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 - 6*d^3)*e^(b*x + a)/b^4 - 3/8*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*b^2*d^3*x^2 + b^3*c^3 + 6*b^2*c*d^2*x + 3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 + 6*d^3)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^4 - 1/216*(9*b^3*d^3*x^3 + 27*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 27*b^3*c^2*d*x + 9*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 9*b^3*c^3 + 18*b^2*c*d^2*x + 9*b^2*c^2*d + 6*b*d^3*x + 6*b*c*d^2 + 2*d^3)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^4`

3.17.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = & \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (3b^2 c^3 + 14cd^2)}{3b^3} \\
& - \frac{2\sinh(a + bx)^3 (3b^2 c^3 + 20cd^2)}{9b^3} \\
& - \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3 (63b^2 c^2 d + 122d^3)}{27b^4} \\
& + \frac{2\cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2 (9b^2 c^2 d + 20d^3)}{9b^4} \\
& - \frac{2x \sinh(a + bx)^3 (9b^2 c^2 d + 20d^3)}{9b^3} \\
& - \frac{7d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^3}{3b^2} - \frac{2d^3 x^3 \sinh(a + bx)^3}{3b} \\
& - \frac{14cd^2 x \cosh(a + bx)^3}{3b^2} \\
& + \frac{x \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (9b^2 c^2 d + 14d^3)}{3b^3} \\
& + \frac{d^3 x^3 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} \\
& + \frac{2d^3 x^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2}{b^2} \\
& - \frac{2cd^2 x^2 \sinh(a + bx)^3}{b} \\
& + \frac{3cd^2 x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{b} \\
& + \frac{4cd^2 x \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2}{b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output $(\cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (14cd^2 + 3b^2c^3)) / (3b^3) - (2 \sinh(a + bx)^3 (20cd^2 + 3b^2c^3)) / (9b^3) - (\cosh(a + bx)^3 (122d^3 + 63b^2c^2d)) / (27b^4) + (2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2 (20d^3 + 9b^2c^2d)) / (9b^4) - (2x \sinh(a + bx)^3 (20d^3 + 9b^2c^2d)) / (9b^3) - (7d^3x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^3) / (3b^2) - (2d^3x^3 \sinh(a + bx)^3) / (3b) - (14cd^2x \cosh(a + bx)^3) / (3b^2) + (x \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) (14d^3 + 9b^2c^2d)) / (3b^3) + (d^3x^3 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)) / b + (2d^3x^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2) / b^2 - (2cd^2x^2 \sinh(a + bx)^3) / b + (3cd^2x^2 \cosh(a + bx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)) / b + (4cd^2x \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)^2) / b^2$

3.18 $\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

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3.18.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{4d(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3b^2} - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{14d^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{2d^2 \sinh^3(a + bx)}{27b^3}$$

output `-4/3*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-2/9*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2+14/9*d^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+2/3*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/3*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b+2/27*d^2*sinh(b*x+a)^3/b^3`

3.18.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{-162bd(c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) - 6bd(c + dx) \cosh(3(a + bx)) + 2(82d^2 + 45b^2(c + dx)^2 + (2d^2 + 9b^2(c + dx)^2)) \sinh(a + bx)}{108b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output $(-162*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x] - 6*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[3*(a + b*x)] + 2*(82*d^2 + 45*b^2*(c + d*x)^2 + (2*d^2 + 9*b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)])*Sinh[a + b*x]/(108*b^3)$

3.18.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \int \cosh^3(a + bx) dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh(a + bx) dx - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2d^2 \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3113} \\
 & \frac{2id^2 \int (\sinh^2(a + bx) + 1) d(-i \sinh(a + bx))}{9b^3} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx)^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \\
 & \quad \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2id^2\left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \\
& \quad \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \quad \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2id^2\left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \quad \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \quad \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2id^2\left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \quad \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \quad \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2id^2\left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \quad \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \quad \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2id^2\left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \quad \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \quad \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \cosh(a+bx) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2id^2\left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx)\right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \quad \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \downarrow \text{3117} \\
& \frac{2id^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3}i \sinh^3(a+bx) - i \sinh(a+bx) \right)}{9b^3} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{i(c+dx) \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \sinh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(9*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Si
nh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (((2*I)/9)*d^2*((-I)*Sinh[a + b*x] - (I/3)*Sinh[a + b
x]^3))/b^3 + (2(((c + d*x)^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((2*I)*d*((I*(c + d*x)*C
osh[a + b*x])/b - (I*d*Sinh[a + b*x])/b^2))/b))/3`

3.18.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

3.18.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{42x \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^6 b d^2 + (-54(dx+c)^2 b^2 - 84d^2) \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^5 + 108db\left(-\frac{dx}{6} + c\right) \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^4 + (36(dx+c)^2 b^2 + 152d^2) \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^3 + 27b^3 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3 (1 + \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right))}{27b^3 \left(\tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3 (1 + \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right))}$
risc	$\frac{(9x^2 d^2 b^2 + 18b^2 c dx + 9b^2 c^2 - 6b d^2 x - 6bcd + 2d^2) e^{3bx+3a}}{216b^3} + \frac{3(x^2 d^2 b^2 + 2b^2 c dx + b^2 c^2 - 2b d^2 x - 2bcd + 2d^2) e^{bx+a}}{8b^3} - 3(x^2 d^2 b^2 + 2b^2 c dx + b^2 c^2 - 2b d^2 x - 2bcd + 2d^2) e^{bx+a}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{2(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - \frac{4(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{40 \sinh(bx+a)}{27} - \frac{2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{9} + \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)^4}{9} \right)}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{2(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a)^2 \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - \frac{4(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{40 \sinh(bx+a)}{27} - \frac{2(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{9} + \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)^4}{9} \right)}{b^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{27} \cdot (42 \cdot x \cdot \tanh(1/2 \cdot b \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot a))^6 \cdot b \cdot d^2 + (-54 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^2 \cdot b^2 - 84 \cdot d^2) \cdot \tanh(1/2 \cdot b \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot a)^5 + 108 \cdot d \cdot b \cdot (-1/6 \cdot d \cdot x + c) \cdot \tanh(1/2 \cdot b \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot a)^4 + (36 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^2 \cdot b^2 + 152 \cdot d^2) \cdot \tanh(1/2 \cdot b \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot a)^3 - 144 \cdot d \cdot (1/8 \cdot d \cdot x + c) \cdot b \cdot \tanh(1/2 \cdot b \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot a)^2 + (-54 \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^2 \cdot b^2 - 84 \cdot d^2) \cdot \tanh(1/2 \cdot b \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot a) + 84 \cdot d \cdot (1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + c) \cdot b / b^3 / (\tanh(1/2 \cdot b \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot a) - 1)^3 / (1 + \tanh(1/2 \cdot b \cdot x + 1/2 \cdot a))^3$

3.18.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{6(bd^2x + bcd) \cosh(bx + a)^3 + 18(bd^2x + bcd) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^2 - (9b^2d^2x^2 + 18b^2cdx + 9b^2c^2) \sinh^3(bx + a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{-1/108 \cdot (6 \cdot (b \cdot d^2 \cdot x + b \cdot c \cdot d) \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a)^3 + 18 \cdot (b \cdot d^2 \cdot x + b \cdot c \cdot d) \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a) \cdot \sinh(b \cdot x + a)^2 - (9 \cdot b^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot x^2 + 18 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x + 9 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 + 2 \cdot d^2) \cdot \sinh(b \cdot x + a)^3 + 162 \cdot (b \cdot d^2 \cdot x + b \cdot c \cdot d) \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a) - 3 \cdot (27 \cdot b^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot x^2 + 54 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x + 27 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 + (9 \cdot b^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot x^2 + 18 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x + 9 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 + 2 \cdot d^2) \cdot \cosh(b \cdot x + a)^2 + 54 \cdot d^2) \cdot \sinh(b \cdot x + a)) / b^3$

3.18.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \left(-\frac{2c^2 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{c^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{4cdx \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{2cdx \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d^2x^2 \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{d^2x^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{b} \right) dx = \left(c^2x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2x^3}{3} \right) \cosh^3(a)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)`

```
output Piecewise((-2*c**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + c**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 4*c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + 2*c*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + d**2*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b + 4*c*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 14*c*d*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2) + 4*d**2*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 14*d**2*x*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2) - 40*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(27*b**3) + 14*d**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(9*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), ((c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3)*cosh(a)**3, True))
```

3.18.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{36} cd \left(\frac{(3bx e^{(3a)} - e^{(3a)})e^{(3bx)}}{b^2} + \frac{27(bx e^a - e^a)e^{(bx)}}{b^2} - \frac{27(bx + 1)e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} - \frac{(3bx + 1)e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24} c^2 \left(\frac{e^{(3bx+3a)}}{b} + \frac{9e^{(bx+a)}}{b} - \frac{9e^{(-bx-a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{216} d^2 \left(\frac{(9b^2x^2e^{(3a)} - 6bx e^{(3a)} + 2e^{(3a)})e^{(3bx)}}{b^3} + \frac{81(b^2x^2e^a - 2bx e^a + 2e^a)e^{(bx)}}{b^3} - \frac{81(b^2x^2 + 2bx + 2)e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^3} \right)$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/36*c*d*((3*b*x*e^(3*a) - e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^2 + 27*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 27*(b*x + 1)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 - (3*b*x + 1)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^2) + 1/24*c^2*(e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b + 9*e^(b*x + a)/b - 9*e^(-b*x - a)/b - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b) + 1/216*d^2*((9*b^2*x^2*e^(3*a) - 6*b*x*e^(3*a) + 2*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^3 + 81*(b^2*x^2*e^a - 2*b*x*e^a + 2*e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^3 - 81*(b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 2)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3 - (9*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 2)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^3)
```

3.18.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx \\ &= \frac{(9b^2d^2x^2 + 18b^2cdx + 9b^2c^2 - 6bd^2x - 6bcd + 2d^2)e^{(3bx+3a)}}{216b^3} \\ &+ \frac{3(b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2 - 2bd^2x - 2bcd + 2d^2)e^{(bx+a)}}{8b^3} \\ &- \frac{3(b^2d^2x^2 + 2b^2cdx + b^2c^2 + 2bd^2x + 2bcd + 2d^2)e^{(-bx-a)}}{8b^3} \\ &- \frac{(9b^2d^2x^2 + 18b^2cdx + 9b^2c^2 + 6bd^2x + 6bcd + 2d^2)e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{216b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/216*(9*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d*x + 9*b^2*c^2 - 6*b*d^2*x - 6*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b^3 + 3/8*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - 2*b*d^2*x - 2*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(b*x + a)/b^3 - 3/8*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*d^2*x + 2*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^3 - 1/216*(9*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 18*b^2*c*d*x + 9*b^2*c^2 + 6*b*d^2*x + 6*b*c*d + 2*d^2)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^3`

3.18.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) dx \\ &= \frac{3d^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{d^2 \sinh(3a+3bx)}{54} + \frac{3b^2c^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{b^2c^2 \sinh(3a+3bx)}{12} + \frac{3b^2d^2x^2 \sinh(a+bx)}{4} - \frac{bcd \cosh(3a+3bx)}{18} - \frac{3b^2cd \cosh(a+bx)}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output $((3*d^2*\sinh(a + b*x))/2 + (d^2*\sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/54 + (3*b^2*c^2*\sinh(a + b*x))/4 + (b^2*c^2*\sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/12 + (3*b^2*d^2*x^2*\sinh(a + b*x))/4 - (b*c*d*\cosh(3*a + 3*b*x))/18 - (3*b*d^2*x*\cosh(a + b*x))/2 + (b^2*d^2*x^2*\sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/12 - (b*d^2*x*\cosh(3*a + 3*b*x))/18 - (3*b*c*d*\cosh(a + b*x))/2 + (b^2*c*d*x*\sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/6 + (3*b^2*c*d*x*\sinh(a + b*x))/2)/b^3$

3.19 $\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

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3.19.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{2d \cosh(a + bx)}{3b^2} - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{2(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{(c + dx) \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b}$$

output `-2/3*d*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-1/9*d*cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2+2/3*(d*x+c)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/3*(d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b`

3.19.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{27d \cosh(a + bx) + d \cosh(3(a + bx)) - 3b(c + dx)(9 \sinh(a + bx) + \sinh(3(a + bx)))}{36b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `-1/36*(27*d*Cosh[a + b*x] + d*Cosh[3*(a + b*x)] - 3*b*(c + d*x)*(9*Sinh[a + b*x] + Sinh[3*(a + b*x)]))/b^2`

3.19.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {3042, 3791, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx) \cosh(a + bx) dx - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx) \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \sinh(a + bx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a + bx)}{9b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx) \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 3118

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(a+bx)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{d \cosh^3(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `-1/9*(d*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/b^2 + ((c + d*x)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/((3*b) + (2*(-((d*Cosh[a + b*x])/b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/3`

3.19.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

3.19.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{3b(dx+c) \sinh(3bx+3a) - d \cosh(3bx+3a) + 27b(dx+c) \sinh(bx+a) - 27 \cosh(bx+a)d - 28d}{36b^2}$
risch	$\frac{(3dxb+3cb-d)e^{3bx+3a}}{72b^2} + \frac{3(dx+cb-d)e^{bx+a}}{8b^2} - \frac{3(dx+cb+d)e^{-bx-a}}{8b^2} - \frac{(3dxb+3cb+d)e^{-3bx-3a}}{72b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d \left(\frac{2(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{3} - \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{9} \right)}{b} - \frac{da \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} \right) \sinh(bx+a)}{b} + c$
default	$\frac{d \left(\frac{2(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{3} + \frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{3} - \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{9} \right)}{b} - \frac{da \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^2}{3} \right) \sinh(bx+a)}{b} + c$

input `int((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/36*(3*b*(d*x+c)*sinh(3*b*x+3*a)-d*cosh(3*b*x+3*a)+27*b*(d*x+c)*sinh(b*x+a)-27*cosh(b*x+a)*d-28*d)/b^2`

3.19.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{d \cosh(bx + a)^3 + 3d \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^2 - 3(bdx + bc) \sinh(bx + a)^3 + 27d \cosh(bx + a) - 9d \sinh(bx + a)^3}{36b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/36*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 3*(b*d*x + b*c)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 27*d*cosh(b*x + a) - 9*(3*b*d*x + (b*d*x + b*c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*b*c)*sinh(b*x + a))/b^2`

3.19.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{2c \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{c \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2dx \sinh^3(a+bx)}{3b} + \frac{dx \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2d \sinh^2(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3b^2} - \\ \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) \cosh^3(a) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*c*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + c*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b - 2*d*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3/(3*b) + d*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2/b + 2*d*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) - 7*d*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(9*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)*cosh(a)**3, True))`

3.19.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{72} d \left(\frac{(3bx e^{3a} - e^{3a}) e^{3bx}}{b^2} + \frac{27(bx e^a - e^a) e^{bx}}{b^2} - \frac{27(bx + 1) e^{(-bx-a)}}{b^2} - \frac{(3bx + 1) e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24} c \left(\frac{e^{(3bx+3a)}}{b} + \frac{9e^{(bx+a)}}{b} - \frac{9e^{(-bx-a)}}{b} - \frac{e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/72*d*((3*b*x*e^(3*a) - e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x)/b^2 + 27*(b*x*e^a - e^a)*e^(b*x)/b^2 - 27*(b*x + 1)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 - (3*b*x + 1)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^2) + 1/24*c*(e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b + 9*e^(b*x + a)/b - 9*e^(-b*x - a)/b - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b)`

3.19.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{(3bdx + 3bc - d)e^{(3bx+3a)}}{72b^2} + \frac{3(bdx + bc - d)e^{(bx+a)}}{8b^2} - \frac{3(bdx + bc + d)e^{(-bx-a)}}{8b^2} - \frac{(3bdx + 3bc + d)e^{(-3bx-3a)}}{72b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/72*(3*b*d*x + 3*b*c - d)*e^(3*b*x + 3*a)/b^2 + 3/8*(b*d*x + b*c - d)*e^(b*x + a)/b^2 - 3/8*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*e^(-b*x - a)/b^2 - 1/72*(3*b*d*x + 3*b*c + d)*e^(-3*b*x - 3*a)/b^2`**3.19.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (c + dx) \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{\frac{3c \sinh(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{c \sinh(3a+3bx)}{12} + \frac{dx \sinh(3a+3bx)}{12} + \frac{3dx \sinh(a+bx)}{4}}{b} - \frac{d \cosh(3a + 3bx)}{36b^2} - \frac{3d \cosh(a + bx)}{4b^2}$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x),x)`output `((3*c*sinh(a + b*x))/4 + (c*sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/12 + (d*x*sinh(3*a + 3*b*x))/12 + (3*d*x*sinh(a + b*x))/4)/b - (d*cosh(3*a + 3*b*x))/(36*b^2) - (3*d*cosh(a + b*x))/(4*b^2)`

3.20 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

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3.20.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{3 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d} \\ + \frac{3 \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d}$$

output `1/4*Chi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)*cosh(3*a-3*b*c/d)/d+3/4*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)*cosh(a-b*c/d)/d+1/4*Shi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)*sinh(3*a-3*b*c/d)/d+3/4*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)*sinh(a-b*c/d)/d`

3.20.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{3 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + \cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3 \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + \sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x),x]`

output $(3*\text{Cosh}[a - (b*c)/d]*\text{CoshIntegral}[b*(c/d + x)] + \text{Cosh}[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*\text{Cos}$
 $\text{hIntegral}[(3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 3*\text{Sinh}[a - (b*c)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[b*(c/d + x$
 $)] + \text{Sinh}[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(3*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(4*d)$

3.20.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00,
 number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used
 = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the
 transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3793

$$\int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a + bx)}{4(c + dx)} + \frac{\cosh(3a + 3bx)}{4(c + dx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{3 \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} +$$

$$\frac{\sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d}$$

input $\text{Int}[\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x), x]$

output $(3*\text{Cosh}[a - (b*c)/d]*\text{CoshIntegral}[(b*c)/d + b*x])/(4*d) + (\text{Cosh}[3*a - (3*b$
 $*c)/d]*\text{CoshIntegral}[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x])/(4*d) + (3*\text{Sinh}[a - (b*c)/d]*\text{SinhI}$
 $ntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/(4*d) + (\text{Sinh}[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(3*b*c$
 $)/d + 3*b*x])/(4*d)$

3.20.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.20.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
risch	$-\frac{e^{-\frac{3(da-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(3bx+3a-\frac{3(da-cb)}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3e^{-\frac{da-cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(bx+a-\frac{da-cb}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3e^{\frac{da-cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-bx-a-\frac{-da+cb}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{e^{\frac{3da-3cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\dots\right)}{8d}$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/8/d*\exp(-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1,3*b*x+3*a-3*(a*d-b*c)/d\right)-3/8/d*\exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)/d\right)-3/8/d*\exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1,-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d\right)-1/8/d*\exp(3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}\left(1,-3*b*x-3*a-3*(-a*d+b*c)/d\right)$$

3.20.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \frac{3 \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) + \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right) + 3 \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) + 3 \left(\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $1/8*(3*(\text{Ei}((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + \text{Ei}(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*\cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (\text{Ei}(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + \text{Ei}(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*\cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + 3*(\text{Ei}((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - \text{Ei}(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*\sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (\text{Ei}(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - \text{Ei}(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*\sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d)/d$

3.20.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c), x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x), x)`

3.20.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{e^{(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 3/8*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 3/8*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/8*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d`

3.20.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right)} + 3 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)} + 3 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{\left(-a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} + \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{\left(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d}\right)}}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d) + 3*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(a - b*c/d) + 3*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d) + Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d))/d`**3.20.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x), x)`

3.21 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

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3.21.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{3b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right) \sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right)}{4d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3b\text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right) \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right)}{4d^2} + \frac{3b \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3b \cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d^2}$$

output

```
-cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)+3/4*b*cosh(a-b*c/d)*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)/d^2+3/4*b*cosh
(3*a-3*b*c/d)*Shi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)/d^2+3/4*b*Chi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)*sinh(3*a-3*b
*c/d)/d^2+3/4*b*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)*sinh(a-b*c/d)/d^2
```

3.21.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3 \cosh(a) \cosh(bx)}{4d(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh(3a) \cosh(3bx)}{4d(c+dx)} - \frac{3 \sinh(a) \sinh(bx)}{4d(c+dx)} - \frac{\sinh(3a) \sinh(3bx)}{4d(c+dx)}$$

$$- \frac{3b(-2\text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right) \sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) - 2\text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right) \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) - 2 \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right) - 2}{8d^2}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-3*\text{Cosh}[a]*\text{Cosh}[b*x])/(4*d*(c + d*x)) - (\text{Cosh}[3*a]*\text{Cosh}[3*b*x])/(4*d*(c + \\ & d*x)) - (3*\text{Sinh}[a]*\text{Sinh}[b*x])/(4*d*(c + d*x)) - (\text{Sinh}[3*a]*\text{Sinh}[3*b*x])/(\\ & 4*d*(c + d*x)) - (3*b*(-2*\text{CoshIntegral}[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x]*\text{Sinh}[3*a - (3*b* \\ & c)/d] - 2*\text{CoshIntegral}[(b*c)/d + b*x]*\text{Sinh}[a - (b*c)/d] - 2*\text{Cosh}[a - (b*c) \\ & /d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(b*c)/d + b*x] - 2*\text{Cosh}[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(3* \\ & b*c)/d + 3*b*x]))/(8*d^2) \end{aligned}$$

3.21.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\ & -\frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{3ib \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh(a + bx)}{4(c + dx)} - \frac{i \sinh(3a + 3bx)}{4(c + dx)}\right) dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{-\frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{i \sinh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d} - \frac{i \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} - \frac{i \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{4d} - \frac{i \cosh\left(3a - \frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d} + 3bx\right)}{4d}}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

3.21. $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$

```
output -(Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(d*(c + d*x))) + ((3*I)*b*(((-1/4*I)*CoshIntegral[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x]*Sinh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d])/d - ((I/4)*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x]*Sinh[a - (b*c)/d])/d - ((I/4)*Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d - ((I/4)*Cosh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x])/d)/d
```

3.21.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3794 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

3.21.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
risch	$-\frac{be^{-3bx-3a}}{8d(dx+cb)} + \frac{3be^{-\frac{3(da-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(3bx+3a-\frac{3(da-cb)}{d}\right)}{8d^2} - \frac{3be^{-bx-a}}{8d(dx+cb)} + \frac{3be^{-\frac{da-cb}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(bx+a-\frac{da-cb}{d}\right)}{8d^2} - \frac{3be^{bx+a}}{8d^2\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}$

```
input int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*b*exp(-3*b*x-3*a)/d/(b*d*x+b*c)+3/8*b/d^2*exp(-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,3*b*x+3*a-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)-3/8*b*exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b*d*x+b*c)+3/8*b/d^2*exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)/d)-3/8*b/d^2*exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-3/8*b/d^2*exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-b*x-a-(a*d+b*c)/d)-1/8*b/d^2*exp(3*b*x+3*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-3/8*b/d^2*exp(3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-3*b*x-3*a-3*(a*d+b*c)/d)
```

3.21.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{2 d \cosh (bx + a)^3 + 6 d \cosh (bx + a) \sinh (bx + a)^2 + 6 d \cosh (bx + a) - 3 ((bdx + bc) \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}) - (bdx + bc) \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}))}{(d^3 x^2 + c d^2)}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/8*(2*d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 6*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 6*d*cosh(b*x + a) - 3*((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*((b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b*d*x + b*c)*Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^3*x + c*d^2)
```

3.21.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

```
output Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**2, x)
```

3.21.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{e^{(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)d} - \frac{3e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)d} \\ - \frac{3e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)d} - \frac{e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - 3/8*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - 3/8*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - 1/8*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)*d)`

3.21.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1075 vs. 2(137) = 274.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1075, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.41

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*(3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(-3*((d*x + c)
*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d) +
3*b^3*c*Ei(-3*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)
/d)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*a*b^2*d*Ei(-3*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) +
a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + 3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/
(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*
x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d) + 3*b^3*c*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*
c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*a*b^2*d
*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^((b*
c - a*d)/d) - 3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(((d*x
+ c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/
d) - 3*b^3*c*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d
)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + 3*a*b^2*d*Ei(((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d
/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x
+ c) + a*d/(d*x + c))*b^2*Ei(3*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x +
c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - 3*b^3*c*Ei(3*((d*x + c)*(b - b
*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + 3*a*b
^2*d*Ei(3*((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c)) + b*c - a*d)/d)*e
^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + b^2*d*e^(3*(d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x +
c))/d) + 3*b^2*d*e^((d*x + c)*(b - b*c/(d*x + c) + a*d/(d*x + c))/d) + ...
```

3.21.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

3.22 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

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3.22.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = -\frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{3b^2 \cosh(a-\frac{bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{bc}{d}+bx)}{8d^3} + \frac{9b^2 \cosh(3a-\frac{3bc}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{3bc}{d}+3bx)}{8d^3} - \frac{3b \cosh^2(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} + \frac{3b^2 \sinh(a-\frac{bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{bc}{d}+bx)}{8d^3} + \frac{9b^2 \sinh(3a-\frac{3bc}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{3bc}{d}+3bx)}{8d^3}$$

```
output 9/8*b^2*Chi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)*cosh(3*a-3*b*c/d)/d^3+3/8*b^2*Chi(b*c/d+b*x)*cosh(a-b*c/d)/d^3-1/2*cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)^2+9/8*b^2*Shi(3*b*c/d+3*b*x)*sinh(3*a-3*b*c/d)/d^3+3/8*b^2*Shi(b*c/d+b*x)*sinh(a-b*c/d)/d^3-3/2*b*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)
```

3.22.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{6d \cosh(bx)(d \cosh(a) + b(c+dx) \sinh(a)) + 2d \cosh(3bx)(d \cosh(3a) + 3b(c+dx) \sinh(3a)) + 6d(b(c+dx) \cosh(a) + b^2(c+dx)^2 \sinh(a))}{(c+dx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/16*(6*d*Cosh[b*x]*(d*Cosh[a] + b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[a]) + 2*d*Cosh[3*b*x]*(d*Cosh[3*a] + 3*b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[3*a]) + 6*d*(b*(c + d*x)*Cosh[a] + d*Sinh[a])*Sinh[b*x] + 2*d*(3*b*(c + d*x)*Cosh[3*a] + d*Sinh[3*a])*Sinh[3*b*x] - 6*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*(Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[b*(c/d + x)] + 3*Cosh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[b*(c/d + x)] + 3*Sinh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(3*b*(c + d*x))/d])}{d^3*(c + d*x)^2}$$

3.22.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.688$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\ & \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{3b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{3b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} + \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\ & \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d} + bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{2d^2} - \frac{3b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} \end{aligned}$$

3.22. $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{2d^2} - 3b^2 \left(\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{2d^2} \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{d^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{2d^2} - 3b^2 \left(\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx\right)}{c+dx} dx + \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{2d^2} \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{d^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{2d^2} - 3b^2 \left(\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx - i \sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{2d^2} \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{d^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \downarrow 3779 \\
& \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ibc}{d}+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx \right)}{d^2} + \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{2d^2}}{2d^2} \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{d^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \downarrow 3782 \\
& \frac{9b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{2d^2} - 3b^2 \left(\frac{\cosh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a - \frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} \right)}{2d^2} \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{d^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \downarrow 3793
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{9b^2 \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a+bx)}{4(c+dx)} + \frac{\cosh(3a+3bx)}{4(c+dx)} \right) dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} \right)}{d^2} \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{3b^2 \left(\frac{\cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} + \frac{\sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{d} \right)}{d^2} + \\
& \frac{9b^2 \left(\frac{3 \cosh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\cosh\left(3a-\frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d}+3bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{3 \sinh\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{bc}{d}+bx\right)}{4d} + \frac{\sinh\left(3a-\frac{3bc}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{3bc}{d}+3bx\right)}{4d} \right)}{2d^2} \\
& \frac{3b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{2d(c+dx)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (3*b*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x]) / (2*d^2*(c + d*x)) - (3*b^2*((Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d + (Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/d)/d^2 + (9*b^2*((3*Cosh[a - (b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/(4*d) + (Cosh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*CoshIntegral[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x])/(4*d) + (3*Sinh[a - (b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(b*c)/d + b*x])/(4*d) + (Sinh[3*a - (3*b*c)/d]*SinhIntegral[(3*b*c)/d + 3*b*x])/(4*d)))/(2*d^2)`

3.22.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

3.22.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 561 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

method	result
risch	$\frac{3b^3e^{-3bx-3a}x}{16d(x^2d^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} + \frac{3b^3e^{-3bx-3a}c}{16d^2(x^2d^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} - \frac{b^2e^{-3bx-3a}}{16d(x^2d^2b^2+2b^2cdx+b^2c^2)} - \frac{9b^2e^{-\frac{3(da-cb)}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(3bx+3a-\frac{3(da-cb)}{d}\right)}{16d^3}$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.22. $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

```
output 3/16*b^3*exp(-3*b*x-3*a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*x+3/16*b^3*exp(-3*b*x-3*a)/d^2/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*c-1/16*b^2*exp(-3*b*x-3*a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)-9/16*b^2/d^3*exp(-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,3*b*x+3*a-3*(a*d-b*c)/d)+3/16*b^3*exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*x+3/16*b^3*exp(-b*x-a)/d^2/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)*c-3/16*b^2*exp(-b*x-a)/d/(b^2*d^2*x^2+2*b^2*c*d*x+b^2*c^2)-3/16*b^2/d^3*exp(-(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,b*x+a-(a*d-b*c)/d)-3/16*b^2/d^3*exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^2-3/16*b^2/d^3*exp(b*x+a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-3/16*b^2/d^3*exp((a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-b*x-a-(-a*d+b*c)/d)-1/16*b^2/d^3*exp(3*b*x+3*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)^2-3/16*b^2/d^3*exp(3*b*x+3*a)/(b*c/d+b*x)-9/16*b^2/d^3*exp(3*(a*d-b*c)/d)*Ei(1,-3*b*x-3*a-3*(-a*d+b*c)/d)
```

3.22.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 527 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2d^2 \cosh^3(bx + a) + 6d^2 \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^2 + 6(bd^2x + bcd) \sinh(bx + a)^3 + 6d^2 \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)}{(c + dx)^3}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/16*(2*d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 6*d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 6*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 6*d^2*cosh(b*x + a) - 3*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - 9*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + 6*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d + 3*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2)*sinh(b*x + a) - 3*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei((b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - 9*((b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*Ei(-3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d))*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)
```

3.22.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

3.22.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{e^{(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)^2 d} - \frac{3e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)^2 d} \\ - \frac{3e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)^2 d} - \frac{e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8(dx+c)^2 d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - 3/8*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, (d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - 3/8*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - 1/8*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)`

3.22.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 602 vs. 2(172) = 344.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ = \frac{9b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} + 3b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} + 3b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{bdx+bc}{d}\right) e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} + 9b^2 d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{3(bdx+bc)}{d}\right) e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})}}{8(dx+c)^2 d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{16} \cdot (9b^2d^2x^2 \operatorname{Ei}(3(bdx + bc)/d) e^{(3a - 3bc/d)} + 3b^2d^2x^2 \operatorname{Ei}((bdx + bc)/d) e^{(a - bc/d)} + 3b^2d^2x^2 \operatorname{Ei}(-(bdx + bc)/d) e^{(-a + bc/d)} + 9b^2d^2x^2 \operatorname{Ei}(-3(bdx + bc)/d) e^{(-3a + 3bc/d)} + 18b^2cdx \operatorname{Ei}(3(bdx + bc)/d) e^{(3a - 3bc/d)} + 6b^2cdx \operatorname{Ei}((bdx + bc)/d) e^{(a - bc/d)} + 6b^2cdx \operatorname{Ei}(-(bdx + bc)/d) e^{(-a + bc/d)} + 18b^2cdx \operatorname{Ei}(-3(bdx + bc)/d) e^{(-3a + 3bc/d)} + 9b^2c^2 \operatorname{Ei}(3(bdx + bc)/d) e^{(3a - 3bc/d)} + 3b^2c^2 \operatorname{Ei}((bdx + bc)/d) e^{(a - bc/d)} + 3b^2c^2 \operatorname{Ei}(-(bdx + bc)/d) e^{(-a + bc/d)} + 9b^2c^2 \operatorname{Ei}(-3(bdx + bc)/d) e^{(-3a + 3bc/d)} - 3bd^2xe^{(3bx + 3a)} - 3bd^2xe^{(bx + a)} + 3bd^2xe^{(-bx - a)} + 3bd^2xe^{(-3bx - 3a)} - 3b^2cd^2e^{(3bx + 3a)} - 3b^2cd^2e^{(bx + a)} + 3b^2cd^2e^{(-bx - a)} + 3b^2cd^2e^{(-3bx - 3a)} - d^2e^{(3bx + 3a)} - 3d^2e^{(bx + a)} - 3d^2e^{(-bx - a)} - d^2e^{(-3bx - 3a)}) / (d^5x^2 + 2cd^4x + c^2d^3)$$

3.22.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

3.23 $\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$

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3.23.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{45x^2}{128b^2} + \frac{3x^4}{32} - \frac{45 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{128b^4} - \frac{9x^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{16b^2}$$

$$- \frac{3 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{128b^4} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{45x \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{64b^3} + \frac{3x^3 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{8b}$$

$$+ \frac{3x \cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{32b^3} + \frac{x^3 \cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b}$$

output $45/128*x^2/b^2+3/32*x^4-45/128*\cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^4-9/16*x^2*\cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2-3/128*\cosh(b*x+a)^4/b^4-3/16*x^2*\cosh(b*x+a)^4/b^2+45/64*x*\cosh(b*x+a)*\sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+3/8*x^3*\cosh(b*x+a)*\sinh(b*x+a)/b+3/32*x*\cosh(b*x+a)^3*\sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/4*x^3*\cosh(b*x+a)^3*\sinh(b*x+a)/b$

3.23.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-192(1 + 2b^2x^2) \cosh(2(a + bx)) - 3(1 + 8b^2x^2) \cosh(4(a + bx)) + 4bx(24b^3x^3 + 32(3 + 2b^2x^2) \sinh(2(a + bx)))}{1024b^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output $(-192*(1 + 2*b^2*x^2)*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] - 3*(1 + 8*b^2*x^2)*Cosh[4*(a + b*x)] + 4*b*x*(24*b^3*x^3 + 32*(3 + 2*b^2*x^2)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] + (3 + 8*b^2*x^2)*Sinh[4*(a + b*x)])/(1024*b^4)$

3.23.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3791, 3042, 3791, 15, 3792, 15, 3042, 3791, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
 & \frac{3 \int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3 \int x \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{4} \int x \cosh^2(a + bx) dx - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b}\right)}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \\
 & \quad \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{4} \int x \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b}\right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
& \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int x dx}{2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b}\right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b}\right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4}\right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b}\right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{3 \int x \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{\int x^3 dx}{2} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4}\right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b}\right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{3 \int x \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^4}{8} \right) - \\
& \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4}\right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b}\right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{3 \int x \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx}{2b^2} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^4}{8} \right) - \\
& \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int x dx}{2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right)}{2b^2} - \frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^4}{8} \right) - \\
& \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
& -\frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a+bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{3x^2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{3 \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^4}{8} \right) + \\
& \frac{x^3 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output `(-3*x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^4)/(16*b^2) + (x^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (3*(-1/16*Cosh[a + b*x]^4/b^2 + (x*Cosh[a + b*x]^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (3*(x^2/4 - Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(4*b^2) + (x*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b))))/4)/(8*b^2) + (3*(x^4/8 - (3*x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(4*b^2) + (x^3*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (3*(x^2/4 - Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(4*b^2) + (x*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b))))/(2*b^2))/4`

3.23.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 15 Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[
{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3791 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]
]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
x)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
1]
```

```
rule 3792 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbo
l] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Sim
p[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^
2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2
*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

3.23.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(-384x^2b^2-192) \cosh(2bx+2a)+(-24x^2b^2-3) \cosh(4bx+4a)+(256x^3b^3+384bx) \sinh(2bx+2a)+(32x^3b^3+12bx) \sinh(4bx+4a)}{1024b^4}$
risch	$\frac{3x^4}{32} + \frac{(32x^3b^3-24x^2b^2+12bx-3)e^{4bx+4a}}{2048b^4} + \frac{(4x^3b^3-6x^2b^2+6bx-3)e^{2bx+2a}}{32b^4} - \frac{(4x^3b^3+6x^2b^2+6bx+3)e^{-2bx-2a}}{32b^4}$
derivativedivides	$-a^3 \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8} \right) \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3a}{8} \right) + 3a^2 \left(\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} \right)$
default	$-a^3 \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8} \right) \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3a}{8} \right) + 3a^2 \left(\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} \right)$

```
input int(x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $1/1024*((-384*b^2*x^2-192)*\cosh(2*b*x+2*a)+(-24*b^2*x^2-3)*\cosh(4*b*x+4*a)$
 $+(256*b^3*x^3+384*b*x)*\sinh(2*b*x+2*a)+(32*b^3*x^3+12*b*x)*\sinh(4*b*x+4*a)$
 $+96*x^4*b^4+195)/b^4$

3.23.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{96 b^4 x^4 - 3 (8 b^2 x^2 + 1) \cosh (bx + a)^4 + 16 (8 b^3 x^3 + 3 bx) \cosh (bx + a) \sinh (bx + a)^3 - 3 (8 b^2 x^2 + 1) \sinh (bx + a)^4}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $1/1024*(96*b^4*x^4 - 3*(8*b^2*x^2 + 1)*\cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 16*(8*b^3*x^3 + 3$
 $*b*x)*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(b*x + a)^3 - 3*(8*b^2*x^2 + 1)*\sinh(b*x + a)^4 -$
 $192*(2*b^2*x^2 + 1)*\cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 6*(64*b^2*x^2 + 3*(8*b^2*x^2 + 1)*\co$
 $sh(b*x + a)^2 + 32)*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 16*((8*b^3*x^3 + 3*b*x)*\cosh(b*x + a$
 $)^3 + 16*(2*b^3*x^3 + 3*b*x)*\cosh(b*x + a))*\sinh(b*x + a))/b^4$

3.23.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3x^4 \sinh^4(a+bx)}{32} - \frac{3x^4 \sinh^2(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{16} + \frac{3x^4 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{32} - \frac{3x^3 \sinh^3(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{8b} + \frac{5x^3 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{8b} \\ \frac{x^4 \cosh^4(a)}{4} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*cosh(b*x+a)**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)**4/32 - 3*x**4*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/16 + 3*x**4*cosh(a + b*x)**4/32 - 3*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(8*b) + 5*x**3*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(8*b) + 45*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**4/(128*b**2) - 9*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(64*b**2) - 51*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**4/(128*b**2) - 45*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(64*b**3) + 51*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(64*b**3) + 45*sinh(a + b*x)**4/(256*b**4) - 51*cosh(a + b*x)**4/(256*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4*cosh(a)**4/4, True))`

3.23.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3}{32} x^4 + \frac{(32 b^3 x^3 e^{(4a)} - 24 b^2 x^2 e^{(4a)} + 12 b x e^{(4a)} - 3 e^{(4a)}) e^{(4bx)}}{2048 b^4} + \frac{(4 b^3 x^3 e^{(2a)} - 6 b^2 x^2 e^{(2a)} + 6 b x e^{(2a)} - 3 e^{(2a)}) e^{(2bx)}}{32 b^4} - \frac{(4 b^3 x^3 + 6 b^2 x^2 + 6 b x + 3) e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{32 b^4} - \frac{(32 b^3 x^3 + 24 b^2 x^2 + 12 b x + 3) e^{(-4bx-4a)}}{2048 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/32*x^4 + 1/2048*(32*b^3*x^3*e^(4*a) - 24*b^2*x^2*e^(4*a) + 12*b*x*e^(4*a) - 3*e^(4*a))*e^(4*b*x)/b^4 + 1/32*(4*b^3*x^3*e^(2*a) - 6*b^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 6*b*x*e^(2*a) - 3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^4 - 1/32*(4*b^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 3)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^4 - 1/2048*(32*b^3*x^3 + 24*b^2*x^2 + 12*b*x + 3)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^4`

3.23.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3}{32} x^4 + \frac{(32b^3x^3 - 24b^2x^2 + 12bx - 3)e^{(4bx+4a)}}{2048b^4} + \frac{(4b^3x^3 - 6b^2x^2 + 6bx - 3)e^{(2bx+2a)}}{32b^4} - \frac{(4b^3x^3 + 6b^2x^2 + 6bx + 3)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{32b^4} - \frac{(32b^3x^3 + 24b^2x^2 + 12bx + 3)e^{(-4bx-4a)}}{2048b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/32*x^4 + 1/2048*(32*b^3*x^3 - 24*b^2*x^2 + 12*b*x - 3)*e^(4*b*x + 4*a)/b^4 + 1/32*(4*b^3*x^3 - 6*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x - 3)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^4 - 1/32*(4*b^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*x^2 + 6*b*x + 3)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^4 - 1/2048*(32*b^3*x^3 + 24*b^2*x^2 + 12*b*x + 3)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^4`**3.23.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^3 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3x^4}{32} - \frac{\frac{3 \cosh(2a+2bx)}{16} + \frac{3 \cosh(4a+4bx)}{1024} + b^2 \left(\frac{3x^2 \cosh(2a+2bx)}{8} + \frac{3x^2 \cosh(4a+4bx)}{128} \right) - b \left(\frac{3x \sinh(2a+2bx)}{8} + \frac{3x \sinh(4a+4bx)}{256} \right)}{b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*cosh(a + b*x)^4,x)`output `(3*x^4)/32 - ((3*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/16 + (3*cosh(4*a + 4*b*x))/1024 + b^2*((3*x^2*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/8 + (3*x^2*cosh(4*a + 4*b*x))/128) - b*((3*x*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/8 + (3*x*sinh(4*a + 4*b*x))/256) - b^3*((x^3*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/4 + (x^3*sinh(4*a + 4*b*x))/32))/b^4`

3.24 $\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$

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3.24.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{15x}{64b^2} + \frac{x^3}{8} - \frac{3x \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} - \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{15 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{64b^3} + \frac{3x^2 \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{8b}$$

$$+ \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{32b^3} + \frac{x^2 \cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b}$$

```
output 15/64*x/b^2+1/8*x^3-3/8*x*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2-1/8*x*cosh(b*x+a)^4/b^2+15/64*
cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+3/8*x^2*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/32*cosh(b*
x+a)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b^3+1/4*x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b
```

3.24.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{32b^3x^3 - 64bx \cosh(2(a + bx)) - 4bx \cosh(4(a + bx)) + 32 \sinh(2(a + bx)) + 64b^2x^2 \sinh(2(a + bx)) + \sinh(4(a + bx))}{256b^3}$$

```
input Integrate[x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]
```


output $(32*b^3*x^3 - 64*b*x*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] - 4*b*x*Cosh[4*(a + b*x)] + 32*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] + 64*b^2*x^2*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] + Sinh[4*(a + b*x)] + 8*b^2*x^2*Sinh[4*(a + b*x)])/(256*b^3)$

3.24.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24, 3792, 15, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
 & \frac{\int \cosh^4(a + bx) dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) dx - \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{4} \int \cosh^2(a + bx) dx + \frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b}}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \\
 & \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right) + \frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b}}{8b^2} + \frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx - \\
& \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \quad \frac{\frac{3}{4} \int x^2 \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx - \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} +}{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
& \quad \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} + \frac{\int x^2 dx}{2} - \frac{x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \quad \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
& \quad \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{2b^2} - \frac{x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \quad \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \quad \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int \sin \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx}{2b^2} - \frac{x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \quad \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \quad \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b}}{2b^2} - \frac{x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\
& \quad \quad \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 24 \\ & \frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{x \cosh^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx)\cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2}}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx)\cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) - \\ & \frac{x \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{\frac{\sinh(a+bx)\cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\sinh(a+bx)\cosh(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{8b^2} + \\ & \frac{x^2 \sinh(a+bx)\cosh^3(a+bx)}{4b} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output `-1/8*(x*Cosh[a + b*x]^4)/b^2 + (x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + ((Cosh[a + b*x]^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (3*(x/2 + (Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)))/4)/(8*b^2) + (3*(x^3/6 - (x*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b^2) + (x^2*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (x/2 + (Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b))/(2*b^2)))/4`

3.24.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sine[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sine[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

```
rule 3792 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x])
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

3.24.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
paralelrisch	$\frac{(64x^2b^2+32) \sinh(2bx+2a)+(8x^2b^2+1) \sinh(4bx+4a)+32x \left(x^2b^2-2 \cosh(2bx+2a)-\frac{\cosh(4bx+4a)}{8}\right) b}{256b^3}$
risch	$\frac{x^3}{8} + \frac{(8x^2b^2-4bx+1)e^{4bx+4a}}{512b^3} + \frac{(2x^2b^2-2bx+1)e^{2bx+2a}}{16b^3} - \frac{(2x^2b^2+2bx+1)e^{-2bx-2a}}{16b^3} - \frac{(8x^2b^2+4bx+1)e^{-4bx-4a}}{512b^3}$
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8} \right) \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3a}{8} \right) - 2a \left(\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)}{8} \right) \sinh(bx+a) + \frac{3bx}{8} + \frac{3a}{8} \right) - 2a \left(\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} \right)$

```
input int(x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/256*((64*b^2*x^2+32)*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)+(8*b^2*x^2+1)*sinh(4*b*x+4*a)+32*x*
(x^2*b^2-2*cosh(2*b*x+2*a)-1/8*cosh(4*b*x+4*a))*b)/b^3
```

3.24.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8b^3x^3 - bx \cosh(bx + a)^4 - bx \sinh(bx + a)^4 + (8b^2x^2 + 1) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^3 - 16bx \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^2}{b^3}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output $\frac{1}{64}(8b^3x^3 - b^2x^2 \cosh(bx + a)^4 - b^2x^2 \sinh(bx + a)^4 + (8b^2x^2 + 1)\cosh(bx + a)\sinh(bx + a)^3 - 16b^2x \cosh(bx + a)^2 - 2(3b^2x \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 8b^2x)\sinh(bx + a)^2 + ((8b^2x^2 + 1)\cosh(bx + a)^3 + 16(2b^2x^2 + 1)\cosh(bx + a)\sinh(bx + a))/b^3$

3.24.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{x^3 \sinh^4(a+bx)}{8} - \frac{x^3 \sinh^2(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{x^3 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{8} - \frac{3x^2 \sinh^3(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{8b} + \frac{5x^2 \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{8b} \\ \frac{x^3 \cosh^4(a)}{3} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**2*cosh(b*x+a)**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**4/8 - x**3*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/4 + x**3*cosh(a + b*x)**4/8 - 3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(8*b) + 5*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(8*b) + 15*x*sinh(a + b*x)**4/(64*b**2) - 3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/(32*b**2) - 17*x*cosh(a + b*x)**4/(64*b**2) - 15*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(64*b**3) + 17*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(64*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3*cosh(a)**4/3, True))`

3.24.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8}x^3 + \frac{(8b^2x^2e^{(4a)} - 4bx e^{(4a)} + e^{(4a)})e^{(4bx)}}{512b^3} + \frac{(2b^2x^2e^{(2a)} - 2bx e^{(2a)} + e^{(2a)})e^{(2bx)}}{16b^3} - \frac{(2b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{16b^3} - \frac{(8b^2x^2 + 4bx + 1)e^{(-4bx-4a)}}{512b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/8*x^3 + 1/512*(8*b^2*x^2*e^{(4*a)} - 4*b*x*e^{(4*a)} + e^{(4*a)})*e^{(4*b*x)}/b^3 + 1/16*(2*b^2*x^2*e^{(2*a)} - 2*b*x*e^{(2*a)} + e^{(2*a)})*e^{(2*b*x)}/b^3 - 1/16*(2*b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 1)*e^{(-2*b*x - 2*a)}/b^3 - 1/512*(8*b^2*x^2 + 4*b*x + 1)*e^{(-4*b*x - 4*a)}/b^3$

3.24.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} x^3 + \frac{(8b^2x^2 - 4bx + 1)e^{(4bx+4a)}}{512b^3} + \frac{(2b^2x^2 - 2bx + 1)e^{(2bx+2a)}}{16b^3} - \frac{(2b^2x^2 + 2bx + 1)e^{(-2bx-2a)}}{16b^3} - \frac{(8b^2x^2 + 4bx + 1)e^{(-4bx-4a)}}{512b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/8*x^3 + 1/512*(8*b^2*x^2 - 4*b*x + 1)*e^{(4*b*x + 4*a)}/b^3 + 1/16*(2*b^2*x^2 - 2*b*x + 1)*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)}/b^3 - 1/16*(2*b^2*x^2 + 2*b*x + 1)*e^{(-2*b*x - 2*a)}/b^3 - 1/512*(8*b^2*x^2 + 4*b*x + 1)*e^{(-4*b*x - 4*a)}/b^3$

3.24.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^2 \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{\frac{\sinh(2a+2bx)}{8} + \frac{\sinh(4a+4bx)}{256} - b \left(\frac{x \cosh(2a+2bx)}{4} + \frac{x \cosh(4a+4bx)}{64} \right) + b^2 \left(\frac{x^2 \sinh(2a+2bx)}{4} + \frac{x^2 \sinh(4a+4bx)}{32} \right)}{b^3} + \frac{x^3}{8}$$

input `int(x^2*cosh(a + b*x)^4,x)`

output $(\sinh(2*a + 2*b*x)/8 + \sinh(4*a + 4*b*x)/256 - b*((x*cosh(2*a + 2*b*x))/4 + (x*cosh(4*a + 4*b*x))/64) + b^2*((x^2*sinh(2*a + 2*b*x))/4 + (x^2*sinh(4*a + 4*b*x))/32))/b^3 + x^3/8$

3.25 $\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$

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3.25.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3x^2}{16} - \frac{3 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{16b^2} - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{3x \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{8b} + \frac{x \cosh^3(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{4b}$$

output `3/16*x^2-3/16*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2-1/16*cosh(b*x+a)^4/b^2+3/8*x*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/4*x*cosh(b*x+a)^3*sinh(b*x+a)/b`

3.25.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{16 \cosh(2(a + bx)) + \cosh(4(a + bx)) - 4bx(6bx + 8 \sinh(2(a + bx)) + \sinh(4(a + bx)))}{128b^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output `-1/128*(16*Cosh[2*(a + b*x)] + Cosh[4*(a + b*x)] - 4*b*x*(6*b*x + 8*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] + Sinh[4*(a + b*x)]))/b^2`

3.25.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3791, 3042, 3791, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int x \cosh^2(a + bx) dx - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \int x \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{\int x dx}{2} - \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{x^2}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^4(a + bx)}{16b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^3(a + bx)}{4b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Cosh[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output `-1/16*Cosh[a + b*x]^4/b^2 + (x*Cosh[a + b*x]^3*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (3*(x^2/4 - Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(4*b^2) + (x*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)))/4`

3.25.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3791 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x] * ((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

3.25.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{24x^2b^2+4bx \sinh(4bx+4a)+32bx \sinh(2bx+2a)-\cosh(4bx+4a)-16 \cosh(2bx+2a)+17}{128b^2}$
risch	$\frac{3x^2}{16} + \frac{(4bx-1)e^{4bx+4a}}{256b^2} + \frac{(2bx-1)e^{2bx+2a}}{16b^2} - \frac{(2bx+1)e^{-2bx-2a}}{16b^2} - \frac{(4bx+1)e^{-4bx-4a}}{256b^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} + \frac{3(bx+a)^2}{16} - \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^4}{16} - \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)^2}{16} - a \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} \right) \right)$
default	$\frac{(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \cosh(bx+a) \sinh(bx+a)}{8} + \frac{3(bx+a)^2}{16} - \frac{\cosh(bx+a)^4}{16} - \frac{3 \cosh(bx+a)^2}{16} - a \left(\left(\frac{\cosh(bx+a)^3}{4} \right) \right)$

input `int(x*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/128*(24*x^2*b^2+4*b*x*sinh(4*b*x+4*a)+32*b*x*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)-cosh(4*b*x+4*a)-16*cosh(2*b*x+2*a)+17)/b^2`

3.25.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{16bx \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a)^3 + 24b^2x^2 - \cosh(bx + a)^4 - \sinh(bx + a)^4 - 2(3 \cosh(bx + a)^2 + 8) \sinh(bx + a)}{128b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/128*(16*b*x*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 24*b^2*x^2 - cosh(b*x + a)^4 - sinh(b*x + a)^4 - 2*(3*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 8)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 16*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 16*(b*x*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 4*b*x*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))/b^2`**3.25.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3x^2 \sinh^4(a+bx)}{16} - \frac{3x^2 \sinh^2(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{8} + \frac{3x^2 \cosh^4(a+bx)}{16} - \frac{3x \sinh^3(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{8b} + \frac{5x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^3(a+bx)}{8b} \\ \frac{x^2 \cosh^4(a)}{2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*cosh(b*x+a)**4,x)`output `Piecewise((3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**4/16 - 3*x**2*sinh(a + b*x)**2*cosh(a + b*x)**2/8 + 3*x**2*cosh(a + b*x)**4/16 - 3*x*sinh(a + b*x)**3*cosh(a + b*x)/(8*b) + 5*x*sinh(a + b*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3/(8*b) + 3*sinh(a + b*x)**4/(32*b**2) - 5*cosh(a + b*x)**4/(32*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*cosh(a)**4/2, True))`

3.25.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3}{16} x^2 + \frac{(4bx e^{(4a)} - e^{(4a)}) e^{(4bx)}}{256 b^2} + \frac{(2bx e^{(2a)} - e^{(2a)}) e^{(2bx)}}{16 b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1) e^{(-2bx - 2a)}}{16 b^2} - \frac{(4bx + 1) e^{(-4bx - 4a)}}{256 b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/16*x^2 + 1/256*(4*b*x*e^(4*a) - e^(4*a))*e^(4*b*x)/b^2 + 1/16*(2*b*x*e^(2*a) - e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)/b^2 - 1/16*(2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2 - 1/256*(4*b*x + 1)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^2`**3.25.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3}{16} x^2 + \frac{(4bx - 1) e^{(4bx + 4a)}}{256 b^2} + \frac{(2bx - 1) e^{(2bx + 2a)}}{16 b^2} - \frac{(2bx + 1) e^{(-2bx - 2a)}}{16 b^2} - \frac{(4bx + 1) e^{(-4bx - 4a)}}{256 b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*cosh(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/16*x^2 + 1/256*(4*b*x - 1)*e^(4*b*x + 4*a)/b^2 + 1/16*(2*b*x - 1)*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/b^2 - 1/16*(2*b*x + 1)*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a)/b^2 - 1/256*(4*b*x + 1)*e^(-4*b*x - 4*a)/b^2`**3.25.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \cosh^4(a + bx) dx = \frac{3x^2}{16} - \frac{\frac{3 \cosh(a+bx)^2}{16} + \frac{\cosh(a+bx)^4}{16} - b \left(\frac{x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)^3}{4} + \frac{3x \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{8} \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int(x*cosh(a + b*x)^4,x)`

output $(3*x^2)/16 - ((3*\cosh(a + b*x)^2)/16 + \cosh(a + b*x)^4/16 - b*((x*\cosh(a + b*x))^3*\sinh(a + b*x))/4 + (3*x*\cosh(a + b*x)*\sinh(a + b*x))/8))/b^2$

3.26 $\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

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3.26.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{3id(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{3id(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{6id^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} - \frac{6id^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} - \frac{6id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} + \frac{6id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ie^{a+bx})}{b^4}$$

output `2*(d*x+c)^3*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-3*I*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+3*I*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+6*I*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-6*I*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-6*I*d^3*polylog(4,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^4+6*I*d^3*polylog(4,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^4`

3.26.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i(-2ib^3c^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 3b^3c^2dx \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) + 3b^3cd^2x^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) + b^3d^3x^3 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}))}{b^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

output `(I*((-2*I)*b^3*c^3*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] + b^3*d^3*x^3*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - 3*b^3*c^2*d*x*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - b^3*d^3*x^3*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 3*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 3*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*b*c*d^2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*b*d^3*x*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*b*c*d^2*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*b*d^3*x*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)] - 6*d^3*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 6*d^3*PolyLog[4, I*E^(a + b*x)]))/b^4`

3.26.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3042, 4668, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 4668$$

$$-\frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{7163} \\
 & \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} + \\
 & \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} + \\
 & \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \\
 & \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \text{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \\
 & \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \text{PolyLog}(4, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^3*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)]/b + ((3*I)*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b - (d*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b))/b - ((3*I)*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b - (d*PolyLog[4, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b))/b)`

3.26.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x))))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F]), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x))))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`


```
rule 7163 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.
)*(x_)))]^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.26.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

```
input int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x)
```

```
output int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x)
```

3.26.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 497 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{6i d^3 \operatorname{polylog}(4, i \cosh(bx + a) + i \sinh(bx + a)) - 6i d^3 \operatorname{polylog}(4, -i \cosh(bx + a) - i \sinh(bx + a)) - \dots}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output (6*I*d^3*polylog(4, I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 6*I*d^3*polylog(4
, -I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 3*(-I*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*
x - I*b^2*c^2*d)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 3*(I*b^2*d^3*x
^2 + 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x + I*b^2*c^2*d)*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x +
a)) + (I*b^3*c^3 - 3*I*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*I*a^2*b*c*d^2 - I*a^3*d^3)*log(cosh
(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) + I) + (-I*b^3*c^3 + 3*I*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*I*a^2*b
*c*d^2 + I*a^3*d^3)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + (-I*b^3*d^3*x
^3 - 3*I*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 - 3*I*b^3*c^2*d*x - 3*I*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*I*a^2*b*c*d
^2 - I*a^3*d^3)*log(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1) + (I*b^3*d^3*x
^3 + 3*I*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*I*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*I*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*I*a^2*b*c*d
^2 + I*a^3*d^3)*log(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1) - 6*(I*b*d^3*x
+ I*b*c*d^2)*polylog(3, I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 6*(-I*b*d^3*x
- I*b*c*d^2)*polylog(3, -I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a))/b^4
```

3.26.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**3*sech(b*x+a), x)
```

```
output Integral((c + d*x)**3*sech(a + b*x), x)
```

3.26.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -2*c^3*arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b + 2*integrate((d^3*x^3*e^a + 3*c*d^2*x^2*e^a
+ 3*c^2*d*x*e^a)*e^(b*x)/(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1), x)
```

3.26.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*sech(b*x + a), x)`

3.26.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.27 $\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

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3.27.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{2id(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{2id(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{2id^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} - \frac{2id^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^3}$$

output `2*(d*x+c)^2*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-2*I*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+2*I*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+2*I*d^2*polylog(3,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-2*I*d^2*polylog(3,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3`

3.27.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \frac{i(-2ib^2c^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 2b^2cdx \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) + b^2d^2x^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - 2b^2cdx \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) - b^2d^2x^2 \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}))}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

```
output (I*((-2*I)*b^2*c^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + 2*b^2*c*d*x*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)]
+ b^2*d^2*x^2*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*b^2*c*d*x*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)]
] - b^2*d^2*x^2*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*b*d*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E
^(a + b*x)] + 2*b*d*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)] + 2*d^2*PolyLog[3,
(-I)*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*d^2*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)]))/b^3
```

3.27.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3042, 4668, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
 & \frac{2id \int (c + dx) \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c + dx) \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \\
 & \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \\
 & \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)])/b + ((2*I)*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (d*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b - ((2*I)*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b) + (d*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2)))/b`

3.27.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int [PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp [PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

3.27.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a),x)`

3.27.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. $2(96) = 192$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2i d^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, i \cosh(bx + a) + i \sinh(bx + a)) + 2i d^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -i \cosh(bx + a) - i \sinh(bx + a)) - \dots}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-2*I*d^2*polylog(3, I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) + 2*I*d^2*polylog(3, -I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 2*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 2*(I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + (I*b^2*c^2 - 2*I*a*b*c*d + I*a^2*d^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) + I) + (-I*b^2*c^2 + 2*I*a*b*c*d - I*a^2*d^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + (-I*b^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d*x - 2*I*a*b*c*d + I*a^2*d^2)*log(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1) + (I*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*I*b^2*c*d*x + 2*I*a*b*c*d - I*a^2*d^2)*log(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1))/b^3`

3.27.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*sech(b*x+a), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**2*sech(a + b*x), x)`

3.27.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*c^2*arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b + 2*integrate((d^2*x^2*e^a + 2*c*d*x*e^a)*e^(b*x)/(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1), x)`

3.27.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*sech(b*x + a), x)`

3.27.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.28 $\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

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3.28.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \frac{2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2}$$

output `2*(d*x+c)*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-I*d*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+I*d*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2`

3.28.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \frac{c \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{b} + \frac{id(bx(\log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - \log(1 + ie^{a+bx})) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) + \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}))}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

output `(c*ArcTan[Sinh[a + b*x]])/b + (I*d*(b*x*(Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)]) - PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]))/b^2`

3.28.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 4668, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx) \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
 & -\frac{id \int \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{id \int \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & -\frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
 & \frac{2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)])/b - (I*d*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)])/b^2 + (I*d*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)])/b^2`

3.28.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))]^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_
))^m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.28.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{d(i(bx+a)(\ln(1-ie^{bx+a})-\ln(1+ie^{bx+a}))-i \operatorname{dilog}(1+ie^{bx+a})+i \operatorname{dilog}(1-ie^{bx+a}))}{b} - \frac{2da \arctan(e^{bx+a})}{b} + 2c \arctan(e^{bx+a})$
default	$\frac{d(i(bx+a)(\ln(1-ie^{bx+a})-\ln(1+ie^{bx+a}))-i \operatorname{dilog}(1+ie^{bx+a})+i \operatorname{dilog}(1-ie^{bx+a}))}{b} - \frac{2da \arctan(e^{bx+a})}{b} + 2c \arctan(e^{bx+a})$
parts	$\frac{\arctan(\sinh(bx+a))dx}{b} + \frac{\arctan(\sinh(bx+a))c}{b} - \frac{d\left(x \arctan(\sinh(bx+a)) - \frac{i(bx+a)(\ln(1-ie^{bx+a})-\ln(1+ie^{bx+a}))-i}{b}\right)}{b}$
risch	$\frac{2c \arctan(e^{bx+a})}{b} - \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})x}{b} - \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})a}{b^2} + \frac{id \ln(1-ie^{bx+a})x}{b} + \frac{id \ln(1-ie^{bx+a})a}{b^2} - \frac{id \operatorname{dilog}(1+ie^{bx+a})}{b}$

input `int((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/b*(d/b*(I*(b*x+a)*(ln(1-I*exp(b*x+a))-ln(1+I*exp(b*x+a)))-I*dilog(1+I*exp(b*x+a))+I*dilog(1-I*exp(b*x+a)))-2*d/b*a*arctan(exp(b*x+a))+2*c*arctan(exp(b*x+a)))$

3.28.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i d \operatorname{Li}_2(i \cosh(bx + a) + i \sinh(bx + a)) - i d \operatorname{Li}_2(-i \cosh(bx + a) - i \sinh(bx + a)) + (ibc - i ad) \log(\cosh(bx + a) + \sinh(bx + a) + 1) + (-ibc + i ad) \log(\cosh(bx + a) + \sinh(bx + a) - 1) + (-I*b*d*x - I*a*d)*\log(I*\cosh(b*x + a) + I*\sinh(b*x + a) + 1) + (I*b*d*x + I*a*d)*\log(-I*\cosh(b*x + a) - I*\sinh(b*x + a) + 1))/b^2$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $(I*d*dilog(I*\cosh(b*x + a) + I*\sinh(b*x + a)) - I*d*dilog(-I*\cosh(b*x + a) - I*\sinh(b*x + a)) + (I*b*c - I*a*d)*\log(\cosh(b*x + a) + \sinh(b*x + a) + 1) + (-I*b*c + I*a*d)*\log(\cosh(b*x + a) + \sinh(b*x + a) - 1) + (-I*b*d*x - I*a*d)*\log(I*\cosh(b*x + a) + I*\sinh(b*x + a) + 1) + (I*b*d*x + I*a*d)*\log(-I*\cosh(b*x + a) - I*\sinh(b*x + a) + 1))/b^2$

3.28.6 SymPy [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)*sech(a + b*x), x)`

3.28.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c) \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*d*integrate(x*e^(b*x + a)/(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1), x) - 2*c*arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b`

3.28.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c) \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a), x)`

3.28.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.29 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

3.29.1	Optimal result	286
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3.29.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	288
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3.29.7	Maxima [N/A]	289
3.29.8	Giac [N/A]	289
3.29.9	Mupad [N/A]	289

3.29.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c), x)`

3.29.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x), x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x), x]`

3.29.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.29.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*CsSch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Csc[e + f*x]^n, x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.29.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`output `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`**3.29.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c), x)`**3.29.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x)`output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)/(c + d*x), x)`

3.29.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c), x)`**3.29.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c), x)`**3.29.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)), x)`

3.30 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

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3.30.6	Sympy [N/A]	292
3.30.7	Maxima [N/A]	293
3.30.8	Giac [N/A]	293
3.30.9	Mupad [N/A]	293

3.30.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

3.30.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2, x]`

3.30.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.30.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrabl e[(c + d*x)^m*Csch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Cs c[e + f*x]^n, x]]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.30.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`**3.30.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sech(b*x + a)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`**3.30.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**2,x)`output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

3.30.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^2, x)`**3.30.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^2, x)`**3.30.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx) (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

3.30. $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

3.31 $\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

3.31.1	Optimal result	294
3.31.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	294
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3.31.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^3}{b} - \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \log(1 + e^{2(a+bx)})}{b^2} - \frac{3d^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{b^3} + \frac{3d^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{2b^4} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b}$$

```
output (d*x+c)^3/b-3*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^2-3*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(2, -exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^3+3/2*d^3*polylog(3, -exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^4+(d*x+c)^3*tanh(b*x+a)/b
```

3.31.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{de^{2a} \left(\frac{4e^{-2a}(c+dx)^3}{d} + \frac{6(1+e^{-2a})(c+dx)^2 \log(1+e^{-2(a+bx)})}{b} - \frac{3d(1+e^{-2a})(2b(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-2(a+bx)}) + d \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{-2(a+bx)}))}{b^3} \right)}{1+e^{2a}} + 2 \frac{\dots}{2b}$$

```
input Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]^2, x]
```

output $(-((dE^{(2a)}*((4*(c + dx)^3)/(dE^{(2a)}) + (6*(1 + E^{(-2a)})*(c + dx)^2 * \text{Log}[1 + E^{(-2*(a + bx))}]))/b - (3*d*(1 + E^{(-2a)})*(2*b*(c + dx)*\text{PolyLog}[2, -E^{(-2*(a + bx))}] + d*\text{PolyLog}[3, -E^{(-2*(a + bx))}]))/b^3)/(1 + E^{(2*a)}) + 2*(c + dx)^3*\text{Sech}[a]*\text{Sech}[a + bx]*\text{Sinh}[bx])/(2*b)$

3.31.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{csc}\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 4672 \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 26 \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int (c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i(c + dx)^2 \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 26 \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 4201 \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{2(a+bx)}(c+dx)^2}{1+e^{2(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2620 \end{aligned}$$

3.31. $\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \int (c+dx) \log(1+e^{2(a+bx)}) dx}{b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{3id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)}) dx}{2b} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{2b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{3id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-2(a+bx)} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)}) de^{2(a+bx)}}{4b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{2b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{3id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{4b^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{2b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((3*I)*d*(((−1/3*I)*(c + d*x)^3)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + E^(2*(a + b*x))]))/(2*b) − (d*(−1/2*((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, −E^(2*(a + b*x))]))/b + (d*PolyLog[3, −E^(2*(a + b*x))])/(4*b^2))/b))/b + ((c + d*x)^3*Tanh[a + b*x])/b`

3.31.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x_, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`
- rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4201 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 7143 Int [PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
-> Simp [PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.31.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 297 vs. $2(101) = 202$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(d^3x^3+3cd^2x^2+3c^2dx+c^3)}{b(1+e^{2bx+2a})} - \frac{12d^2ca\ln(e^{bx+a})}{b^3} + \frac{12d^2cax}{b^2} + \frac{6d^2cx^2}{b} + \frac{6d^2ca^2}{b^3} - \frac{6d^2c\ln(1+e^{2bx+2a})x}{b^2} - \frac{3d^2cpolylog(2, -\exp(2bx+2a))}{b^3}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(d^3*x^3+3*c*d^2*x^2+3*c^2*d*x+c^3)/b/(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))-12/b^3*d^2*c*a*ln(exp(b*x+a))+12/b^2*d^2*c*a*x+6/b*d^2*c*x^2+6/b^3*d^2*c*a^2-6/b^2*d^2*c*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))*x-3/b^3*d^2*c*polylog(2,-exp(2*b*x+2*a))+2/b*d^3*x^3-4/b^4*d^3*a^3-3/b^2*d^3*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))*x^2+3/2*d^3*polylog(3,-exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^4-6/b^3*d^3*a^2*x-3/b^3*d^3*polylog(2,-exp(2*b*x+2*a))*x+6/b^4*d^3*a^2*ln(exp(b*x+a))-3/b^2*d*c^2*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))+6/b^2*d*c^2*ln(exp(b*x+a))
```

3.31.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1332, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.93

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```

output -(2*b^3*c^3 - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*d^3 - 2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 +
3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3
)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 4*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*a
*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - 2*(b^3
*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2
+ a^3*d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 6*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2 + (b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*c
osh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*d^
3*x + b*c*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) +
6*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2 + (b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d^3*x +
b*c*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^
2)*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + 3*(b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2
+ a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b^2*c
^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b^2*c^2*d - 2
*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) +
I) + 3*(b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^
2*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*cosh(b*x +
a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*lo
g(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + 3*(b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*
a*b*c*d^2 - a^2*d^3 + (b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*a*b*c*d^2 - a^2*d^3
)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*a*b*c*d^2 - a^2*...

```

3.31.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**3*sech(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

```
output Integral((c + d*x)**3*sech(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

3.31.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx \\ &= 3c^2d \left(\frac{2xe^{(2bx+2a)}}{be^{(2bx+2a)} + b} - \frac{\log((e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1)e^{(-2a)})}{b^2} \right) \\ & \quad - \frac{3(2bx \log(e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1) + \operatorname{Li}_2(-e^{(2bx+2a)}))cd^2}{b^3} \\ & \quad + \frac{2c^3}{b(e^{(-2bx-2a)} + 1)} - \frac{2(d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2)}{be^{(2bx+2a)} + b} \\ & \quad - \frac{3(2b^2x^2 \log(e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1) + 2bx \operatorname{Li}_2(-e^{(2bx+2a)}) - \operatorname{Li}_3(-e^{(2bx+2a)}))d^3}{2b^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{2(b^3d^3x^3 + 3b^3cd^2x^2)}{b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*c^2*d*(2*x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/(b*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b) - log((e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1)*e^(-2*a))/b^2) - 3*(2*b*x*log(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1) + dilog(-e^(2*b*x + 2*a)))*c*d^2/b^3 + 2*c^3/(b*(e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + 1)) - 2*(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2)/(b*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b) - 3/2*(2*b^2*x^2*log(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1) + 2*b*x*dilog(-e^(2*b*x + 2*a)) - polylog(3, -e^(2*b*x + 2*a)))*d^3/b^4 + 2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2)/b^4`

3.31.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`

3.31.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\cosh(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.32 $\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

3.32.1	Optimal result	302
3.32.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	302
3.32.3	Rubi [C] (verified)	303
3.32.4	Maple [B] (verified)	305
3.32.5	Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	305
3.32.6	Sympy [F]	306
3.32.7	Maxima [F]	306
3.32.8	Giac [F]	307
3.32.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	307

3.32.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^2}{b} - \frac{2d(c + dx) \log(1 + e^{2(a+bx)})}{b^2} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `(d*x+c)^2/b-2*d*(d*x+c)*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^2-d^2*polylog(2,-exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^3+(d*x+c)^2*tanh(b*x+a)/b`

3.32.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{-\frac{2b(c+dx)(b(c+dx)+d(1+e^{2a}) \log(1+e^{-2(a+bx)}))}{1+e^{2a}} + d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-2(a+bx)}) + b^2(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \operatorname{sinh}(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((-2*b*(c + d*x)*(b*(c + d*x) + d*(1 + E^(2*a))*Log[1 + E^(-2*(a + b*x))]))/(1 + E^(2*a)) + d^2*PolyLog[2, -E^(-2*(a + b*x))] + b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a]*Sech[a + b*x]*Sinh[b*x])/b^3`

3.32.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2id \int -i(c+dx) \tanh(a+bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \tanh(a+bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{2d \int -i(c+dx) \tan(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c+dx) \tan(ia+ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4201} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{2(a+bx)}(c+dx)}{1+e^{2(a+bx)}} dx - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \int \log(1+e^{2(a+bx)}) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx) + 2id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} - \frac{d \int e^{-2(a+bx)} \log(1+e^{2(a+bx)}) de^{2(a+bx)}}{4b^2} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{2id \left(2i \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2(a+bx)})}{4b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{2(a+bx)}+1)}{2b} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((2*I)*d*(((1/2*I)*(c + d*x)^2)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)*Log[1 + E^(2*(a + b*x))]))/(2*b) + (d*PolyLog[2, -E^(2*(a + b*x))])/(4*b^2))))/b + ((c + d*x)^2*Tanh[a + b*x])/b`

3.32.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 4201 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[
(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))], x], x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 4672 Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)
*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.32.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(x^2 d^2 + 2cdx + c^2)}{b(1 + e^{2bx + 2a})} - \frac{2dc \ln(1 + e^{2bx + 2a})}{b^2} + \frac{4dc \ln(e^{bx + a})}{b^2} + \frac{2d^2 x^2}{b} + \frac{4d^2 ax}{b^2} + \frac{2d^2 a^2}{b^3} - \frac{2d^2 \ln(1 + e^{2bx + 2a})x}{b^2} - \frac{d^2 \text{poly}}{b^2}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(d^2*x^2+2*c*d*x+c^2)/b/(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))-2/b^2*d*c*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a
))+4/b^2*d*c*ln(exp(b*x+a))+2/b*d^2*x^2+4/b^2*d^2*a*x+2/b^3*d^2*a^2-2/b^2*
d^2*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))*x-d^2*polylog(2,-exp(2*b*x+2*a))/b^3-4/b^3*d^2*a*
ln(exp(b*x+a))
```

3.32.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 715, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.79

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2(b^2 c^2 - 2abcd + a^2 d^2 - (b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + 2abcd - a^2 d^2) \cosh(bx + a)^2 - 2(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + 2abcd - a^2 d^2) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + 2*a*b*c*d
- a^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + 2*a*b*c*d - a
^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + 2*a*b*c
*d - a^2*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + (d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*d^2*cosh(b*x + a)
*sinh(b*x + a) + d^2*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + d^2)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh
(b*x + a)) + (d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + d^
2*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + d^2)*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + (b*c*
d - a*d^2 + (b*c*d - a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*c*d - a*d^2)*cosh(b*x +
a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*c*d - a*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + s
inh(b*x + a) + I) + (b*c*d - a*d^2 + (b*c*d - a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(
b*c*d - a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*c*d - a*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)
^2)*log(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + (b*d^2*x + a*d^2 + (b*d^2*x +
a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d^2*x + a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)
+ (b*d^2*x + a*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*log(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)
+ 1) + (b*d^2*x + a*d^2 + (b*d^2*x + a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d^2*x
+ a*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (b*d^2*x + a*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)*
log(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a) + 1))/(b^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b^3*
cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + b^3*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + b^3)

```

3.32.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*sech(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**2*sech(a + b*x)**2, x)`

3.32.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-2*d^2*(x^2/(b*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} + b) - 2*\integrate(x/(b*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} + b), x) + 2*c*d*(2*x*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)}/(b*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} + b) - \log((e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} + 1)*e^{(-2*a)})/b^2) + 2*c^2/(b*(e^{(-2*b*x - 2*a)} + 1))$

3.32.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`

3.32.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\cosh(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.33 $\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

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3.33.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{d \log(\cosh(a + bx))}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `-d*ln(cosh(b*x+a))/b^2+(d*x+c)*tanh(b*x+a)/b`

3.33.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{d \log(\cosh(a + bx))}{b^2} + \frac{dx \operatorname{sech}(a) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \sinh(bx)}{b} + \frac{dx \tanh(a)}{b} + \frac{c \tanh(a + bx)}{b}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `-((d*Log[Cosh[a + b*x]])/b^2) + (d*x*Sech[a]*Sech[a + b*x]*Sinh[b*x])/b + (d*x*Tanh[a])/b + (c*Tanh[a + b*x])/b`

3.33.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx) \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -i \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \tanh(a + bx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -i \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \tan(ia + ibx) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3956} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{d \log(\cosh(a + bx))}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `-((d*Log[Cosh[a + b*x]])/b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Tanh[a + b*x])/b`

3.33.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1) *Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.33.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2dx}{b} + \frac{2da}{b^2} - \frac{2(dx+c)}{b(1+e^{2bx+2a})} - \frac{d \ln(1+e^{2bx+2a})}{b^2}$	57
parallelrisc	$\frac{-d \ln\left(-\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)^2 + 2\right) \cosh(bx+a) + 2 \ln\left(1 - \tanh\left(\frac{bx}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right)\right) d \cosh(bx+a) + b(\cosh(bx+a)dx + \sinh(bx+a)(dx+c))}{b^2 \cosh(bx+a)}$	86

```
input int((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

output 2*d/b*x+2*d/b^2*a-2*(d*x+c)/b/(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))-d/b^2*ln(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))
)
```

3.33. $\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

3.33.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 161 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.55

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 b d x \cosh (b x + a)^2 + 4 b d x \cosh (b x + a) \sinh (b x + a) + 2 b d x \sinh (b x + a)^2 - 2 b c - (d \cosh (b x + a)^2 + d \sinh (b x + a)^2)}{b^2 \cosh (b x + a)^2 + 2 b^2 \cosh (b x + a) \sinh (b x + a) + b^2 \sinh (b x + a)^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(2*b*d*x*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*b*d*x*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + 2*b*d*x*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*b*c - (d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + d*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + d)*log(2*cosh(b*x + a)/(cosh(b*x + a) - sinh(b*x + a))))/(b^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + b^2*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + b^2)`

3.33.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)*sech(a + b*x)**2, x)`

3.33.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = d \left(\frac{2 x e^{(2 b x + 2 a)}}{b e^{(2 b x + 2 a)} + b} - \frac{\log \left((e^{(2 b x + 2 a)} + 1) e^{(-2 a)} \right)}{b^2} \right) + \frac{2 c}{b (e^{(-2 b x - 2 a)} + 1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $d*(2*x*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)}/(b*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} + b) - \log((e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} + 1)*e^{(-2*a)})/b^2) + 2*c/(b*(e^{(-2*b*x - 2*a)} + 1))$

3.33.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 78 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2bdxe^{(2bx+2a)} - de^{(2bx+2a)} \log(e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1) - 2bc - d \log(e^{(2bx+2a)} + 1)}{b^2e^{(2bx+2a)} + b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $(2*b*d*x*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} - d*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)}*\log(e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} + 1) - 2*b*c - d*\log(e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} + 1))/(b^2*e^{(2*b*x + 2*a)} + b^2)$

3.33.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{2dx}{b} - \frac{2(c + dx)}{b(e^{2a+2bx} + 1)} - \frac{d \ln(e^{2a}e^{2bx} + 1)}{b^2}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output $(2*d*x)/b - (2*(c + d*x))/(b*(\exp(2*a + 2*b*x) + 1)) - (d*\log(\exp(2*a)*\exp(2*b*x) + 1))/b^2$

3.34 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

3.34.1	Optimal result	313
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3.34.3	Rubi [N/A]	314
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3.34.7	Maxima [N/A]	316
3.34.8	Giac [N/A]	316
3.34.9	Mupad [N/A]	316

3.34.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c), x)`

3.34.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x), x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x), x]`

3.34.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.34.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrabl e[(c + d*x)^m*Csch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Cs c[e + f*x]^n, x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.34.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^2}{dx+c} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x)`output `int(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x)`**3.34.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^2}{dx+c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sech(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c), x)`**3.34.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c),x)`output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x), x)`

3.34.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.38

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4*d*integrate(1/2/(b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 + (b*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 2*b*c*d*x*e^(2*a) + b*c^2*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)), x) - 2/(b*d*x + b*c + (b*d*x*e^(2*a) + b*c*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x))`**3.34.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c), x)`**3.34.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)^2 (c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)), x)`

3.34. $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$

3.35 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

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3.35.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

3.35.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2, x]`

3.35.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.35.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Csch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Csc[e + f*x]^n, x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.35.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^2}{(dx+c)^2} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `int(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x)`**3.35.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^2}{(dx+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sech(b*x + a)^2/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`**3.35.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**2,x)`output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

3.35.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -4*d*integrate(1/(b*d^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*x + b*c^3 + (b*d^3
*x^3*e^(2*a) + 3*b*c*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 3*b*c^2*d*x*e^(2*a) + b*c^3*e^(2*a)
)*e^(2*b*x)), x) - 2/(b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2 + (b*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) +
2*b*c*d*x*e^(2*a) + b*c^2*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x))
```

3.35.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(sech(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(sech(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^2, x)
```

3.35.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)^2 (c + dx)^2} dx$$

```
input int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

```
output int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

3.35. $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

3.36 $\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$

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3.36.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 296

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = & -\frac{6d^2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b^3} \\ & + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \frac{3id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} \\ & - \frac{3id(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{2b^2} \\ & - \frac{3id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} + \frac{3id(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{2b^2} \\ & + \frac{3id^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} \\ & - \frac{3id^2(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} \\ & - \frac{3id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} \\ & + \frac{3id^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ie^{a+bx})}{b^4} + \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} \\ & + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \tanh(a + bx)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -6d^2(d*x+c)*\arctan(\exp(b*x+a))/b^3+(d*x+c)^3*\arctan(\exp(b*x+a))/b+3I*d \\ & ^3*\text{polylog}(2,-I*\exp(b*x+a))/b^4-3/2*I*d*(d*x+c)^2*\text{polylog}(2,-I*\exp(b*x+a)) \\ & /b^2-3*I*d^3*\text{polylog}(2,I*\exp(b*x+a))/b^4+3/2*I*d*(d*x+c)^2*\text{polylog}(2,I*\exp \\ & (b*x+a))/b^2+3*I*d^2*(d*x+c)*\text{polylog}(3,-I*\exp(b*x+a))/b^3-3*I*d^2*(d*x+c)* \\ & \text{polylog}(3,I*\exp(b*x+a))/b^3-3*I*d^3*\text{polylog}(4,-I*\exp(b*x+a))/b^4+3*I*d^3*p \\ & \text{olylog}(4,I*\exp(b*x+a))/b^4+3/2*d*(d*x+c)^2*\text{sech}(b*x+a)/b^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^3*s \\ & \text{ech}(b*x+a)*\tanh(b*x+a)/b \end{aligned}$$

3.36.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i(-2ib^3c^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 12ibcd^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 3b^3c^2 dx \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - 6bd^3x \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) + 3$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (I*((-2*I)*b^3*c^3*\text{ArcTan}[E^{(a + b*x)}] + (12*I)*b*c*d^2*\text{ArcTan}[E^{(a + b*x)}] \\ &] + 3*b^3*c^2*d*x*\text{Log}[1 - I*E^{(a + b*x)}] - 6*b*d^3*x*\text{Log}[1 - I*E^{(a + b*x)}] \\ &] + 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*\text{Log}[1 - I*E^{(a + b*x)}] + b^3*d^3*x^3*\text{Log}[1 - I*E^{(a + b*x)}] \\ &] - 3*b^3*c^2*d*x*\text{Log}[1 + I*E^{(a + b*x)}] + 6*b*d^3*x*\text{Log}[1 + I*E^{(a + b*x)}] \\ &] - 3*b^3*c*d^2*x^2*\text{Log}[1 + I*E^{(a + b*x)}] - b^3*d^3*x^3*\text{Log}[1 + I*E^{(a + b*x)}] \\ &] - 3*d*(-2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-I)*E^{(a + b*x)}] + \\ & 3*d*(-2*d^2 + b^2*(c + d*x)^2)*\text{PolyLog}[2, I*E^{(a + b*x)}] + 6*b*c*d^2*\text{PolyL} \\ & \text{og}[3, (-I)*E^{(a + b*x)}] + 6*b*d^3*x*\text{PolyLog}[3, (-I)*E^{(a + b*x)}] - 6*b*c*d \\ & ^2*\text{PolyLog}[3, I*E^{(a + b*x)}] - 6*b*d^3*x*\text{PolyLog}[3, I*E^{(a + b*x)}] - 6*d^3 \\ & *\text{PolyLog}[4, (-I)*E^{(a + b*x)}] + 6*d^3*\text{PolyLog}[4, I*E^{(a + b*x)}]) + b^2*(c \\ & + d*x)^2*\text{Sech}[a + b*x]*(3*d + b*(c + d*x)*\text{Tanh}[a + b*x]))/(2*b^4) \end{aligned}$$

3.36.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {3042, 4674, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4674} \\
 & -\frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx + \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3d^2 \int (c + dx) \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
 & -\frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{id \int \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{id \int \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b^2} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & -\frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b^2} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c + dx)^2 \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{3d(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \log(1-ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{3id \int (c+dx)^2 \log(1+ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) -$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} +$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) -$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} +$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

↓ 7163

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) -$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} +$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

↓ 2720

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-3*d^2*((2*(c + d*x)*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)])/b - (I*d*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)])/b^2 + (I*d*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)])/b^2))/b^2 + ((2*(c + d*x)^3*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)])/b + ((3*I)*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)])/b) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)])/b - (d*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b))/b - ((3*I)*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)])/b) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)])/b - (d*PolyLog[4, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2))/b))/b)/2 + (3*d*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x])/(2*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^3*Sech[a + b*x]*Tanh[a + b*x])/(2*b)`

3.36.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))]^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x)
*(F_)^v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))]^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_
))^m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 4674 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x]
  + (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x]
  + Simp[b^2*d^2*m*(m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]
  + Simp[b^2*(n - 2)/(n - 1) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x]
  && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
  && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

```
rule 7163 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x]
  - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x]
  && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.36.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

```
input int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

```
output int((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

3.36.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4785 vs. $2(242) = 484$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4785, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.17

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```


output

```

1/2*(2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + b^3*c^3 + 3*b^2*c^2*d + 3*(b^3*c*d^2 + b^2*d^3)*x^2
+ 3*(b^3*c^2*d + 2*b^2*c*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 6*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + b^3*c^
3 + 3*b^2*c^2*d + 3*(b^3*c*d^2 + b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^2*d + 2*b^2*c*d^2
)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + b^3*c^3 + 3*b^2*c^2*
d + 3*(b^3*c*d^2 + b^2*d^3)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^2*d + 2*b^2*c*d^2)*x)*sinh(b*x
+ a)^3 - 2*(b^3*d^3*x^3 + b^3*c^3 - 3*b^2*c^2*d + 3*(b^3*c*d^2 - b^2*d^3)*
x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^2*d - 2*b^2*c*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a) - 3*(-I*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 2
*I*b^2*c*d^2*x - I*b^2*c^2*d + (-I*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x - I*b^2*c
^2*d + 2*I*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*(-I*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x - I
b^2*c^2*d + 2*I*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (-I*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*I
*b^2*c*d^2*x - I*b^2*c^2*d + 2*I*d^3)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + 2*I*d^3 + 2*(-I*b
^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x - I*b^2*c^2*d + 2*I*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(
-I*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x - I*b^2*c^2*d + 2*I*d^3 + 3*(-I*b^2*d^3*x
^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x - I*b^2*c^2*d + 2*I*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2)*sinh(b*x +
a)^2 + 4*((-I*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x - I*b^2*c^2*d + 2*I*d^3)*cosh(
b*x + a)^3 + (-I*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x - I*b^2*c^2*d + 2*I*d^3)*co
sh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a))*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 3*(
I*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*I*b^2*c*d^2*x + I*b^2*c^2*d + (I*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*I*b^2*c
*d^2*x + I*b^2*c^2*d - 2*I*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*(I*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*I*b
^2*c*d^2*x + I*b^2*c^2*d - 2*I*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (I*...

```

3.36.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*sech(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**3*sech(a + b*x)**3, x)`

3.36.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*d^3*integrate(x^3*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) + 3*b^2*c*d^2*integrate(x^2*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) + 3*b^2*c^2*d*integrate(x*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) - c^3*(arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b - (e^(-b*x - a) - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a))/(b*(2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + e^(-4*b*x - 4*a) + 1))) - 6*d^3*integrate(x*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) - 6*c*d^2*arctan(e^(b*x + a))/b^3 + ((b*d^3*x^3*e^(3*a) + 3*c^2*d*e^(3*a) + 3*(b*c*d^2 + d^3)*x^2*e^(3*a) + 3*(b*c^2*d + 2*c*d^2)*x*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*d^3*x^3*e^a - 3*c^2*d*e^a + 3*(b*c*d^2 - d^3)*x^2*e^a + 3*(b*c^2*d - 2*c*d^2)*x*e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*e^(4*b*x + 4*a) + 2*b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2)`

3.36.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*sech(b*x + a)^3, x)`

3.36.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\cosh(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^3/cosh(a + b*x)^3, x)`

3.37 $\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$

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3.37.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{b^3} - \frac{id(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} - \frac{id^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^3} + \frac{d(c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \tanh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output `(d*x+c)^2*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-d^2*arctan(sinh(b*x+a))/b^3-I*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+I*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+I*d^2*polylog(3,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3-I*d^2*polylog(3,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^3+d*(d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)/b^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)*tanh(b*x+a)/b`

3.37.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{i(-2ib^2c^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 4id^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx}) + 2b^2cdx \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) + b^2d^2x^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - 2b^2c^2 \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}))}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(I*((-2*I)*b^2*c^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + (4*I)*d^2*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)] + 2*b^2*c*d*x*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] + b^2*d^2*x^2*Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*b^2*c*d*x*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - b^2*d^2*x^2*Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*b*d*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + 2*b*d*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)] + 2*d^2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] - 2*d^2*PolyLog[3, I*E^(a + b*x)]) + b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a]*Sech[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[b*x] + b*(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]*(2*d + b*(c + d*x)*Tanh[a]))/(2*b^3)`

3.37.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 4674, 3042, 4257, 4668, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 4674$$

$$-\frac{d^2 \int \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx + \frac{d(c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{d^2 \int \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^2 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{d(c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^2 \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{b^3} + \frac{d(c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4668 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2id \int (c + dx) \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2id \int (c + dx) \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{b^3} + \frac{d(c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3011 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} - \frac{(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{b^3} + \frac{d(c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2720 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} - \frac{(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \int e^{-a-bx} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} - \frac{(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{b^3} + \frac{d(c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7143 \\
& \quad -\frac{d^2 \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{b^3} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(c + dx)^2 \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} + \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} - \frac{(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2id \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} - \frac{(c + dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b} \right)}{b} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{d(c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \tanh(a + bx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]`

```
output  $-\frac{(d^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sinh}[a + b x]])}{b^3} + \frac{((2(c + d x)^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[E^{(a + b x)}]) / b + ((2I) d * (-((c + d x) \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (-I) E^{(a + b x)}]) / b) + (d \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, (-I) E^{(a + b x)}]) / b^2)) / b - ((2I) d * (-((c + d x) \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, I E^{(a + b x)}]) / b) + (d \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, I E^{(a + b x)}]) / b^2)) / b}{2} + \frac{d(c + d x) \operatorname{Sech}[a + b x]}{b^2} + \frac{(c + d x)^2 \operatorname{Sech}[a + b x] \operatorname{Tanh}[a + b x]}{(2 * b)}$ 
```

3.37.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 4668 Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x)) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 4674 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x]
+ (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x]
+ Simp[b^2*d^2*m*(m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))]
Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.37.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

```
input int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

```
output int((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

3.37.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2651 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2651, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.15

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```

1/2*(2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 2*(b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x
+ a)^3 + 6*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 2*(b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(
b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 2*(b^2*c*d
+ b*d^2)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 - 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*b*c*d + 2*(b^2
*c*d - b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a) - 2*((-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4
+ 4*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (-I*b*d^2*x -
I*b*c*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 - I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d + 2*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*
cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d + 3*(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(
b*x + a)^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*((-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 +
(-I*b*d^2*x - I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a)
+ I*sinh(b*x + a)) - 2*((I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*(I*b*d^
2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*sinh(
b*x + a)^4 + I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d + 2*(I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2
+ 2*(I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d + 3*(I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2)*sinh(
b*x + a)^2 + 4*((I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + (I*b*d^2*x + I*b*c
*d)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))*dilog(-I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)
) + ((I*b^2*c^2 - 2*I*a*b*c*d + I*(a^2 - 2)*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 - 4*(-I*b
^2*c^2 + 2*I*a*b*c*d - I*(a^2 - 2)*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (I
*b^2*c^2 - 2*I*a*b*c*d + I*(a^2 - 2)*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + I*b^2*c^2 - 2*
I*a*b*c*d + I*(a^2 - 2)*d^2 - 2*(-I*b^2*c^2 + 2*I*a*b*c*d - I*(a^2 - 2)...

```

3.37.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*sech(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**2*sech(a + b*x)**3, x)`

3.37.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*d^2*integrate(x^2*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) + 2*b^2*c*d*integrate(x*e^(b*x + a)/(b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2), x) - c^2*(arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b - (e^(-b*x - a) - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a))/(b*(2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + e^(-4*b*x - 4*a) + 1))) + ((b*d^2*x^2*e^(3*a) + 2*c*d*e^(3*a) + 2*(b*c*d + d^2)*x*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*d^2*x^2*e^a - 2*c*d*e^a + 2*(b*c*d - d^2)*x*e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*e^(4*b*x + 4*a) + 2*b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2) - 2*d^2*arctan(e^(b*x + a))/b^3`

3.37.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*sech(b*x + a)^3, x)`

3.37.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\cosh(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/cosh(a + b*x)^3, x)`

3.38 $\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$

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3.38.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{2b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{2b^2} + \frac{d\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \tanh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output `(d*x+c)*arctan(exp(b*x+a))/b-1/2*I*d*polylog(2,-I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+1/2*I*d*polylog(2,I*exp(b*x+a))/b^2+1/2*d*sech(b*x+a)/b^2+1/2*(d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)*tanh(b*x+a)/b`

3.38.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (c + dx)\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{c \arctan(\sinh(a + bx))}{2b} + \frac{id(bx(\log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) - \log(1 + ie^{a+bx})) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx}) + \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx}))}{2b^2} + \frac{d\operatorname{sech}(a)\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)(\cosh(a) + bx \sinh(a))}{2b^2} + \frac{dx\operatorname{sech}(a)\operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) \sinh(bx)}{2b} + \frac{c\operatorname{sech}(a + bx) \tanh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(c*ArcTan[Sinh[a + b*x]])/(2*b) + ((I/2)*d*(b*x*(Log[1 - I*E^(a + b*x)] - Log[1 + I*E^(a + b*x)]) - PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)] + PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]))/b^2 + (d*Sech[a]*Sech[a + b*x]*(Cosh[a] + b*x*Sinh[a]))/(2*b^2) + (d*x*Sech[a]*Sech[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[b*x])/(2*b) + (c*Sech[a + b*x]*Tanh[a + b*x])/(2*b)`

3.38.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {3042, 4673, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx) \operatorname{csc} \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4673} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx + \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx) \operatorname{csc} \left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{id \int \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{id \int \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) dx}{b} + \frac{2(c + dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh(a + bx) \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 - ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{id \int e^{-a-bx} \log(1 + ie^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} \right) + \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \arctan(e^{a+bx})}{b} - \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} + \frac{id \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{a+bx})}{b^2} \right) + \frac{d \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \tanh(a+bx) \operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{2b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]^3, x]`

output `((2*(c + d*x)*ArcTan[E^(a + b*x)]/b - (I*d*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2 + (I*d*PolyLog[2, I*E^(a + b*x)]/b^2)/2 + (d*Sech[a + b*x])/(2*b^2) + ((c + d*x)*Sech[a + b*x]*Tanh[a + b*x])/(2*b))`

3.38.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))]^(n_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m-1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m-1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 4673 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))),
  x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + S
  imp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x])
  /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

3.38.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
risch	$\frac{e^{bx+a}(e^{2bx+2a}bdx+e^{2bx+2a}bc-dxb+e^{2bx+2a}d-cb+d)}{b^2(1+e^{2bx+2a})^2} + \frac{c \arctan(e^{bx+a})}{b} - \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})x}{2b} - \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})a}{2b^2} + \frac{id \ln(1+ie^{bx+a})}{2b}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output exp(b*x+a)*(exp(2*b*x+2*a)*b*d*x+exp(2*b*x+2*a)*b*c-d*x*b+exp(2*b*x+2*a)*d
-c*b+d)/b^2/(1+exp(2*b*x+2*a))^2+1/b*c*arctan(exp(b*x+a))-1/2*I/b*d*ln(1+I
*exp(b*x+a))*x-1/2*I/b^2*d*ln(1+I*exp(b*x+a))*a+1/2*I/b*d*ln(1-I*exp(b*x+a
))*x+1/2*I/b^2*d*ln(1-I*exp(b*x+a))*a-1/2*I/b^2*d*dilog(1+I*exp(b*x+a))+1/
2*I/b^2*d*dilog(1-I*exp(b*x+a))-1/b^2*d*a*arctan(exp(b*x+a))
```

3.38.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1267 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1267, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.42

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```

1/2*(2*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 6*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*cosh(b*x +
a)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(b*d*x + b*c + d)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 - 2*(b*d*x + b*c
- d)*cosh(b*x + a) + (I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x +
a)^3 + I*d*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + 2*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(-3*I*d*cosh(b*x +
a)^2 - I*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 4*(-I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 - I*d*cosh(b*x + a)
)*sinh(b*x + a) + I*d)*dilog(I*cosh(b*x + a) + I*sinh(b*x + a)) + (-I*d*co
sh(b*x + a)^4 - 4*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 - I*d*sinh(b*x + a)^4
- 2*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(3*I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + I*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2
- 4*(I*d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + I*d*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a) - I*d)*dilog(-
I*cosh(b*x + a) - I*sinh(b*x + a)) + ((I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 - 4*
(-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (I*b*c - I*a*d)*sinh(b*x
+ a)^4 - 2*(-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(3*(-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b
*x + a)^2 - I*b*c + I*a*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + I*b*c - I*a*d - 4*((-I*b*c +
I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + (-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))*lo
g(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) + I) + ((-I*b*c + I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 -
4*(I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (-I*b*c + I*a*d)*sinh(b
*x + a)^4 - 2*(I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(3*(I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(
b*x + a)^2 + I*b*c - I*a*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - I*b*c + I*a*d - 4*((I*b*c -
I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + (I*b*c - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a))*log
(cosh(b*x + a) + sinh(b*x + a) - I) + ((-I*b*d*x - I*a*d)*cosh(b*x + a)...

```

3.38.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)*sech(a + b*x)**3, x)`

3.38.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c) \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d*(((b*x*e^(3*a) + e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*x*e^a - e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*e^(4*b*x + 4*a) + 2*b^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + b^2) + 8*integrate(1/8*x*e^(b*x + a)/(e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1), x)) - c*(arctan(e^(-b*x - a))/b - (e^(-b*x - a) - e^(-3*b*x - 3*a))/(b*(2*e^(-2*b*x - 2*a) + e^(-4*b*x - 4*a) + 1)))`

3.38.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c) \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*sech(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a)^3, x)`

3.38.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{\cosh(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/cosh(a + b*x)^3, x)`

$$3.39 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

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3.39.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c), x)`

3.39.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 124.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x), x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x), x]`

3.39.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{c+dx} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.39.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrabl e[(c + d*x)^m*Csch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Cs c[e + f*x]^n, x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.39.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^3}{dx+c} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x)`output `int(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x)`**3.39.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^3}{dx+c} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sech(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c), x)`**3.39.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c),x)`output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x), x)`

3.39.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.06

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^3}{dx+c} dx$$

```
input integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output ((b*d*x*e^(3*a) + (b*c - d)*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*d*x*e^a + (b*c + d)*e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 + (b^2*d^2*x^2*e^(4*a) + 2*b^2*c*d*x*e^(4*a) + b^2*c^2*e^(4*a))*e^(4*b*x) + 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 2*b^2*c*d*x*e^(2*a) + b^2*c^2*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)) + 8*integrate(1/8*(b^2*d^2*x^2*e^a + 2*b^2*c*d*x*e^a + (b^2*c^2 - 2*d^2)*e^a)*e^(b*x)/(b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3 + (b^2*d^3*x^3*e^(2*a) + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a) + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x*e^(2*a) + b^2*c^3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)), x)
```

3.39.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{c+dx} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^3}{dx+c} dx$$

```
input integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(sech(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c), x)
```

3.39.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)), x)`

3.40 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

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3.40.8	Giac [N/A]	351
3.40.9	Mupad [N/A]	352

3.40.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

3.40.2 Mathematica [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \$Aborted$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.40.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.40.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Csch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Csc[e + f*x]^n, x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.40. $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

3.40.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^3}{(dx+c)^2} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `int(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x)`**3.40.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx+a)^3}{(dx+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sech(b*x + a)^3/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`**3.40.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**2,x)`output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

3.40.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.31

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output ((b*d*x*e^(3*a) + (b*c - 2*d)*e^(3*a))*e^(3*b*x) - (b*d*x*e^a + (b*c + 2*d)
)*e^a)*e^(b*x))/(b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3 +
(b^2*d^3*x^3*e^(4*a) + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2*e^(4*a) + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x*e^(4*a) +
b^2*c^3*e^(4*a))*e^(4*b*x) + 2*(b^2*d^3*x^3*e^(2*a) + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2*e^(2
*a) + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x*e^(2*a) + b^2*c^3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)) + 8*integrate(1/
8*(b^2*d^2*x^2*e^a + 2*b^2*c*d*x*e^a + (b^2*c^2 - 6*d^2)*e^a)*e^(b*x)/(b^2
*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^3*d*x + b^2*c^4 +
(b^2*d^4*x^4*e^(2*a) + 4*b^2*c*d^3*x^3*e^(2*a) + 6*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2*e^(2*a
) + 4*b^2*c^3*d*x*e^(2*a) + b^2*c^4*e^(2*a))*e^(2*b*x)), x)
```

3.40.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 27.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^3}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(sech(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(sech(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c)^2, x)
```


3.40.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

3.41 $\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

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3.41.4	Maple [F]	358
3.41.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	358
3.41.6	Sympy [F]	359
3.41.7	Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	359
3.41.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	360
3.41.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	360

3.41.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{15d^{5/2} e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{7/2}} - \frac{15d^{5/2} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{7/2}} + \frac{15d^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{4b^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output

```
-5/2*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)/b^2+(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+15/16*d^(5/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)-15/16*d^(5/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)+15/4*d^2*sinh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^3
```

3.41.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{d^3 e^{-a - \frac{bc}{d}} \left(e^{2a} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right)}{2b^4 \sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/2*(d^3*E^{(-a - (b*c)/d)}*(E^{(2*a)}*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d])*Gamma[7/2, -(b*(c + d*x))/d]) + E^{((2*b*c)/d)}*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[7/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d])}{(b^4*Sqrt[c + d*x])}$$

3.41.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.938$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{5id \int -i(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx) dx}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{5d \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx) dx}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{5d \int -i(c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\ & \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2611}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i f e^{a + \frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d}}{d \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{i f e^{-a - \frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}}}{d \sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)$$

2b
↓ 2633

$$5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i \sqrt{\pi} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{d}} - \frac{i f e^{-a - \frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}}}{d \sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)$$

2b
↓ 2634

$$5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i \sqrt{\pi} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d} - a} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)$$

2b

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

```
output ((c + d*x)^(5/2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + (((5*I)/2)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[
a + b*x])/b - (((3*I)/2)*d*((I/2)*d*((-1/2*I)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*
Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(a - (b
*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))
/b + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/b)/b
```

3.41.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 2611 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :
> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d
*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]
```

```
rule 2633 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{
F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]
```

```
rule 2634 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3777 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(
-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3789 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[I
/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E
^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

3.41.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh (bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

3.41.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 523 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}(d^3 \cosh(bx + a) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d^3 \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + (d^3 \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d^3 \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d})) \sinh(bx + a)) \sqrt{b/d} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{b/d}) + 15\sqrt{\pi}(d^3 \cosh(bx + a) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + d^3 \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d})) \sinh(bx + a) \sqrt{-b/d} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{-b/d}) - 2(4b^3d^2x^2 + 4b^3c^2 - 10b^2cd + 15bd^2 - (4b^3d^2x^2 + 4b^3c^2 - 10b^2cd + 15bd^2 + 2(4b^3cd - 5b^2d^2)x) \cosh(bx + a)^2 - 2(4b^3d^2x^2 + 4b^3c^2 - 10b^2cd + 15bd^2 + 2(4b^3cd - 5b^2d^2)x) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(bx + a) - (4b^3d^2x^2 + 4b^3c^2 - 10b^2cd + 15bd^2 + 2(4b^3cd - 5b^2d^2)x) \sinh(bx + a)^2 + 2(4b^3cd + 5b^2d^2)x) \sqrt{dx + c})}{(b^4 \cosh(bx + a) + b^4 \sinh(bx + a))}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/16*(15*sqrt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(dx + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 15*sqrt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(dx + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) - 2*(4*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^2 - 10*b^2*c*d + 15*b*d^2 - (4*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^2 - 10*b^2*c*d + 15*b*d^2 + 2*(4*b^3*c*d - 5*b^2*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(4*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^2 - 10*b^2*c*d + 15*b*d^2 + 2*(4*b^3*c*d - 5*b^2*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - (4*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^2 - 10*b^2*c*d + 15*b*d^2 + 2*(4*b^3*c*d - 5*b^2*d^2)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(4*b^3*c*d + 5*b^2*d^2)*x)*sqrt(dx + c))/(b^4*cosh(b*x + a) + b^4*sinh(b*x + a))`

3.41.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(5/2)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.41.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{32(dx + c)^{7/2} \cosh(bx + a) - \left(\frac{105\sqrt{\pi}d^4 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^4\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{105\sqrt{\pi}d^4 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^4\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + 2\left(8(dx+c)^{7/2}b^3de^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})} + 28(dx+c)^{5/2}b^2d^2e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})} + 70(dx+c)^{3/2}b^3d^3e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})} + 105\sqrt{dx+c}d^4e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})}\right)e^{(-a-\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^4} + 2\left(8(dx+c)^{7/2}b^3de^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})} + 28(dx+c)^{5/2}b^2d^2e^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})} + 70(dx+c)^{3/2}b^3d^3e^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})} + 105\sqrt{dx+c}d^4e^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})}\right)e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^4} \right)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/112*(32*(d*x + c)^(7/2)*cosh(b*x + a) - (105*sqrt(pi)*d^4*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b^4*sqrt(-b/d)) - 105*sqrt(pi)*d^4*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b^4*sqrt(b/d)) + 2*(8*(d*x + c)^(7/2)*b^3*d*e^(b*c/d) + 28*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d^2*e^(b*c/d) + 70*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b^3*d^3*e^(b*c/d) + 105*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^4*e^(b*c/d))*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d)/b^4 + 2*(8*(d*x + c)^(7/2)*b^3*d*e^a - 28*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d^2*e^a + 70*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b^3*d^3*e^a - 105*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^4*e^a)*e^((d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b^4)*b/d)/d`

3.41.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^4 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{bdb^3}} - \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^4 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-bdb^3}} - \frac{2\left(4(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2d - 10(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}bd^2 + 15\sqrt{dx+cd^3}\right)e^{\left(\frac{(dx+c)}{d}\right)}}{b^3}$$

$16d$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/16*(15*sqrt(pi)*d^4*erf(-sqrt(b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d)/(sqrt(b*d)*b^3) - 15*sqrt(pi)*d^4*erf(-sqrt(-b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d)/(sqrt(-b*d)*b^3) - 2*(4*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d - 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2 + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3)*e^(((d*x + c)*b - b*c + a*d)/d)/b^3 + 2*(4*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d + 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2 + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3)*e^(-((d*x + c)*b - b*c + a*d)/d)/b^3/d`**3.41.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx) (c + dx)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.42 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

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3.42.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{3d^{3/2}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}} + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output $(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\sinh(b*x+a)/b+3/8*d^{(3/2)}*\exp(-a+b*c/d)*\operatorname{erf}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(5/2)}+3/8*d^{(3/2)}*\exp(a-b*c/d)*\operatorname{erfi}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(5/2)}-3/2*d*\cosh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b^2$

3.42.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{de^{-a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{c + dx}\left(-\frac{e^{2a}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2},-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}}-\frac{e^{\frac{2bc}{d}}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2},\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}}\right)}{2b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output $(d*E^{-a-(b*c)/d}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(-((E^{(2*a)}*\operatorname{Gamma}[5/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]) - (E^{((2*b*c)/d)}*\operatorname{Gamma}[5/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(2*b^2)$

3.42.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx) dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx) dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i\sqrt{c + dx} \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c + dx} \sin(ia + ibx) dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(ax+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(ax+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

```
output (((3*I)/2)*d*((I*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((I/2)*d*((E^(-a + (b*c)
/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (
E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]
*Sqrt[d]))) / b + ((c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sinh[a + b*x]) / b
```

3.42.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 2611 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :
> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d
*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]
```

```
rule 2633 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{
F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]
```

```
rule 2634 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3777 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*C
os[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3788 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

3.42.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh (bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

3.42.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}(d^2 \cosh(bx + a) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d^2 \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + (d^2 \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d^2 \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d})) \sinh(bx + a)) \sqrt{b/d} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d*x + c} \sqrt{b/d}) - 3\sqrt{\pi}(d^2 \cosh(b*x + a) \cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2 \cosh(b*x + a) \sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2 \cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2 \sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)) \sinh(b*x + a)) \sqrt{-b/d} \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d*x + c} \sqrt{-b/d}) - 2*(2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - (2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 3*b*d) \cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 3*b*d) \cosh(b*x + a) \sinh(b*x + a) - (2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 3*b*d) \sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*b*d) \sqrt{d*x + c}) / (b^3 \cosh(b*x + a) + b^3 \sinh(b*x + a))$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/8*(3*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 3*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) - 2*(2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - (2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 3*b*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 3*b*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - (2*b^2*d*x + 2*b^2*c - 3*b*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^3*cosh(b*x + a) + b^3*sinh(b*x + a))`

3.42.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.42.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{16(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh(bx + a) + \left(\frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b^3\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} - 2\left(4(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2de^{\left(\frac{bc}{d}\right)}\right)} \right)}{d}$$

40

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/40*(16*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x + a) + (15*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(-b/d)) + 15*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(b/d)) - 2*(4*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(b*c/d) + 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(b*c/d) + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^(b*c/d))*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d)/b^3 - 2*(4*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^a - 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^a + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^a)*e^((d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b^3)/d`

3.42.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)} + 3\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)} - 2\left(2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}bd - 3\sqrt{dx+cd^2}\right)e^{\left(\frac{(dx+c)b-bc+ad}{d}\right)} + \frac{2\left(2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}bd + 3\sqrt{dx+cd^2}\right)e^{\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b-bc+ad}{d}\right)}}{8d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*(3*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(-sqrt(b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d)/(sqrt(b*d)*b^2) + 3*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(-sqrt(-b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d)/(sqrt(-b*d)*b^2) - 2*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d - 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2)*e^(((d*x + c)*b - b*c + a*d)/d)/b^2 + 2*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d + 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2)*e^(-((d*x + c)*b - b*c + a*d)/d)/b^2/d`

3.42.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx) (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.43 $\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

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3.43.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `1/4*exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)-1/4*exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)+sinh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b`

3.43.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{c + dx} \left(\frac{e^{2a} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} - \frac{e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} \right)}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `(E^(-a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*((E^(2*a)*Gamma[3/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)])/Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)] - (E^((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[3/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d])/Sqrt[t[(b*(c + d*x))/d]]))/(2*b)`

3.43.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{2b}$$

↓ 2634

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `((I/2)*d*((-1/2*I)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/b + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/b`

3.43.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

3.43.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \cosh(bx + a) \sqrt{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

3.43.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 302 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\pi} (d \cosh(bx + a) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + (d \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - d \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}))}{}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 2*(b*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + b*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - b)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^2*cosh(b*x + a) + b^2*sinh(b*x + a))`

3.43.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.43.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{8(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh(bx + a) - \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{2\left(2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}bde^{\left(\frac{bc}{d}\right)} + 3\sqrt{dx+cd}e^{\left(\frac{bc}{d}\right)}\right)}{b^2} \right)}{12d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(8*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x + a) - (3*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(-b/d)) - 3*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(b/d)) + 2*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(b*c/d) + 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(b*c/d))*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d)/b^2 + 2*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^a - 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^a)*e^((d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b^2)*b/d/d`

3.43.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) dx = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{bdb}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-bdb}} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}e^{\left(\frac{(dx+c)b-bc+ad}{d}\right)}}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}e^{\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b-bc+ad}{d}\right)}}{b}}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*(sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(-sqrt(b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^((b*c - a*d)/d)/(sqrt(b*d)*b) - sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(-sqrt(-b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(-(b*c - a*d)/d)/(sqrt(-b*d)*b) - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(((d*x + c)*b - b*c + a*d)/d)/b + 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(-((d*x + c)*b - b*c + a*d)/d)/b/d`**3.43.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) dx = \int \cosh(a+bx) \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.44 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

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3.44.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	375
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3.44.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	378
3.44.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	378

3.44.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}$$

output $1/2*\exp(-a+b*c/d)*\operatorname{erf}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}+1/2*\exp(a-b*c/d)*\operatorname{erfi}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}$

3.44.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{e^{-a-\frac{bc}{d}} \left(e^{2a} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right)}{2b\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]`

output $(E^{-a - (b*c)/d}*(E^{(2*a)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*\operatorname{Gamma}[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)] - E^{((2*b*c)/d)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(b*(c + d*x))/d]}*\operatorname{Gamma}[1/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(2*b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x])$

3.44.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{ie^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])`

3.44. $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

3.44.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3788 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

3.44.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

3.44.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{b}{d}} (\cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d})) \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c} \sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}} (\cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d})) \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c} \sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(pi)*sqrt(b/d)*(cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - sqrt(pi)*sqrt(-b/d)*(cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))/b`

3.44.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

3.44.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. $2(74) = 148$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{dx+c} \cosh(bx+a) + \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c} \sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c} \sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c} e^{\left(a+\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c} e^{\left(-a+\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{2}*(4*\sqrt{d*x + c}*\cosh(b*x + a) + (\sqrt{\pi}*d*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d*x + c})*\sqrt{-b/d})*e^{(a - b*c/d)/(b*\sqrt{-b/d})} + \sqrt{\pi}*d*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{d*x + c})*\sqrt{b/d})*e^{(-a + b*c/d)/(b*\sqrt{b/d})} - 2*\sqrt{d*x + c}*d*e^{(a + (d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b} - 2*\sqrt{d*x + c}*d*e^{(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d + b*c/d)/b}*b/d)/d$

3.44.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right)e^{\left(-\frac{bc-2ad}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-bd}} \right) e^{(-a)}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/2*(\sqrt{\pi}*d*\operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{b*d}*\sqrt{d*x + c}/d)*e^{(b*c/d)/\sqrt{b*d}} + \sqrt{\pi}*d*\operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{-b*d}*\sqrt{d*x + c}/d)*e^{-(b*c - 2*a*d)/d/\sqrt{-b*d}})*e^{(-a)/d}$

3.44.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.45 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.45.1	Optimal result	379
3.45.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	379
3.45.3	Rubi [C] (verified)	380
3.45.4	Maple [F]	382
3.45.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	382
3.45.6	Sympy [F]	383
3.45.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	383
3.45.8	Giac [F]	384
3.45.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	384

3.45.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

output `-exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)
+exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)
-2*cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

3.45.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-a} \left(-e^{-bx} (1 + e^{2(a+bx)}) + e^{\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \right) + e^{2a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-((1 + E^(2*(a + b*x)))/E^(b*x)) + E^((b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma
a[1/2, b*(c/d + x)] + E^(2*a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2
, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)))/(d*E^a*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

3.45.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2\cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2\cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2\cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & -\frac{2\cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & -\frac{2\cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib\left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d}\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.45. $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2633 \\
 \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\
 \downarrow 2634 \\
 \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x])/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((2*I)*b*(((1/2*I)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((1/2)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/d`

3.45.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

3.45.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

3.45.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 338 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}((dx + c) \cosh(bx + a) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - (dx + c) \cosh(bx + a) \sinh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) + ((dx + c) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output -(sqrt(pi)*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*cosh(
b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c
)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/
d)) + sqrt(pi)*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*c
osh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x
+ c)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sq
rt(-b/d)) + sqrt(d*x + c)*(cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)
+ sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 1))/((d^2*x + c*d)*cosh(b*x + a) + (d^2*x + c*d)*sinh
(b*x + a))
```

3.45.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)
```

3.45.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} \right) b}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{\sqrt{dx+c}}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output ((sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/sqrt(-b/d) - sqrt(p
i)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/sqrt(b/d))*b/d - 2*cosh(b*x
+ a)/sqrt(d*x + c))/d
```


3.45.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

3.45.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.46 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

3.46.1	Optimal result	385
3.46.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	385
3.46.3	Rubi [C] (verified)	386
3.46.4	Maple [F]	389
3.46.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	389
3.46.6	Sympy [F]	390
3.46.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	390
3.46.8	Giac [F]	390
3.46.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	391

3.46.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^{3/2}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^{3/2}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} - \frac{4b\sinh(a+bx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

output

```
-2/3*cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/3*b^(3/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d^(5/2)+2/3*b^(3/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d^(5/2)-4/3*b*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.46.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-a}\left(-e^{-bx}\left(d(1+e^{2(a+bx)})+2b(-1+e^{2(a+bx)})\right)(c+dx)+2de^{b(\frac{c}{d}+x)}\left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{3/2}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output $(-((d*(1 + E^{(2*(a + b*x)))} + 2*b*(-1 + E^{(2*(a + b*x)))})*(c + d*x) + 2*d*E^{(b*(c/d + x))}*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^{(3/2)}*Gamma[1/2, b*(c/d + x)]/E^{(b*x)} - 2*d*E^{(2*a - (b*c)/d)}*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^{(3/2)}*Gamma[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)])/(3*d^2*E^a*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)})$

3.46.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia + ibx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia + ibx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{-ie^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.46. $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x])/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (((2*I)/3)*b*(((2*I)*b*(E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/d - ((2*I)*Sinh[a + b*x]/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]))/d`

3.46.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3788 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

3.46.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)`

3.46.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 534 vs. 2(111) = 222.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 534, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\pi}((bd^2x^2 + 2bcdx + bc^2) \cosh(bx + a) \cosh(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}) - (bd^2x^2 + 2bcdx + bc^2) \cosh(\frac{bc-ad}{d}))}{(c + dx)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*sqrt(pi))*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 2*sqrt(pi))*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + (2*b*d*x - (2*b*d*x + 2*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(2*b*d*x + 2*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) - (2*b*d*x + 2*b*c + d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b*c - d)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a) + (d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)*sinh(b*x + a))`

3.46.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.46.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}} e^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}} - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}} e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}} \right) b}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*((sqrt((d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*gamma(-1/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) - sqrt(-(d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(a - b*c/d)*gamma(-1/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c))*b/d - 2*cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^(3/2))/d`

3.46.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

3.46.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.47 $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.47.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2\cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{8b^2\cosh(a+bx)}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{4b^{5/2}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{15d^{7/2}} + \frac{4b^{5/2}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{15d^{7/2}} - \frac{4b\sinh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

```
output -2/5*cosh(b*x+a)/d/(d*x+c)^(5/2)-4/15*b*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2)-4/15
*b^(5/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d^(7/2)
+4/15*b^(5/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d^(7/2)-8/15*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.47.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-a}\left(2e^{2a}\left(-3d^2e^{bx} - 2be^{-\frac{bc}{d}}(c+dx)\right)\left(e^{b\left(\frac{c}{d}+x\right)}(d+2b(c+dx)) + 2d\left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{3/2}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}\right)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]
```

output $(2E^{(2a)}(-3d^2E^{(bx)} - (2b(c + dx))(E^{(b(c/d + x))}(d + 2b(c + dx)) + 2d*((b(c + dx))/d))^{(3/2)}\Gamma[1/2, -(b(c + dx))/d]))/E^{(bc/d)} + (-6d^2 + 4bd(c + dx) - 8b^2(c + dx)^2 + 8d^2E^{(b(c/d + x))}((b(c + dx))/d)^{(5/2)}\Gamma[1/2, (b(c + dx))/d])/E^{(bx)}/(30d^3E^{(a)}(c + dx)^{(5/2}))$

3.47.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.938$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia + ibx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia + ibx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.47. $\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{2ib \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.47. $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d}}{3d} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d}} \right)}{d}}{3d} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}}{d}}{3d} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.47. $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2ib}{5d} \left(\frac{2ib \left(\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) - i\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right) - \frac{2i \sinh(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

```
input Int[Cosh[a + b*x]/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]
```

```
output (-2*Cosh[a + b*x])/(5*d*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) - (((2*I)/5)*b*(((2*I)/3)*b*((-2
*Cosh[a + b*x])/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((2*I)*b*(((1/2*I)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*S
qrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E
^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sq
rt[d])))/d) - (((2*I)/3)*Sinh[a + b*x])/(d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)))/d
```

3.47.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 2611 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :
> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d
*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]
```

```
rule 2633 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{
F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]
```

```
rule 2634 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]
```

3.47. $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

3.47.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

3.47.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 853 vs. $2(132) = 264$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 853, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$4\sqrt{\pi}((b^2 d^3 x^3 + 3 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + 3 b^2 c^2 dx + b^2 c^3) \cosh(bx + a) \cosh\left(-\frac{bc-ad}{d}\right) - (b^2 d^3 x^3 + 3 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + 3 b^2 c^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/15*(4*sqrt(pi))*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 4*sqrt(pi))*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + (4*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^2 - 2*b*c*d + (4*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 3*d^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(4*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 3*d^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (4*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^2 + 2*b*c*d + 3*d^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*d^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c*d - b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((d^6*x^3 + 3*c*d^5*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*x + c^3*d^3)*cosh(b*x + a) + (d^6*x^3 + 3*c*d^5*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*x + c^3*d^3)*sinh(b*x + a))

```

3.47.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)**(7/2), x)`

3.47.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\left(dx+c\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\left(dx+c\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) b}{5d} - \frac{2 \cosh(bx+a)}{\left(dx+c\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

3.47. $\int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*(((d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*gamma(-3/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) - (-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(a - b*c/d)*gamma(-3/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2))*b/d - 2*cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^(5/2))/d`

3.47.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

3.47.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.48 $\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

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3.48.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 239

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx &= \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2}}{16b^2} \\ &+ \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{7d} - \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} \\ &+ \frac{15d^{5/2} e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{256b^{7/2}} - \frac{15d^{5/2} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{256b^{7/2}} \\ &+ \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{15d^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{64b^3} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 5/16*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/b^2+1/7*(d*x+c)^(7/2)/d-5/8*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2/b^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+15/512*d^(5/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)-15/512*d^(5/2)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)+15/64*d^2*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^3
```

3.48.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{\frac{64(c+dx)^4}{d} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}d^3e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b^4} - \frac{7\sqrt{2}d^3e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b^4}}{448\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((64*(c + d*x)^4)/d - (7*Sqrt[2]*d^3*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[7/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/b^4 - (7*Sqrt[2]*d^3*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[7/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/b^4)/(448*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

3.48.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\ & \frac{15d^2 \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx}{16b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^{5/2} dx - \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \\ & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{15d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx}{\frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{\frac{8b^2}{(c+dx)^{7/2}}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{15d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{\frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{\frac{8b^2}{(c+dx)^{7/2}}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{15d^2 \int \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(2a+2bx) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c+dx}\right) dx}{\frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{\frac{8b^2}{(c+dx)^{7/2}}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{de} \frac{2bc-2a}{16b^{3/2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{de} \frac{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}{16b^{3/2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(2a+2bx)}{4b} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3d} \right)}{\frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}} + \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{7d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(7*d) - (5*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(8*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b) + (15*d^2*((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(3*d) + (Sqrt[d]*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[d]*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[2*a + 2*b*x])/(4*b)))/(16*b^2)`

3.48.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`
- rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.48.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.48.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1001 vs. $2(183) = 366$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1001, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/3584*(105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d^4*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
d^4*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^4*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)
- d^4*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^4*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(
-2*(b*c - a*d)/d - d^4*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a
))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(
d^4*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^4*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(
b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^4*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^4*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*
sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^4*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^4*cosh(b
*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt
(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) - 4*(112*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 112*b^3*c^2*d + 140*b^2*c*d^2
- 7*(16*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d - 20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3 + 4*(8*b^3*c
*d^2 - 5*b^2*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 - 28*(16*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d -
20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3 + 4*(8*b^3*c*d^2 - 5*b^2*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)*si
nh(b*x + a)^3 - 7*(16*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d - 20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3
+ 4*(8*b^3*c*d^2 - 5*b^2*d^3)*x)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + 105*b*d^3 - 128*(b^4*d
^3*x^3 + 3*b^4*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^4*c^2*d*x + b^4*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(6
4*b^4*d^3*x^3 + 192*b^4*c*d^2*x^2 + 192*b^4*c^2*d*x + 64*b^4*c^3 + 21*(16*
b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d - 20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3 + 4*(8*b^3*c*d^2 - 5*
b^2*d^3)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^2)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 28*(8*b^3*c*d^2 + 5*b^2*d^3
)*x - 4*(7*(16*b^3*d^3*x^2 + 16*b^3*c^2*d - 20*b^2*c*d^2 + 15*b*d^3 + 4...
```

3.48.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

```
output Integral((c + d*x)**(5/2)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

3.48.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{512(dx + c)^{7/2} - \frac{105\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})}}{b^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{105\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})}}{b^3\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} - 28(16(dx + c)^{5/2}b^2de^{(2bc/d)} + 20(dx + c)^{3/2}b^2d^2e^{(2bc/d)} + 15\sqrt{dx + c}d^3e^{(2bc/d)})e^{(-2a - 2(dx + c)b/d)}/b^3 + 28(16(dx + c)^{5/2}b^2de^{(2a)} - 20(dx + c)^{3/2}b^2d^2e^{(2a)} + 15\sqrt{dx + c}d^3e^{(2a)})e^{(2(dx + c)b/d - 2bc/d)}/b^3}{d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3584*(512*(d*x + c)^(7/2) - 105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(-b/d)) + 105*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(b/d)) - 28*(16*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(2*b*c/d) + 20*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(2*b*c/d) + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^(2*b*c/d))*e^(-2*a - 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/b^3 + 28*(16*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(2*a) - 20*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(2*a) + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^(2*a))*e^(2*(d*x + c)*b/d - 2*b*c/d)/b^3)/d`**3.48.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^{5/2} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`**3.48.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^2 (c + dx)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.49 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

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3.49.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx}}{16b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5d} - \frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{3d^{3/2}e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{64b^{5/2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2}e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{64b^{5/2}} + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{2b}$$

output $1/5*(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}/d+1/2*(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\cosh(b*x+a)*\sinh(b*x+a)/b+3/128*d^{(3/2)}*\exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*\operatorname{erf}(2^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*Pi^{(1/2)}/b^{(5/2)}+3/128*d^{(3/2)}*\exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*\operatorname{erfi}(2^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*Pi^{(1/2)}/b^{(5/2)}+3/16*d*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b^2-\cosh(b*x+a)^2*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b^2$

3.49.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \left(32(c + dx)^2 - \frac{5\sqrt{2}d^2 e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} - \frac{5\sqrt{2}d^2 e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} \right)}{160d}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x]*(32*(c + d*x)^2 - (5*Sqrt[2]*d^2*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[5/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b^2*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]) - (5*Sqrt[2]*d^2*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[5/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b^2*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(160*d)`

3.49.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 17, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{16b^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int (c + dx)^{3/2} dx - \frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{16b^2} - \frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{16b^2} - \frac{3d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{2b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3d^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx - \frac{3d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)} + \frac{8b^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2}}}{2b} + \frac{16b^2}{5d}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right) - \frac{3d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{16b^2}{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5d}}{2b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(5*d) - (3*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(8*b^2) + (3*d^2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/(16*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(2*b)`

3.49.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[e_.] + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.49.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.49.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 755 vs. $2(159) = 318$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{15 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \left(d^3 \cosh (bx + a)^2 \cosh \left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \right) - d^3 \cosh (bx + a)^2 \sinh \left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \right) + \left(d^3 \cosh \left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \right) + d^3 \sinh \left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \right) \right) \cosh (bx + a)}{15 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} d^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/640*(15*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*(d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a))*\sqrt{b/d}*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sqrt{b/d}) - 15*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*(d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*\sinh(b*x + a))*\sqrt{-b/d}*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sqrt{-b/d}) - 4*(20*b^2*d^2*x - 5*(4*b^2*d^2*x + 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2))*\cosh(b*x + a)^4 - 20*(4*b^2*d^2*x + 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2)*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(b*x + a)^3 - 5*(4*b^2*d^2*x + 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2)*\sinh(b*x + a)^4 + 20*b^2*c*d + 15*b*d^2 - 32*(b^3*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*c*d*x + b^3*c^2)*\cosh(b*x + a)^2 - 2*(16*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 32*b^3*c*d*x + 16*b^3*c^2 + 15*(4*b^2*d^2*x + 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2))*\cosh(b*x + a)^2*\sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 4*(5*(4*b^2*d^2*x + 4*b^2*c*d - 3*b*d^2))*\cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 16*(b^3*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*c*d*x + b^3*c^2)*\cosh(b*x + a))*\sinh(b*x + a))*\sqrt{d*x + c})/(b^3*d*\cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b^3*d*\cosh(b*x + a)*\sinh(b*x + a) + b^3*d*\sinh(b*x + a)^2)$

3.49.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`

3.49.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{128(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(2a-\frac{2bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(-2a+\frac{2bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{20}{b^2} \left(4(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^2(a + bx) - \frac{2}{b} \frac{d}{dx} \left((c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^2(a + bx) \right) \right)$$

640 d

3.49. $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/640*(128*(d*x + c)^(5/2) + 15*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(-b/d)) + 15*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(b/d)) - 20*(4*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(2*b*c/d) + 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(2*b*c/d))*e^(-2*a - 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/b^2 + 20*(4*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(2*a) - 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(2*a))*e^(2*(d*x + c)*b/d - 2*b*c/d)/b^2)/d`

3.49.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

3.49.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh^2(a + bx)^2 (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.50 $\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.50.1	Optimal result	413
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3.50.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3d} + \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(2a + 2bx)}{4b}$$

output `1/3*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/d+1/32*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)-1/32*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)+1/4*sinh(2*b*x+2*a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b`

3.50.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{48} \sqrt{c + dx} \left(\frac{16(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x]*((16*(c + d*x))/d + (3*Sqrt[2]*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[3/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]) - (3*Sqrt[2]*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[3/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]))/48`

3.50.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(2a+2bx) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c+dx}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{d}e^{\frac{2bc}{d}-2a}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{d}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\frac{16b^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(2a+2bx)}{4b} +
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(3*d) + (Sqrt[d]*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[d]*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[2*a + 2*b*x])/(4*b)`

3.50.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.50.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \cosh (bx + a)^2 \sqrt{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

3.50.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 590 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 590, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(d^2 \cosh (bx + a)^2 \cosh \left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \right) - d^2 \cosh (bx + a)^2 \sinh \left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \right) + \left(d^2 \cosh \left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \right) \right) \right)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`


```
output 1/96*(3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2
*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^
2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(
b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*s
qrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*co
sh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c -
a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b
*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a
)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x +
c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 4*(3*b*d*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 12*b*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x
+ a)^3 + 3*b*d*sinh(b*x + a)^4 + 8*(b^2*d*x + b^2*c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*
(4*b^2*d*x + 9*b*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 4*b^2*c)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 3*b*d + 4*
(3*b*d*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + 4*(b^2*d*x + b^2*c)*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a)
)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*b^2*d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x +
a) + b^2*d*sinh(b*x + a)^2)
```

3.50.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2*(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

3.50.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(2a-\frac{2bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} - 32(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{12\sqrt{dx+c}de^{\left(2a+\frac{2(dx+c)}{d}\right)}}{b}$$

96 d

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

3.50. $\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

output $-1/96*(3*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*d*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sqrt{-b/d})*e^{(2*a - 2*b*c/d)/(b*\sqrt{-b/d})} - 3*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*d*\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d*x + c}*\sqrt{b/d})*e^{(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)/(b*\sqrt{b/d})} - 32*(d*x + c)^{(3/2)} - 12*\sqrt{d*x + c}*d*e^{(2*a + 2*(d*x + c)*b/d - 2*b*c/d)/b} + 12*\sqrt{d*x + c}*d*e^{(-2*a - 2*(d*x + c)*b/d + 2*b*c/d)/b}/d$

3.50.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

3.50.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh^2(a + bx) \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.51 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

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3.51.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}$$

output $\frac{1}{8} \exp(-2a+2bc/d) \operatorname{erf}(2^{1/2} b^{1/2} (dx+c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2}) 2^{1/2} P$
 $i^{1/2} / b^{1/2} / d^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} \exp(2a-2bc/d) \operatorname{erfi}(2^{1/2} b^{1/2} (dx+c)^{1/2} / d^{1/2}) 2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / b^{1/2} / d^{1/2} + (dx+c)^{1/2} / d$

3.51.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{4\sqrt{2b}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{4\sqrt{2b}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `Sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d]/(4*Sqrt[2]*b*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d]/(4*Sqrt[2]*b*Sqrt[c + d*x]))`

3.51.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a + 2bx)}{2\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]`

output `Sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))`

3.51.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.51.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

3.51.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(d \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) - d \sinh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{b}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left(d \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) + d \sinh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) \right) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) + 8\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+b/d}}{8bd}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/8*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 8*sqrt(d*x + c)*b/(b*d)`

3.51.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

3.51.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(2a - \frac{2bc}{d})}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d})}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + 8\sqrt{dx+c}}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)/sqrt(-b/d) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)/sqrt(b/d) + 8*sqrt(d*x + c))/d`

3.51.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right) e^{\left(\frac{2bc}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-bd}\sqrt{dx+c}}{d}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-2ad)}{d}\right)}}{\sqrt{-bd}} - 8\sqrt{dx+c}ce^{(2a)} \right) e^{(-2a)}}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(2*b*c/d)/sqrt(b*d) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(-b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c)/d)*e^(-2*(b*c - 2*a*d)/d)/sqrt(-b*d) - 8*sqrt(d*x + c)*e^(2*a))*e^(-2*a)/d`

3.51.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.52 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.52.8	Giac [F]	428
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3.52.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*
2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)+1/2*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)
^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)-2*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)
^(1/2)
```

3.52.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-2(a+b(\frac{c}{d}+x))} \left(\sqrt{2}e^{4a+2bx} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \left(-(1+e^{2(a+bx)})^2 + \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \right) \right)}{2d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]
```


output $(\text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{(4*a + 2*b*x)}*\text{Sqrt}[-(b*(c + d*x))/d]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d] + E^{((2*b*c)/d)}*(-(1 + E^{(2*(a + b*x))))^2 + \text{Sqrt}[2]*E^{((2*b*(c + d*x))/d)}*\text{Sqrt}[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*d*E^{(2*(a + b*(c/d + x)))*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])}$

3.52.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3794, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{4ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(2a+2bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin(2ia+2ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(2ia+2ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{2(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-2(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \int e^{2(a-\frac{bc}{d}) + \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-2(a-\frac{bc}{d}) - \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-2(a-\frac{bc}{d}) - \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(d*sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((2*I)*b*(((1/2*I)*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[d]))/d`

3.52.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x_, x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x_, x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x_, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))/sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Fa*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{
F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Fa*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
/2 Int[(c + d*x)m/EI*(e + f*x)], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)m*E
I*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)](n_), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[(c + d*x)(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1
))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x](n
- 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] &
& LtQ[m, -1]`

3.52.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)^2}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`

3.52.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 569 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.01

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \left((dx + c) \cosh(bx + a)^2 \cosh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) - (dx + c) \cosh(bx + a)^2 \sinh\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) + ((dx + c) \cosh(bx + a)^2 \cosh\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right) - (dx + c) \cosh(bx + a)^2 \sinh\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)) \right)}{(dx + c)^{3/2}}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*cosh(-2*(b*
c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((d*x
+ c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-
2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(
b/d)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)
+ (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*cosh(-2*(
b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((d*
x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh
(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sq
rt(-b/d)) + (cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + sinh(b*x
+ a)^4 + 2*(3*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 4
*(cosh(b*x + a)^3 + cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a) + 1)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((d^2
*x + c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^2*x + c*d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) +
(d^2*x + c*d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2)
```

3.52.6 SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)
```

3.52. $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.52.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}} e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}} e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}}}{4d} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{dx+c}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(sqrt(2)*sqrt((d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-1/2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-(d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-1/2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + 4/sqrt(d*x + c)/d`**3.52.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.52.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.53 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

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3.53.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^{3/2}e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^{3/2}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} - \frac{8b \cosh(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

```
output -2/3*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/3*b^(3/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(5/2)+2/3*b^(3/2)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(5/2)-8/3*b*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.53.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e^{-2\left(a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}\left(\sqrt{2}de^{4a}\left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2},-\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\sqrt{2}de^{\frac{4bc}{d}}\left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)+e^{2\left(a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}(d \cosh(bx+a))^2\right)}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(5/2),x]`

output $(-2*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*d*E^{(4*a)*(-(b*(c + d*x))/d))^{(3/2)}*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*d*E^{((4*b*c)/d)*(b*(c + d*x))/d)^{(3/2)}*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d] + E^{(2*(a + (b*c)/d)}*(d*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x]^2 + 2*b*(c + d*x)*\text{Sinh}[2*(a + b*x)])))/(3*d^2*E^{(2*(a + (b*c)/d)}*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)})$

3.53.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\ & \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \\ & \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c + dx}}{3d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c + dx}}{3d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \frac{16b^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c + dx}}{3d^3} \end{aligned}$$

3.53. $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{3d^2} - \\
 & \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-16*b^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(3*d^3) - (2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) + (16*b^2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/(3*d^2) - (8*b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*d^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

3.53.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`


```
rule 3795 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[
  b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)
  *(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c +
  d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*
  (m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b,
  c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

3.53.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)
```

```
output int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)
```

3.53.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 861 vs. $2(134) = 268$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 861, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.95

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `1/6*(4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) - ((4*b*d*x + 4*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*(4*b*d*x + 4*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + (4*b*d*x + 4*b*c + d)*sinh(b*x + a)^4 - 4*b*d*x + 2*d*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(3*(4*b*d*x + 4*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + d)*sinh(b*x + a)^2 - 4*b*c + 4*((4*b*d*x + 4*b*c + d)*cosh(b*x + a)^3 + d*cosh(b*x + a))*sinh(b*x + a) + d)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(d^4*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*x + c^2*d^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(b*x + a) + (d^4*x...`

3.53.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.53.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

6 d

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(3*sqrt(2)*((d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-3/2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + 3*sqrt(2)*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-3/2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + 2/(d*x + c)^(3/2))/d`**3.53.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`**3.53.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.54 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.54.8	Giac [F]	442
3.54.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	442

3.54.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{32b^2\cosh^2(a+bx)}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{8b^{5/2}e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{15d^{7/2}} + \frac{8b^{5/2}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{15d^{7/2}} - \frac{8b\cosh(a+bx)\sinh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

```
output -2/5*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^(5/2)-8/15*b*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2)-8/15*b^(5/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(7/2)+8/15*b^(5/2)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(7/2)+16/15*b^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-32/15*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.54.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-6d^2 + e^{2a} \left(-3d^2 e^{2bx} - 4be^{-\frac{2bc}{d}}(c + dx) \left(e^{\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}}(d + 4b(c + dx)) + 4\sqrt{2}d \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right. \right. \right. \right.$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]`

output `(-6*d^2 + E^(2*a))*(-3*d^2*E^(2*b*x) - (4*b*(c + d*x))*(E^((2*b*(c + d*x))/d))*
(d + 4*b*(c + d*x)) + 4*Sqrt[2]*d*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2,
(-2*b*(c + d*x)/d)]/E^((2*b*c)/d)) + (-3*d^2 + 4*b*(c + d*x)*(d - 4*b*(c
+ d*x) + 4*Sqrt[2]*d*E^((2*b*(c + d*x))/d))*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[
1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/E^(2*(a + b*x)))/(30*d^3*(c + d*x)^(5/2))`

3.54.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3794, 27, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\ & \frac{16b^2}{15d^2} \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{8b^2}{15d^2} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{15d^2(c + dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{17} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{4ib \int \frac{-i \sinh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{16b^2}{15d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(2a+2bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{16b^2}{15d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2b \int \frac{-i \sin(2ia+2ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{16b^2}{15d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin(2ia+2ibx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{16b^2}{15d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{2(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-2(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 2611 \\
16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \int e^{2(a-\frac{bc}{d}) + \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-2(a-\frac{bc}{d}) - \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} \right)}{d} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
\downarrow 2633 \\
16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-2(a-\frac{bc}{d}) - \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} \right)}{d} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
\downarrow 2634 \\
16b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d}-2a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{15d^3\sqrt{c+dx}}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]`

output `(16*b^2)/(15*d^3*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - (2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(5*d*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) + (16*b^2*((-2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((2*I)*b*(((1/2*I)*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/d)/(15*d^2) - (8*b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(15*d^2*(c + d*x)^(3/2))`

3.54.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`


```
rule 3795 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[
  b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)
  *(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c +
  d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*
  (m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b,
  c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

3.54.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2), x)
```

```
output int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2), x)
```

3.54.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1350 vs. $2(172) = 344$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1350, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.14

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```
-1/30*(16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x
+ b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*
c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d
) + ((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-2*(b*
c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*si
nh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2
+ 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3
*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b
*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c))*sqrt(b/d)
) + 16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x +
b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d
^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) +
((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-2*(b*c -
a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*sinh(
-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3
*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^
3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c
- a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b/d))
+ (16*b^2*d^2*x^2 + (16*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 16*b^2*c^2 + 4*b*c*d + 3*d^2 + 4*(8
*b^2*c*d + b*d^2)*x)*cosh(b*x + a)^4 + 4*(16*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 16*b^2*c^2 + ...
```

3.54.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**2/(c + d*x)**(7/2), x)`

3.54.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right) + 5\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{dx+c}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{1}{5d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5*(5*sqrt(2)*((d*x + c)*b/d)^(5/2)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-5/2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(5/2) + 5*sqrt(2)*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(5/2)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-5/2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(5/2) + 1/(d*x + c)^(5/2))/d`**3.54.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`**3.54.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.55 $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$

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3.55.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} - \frac{32b^2\cosh^2(a+bx)}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{32b^{7/2}e^{-2a+\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{105d^{9/2}} + \frac{32b^{7/2}e^{2a-\frac{2bc}{d}}\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{105d^{9/2}}$$

$$- \frac{8b\cosh(a+bx)\sinh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{128b^3\cosh(a+bx)\sinh(a+bx)}{105d^4\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

output `16/105*b^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2)-2/7*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d/(d*x+c)^(7/2)-32/105*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2)-8/35*b*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(5/2)+32/105*b^(7/2)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*erf(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(9/2)+32/105*b^(7/2)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*erfi(2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(9/2)-128/105*b^3*cosh(b*x+a)*sinh(b*x+a)/d^4/(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

3.55.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(8b^2 d(c + dx)^2 - 15d^3 \cosh^2(a + bx) - 16b^2 d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(a + bx) + 16\sqrt{2}b^3 e^{2a} \right)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(9/2),x]`

output $(2*(8*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2 - 15*d^3*Cosh[a + b*x]^2 - 16*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cos$
 $sh[a + b*x]^2 + 16*sqrt[2]*b^3*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^3*sqrt[-((b*($
 $c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d] - 16*sqrt[2]*b^3*E^(-2*a + (2$
 $*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^3*sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d] -$
 $6*b*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)] - 32*b^3*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[2*(a + b*x)$
 $]))/(105*d^4*(c + d*x)^(7/2))$

3.55.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3795, 17, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3795}$$

$$\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{35d^2(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{17}$$

$$\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh(a + bx)}{35d^2(c + dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a + bx)}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c + dx)^{3/2}}$$

3.55. $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{2}\right)^2}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3795} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{35d^2} \\
& \quad - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{17} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^3} \right)}{35d^2} \\
& \quad - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^3} \right)}{35d^2} \\
& \quad - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3793} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(2a+2bx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^3} \right)}{35d^2} \\
& \quad - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{16b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} - 2a \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{3d^2} \right)}{35d^2} \\
& \quad - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{3d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad - \frac{8b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh(a+bx)}{35d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^2(a+bx)}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2}{105d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

3.55. $\int \frac{\cosh^2(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^2/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x]`

output `(16*b^2)/(105*d^3*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(7*d*(c + d*x)^(7/2)) - (8*b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(35*d^2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) + (16*b^2*((-16*b^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(3*d^3) - (2*Cosh[a + b*x]^2)/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) + (16*b^2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/d + (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erf[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Erfi[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/(3*d^2) - (8*b*Cosh[a + b*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*d^2*Sqrt[c + d*x]))/(35*d^2)`

3.55.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

3.55.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

3.55.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1825 vs. 2(199) = 398.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1825, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.27

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/210*(64*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)) *sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(2)*sqrt(dx + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 64*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*sinh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 2*((b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^3*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^3*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*d*x + b^3*c^4)*cosh(b...`

3.55.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**2/(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.55.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{14\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{7}{2}, \frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{14\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{2(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

7d

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/7*(14*sqrt(2)*((d*x + c)*b/d)^(7/2)*e^(2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-7/2, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(7/2) + 14*sqrt(2)*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(7/2)*e^(-2*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-7/2, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(7/2) + 1/(d*x + c)^(7/2))/d`

3.55.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^2(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^2/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^2/(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

3.55.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^2(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^2}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

3.56 $\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

3.56.1	Optimal result	450
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3.56.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 381

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = & -\frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a + bx)}{3b^2} \\ & - \frac{5d(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{45d^{5/2} e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}} \\ & + \frac{5d^{5/2} e^{-3a + \frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{576b^{7/2}} - \frac{45d^{5/2} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}} \\ & - \frac{5d^{5/2} e^{3a - \frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{576b^{7/2}} \\ & + \frac{45d^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{16b^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} \\ & + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{5d^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(3a + 3bx)}{144b^3} \end{aligned}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -5/3*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*\cosh(b*x+a)/b^2-5/18*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*\cosh(b*x+a)^3/b^2 \\ & +2/3*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*\sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/3*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*\cosh(b*x+a)^2*\sinh(b*x \\ & +a)/b+5/1728*d^(5/2)*\exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*\operatorname{erf}(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d \\ & ^{(1/2)})*3^(1/2)*\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2)/b^(7/2)-5/1728*d^(5/2)*\exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*\operatorname{erfi}(3^(1 \\ & /2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2)/b^(7/2)+45/64*d^(5/2)* \\ & \exp(-a+b*c/d)*\operatorname{erf}(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2)/b^(7/2)-45/64*d^(\\ & (5/2)*\exp(a-b*c/d)*\operatorname{erfi}(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2)/b^(7/2)+45 \\ & /16*d^2*\sinh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^3+5/144*d^2*\sinh(3*b*x+3*a)*(d*x+c)^(1 \\ & /2)/b^3 \end{aligned}$$

3.56.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-3\left(a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^{3/2} \left(\sqrt{3} b e^{6a} (c + dx) \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 243 b e^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} (c + dx) \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - 648 b^2 \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{5/2} \right)}{648 b^2 \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[3]*b*E^(6*a)*(c + d*x)*Gamma[7/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 243*b*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)*Gamma[7/2, -(b*(c + d*x))/d] - d*E^((4*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2)]*(243*E^(2*a)*Gamma[7/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d] + Sqrt[3]*E^((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[7/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(648*b^2*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*(-(b*(c + d*x))/d)^(5/2))`

3.56.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.056$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx \\ \downarrow \text{3042} \\ \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\ \downarrow \text{3792} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^{5/2} \cosh(a+bx) dx - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^{5/2} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \\
& \quad \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{5id \int -i(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) dx}{2b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{5d \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{5d \int -i(c+dx)^{3/2} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \right) - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \frac{i \sinh(a+bx) dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx) dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{d \int -\frac{i \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx) dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) - \\
 & \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

\downarrow \text{2611}

$$\left(\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} - \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}}{d} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} + \frac{\frac{2}{3} (c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

↓ 2633

$$\left(\frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} + \frac{5id \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}}}{d} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} + \frac{\frac{2}{3} (c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2634 \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{12b^2} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{5id}{2b} \left[\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id}{2b} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id}{2b} \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) \right] \right) \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{2}{3} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3793
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \left(\frac{3}{4}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(3a+3bx) \right) dx}{12b^2} - \frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{5id}{2b} \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id}{2b} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id}{2b} \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right) \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{2}{3} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{5d(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{18b^2} + \\
 5d^2 & \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{de} \frac{bc}{d} - a \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{de} \frac{3bc}{d} - 3a \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{de} a - \frac{bc}{d} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{de} 3a - \frac{3bc}{d} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{5id}{2b} \left(\frac{i(c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id}{2b} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{id}{2b} \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-5*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(18*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^(5/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (2*(((c + d*x)^(5/2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b + ((5*I)/2)*d*((I*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - (((3*I)/2)*d*((I/2)*d*((-1/2*I)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/b + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/b)/b)/3 + (5*d^2*((3*Sqrt[d]*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[d]*E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(48*b^(3/2)) - (3*Sqrt[d]*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[d]*E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(48*b^(3/2)) + (3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[3*a + 3*b*x])/(12*b)))/(12*b^2)`

3.56. $\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

3.56.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

```
rule 3792 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x])
  /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

```
rule 3793 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

3.56.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh(bx + a)^3 dx$$

```
input int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

```
output int((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

3.56.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2092 vs. 2(291) = 582.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2092, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.49

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```

output 1/1728*(5*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d
^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
d^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3
*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^
2 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*si
nh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*s
qrt(b/d)) + 5*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d)
+ d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d
) + d^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*cos
h(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x +
a)^2 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^
2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x +
c))*sqrt(-b/d)) + 1215*sqrt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)
- d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d
^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c
- a*d)/d) - d^3*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(
d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-(b*c
- a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 1215*sq
rt(pi)*(d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sin
h(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)...

```

3.56.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

```
output Integral((c + d*x)**(5/2)*cosh(a + b*x)**3, x)
```

3.56.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(3a-\frac{3bc}{d})}}{b^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-3a+\frac{3bc}{d})}}{b^3\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{1215\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^3\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{1215\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-a+\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^3\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/1728*(5*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(-b/d)) - 5*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(b/d)) + 1215*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(-b/d)) - 1215*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b^3*sqrt(b/d)) + 162*(4*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(b*c/d) + 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(b*c/d) + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^(b*c/d))*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d)/b^3 + 6*(12*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(3*b*c/d) + 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(3*b*c/d) + 5*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^(3*b*c/d))*e^(-3*a - 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/b^3 - 6*(12*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^(3*a) - 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^(3*a) + 5*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^(3*a))*e^(3*(d*x + c)*b/d - 3*b*c/d)/b^3 - 162*(4*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^2*d*e^a - 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e^a + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^3*e^a)*e^((d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b^3)/d
```

3.56.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cosh^3(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3, x)`

3.56.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{5/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.57 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

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3.57.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 326

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx)}{6b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{9d^{3/2} e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{32b^{5/2}} + \frac{d^{3/2} e^{-3a + \frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{96b^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{9d^{3/2} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{32b^{5/2}} + \frac{d^{3/2} e^{3a - \frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{96b^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a + bx)}{3b} + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^2(a + bx) \sinh(a + bx)}{3b}$$

output `2/3*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/3*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/b+1/288*d^(3/2)*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)+1/288*d^(3/2)*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)+9/32*d^(3/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)+9/32*d^(3/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)-d*cosh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2-1/6*d*cosh(b*x+a)^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2`

3.57.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-3\left(a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^{5/2} \left(\sqrt{3} e^{6a} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 81 e^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + e^{\frac{4bc}{d}} \right) + e^{\frac{4bc}{d}} (c + dx)^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{216d \left(-\frac{b^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(5/2)*(Sqrt[3]*E^(6*a)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[5/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 81*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[5/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)] + E^((4*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*(81*E^(2*a)*Gamma[5/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d] + Sqrt[3]*E^((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[5/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(216*d*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*(-(b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^(3/2)`

3.57.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.889$, Rules used = {3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

↓ 3792

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \cosh(a+bx) dx - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3id \int -i\sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx) dx}{2b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sinh(a+bx) dx}{2b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{3d \int -i\sqrt{c+dx} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin(ia+ibx) dx}{2b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \\
& \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} + \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{12b^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a+bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{\cosh(3a+3bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{12b^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{12b^2} + \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx)}{6b^2} + \\
 & \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx)}{b} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b} \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

```

output -1/6*(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/b^2 + (d^2*((3*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqr
t[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(-3*a
+ (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*
Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (3*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x]
)/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sq
rt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/(12*b^2) + ((
c + d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(3*b) + (2*(((3*I)/2)*d*((I
*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x])/b - ((I/2)*d*((E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf
[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(a - (b*c)/d)*
Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d])))/b))/
b + ((c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sinh[a + b*x])/b))/3

```

3.57.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]

```

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

```

rule 2611 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :
> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d
*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]

```

```

rule 2633 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{
F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]

```

```

rule 2634 Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt
[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; Fr
eeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]

```

```

rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]

```

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3788 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

rule 3792 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.57.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

3.57.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1545 vs. $2(246) = 492$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1545, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/288*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*
cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2
*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b
*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 +
3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(
-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt
(b/d)) - sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^
2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d
^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*
(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2
+ 3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sin
h(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*s
qrt(-b/d)) + 81*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*c
osh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*sinh
(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)
/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(d^2*cos
h(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/
d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 81*sqrt(pi)*(d
^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c -
a*d)/d) + (d^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b...
```

3.57.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

```
output Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)*cosh(a + b*x)**3, x)
```

3.57.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(3a-\frac{3bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(-3a+\frac{3bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{81\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right)e^{(a-\frac{bc}{d})}}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/288*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(3*a -
3*b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(-b/d)) + sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)
)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(b/d)) + 81*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt
(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(-b/d)) + 81*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf
(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b^2*sqrt(b/d)) - 54*(2*(d*x + c)
^(3/2)*b*d*e^(b*c/d) + 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(b*c/d))*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/
d)/b^2 - 6*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(3*b*c/d) + sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(3*b*c
/d))*e^(-3*a - 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/b^2 + 6*(2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^(3*a) - s
qrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^(3*a))*e^(3*(d*x + c)*b/d - 3*b*c/d)/b^2 + 54*(2*(d*x +
c)^(3/2)*b*d*e^a - 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2*e^a)*e^((d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b^2
)/d
```

3.57.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cosh^3(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3, x)`

3.57.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.58 $\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

3.58.1	Optimal result	475
3.58.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	476
3.58.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	476
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3.58.8	Giac [F]	479
3.58.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	480

3.58.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 275

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{d}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{d}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(a + bx)}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sinh(3a + 3bx)}{12b}$$

output `1/144*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)-1/144*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)+3/16*exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)-3/16*exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)+3/4*sinh(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b+1/12*sinh(3*b*x+3*a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b`

3.58.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-3(a+\frac{bc}{d})} \sqrt{c+dx} \left(\sqrt{3} e^{6a} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 27 e^{4a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - e^{\frac{4bc}{d}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \right)}{72b \sqrt{-\frac{b^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x]*(Sqrt[3]*E^(6*a)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[3/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 27*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[3/2, -(b*(c + d*x))/d] - E^((4*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*(27*E^(2*a)*Gamma[3/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d] + Sqrt[3]*E^((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[3/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d])))/(72*b*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*Sqrt[-((b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2)])`

3.58.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3793}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{4}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(a+bx) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{c+dx} \cosh(3a+3bx)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{d}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{d}e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{d}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}\sqrt{d}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{48b^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{c+dx}\sinh(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}\sinh(3a+3bx)}{12b}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(3*Sqrt[d]*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[d]*E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(48*b^(3/2)) - (3*Sqrt[d]*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(16*b^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[d]*E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(48*b^(3/2)) + (3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[a + b*x])/(4*b) + (Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sinh[3*a + 3*b*x])/(12*b)`

3.58.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.58.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \cosh(bx + a)^3 \sqrt{dx + cd} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

3.58.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1217 vs. $2(201) = 402$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1217, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/144*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh
(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*sinh(-3
*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/
d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(d*cosh(b
*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d
))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + sqrt(3)
*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*si
nh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d
))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b*
x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh
(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x +
a))*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 27*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh
(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)
+ (d*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d
*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d)
))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - d*cosh(b*x
+ a)^2*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*s
qrt(b/d)) + 27*sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*cosh(b
*x + a)^3*sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*sinh(-(b*c -
a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*(d*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + d*...
```

3.58.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3*(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*cosh(a + b*x)**3, x)
```

3.58.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(3a-\frac{3bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{27\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(a-\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} - \frac{27\sqrt{\pi d} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}}{b\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/144*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(-b/d)) - sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(b/d)) + 27*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(-b/d)) - 27*sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/(b*sqrt(b/d)) - 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(3*a + 3*(d*x + c)*b/d - 3*b*c/d)/b - 54*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(a + (d*x + c)*b/d - b*c/d)/b + 54*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(-a - (d*x + c)*b/d + b*c/d)/b + 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*d*e^(-3*a - 3*(d*x + c)*b/d + 3*b*c/d)/b)/d`

3.58.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \cosh^3(a+bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c} \cosh^3(bx+a) dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3, x)`

3.58.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^3 \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.59 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

3.59.1	Optimal result	481
3.59.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	481
3.59.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	482
3.59.4	Maple [F]	483
3.59.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	483
3.59.6	Sympy [F]	484
3.59.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	484
3.59.8	Giac [F]	485
3.59.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	485

3.59.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{3e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{3e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}$$

output `1/24*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+1/24*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+3/8*exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+3/8*exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/d^(1/2)`

3.59.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{e^{-3(a+\frac{bc}{d})} \left(\sqrt{3} e^{6a} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 9e^{4a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - e^{\frac{4bc}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \left(9e^{2a} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3e^{4a+\frac{2bc}{d}} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - e^{-3(a+\frac{bc}{d})} \sqrt{3} e^{6a} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right) \right)}{24b\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output $(\sqrt{3} * E^{(6*a)} * \text{Sqrt}[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)] * \text{Gamma}[1/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 9 * E^{(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)} * \text{Sqrt}[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)] * \text{Gamma}[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)] - E^{((4*b*c)/d)} * \text{Sqrt}[(b*(c + d*x))/d] * (9 * E^{(2*a)} * \text{Gamma}[1/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d] + \text{Sqrt}[3] * E^{((2*b*c)/d)} * \text{Gamma}[1/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d])) / (24 * b * E^{(3*(a + (b*c)/d))} * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])$

3.59.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a + bx)}{4\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{\cosh(3a + 3bx)}{4\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d} - a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{\frac{3bc}{d} - 3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \\ & \quad \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{3a - \frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

```
output (3*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt
[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[
c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (3*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi
[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(3*a - (3*b*c)
/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]]/(8*Sqrt[b]*S
qrt[d]))
```

3.59.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3793 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := In
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

3.59.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

```
input int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x)
```

```
output int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x)
```

3.59.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}} \left(\cosh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right) - \sinh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right) \right) \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) - \sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}} \left(\cosh\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right) \right)}{1}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/24*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(b/d)*(cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(-b/d)*(cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 9*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(b/d)*(cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 9*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(-b/d)*(cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) + sinh(-(b*c - a*d)/d))*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)))/b`

3.59.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

3.59.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d})}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{9\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d}}} + \frac{9\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}\right) e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d}}}$$

$24d$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/24*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)/sqrt(-b/d) + sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)/sqrt(b/d) + 9*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d))*e^(a - b*c/d)/sqrt(-b/d) + 9*sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d))*e^(-a + b*c/d)/sqrt(b/d))/d`

3.59.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(bx + a)^3}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^3/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

3.59.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.60 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.60.8	Giac [F]	490
3.60.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	490

3.60.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{3\sqrt{b}e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}}\sqrt{3\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{b}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}}\sqrt{3\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4d^{3/2}}$$

```
output -3/4*exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)+3/4*exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)-1/4*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)+1/4*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)-2*cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.60.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-3(a+b(\frac{c}{d}+x))} \left(\sqrt{3} e^{6a+3bx} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3e^{4a+\frac{2bc}{d}+3bx} \sqrt{-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[3]*E^(6*a + 3*b*x)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 3*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d + 3*b*x)*Sqrt[-((b*(c + d*x))/d)]*Gamma[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)] + E^((3*b*c)/d)*(-1 + E^(2*(a + b*x)))^3 + 3*E^(2*a + (b*c)/d + 3*b*x)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, b*(c/d + x)] + Sqrt[3]*E^((3*b*(c + d*x))/d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x))/d]*Gamma[1/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(4*d*E^(3*(a + b*(c/d + x)))*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

3.60.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\ & -\frac{2 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} + \frac{6ib \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{i \sinh(3a+3bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{6ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right) - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) + ((6*I)*b*((I/8)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + ((I/8)*E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) - ((I/8)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) - ((I/8)*E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/d`

3.60.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

3.60.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`

3.60.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1344 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1344, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/4*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi))*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((d*x + c)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
(d*x + c)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*
((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) +
((d*x + c)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (d*x + c)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) +
(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) +
(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) +
3*sqrt(pi)*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) +
((d*x + c)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (d*x + c)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) -
(d*x + c)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) + 3*sqrt(pi)*((d*x ...
```

3.60.6 SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)
```

3.60.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}}e^{\left(\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}}e^{\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}}e^{\left(-a+\frac{bc}{d}\right)}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}}}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*(sqrt(3)*sqrt((d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-1/2, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(3)*sqrt(-(d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-1/2, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + 3*sqrt((d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*gamma(-1/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c) + 3*sqrt(-(d*x + c)*b/d)*e^(a - b*c/d)*gamma(-1/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/sqrt(d*x + c))/d`**3.60.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`**3.60.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.61 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

3.61.1	Optimal result	491
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3.61.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	497
3.61.8	Giac [F]	497
3.61.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	498

3.61.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{b^{3/2} e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{b^{3/2} e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}} + \frac{b^{3/2} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{b^{3/2} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}} - \frac{4b \cosh^2(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}$$

output
$$-2/3*\cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}+1/2*b^{(3/2)}*\exp(-a+b*c/d)*\operatorname{erf}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^{(5/2)}+1/2*b^{(3/2)}*\exp(a-b*c/d)*\operatorname{erfi}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^{(5/2)}+1/2*b^{(3/2)}*\exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*\operatorname{erf}(3^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*3^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^{(5/2)}+1/2*b^{(3/2)}*\exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*\operatorname{erfi}(3^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*3^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^{(5/2)}-4*b*\cosh(b*x+a)^2*\sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}$$

3.61.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-3(a + \frac{bc}{d})} \left(-3\sqrt{3}de^{6a} \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - 3de^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-3*Sqrt[3]*d*E^(6*a)*(-(b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] - 3*d*E^(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)*(-(b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -(b*(c + d*x))/d] - 3*d*E^(2*a + (4*b*c)/d)*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d] - 3*Sqrt[3]*d*E^((6*b*c)/d)*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d] - 4*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*(d*Cosh[a + b*x] + 6*b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[a + b*x]))/(6*d^2*E^(3*(a + (b*c)/d))*(c + d*x)^(3/2))`

3.61.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\ & \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a + bx) \cosh^2(a + bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a + bx)}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

3.61. $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{8b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{ie^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \\
& \quad \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3793}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{12b^2 \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh(a+bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{\cosh(3a+3bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} + \\
 & \frac{12b^2 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{d^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (8*b^2*((E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/d^2 + (12*b^2*((3*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (3*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]) + (E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*Sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(8*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/d^2 - (4*b*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(d^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

3.61.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3788 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^n, x_Symbol] :=> Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^m)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^n, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

3.61.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

3.61.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2058 vs. 2(209) = 418.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2058, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.43

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(6*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) - 6*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)*sqrt(-b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(-b/d)) + 6*sqrt(pi)*((b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(b*x + ...`

3.61.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.61.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{dx+c}{d} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d} \right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{dx+c}{d} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d} \right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{dx+c}{d} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(-a + \frac{bc}{d} \right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$$

$8d$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/8*(sqrt(3))*((d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-3/2, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + sqrt(3)*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(-3/2, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + ((d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*gamma(-3/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2) + (-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(3/2)*e^(a - b*c/d)*gamma(-3/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(3/2))/d`

3.61.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

3.61. $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

3.61.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(a + bx)^3}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.62 $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

3.62.1	Optimal result	499
3.62.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	500
3.62.3	Rubi [C] (verified)	500
3.62.4	Maple [F]	505
3.62.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	505
3.62.6	Sympy [F]	506
3.62.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	507
3.62.8	Giac [F]	507
3.62.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	507

3.62.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 331

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{16b^2 \cosh(a+bx)}{5d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{24b^2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d^3 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{b^{5/2} e^{-a+\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{5d^{7/2}}$$

$$- \frac{3b^{5/2} e^{-3a+\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{5d^{7/2}} + \frac{b^{5/2} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{5d^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^{5/2} e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{5d^{7/2}} - \frac{4b \cosh^2(a+bx) \sinh(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*cosh(b*x+a)^3/d/(d*x+c)^(5/2)-4/5*b*cosh(b*x+a)^2*sinh(b*x+a)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2)-1/5*b^(5/2)*exp(-a+b*c/d)*erf(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d^(7/2)+1/5*b^(5/2)*exp(a-b*c/d)*erfi(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d^(7/2)-3/5*b^(5/2)*exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*erf(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(7/2)+3/5*b^(5/2)*exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*erfi(3^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(7/2)+16/5*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-24/5*b^2*cosh(b*x+a)^3/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

3.62.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-3a} \left(2e^{6a} \left(-d^2 e^{3bx} - 2be^{-\frac{3bc}{d}}(c+dx) \right) \left(e^{\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}}(d+6b(c+dx)) + 6\sqrt{3}d \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right) \right) \right)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]`

output $(2E^{(6a)}*(-(d^2E^{(3b*x)}) - (2b*(c + d*x)*(E^{((3b*(c + d*x))/d)}*(d + 6b*(c + d*x)) + 6*sqrt[3]*d*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (-3b*(c + d*x))/d]))/E^{((3b*c)/d)} + 2E^{(4a)}*(-3*d^2E^{(b*x)} - (2b*(c + d*x)*(E^{(b*(c/d + x))}*(d + 2b*(c + d*x)) + 2*d*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)]))/E^{(b*c/d)} + E^{(2*a - b*x)}*(-6*d^2 + 4*b*d*(c + d*x) - 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 8*d^2E^{(b*(c/d + x))}*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(5/2)*Gamma[1/2, (b*(c + d*x))/d]) + (2*(-d^2 + 2*b*(c + d*x)*(d - 6*b*(c + d*x) + 6*sqrt[3]*dE^{((3b*(c + d*x))/d)}*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (3b*(c + d*x))/d]))/E^{(3b*x)})/(40*d^3E^{(3a)}*(c + d*x)^(5/2))$

3.62.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.722$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\ & \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \int \frac{\cosh(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

3.62. $\int \frac{\cosh^3(a+bx)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& -\frac{8b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right) dx}{5d^2} + \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{5d^2}}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3778 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2ib \int -\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} \right)}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{\sinh(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2b \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx}{\sqrt{c+dx}}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3789 \\
& \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{c+dx}\right)^3 dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-a-bx}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \right)}{d} \right)}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 2611
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \\
 & 8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i \int e^{a+\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \right) \\
 & \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & 8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i \int e^{-a-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \right) \\
 & \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \frac{12b^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(ia+ibx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \\
 & 8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right) \\
 & \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\
 & 12b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{6ib \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh(a+bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{i \sinh(3a+3bx)}{4\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & 8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right) \\
 & \frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 12b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{6ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right) \\
 & \frac{8b^2 \left(-\frac{2 \cosh(a+bx)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2ib \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}} \right)}{d} \right)}{5d^2} \right)}{\frac{4b \sinh(a+bx) \cosh^2(a+bx)}{5d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \cosh^3(a+bx)}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[a + b*x]^3/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(5*d*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) - (8*b^2*((-2*Cosh[a + b*x])/(d*sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((2*I)*b*(((1/2*I)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[d]) + ((I/2)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[d])))/d))/(5*d^2) + (12*b^2*((-2*Cosh[a + b*x]^3)/(d*sqrt[c + d*x]) + ((6*I)*b*(((I/8)*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[d]) + ((I/8)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[d]) - ((I/8)*E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi/3]*Erf[(sqrt[3]*sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[d]) - ((I/8)*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[d]) - ((I/8)*E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*sqrt[Pi/3]*Erfi[(sqrt[3]*sqrt[b]*sqrt[c + d*x])/sqrt[d]])/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[d])))/d))/(5*d^2) - (4*b*Cosh[a + b*x]^2*Sinh[a + b*x])/(5*d^2*(c + d*x)^(3/2))`

3.62.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)](n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x](n - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 3795 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[
  b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)
  *(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c +
  d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*
  (m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sine[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b,
  c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

3.62.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2), x)
```

```
output int(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2), x)
```

3.62.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3280 vs. 2(253) = 506.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3280, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.91

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```
-1/20*(12*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x
+ b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*
c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d
) + ((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-3*(b*
c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*si
nh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2
+ 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3
*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b
*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^2 + 3*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*
c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) - (b^2*d^3*x^3 +
3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2*sinh(-3*(b*c -
a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a))*sqrt(b/d)*erf(sqrt(3)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(b/d)) +
12*sqrt(3)*sqrt(pi)*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*
c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x
^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)^3*sinh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + ((b
^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d
)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*sinh(-3*(
b*c - a*d)/d))*sinh(b*x + a)^3 + 3*((b^2*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2
*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*cosh(-3*(b*c - a*d)/d) + (b^2*d^3*x^3 +
3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3)*cosh(b*x + a)*sinh(-3*(b*c - ...
```

3.62.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)**3/(d*x+c)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral(cosh(a + b*x)**3/(c + d*x)**(7/2), x)`

3.62.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$3 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{3} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\left(-\frac{3(bc-ad)}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\left(-a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) \frac{1}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -3/8*(3*\sqrt{3}*((d*x + c)*b/d)^(5/2)*e^(3*(b*c - a*d)/d)*\text{gamma}(-5/2, 3*(d \\ & *x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(5/2) + 3*\sqrt{3}*(-(d*x + c)*b/d)^(5/2)*e^(-3*(b*c \\ & - a*d)/d)*\text{gamma}(-5/2, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(5/2) + ((d*x + c)*b/d) \\ & ^{(5/2)}*e^(-a + b*c/d)*\text{gamma}(-5/2, (d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(5/2) + (-(d*x \\ & + c)*b/d)^(5/2)*e^(a - b*c/d)*\text{gamma}(-5/2, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/(d*x + c)^(5/2)) \\ & /d \end{aligned}$$

3.62.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(bx + a)}{(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(b*x+a)^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(b*x + a)^3/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

3.62.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^3(a + bx)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.63 $\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx$

3.63.1	Optimal result	509
3.63.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	509
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3.63.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = -\frac{3d\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{2f^2} + \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8f^{5/2}} + \frac{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8f^{5/2}} + \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f}$$

output $(d*x)^{(3/2)}*\sinh(f*x)/f+3/8*d^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{erf}(f^{(1/2)}*(d*x)^{(1/2)/d^{(1/2)}})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/f^{(5/2)}+3/8*d^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{erfi}(f^{(1/2)}*(d*x)^{(1/2)/d^{(1/2)}})*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/f^{(5/2)}-3/2*d*\cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^{(1/2)/f^2}$

3.63.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{d^2(\sqrt{-fx}\Gamma(\frac{5}{2}, -fx) - \sqrt{fx}\Gamma(\frac{5}{2}, fx))}{2f^3\sqrt{dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[f*x],x]`

output $(d^2*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(f*x)]*\operatorname{Gamma}[5/2, -(f*x)] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[f*x]*\operatorname{Gamma}[5/2, f*x]))/(2*f^3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d*x])$

3.63.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (dx)^{3/2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{3id \int -i\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx) dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{3d \int \sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx) dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{3d \int -i\sqrt{dx} \sin(ifx) dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \int \sqrt{dx} \sin(ifx) dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \int \frac{\sin\left(ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \right)}{2f}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3788} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int -\frac{ie^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{ie^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{f} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f} \\
& \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{3id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\sqrt{f} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{f} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{2f} \right)}{2f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^(3/2)*Cosh[f*x],x]`

output `((3*I)/2)*d*((I*Sqrt[d*x]*Cosh[f*x])/f - ((I/2)*d*((Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f])))/f + ((d*x)^(3/2)*Sinh[f*x])/f`

3.63.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3777 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3788 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

3.63.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{2i(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}(10fx+15)e^{-fx}}{80\sqrt{\pi}f^2}-\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-10fx+15)e^{fx}}{80\sqrt{\pi}f^2}+\frac{3(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{32f^{\frac{5}{2}}}+\frac{3(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{32f^{\frac{5}{2}}}\right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}f}$	133

input `int((d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2*I*(d*x)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)/f*(-1/80/Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(5/2)*(10*f*x+15)/f^2*exp(-f*x)-1/80/Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(5/2)*(-10*f*x+15)/f^2*exp(f*x)+3/32*(I*f)^(5/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(5/2)*erf(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))+3/32*(I*f)^(5/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(5/2)*erfi(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2)))
```

3.63.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}(d^2 \cosh(fx) + d^2 \sinh(fx))\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) - 3\sqrt{\pi}(d^2 \cosh(fx) + d^2 \sinh(fx))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
1/8*(3*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(f*x) + d^2*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)) - 3*sqrt(pi)*(d^2*cosh(f*x) + d^2*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(-f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d)) - 2*(2*d*f^2*x - (2*d*f^2*x - 3*d*f)*cosh(f*x)^2 - 2*(2*d*f^2*x - 3*d*f)*cosh(f*x)*sinh(f*x) - (2*d*f^2*x - 3*d*f)*sinh(f*x)^2 + 3*d*f)*sqrt(d*x))/(f^3*cosh(f*x) + f^3*sinh(f*x))
```

3.63.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{5d^{3/2} x^{3/2} \sinh(fx) \Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}{4f \Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} - \frac{15d^{3/2} \sqrt{x} \cosh(fx) \Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}{8f^2 \Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} + \frac{15\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}d^{3/2} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{x}e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \Gamma(\frac{5}{4})}{16f^{5/2} \Gamma(\frac{9}{4})}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x)`

output `5*d**(3/2)*x**(3/2)*sinh(f*x)*gamma(5/4)/(4*f*gamma(9/4)) - 15*d**(3/2)*sqrt(x)*cosh(f*x)*gamma(5/4)/(8*f**2*gamma(9/4)) + 15*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*d**(3/2)*exp(-I*pi/4)*fresnelc(sqrt(2)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(x)*exp(I*pi/4)/sqrt(pi))*gamma(5/4)/(16*f**(5/2)*gamma(9/4))`

3.63.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{16(dx)^{5/2} \cosh(fx) + f \left(\frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f^3\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}} + \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f^3\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}} \right) - 2 \left(4(dx)^{5/2} df^2 - 10(dx)^{3/2} d^2 f + 15\sqrt{dx} d^3 \right)}{40d}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/40*(16*(d*x)^(5/2)*cosh(f*x) + f*(15*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)))/(f^3*sqrt(f/d)) + 15*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d))/(f^3*sqrt(-f/d)) - 2*(4*(d*x)^(5/2)*d*f^2 - 10*(d*x)^(3/2)*d^2*f + 15*sqrt(d*x)*d^3)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - 2*(4*(d*x)^(5/2)*d*f^2 + 10*(d*x)^(3/2)*d^2*f + 15*sqrt(d*x)*d^3)*e^(-f*x)/f^3)/d`

3.63.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = -\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{df}f^2} + \frac{2(2\sqrt{dxd^2}fx+3\sqrt{dxd^2})e^{-fx}}{f^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^3 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-df}f^2} - \frac{2(2\sqrt{dxd^2}fx-3\sqrt{dxd^2})e^{(fx)}}{f^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/8*d*((3*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(-sqrt(d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/(sqrt(d*f)*f^2) + 2*(2*sqrt(d*x)*d^2*f*x + 3*sqrt(d*x)*d^2)*e^(-f*x)/f^2)/d^2 + (3*sqrt(pi)*d^3*erf(-sqrt(-d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/(sqrt(-d*f)*f^2) - 2*(2*sqrt(d*x)*d^2*f*x - 3*sqrt(d*x)*d^2)*e^(f*x)/f^2)/d^2`**3.63.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} \cosh(fx) dx = \int \cosh(fx) (dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.64 $\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx$

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3.64.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	521
3.64.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	521

3.64.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4f^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4f^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f}$$

output `1/4*erf(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/f^(3/2)-1/4*erfi(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/f^(3/2)+sinh(f*x)*(d*x)^(1/2)/f`

3.64.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = -\frac{d(\sqrt{-fx}\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}, -fx) + \sqrt{fx}\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}, fx))}{2f^2\sqrt{dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]*Cosh[f*x],x]`

output `-1/2*(d*(Sqrt[-(f*x)]*Gamma[3/2, -(f*x)] + Sqrt[f*x]*Gamma[3/2, f*x]))/(f^2*Sqrt[d*x])`

3.64.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{dx} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{id \int -\frac{i \sinh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{d \int \frac{\sinh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} - \frac{d \int -\frac{i \sin(ifx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \int \frac{\sin(ifx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2} i \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i \int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{2f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{if e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{2f}$$

↓ 2634

$$\frac{\sqrt{dx} \sinh(fx)}{f} + \frac{id \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{2f}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d*x]*Cosh[f*x],x]`

output `((I/2)*d*(((-1/2*I)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f])) + ((I/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]))/f + (Sqrt[d*x]*Sinh[f*x])/f`

3.64.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

3.64.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{fx}}{4\sqrt{\pi}f} - \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{-fx}}{4\sqrt{\pi}f} + \frac{(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{8f^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{8f^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{if}f}$	121

input `int(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-I*Pi^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(1/2)/f*(1/4/Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(3/2)/f*exp(f*x)-1/4/Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(3/2)/f*exp(-f*x)+1/8*(I*f)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(3/2)*erf(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))-1/8*(I*f)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/f^(3/2)*erfi(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))`

3.64.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(d \cosh(fx) + d \sinh(fx))\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) + \sqrt{\pi}(d \cosh(fx) + d \sinh(fx))\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{4(f^2 \cosh(fx) + f^2 \sinh(fx))}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`


```
output 1/4*(sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(f*x) + d*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d))
+ sqrt(pi)*(d*cosh(f*x) + d*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(-f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d))
+ 2*(f*cosh(f*x)^2 + 2*f*cosh(f*x)*sinh(f*x) + f*sinh(f*x)^2 - f)*sqrt
t(d*x))/(f^2*cosh(f*x) + f^2*sinh(f*x))
```

3.64.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{x} \sinh(fx)\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}{4f\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{d}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{x}e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}{8f^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(x)*sinh(f*x)*gamma(3/4)/(4*f*gamma(7/4)) - 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)
*sqrt(d)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*fresnels(sqrt(2)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(x)*exp(I*pi/4)/sqrt
(pi))*gamma(3/4)/(8*f**(3/2)*gamma(7/4))
```

3.64.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = \frac{f \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f^2\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f^2\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}} - \frac{2\left(2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}df - 3\sqrt{dx}d^2\right)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{2\left(2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}df + 3\sqrt{dx}d^2\right)e^{(-fx)}}{f^2} \right)}{12d}$$

```
input integrate(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/12*(8*(d*x)^(3/2)*cosh(f*x) + f*(3*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d))
/(f^2*sqrt(f/d)) - 3*sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d))/(f^2*sqrt(-f/d))
) - 2*(2*(d*x)^(3/2)*d*f - 3*sqrt(d*x)*d^2)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - 2*(2*(d*x)^(3/2)
)*d*f + 3*sqrt(d*x)*d^2)*e^(-f*x)/f^2)/d/d
```

3.64.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{df}f} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}de^{-fx}}{f}}{4d} + \frac{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}d^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-df}f} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}de^{fx}}{f}}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(-sqrt(d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/(sqrt(d*f)*f) + 2*sqrt(d*x)*d*e^(-f*x)/f)/d + 1/4*(sqrt(pi)*d^2*erf(-sqrt(-d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/(sqrt(-d*f)*f) + 2*sqrt(d*x)*d*e^(f*x)/f)/d`

3.64.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) dx = \int \cosh(fx) \sqrt{dx} dx$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(f*x)*(d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.65 $\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$

3.65.1	Optimal result	522
3.65.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	522
3.65.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	523
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3.65.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	525
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3.65.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	526
3.65.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	526

3.65.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}$$

output $\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f}$

3.65.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-fx} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -fx\right) - \sqrt{fx} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, fx\right)}{2f\sqrt{dx}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[f*x]/Sqrt[d*x], x]`

output $(\sqrt{-(fx)} \Gamma[1/2, -(fx)] - \sqrt{fx} \Gamma[1/2, fx]) / (2f \sqrt{dx})$

3.65.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{ie^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[f*x]/Sqrt[d*x], x]`

output `(Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f])`

3.65.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`
- rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`
- rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3788 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

3.65.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{if}\left(\frac{\sqrt{if}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{2\sqrt{f}} + \frac{\sqrt{if}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{2\sqrt{f}}\right)}{2\sqrt{dx}f}$	72

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*I*Pi^{(1/2)}/(d*x)^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*(I*f)^{(1/2)}/f*(1/2*(I*f)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/f^{(1/2)}*erf(x^{(1/2)}*f^{(1/2)})+1/2*(I*f)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/f^{(1/2)}*erfi(x^{(1/2)}*f^{(1/2)})$$

3.65.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{2f}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/2*(\operatorname{sqrt}(\pi)*\operatorname{sqrt}(f/d)*\operatorname{erf}(\operatorname{sqrt}(d*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(f/d)) - \operatorname{sqrt}(\pi)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-f/d)*\operatorname{erf}(\operatorname{sqrt}(d*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-f/d)))/f$$

3.65.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{xe^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)**(1/2),x)`

output
$$\operatorname{sqrt}(2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(\pi)*\exp(-I*\pi/4)*\operatorname{fresnelc}(\operatorname{sqrt}(2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(f)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))*\exp(I*\pi/4)/\operatorname{sqrt}(\pi)*\operatorname{gamma}(1/4)/(4*\operatorname{sqrt}(d)*\operatorname{sqrt}(f)*\operatorname{gamma}(5/4))$$

3.65.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{dx} \cosh(fx) - \left(\frac{2\sqrt{dx}de^{(fx)}}{f} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}de^{(-fx)}}{f} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{f\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}} \right) f}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*sqrt(d*x)*cosh(f*x) - (2*sqrt(d*x)*d*e^(f*x)/f + 2*sqrt(d*x)*d*e^(-f*x)/f - sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d))/(f*sqrt(f/d)) - sqrt(pi)*d*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d))/(f*sqrt(-f/d)))*f/d)/d`

3.65.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{df}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}d \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-df}\sqrt{dx}}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-df}}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/sqrt(d*f) + sqrt(pi)*d*erf(-sqrt(-d*f)*sqrt(d*x)/d)/sqrt(-d*f))/d`

3.65.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.66 $\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.66.1	Optimal result	527
3.66.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	527
3.66.3	Rubi [C] (verified)	528
3.66.4	Maple [C] (verified)	530
3.66.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	530
3.66.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	531
3.66.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	531
3.66.8	Giac [F]	532
3.66.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	532

3.66.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

output `-erf(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*f^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)+erfi(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*f^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^(3/2)-2*cosh(f*x)/d/(d*x)^(1/2)`

3.66.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-fx}x(-1 - e^{2fx} + e^{fx}\sqrt{-fx}\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, -fx) + e^{fx}\sqrt{fx}\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, fx))}{(dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[f*x]/(d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(-1 - E^(2*f*x) + E^(f*x)*Sqrt[-(f*x)]*Gamma[1/2, -(f*x)] + E^(f*x)*Sqrt[f*x]*Gamma[1/2, f*x]))/(E^(f*x)*(d*x)^(3/2))`

3.66.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3789, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} + \frac{2if \int -\frac{i \sinh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2f \int \frac{\sinh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} + \frac{2f \int -\frac{i \sin(ifx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \int \frac{\sin(ifx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{i \int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} - \frac{i \int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 2633 \\ \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{i \int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right)}{d} \\ \downarrow 2634 \\ \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)}{d} \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cosh[f*x]/(d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Cosh[f*x])/(d*Sqrt[d*x]) - ((2*I)*f*(((1/2*I)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + ((I/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]))) / d`

3.66.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F*_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2611 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2633 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]`

rule 2634 `Int[(F_)^((a_) + (b_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3789 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

3.66.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{2}e^{fx}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{if}}-\frac{2\sqrt{2}e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{if}}-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{\sqrt{if}}+\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{\sqrt{if}}\right)}{4(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}f}$	115

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*I*Pi^(1/2)/(d*x)^(3/2)*x^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(3/2)/f*(-2/Pi^(1/2)/x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(1/2)*exp(f*x)-2/Pi^(1/2)/x^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(1/2)*exp(-f*x)-2/(I*f)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*erf(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))+2/(I*f)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*erfi(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))`

3.66.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}(dx \cosh(fx) + dx \sinh(fx))\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) + \sqrt{\pi}(dx \cosh(fx) + dx \sinh(fx))\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{d^2x \cosh(fx) + d^2x \sinh(fx)}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(pi)*(d*x*cosh(f*x) + d*x*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)) + sqrt(pi)*(d*x*cosh(f*x) + d*x*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(-f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d)) + sqrt(d*x)*(cosh(f*x)^2 + 2*cosh(f*x)*sinh(f*x) + sinh(f*x)^2 + 1))/(d^2*x*cosh(f*x) + d^2*x*sinh(f*x))`

3.66.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{f}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{xe^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}{2d^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})} + \frac{\cosh(fx)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}{2d^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `-sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*sqrt(f)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*fresnels(sqrt(2)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(x)*exp(I*pi/4)/sqrt(pi))*gamma(-1/4)/(2*d**(3/2)*gamma(3/4)) + cosh(f*x)*gamma(-1/4)/(2*d**(3/2)*sqrt(x)*gamma(3/4))`

3.66.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{f\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{f}{d}}}\right)}{d} + \frac{2\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(f*(sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d))/sqrt(f/d) - sqrt(pi)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d))/sqrt(-f/d))/d + 2*cosh(f*x)/sqrt(d*x))/d`

3.66.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.66.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.67 $\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$

3.67.1	Optimal result	533
3.67.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	533
3.67.3	Rubi [C] (verified)	534
3.67.4	Maple [C] (verified)	537
3.67.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	537
3.67.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	538
3.67.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	538
3.67.8	Giac [F]	539
3.67.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	539

3.67.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2f^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} + \frac{2f^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{3d^{5/2}} - \frac{4f \sinh(fx)}{3d^2\sqrt{dx}}$$

output `-2/3*cosh(f*x)/d/(d*x)^(3/2)+2/3*f^(3/2)*erf(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*
Pi^(1/2)/d^(5/2)+2/3*f^(3/2)*erfi(f^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d^(
(5/2)-4/3*f*sinh(f*x)/d^2/(d*x)^(1/2)`

3.67.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(-2e^{fx}(1+2fx) - 4(-fx)^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, -fx) + e^{-fx}(-2+4fx - 4e^{fx}(fx)^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, fx)))}{6(dx)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[f*x]/(d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*(-2*E^(f*x)*(1 + 2*f*x) - 4*(-f*x)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, -(f*x)] + (-2 + 4
*f*x - 4*E^(f*x)*(f*x)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, f*x])/E^(f*x)))/(6*(d*x)^(5/2))`

3.67.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3788, 26, 2611, 2633, 2634}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ifx\right)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2if \int -\frac{i \sinh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{2f \int \frac{\sinh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2f \int -\frac{i \sin(ifx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \int \frac{\sin(ifx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & -\frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}}{\sqrt{dx}}\right) dx}{d} - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}}}{3d} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{-ie^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{ie^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right) - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}}}{3d} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{-fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e^{fx}}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \right) - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}}}{3d} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2611} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\int e^{fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} \right) - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}}}{3d} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2633} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{\int e^{-fx} d\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right) - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}}}{3d} \right)}{3d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2634} \\
& \frac{2 \cosh(fx)}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2if \left(\frac{2if \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right) - \frac{2i \sinh(fx)}{d\sqrt{dx}}}{3d} \right)}{3d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[f*x]/(d*x)^(5/2),x]`


```
output (-2*Cosh[f*x])/(3*d*(d*x)^(3/2)) - (((2*I)/3)*f*(((2*I)*f*(Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + (Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f])))/d - ((2*I)*Sinh[f*x])/(d*Sqrt[d*x]))/d
```

3.67.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 2611 Int[(F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)) + f*g*(x^2/d)), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]
```

```
rule 2633 Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(c + d*x)*Rt[b*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[b*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b]
```

```
rule 2634 Int[(F_)^((a_.) + (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[F^a*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[(c + d*x)*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2]]/(2*d*Rt[(-b)*Log[F], 2])), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3778 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 3788 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^m)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

3.67.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{2}(if)^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-\frac{8\sqrt{2}(-fx+\frac{1}{2})e^{-fx}}{3\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{3}{2}}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{8\sqrt{2}(fx+\frac{1}{2})e^{fx}}{3\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{3}{2}}(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{8\sqrt{2}f^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{3(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{8\sqrt{2}f^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{f})}{3(if)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{8(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}f}$	126

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8*I*Pi^(1/2)/(d*x)^(5/2)*x^(5/2)*2^(1/2)*(I*f)^(5/2)/f*(-8/3*Pi^(1/2)/x^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(3/2)*(-f*x+1/2)*exp(-f*x)-8/3*Pi^(1/2)/x^(3/2)*2^(1/2)/(I*f)^(3/2)*(f*x+1/2)*exp(f*x)+8/3/(I*f)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*f^(3/2)*erf(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))+8/3/(I*f)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*f^(3/2)*erfi(x^(1/2)*f^(1/2))`

3.67.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 179 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\pi}(dfx^2 \cosh(fx) + dfx^2 \sinh(fx))\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{f}{d}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\pi}(dfx^2 \cosh(fx) + dfx^2 \sinh(fx))}{(dx)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/3*(2*sqrt(pi)*(d*f*x^2*cosh(f*x) + d*f*x^2*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(f/d)) - 2*sqrt(pi)*(d*f*x^2*cosh(f*x) + d*f*x^2*sinh(f*x))*sqrt(-f/d)*erf(sqrt(d*x)*sqrt(-f/d)) - ((2*f*x + 1)*cosh(f*x)^2 + 2*(2*f*x + 1)*cosh(f*x)*sinh(f*x) + (2*f*x + 1)*sinh(f*x)^2 - 2*f*x + 1)*sqrt(d*x))/(d^3*x^2*cosh(f*x) + d^3*x^2*sinh(f*x))`

3.67.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}f^{3/2}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{f}\sqrt{xe^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{d^{5/2}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})} + \frac{f\sinh(fx)\Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{d^{5/2}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})} + \frac{\cosh(fx)\Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{2d^{5/2}x^{3/2}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `-sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*f**(3/2)*exp(-I*pi/4)*fresnelc(sqrt(2)*sqrt(f)*sqrt(x)*exp(I*pi/4)/sqrt(pi))*gamma(-3/4)/(d**(5/2)*gamma(1/4)) + f*sinh(f*x)*gamma(-3/4)/(d**(5/2)*sqrt(x)*gamma(1/4)) + cosh(f*x)*gamma(-3/4)/(2*d**(5/2)*x**(3/2)*gamma(1/4))`

3.67.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{f\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{2},fx)}{\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{\sqrt{-fx}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{2},-fx)}{\sqrt{dx}}\right)}{3d} - \frac{2\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(f*(sqrt(f*x)*gamma(-1/2, f*x)/sqrt(d*x) - sqrt(-f*x)*gamma(-1/2, -f*x)/sqrt(d*x))/d - 2*cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(3/2))/d`

3.67.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.67.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(fx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(cosh(f*x)/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.68 $\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

3.68.1	Optimal result	540
3.68.2	Mathematica [N/A]	540
3.68.3	Rubi [N/A]	541
3.68.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	542
3.68.5	Fricas [N/A]	542
3.68.6	Sympy [N/A]	542
3.68.7	Maxima [N/A]	543
3.68.8	Giac [N/A]	543
3.68.9	Mupad [N/A]	543

3.68.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx), x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(sech(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2), x)`

3.68.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

3.68.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{csc}\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4680}$$

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sech[a + b*x],x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.68.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Csch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Cscc[e + f*x]^n, x]]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.68.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) \sqrt{dx + c} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sech(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`**3.68.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a), x)`**3.68.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*sech(a + b*x), x)`

3.68.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a), x)`**3.68.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*sech(b*x + a), x)`**3.68.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/cosh(a + b*x),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.69 $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

3.69.1	Optimal result	544
3.69.2	Mathematica [N/A]	544
3.69.3	Rubi [N/A]	545
3.69.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	546
3.69.5	Fricas [N/A]	546
3.69.6	Sympy [N/A]	546
3.69.7	Maxima [N/A]	547
3.69.8	Giac [N/A]	547
3.69.9	Mupad [N/A]	547

3.69.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x)`

3.69.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]`

output `Integrate[Sech[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]`

3.69.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{csc}\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

↓ 4680

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `Int[Sech[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.69.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrabl e[(c + d*x)^m*Csch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Cs c[e + f*x]^n, x]]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.69.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`**3.69.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sech(b*x + a)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`**3.69.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sech(a + b*x)/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

3.69.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`**3.69.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(bx + a)}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(sech(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sech(b*x + a)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`**3.69.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cosh(a + bx) \sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.69. $\int \frac{\operatorname{sech}(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

3.70 $\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$

3.70.1	Optimal result	548
3.70.2	Mathematica [N/A]	548
3.70.3	Rubi [N/A]	549
3.70.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	550
3.70.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	550
3.70.6	Sympy [N/A]	551
3.70.7	Maxima [N/A]	551
3.70.8	Giac [N/A]	551
3.70.9	Mupad [N/A]	552

3.70.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \sinh(x)}{4x} - \frac{3}{8} \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}, x\right) + \frac{9}{8} \text{Int}\left(\frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x}, x\right)$$

output `-1/2*cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^2-3/4*sinh(x)*cosh(x)^(1/2)/x+9/8*Unintegrable(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x,x)-3/8*Unintegrable(1/x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

3.70.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[Cosh[x]^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `Integrate[Cosh[x]^(3/2)/x^3, x]`

3.70.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3795, 3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\
 & \frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x} dx - \frac{3}{8} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} dx - \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh(x)\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{4x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3}{8} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\sin\left(ix + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\sin\left(ix + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh(x)\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{4x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3807} \\
 & \frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x} dx - \frac{3}{8} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} dx - \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh(x)\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{4x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cosh[x]^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.70.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.70.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

3.70.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

3.70. $\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

3.70.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 101.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(x)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(cosh(x)**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

3.70.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

3.70.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

3.70.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\cosh(x)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int(cosh(x)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

3.71 $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.71.1	Optimal result	553
3.71.2	Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	553
3.71.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	554
3.71.4	Maple [F]	554
3.71.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	555
3.71.6	Sympy [F]	555
3.71.7	Maxima [F]	555
3.71.8	Giac [F]	556
3.71.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	556

3.71.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = -4\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

output `2*x*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(1/2)-4*cosh(x)^(1/2)`

3.71.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. 2(20) = 40.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \frac{2 \sinh(x) \left(x - \frac{2 \cosh(x) \sinh(x) \sqrt{\tanh^2(\frac{x}{2})}}{(-1 + \cosh(x))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \cosh(x)}} \right)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

input `Integrate[x/Cosh[x]^(3/2) + x*Sqrt[Cosh[x]],x]`

output `(2*Sinh[x]*(x - (2*Cosh[x]*Sinh[x]*Sqrt[Tanh[x/2]^2])/((-1 + Cosh[x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + Cosh[x]]))/Sqrt[Cosh[x]]`

3.71. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.71.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x \sinh(x)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} - 4\sqrt{\cosh(x)}$$

input `Int[x/Cosh[x]^(3/2) + x*Sqrt[Cosh[x]],x]`

output `-4*Sqrt[Cosh[x]] + (2*x*Sinh[x])/Sqrt[Cosh[x]]`

3.71.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.71.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

3.71. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.71.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.71.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{x(\cosh^2(x) + 1)}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)**(3/2)+x*cosh(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(cosh(x)**2 + 1)/cosh(x)**(3/2), x)`

3.71.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

3.71. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.71.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

3.71.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}}(x + 2e^{2x} - xe^{2x} + 2)}{e^{2x} + 1}$$

input `int(x*cosh(x)^(1/2) + x/cosh(x)^(3/2),x)`

output `-(2*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2)*(x + 2*exp(2*x) - x*exp(2*x) + 2))/(exp(2*x) + 1)`

3.71. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.72 $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$

3.72.1	Optimal result	557
3.72.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	557
3.72.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	558
3.72.4	Maple [F]	558
3.72.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	559
3.72.6	Sympy [F]	559
3.72.7	Maxima [F]	559
3.72.8	Giac [F]	560
3.72.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	560

3.72.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \frac{4}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{3 \cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

output `2/3*x*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(3/2)+4/3/cosh(x)^(1/2)`

3.72.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \frac{2(2 + x \tanh(x))}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

input `Integrate[x/Cosh[x]^(5/2) - x/(3*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]),x]`

output `(2*(2 + x*Tanh[x]))/(3*Sqrt[Cosh[x]])`

3.72. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$

3.72.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{3 \cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Int[x/Cosh[x]^(5/2) - x/(3*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]),x]`

output `4/(3*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]) + (2*x*Sinh[x])/(3*Cosh[x]^(3/2))`

3.72.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.72.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

3.72. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$

3.72.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. $2(16) = 32$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{4((x+2)\cosh(x)^3 + 3(x+2)\cosh(x)\sinh(x)^2 + (x+2)\sinh(x)^3 - (x-2)\cosh(x) + (3(x+2)\cosh(x)^4 + 4\cosh(x)\sinh(x)^3 + \sinh(x)^4 + 2(3\cosh(x)^2 + 1)\sinh(x)^2 + 2\cosh(x)^2 + 4(\cosh(x)^3 + \cosh(x))\sinh(x) + 1))}{3}$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `4/3*((x + 2)*cosh(x)^3 + 3*(x + 2)*cosh(x)*sinh(x)^2 + (x + 2)*sinh(x)^3 - (x - 2)*cosh(x) + (3*(x + 2)*cosh(x)^2 - x + 2)*sinh(x))*sqrt(cosh(x))/(cosh(x)^4 + 4*cosh(x)*sinh(x)^3 + sinh(x)^4 + 2*(3*cosh(x)^2 + 1)*sinh(x)^2 + 2*cosh(x)^2 + 4*(cosh(x)^3 + cosh(x))*sinh(x) + 1)`

3.72.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{3x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} dx}{3}$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)**(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-3*x/cosh(x)**(5/2), x) + Integral(x/sqrt(cosh(x)), x))/3`

3.72.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x/sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(5/2), x)`

3.72. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$

3.72.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(5/2)-1/3*x/cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x/sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(5/2), x)`

3.72.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx = \frac{4e^x \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}} (2e^{2x} - x + xe^{2x} + 2)}{3(e^{2x} + 1)^2}$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(5/2) - x/(3*cosh(x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `(4*exp(x)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2)*(2*exp(2*x) - x + x*exp(2*x) + 2))/
(3*(exp(2*x) + 1)^2)`

3.72. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} \right) dx$

3.73 $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

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3.73.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \frac{4}{15 \cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{12\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{5} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{5 \cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{6x \sinh(x)}{5\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

output `4/15/cosh(x)^(3/2)+2/5*x*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(5/2)+6/5*x*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(1/2)
-12/5*cosh(x)^(1/2)`

3.73.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \left(-\frac{12 \sinh^2(x)}{\sqrt{-1 + \cosh(x)}(1 + \cosh(x))^{3/2}\sqrt{\tanh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}} \right. \\ &\qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 6x \tanh(x) + \operatorname{sech}^2(x) \left(\frac{4}{3} + 2x \tanh(x) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

3.73. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

input `Integrate[x/Cosh[x]^(7/2) + (3*x*Sqrt[Cosh[x]])/5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cosh[x]]*((-12*Sinh[x]^2)/(Sqrt[-1 + Cosh[x]]*(1 + Cosh[x])^(3/2)*Sqrt[Tanh[x/2]^2]) + 6*x*Tanh[x] + Sech[x]^2*(4/3 + 2*x*Tanh[x])))/5`

3.73.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4}{15 \cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{12\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{5} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{5 \cosh^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{6x \sinh(x)}{5\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

input `Int[x/Cosh[x]^(7/2) + (3*x*Sqrt[Cosh[x]])/5,x]`

output `4/(15*Cosh[x]^(3/2)) - (12*Sqrt[Cosh[x]])/5 + (2*x*Sinh[x])/(5*Cosh[x]^(5/2)) + (6*x*Sinh[x])/(5*Sqrt[Cosh[x]])`

3.73. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.73.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.73.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{3x\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}{5} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/cosh(x)^(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/cosh(x)^(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x)`

3.73.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.73.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)**(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.73. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.73.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(3/5*x*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(7/2), x)`

3.73.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/cosh(x)^(7/2)+3/5*x*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(3/5*x*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x/cosh(x)^(7/2), x)`

3.73.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \frac{e^{2x} \left(\frac{8x}{5} + \frac{16}{15} \right) \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}}}{(e^{2x} + 1)^2} - \left(\frac{6x}{5} + \frac{12}{5} \right) \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}} \\ + \frac{12x e^{2x} \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}}}{5 (e^{2x} + 1)} - \frac{16x e^{2x} \sqrt{\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}}}{5 (e^{2x} + 1)^3}$$

input `int((3*x*cosh(x)^(1/2))/5 + x/cosh(x)^(7/2),x)`

output `(exp(2*x)*((8*x)/5 + 16/15)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2))/(exp(2*x) + 1)^2 - ((6*x)/5 + 12/5)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2) + (12*x*exp(2*x)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2))/(5*(exp(2*x) + 1)) - (16*x*exp(2*x)*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2)^(1/2))/(5*(exp(2*x) + 1)^3)`

3.73. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\cosh^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{3}{5}x\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.74 $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

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3.74.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = -8x \sqrt{\cosh(x)} - 16iE\left(\frac{ix}{2} \middle| 2\right) + \frac{2x^2 \sinh(x)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}$$

output `-16*I*(cosh(1/2*x)^2)^(1/2)/cosh(1/2*x)*EllipticE(I*sinh(1/2*x),2^(1/2))+2*x^2*sinh(x)/cosh(x)^(1/2)-8*x*cosh(x)^(1/2)`

3.74.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\cosh(x)}(\cosh(x) + \sinh(x)) \left(-4(-2 + x) \cosh(x) + x^2 \sinh(x) \right) + 8 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, -e^{2x} \right)}{1 + e^{2x}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/Cosh[x]^(3/2) + x^2*Sqrt[Cosh[x]],x]`

3.74. $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

output $(4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cosh}[x]]*(\text{Cosh}[x] + \text{Sinh}[x])*(-4*(-2 + x)*\text{Cosh}[x] + x^2*\text{Sinh}[x] + 8*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, -E^(2*x)]*(-\text{Cosh}[x] + \text{Sinh}[x])* \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Cosh}[2*x] + \text{Sinh}[2*x]]))/(1 + E^(2*x))$

3.74.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x^2 \sinh(x)}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}} - 8x \sqrt{\cosh(x)} - 16iE\left(\frac{ix}{2} \middle| 2\right)$$

input $\text{Int}[x^2/\text{Cosh}[x]^(3/2) + x^2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cosh}[x]], x]$

output $-8*x*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cosh}[x]] - (16*I)*\text{EllipticE}[(I/2)*x, 2] + (2*x^2*\text{Sinh}[x])/ \text{Sqrt}[\text{Cosh}[x]]$

3.74.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$

3.74.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$$

input $\text{int}(x^2/\cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*\cosh(x)^(1/2), x)$

output $\text{int}(x^2/\cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*\cosh(x)^(1/2), x)$

3.74. $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.74.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.74.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int \frac{x^2(\cosh^2(x) + 1)}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/cosh(x)**(3/2)+x**2*cosh(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(cosh(x)**2 + 1)/cosh(x)**(3/2), x)`

3.74.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

3.74. $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.74.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\cosh(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2)+x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2*sqrt(cosh(x)) + x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

3.74.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\cosh(x)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2) + x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*cosh(x)^(1/2) + x^2/cosh(x)^(3/2), x)`

3.74. $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\cosh^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + x^2 \sqrt{\cosh(x)} \right) dx$

3.75 $\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$

3.75.1	Optimal result	569
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3.75.8	Giac [N/A]	572
3.75.9	Mupad [N/A]	572

3.75.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Int}((c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n, x)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

3.75.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n, x]`

3.75.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3807}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.75.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.75.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh (fx + e))^n dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`**3.75.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh (e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh (fx + e))^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e))^n, x)`**3.75.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 8.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh (e + fx))^n dx = \int (b \cosh (e + fx))^n (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))**n,x)`output `Integral((b*cosh(e + f*x))**n*(c + d*x)**m, x)`

3.75.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e))^n, x)`**3.75.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e))^n, x)`**3.75.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^m (b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (b \cosh(e + fx))^n (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((b*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((b*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.76 $\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$

3.76.1	Optimal result	573
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3.76.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	574
3.76.4	Maple [F]	576
3.76.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	576
3.76.6	Sympy [F]	576
3.76.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	577
3.76.8	Giac [F]	577
3.76.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	578

3.76.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \frac{3^{-1-m} e^{3a - \frac{3bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b} + \frac{3e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b} - \frac{3e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b} - \frac{3^{-1-m} e^{-3a + \frac{3bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b}$$

output $\frac{1}{8}3^{(-1-m)}*\exp(3*a-3*b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,-3*b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((-b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+3/8*\exp(a-b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,-b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((-b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3/8*\exp(-a+b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/8*3^{(-1-m)}*\exp(-3*a+3*b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,3*b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)$

3.76.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3^{-1-m} e^{-3\left(a + \frac{bc}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} \left(e^{6a} \left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)^m \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3^{2+m} e^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)^m \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3^{2+m} e^{4a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)^m \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output $(3^{(-1 - m)}(c + d*x)^m*(E^{(6*a)}*(b*(c/d + x))^m*\Gamma[1 + m, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d] + 3^{(2 + m)}*E^{(4*a + (2*b*c)/d)}*(b*(c/d + x))^m*\Gamma[1 + m, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)] - E^{((4*b*c)/d)}*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m*(3^{(2 + m)}*E^{(2*a)}*\Gamma[1 + m, (b*(c + d*x))/d] + E^{((2*b*c)/d)}*\Gamma[1 + m, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d]))/(8*b*E^{(3*(a + (b*c)/d)}*(-((b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m)$

3.76.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cosh^3(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3793}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{3}{4} \cosh(a + bx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{1}{4} \cosh(3a + 3bx)(c + dx)^m\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{3^{-m-1}e^{3a-\frac{3bc}{d}}(c+dx)^m\left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,-\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b} +$$

$$\frac{3e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}(c+dx)^m\left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b} -$$

$$\frac{3e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a}(c+dx)^m\left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b} -$$

$$\frac{3^{-m-1}e^{\frac{3bc}{d}-3a}(c+dx)^m\left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m}\Gamma\left(m+1,\frac{3b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(3^(-1 - m)*E^(3*a - (3*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-3*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (3*E^(a - (b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)])/(8*b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (3*E^(-a + (b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (b*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*b*((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m - (3^(-1 - m)*E^(-3*a + (3*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (3*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*b*((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m)`

3.76.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.76.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m \cosh(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x)`

3.76.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{3b}{d}\right) - 3bc + 3ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{3(bdx + bc)}{d}\right) + 9 \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{b}{d}\right) - bc + ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{bdx + bc}{d}\right) - 9 \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{b}{d}\right) + b*c - a*d}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{-(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}\right) - \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{3b}{d}\right) + 3*b*c - 3*a*d}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{-3*(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}\right) - \gamma(m + 1, \frac{3*(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}) * \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log(3*b/d) - 3*b*c + 3*a*d}{d}\right) - 9 * \gamma(m + 1, \frac{(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}) * \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log(b/d) - b*c + a*d}{d}\right) + 9 * \gamma(m + 1, \frac{-(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}) * \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log(-b/d) + b*c - a*d}{d}\right) + \gamma(m + 1, \frac{-3*(b*d*x + b*c)}{d}) * \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log(-3*b/d) + 3*b*c - 3*a*d}{d}\right)}{b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/24*(cosh((d*m*log(3*b/d) - 3*b*c + 3*a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, 3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) + 9*cosh((d*m*log(b/d) - b*c + a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (b*d*x + b*c)/d) - 9*cosh((d*m*log(-b/d) + b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - cosh((d*m*log(-3*b/d) + 3*b*c - 3*a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - gamma(m + 1, 3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(3*b/d) - 3*b*c + 3*a*d)/d) - 9*gamma(m + 1, (b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(b/d) - b*c + a*d)/d) + 9*gamma(m + 1, -(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-b/d) + b*c - a*d)/d) + gamma(m + 1, -3*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-3*b/d) + 3*b*c - 3*a*d)/d))/b`

3.76.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*cosh(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m*cosh(a + b*x)**3, x)`

3.76.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = -\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-3a + \frac{3bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(3a - \frac{3bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{3(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{8d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-3*a + 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 3/8*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 3/8*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/8*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(3*a - 3*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -3*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d`**3.76.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \cosh(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*cosh(b*x + a)^3, x)`

3.76.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^3(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^3 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^3*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.77 $\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.77.1	Optimal result	579
3.77.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	580
3.77.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	580
3.77.4	Maple [F]	581
3.77.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	582
3.77.6	Sympy [F]	582
3.77.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	582
3.77.8	Giac [F]	583
3.77.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	583

3.77.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1 + m)} + \frac{2^{-3-m} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b}$$

$$- \frac{2^{-3-m} e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b}$$

```
output 1/2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+2^(-3-m)*exp(2*a-2*b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-2
*b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((-b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-2^(-3-m)*exp(-2*a+2*b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GA
MMA(1+m,2*b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```

3.77.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{4c + 4dx}{d + dm} + \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}} \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`output `((c + d*x)^m*((4*c + 4*d*x)/(d + d*m) + (E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(2^m*b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(2^m*b*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^m))/8`**3.77.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cosh^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\ & \int \left(\frac{1}{2} \cosh(2a + 2bx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{1}{2}(c + dx)^m\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2^{-m-3} e^{2a - \frac{2bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b} - \frac{2^{-m-3} e^{\frac{2bc}{d} - 2a} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{2b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{b} + \frac{(c + dx)^{m+1}}{2d(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(c + d*x)^(1 + m)/(2*d*(1 + m)) + (2^(-3 - m)*E^(2*a - (2*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (2^(-3 - m)*E^(-2*a + (2*b*c)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*b*(c + d*x))/d])/(b*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

3.77.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.77.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.77.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{(dm + d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{2b}{d}\right) - 2bc + 2ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(bdx + bc)}{d}\right) - (dm + d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{2b}{d}\right) + 2bc - 2ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(bdx + bc)}{d}\right)}{2d(m + 1)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/8*((d*m + d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*b/d) - 2*b*c + 2*a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (d*m + d)*cosh((d*m*log(-2*b/d) + 2*b*c - 2*a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - (d*m + d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*b/d) - 2*b*c + 2*a*d)/d) + (d*m + d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*b/d) + 2*b*c - 2*a*d)/d) - 4*(b*d*x + b*c)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 4*(b*d*x + b*c)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(b*d*m + b*d)`**3.77.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `Integral((c + d*x)**m*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`**3.77.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{\left(-2a + \frac{2bc}{d}\right)} E_{-m}\left(\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4d} - \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{\left(2a - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{4d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1}}{2d(m + 1)}$$

3.77. $\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*a + 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d - 1/4*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*a - 2*b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -2*(d*x + c)*b/d)/d + 1/2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))`

3.77.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

3.77.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx)^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)^2*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.78 $\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx$

3.78.1	Optimal result	584
3.78.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	584
3.78.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	585
3.78.4	Maple [F]	586
3.78.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	586
3.78.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	587
3.78.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	587
3.78.8	Giac [F]	588
3.78.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	588

3.78.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{a - \frac{bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2b} - \frac{e^{-a + \frac{bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2b}$$

```
output 1/2*exp(a-b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((-b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/2*exp(-a+b*c/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,b*(d*x+c)/d)/b/((b*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```

3.78.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-a - \frac{bc}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(e^{2a} \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right) - e^{\frac{2bc}{d}} \left(b\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)\right)}{2b}$$

```
input Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Cosh[a + b*x],x]
```

output $(E^{-a - (b*c)/d}*(c + d*x)^m*((E^{(2*a)*Gamma[1 + m, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)]})/(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m - (E^{((2*b*c)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, (b*(c + d*x))/d]})/(b*(c/d + x))^m)/(2*b)$

3.78.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cosh(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)(c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\ & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx}(c + dx)^m dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx}(c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx}(c + dx)^m dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx}(c + dx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\ & \frac{e^{a-\frac{bc}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2b} - \\ & \frac{e^{\frac{bc}{d}-a}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{b(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*\text{Cosh}[a + b*x], x]$

output $(E^{(a - (b*c)/d}*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((b*(c + d*x))/d)])/(2*b*(-((b*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (E^{(-a + (b*c)/d}*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (b*(c + d*x))/d]})/(2*b*((b*(c + d*x))/d)^m)$

3.78.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2612 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m])*Gamma[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3788 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

3.78.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

3.78.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{b}{d}\right) - bc + ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{bdx + bc}{d}\right) - \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{b}{d}\right) + bc - ad}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{bdx + bc}{d}\right) - \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{bdx}{d}\right)}{2b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((d*m*log(b/d) - b*c + a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (b*d*x + b*c)/d) - c
osh((d*m*log(-b/d) + b*c - a*d)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(b*d*x + b*c)/d) - gamma(
m + 1, (b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(b/d) - b*c + a*d)/d) + gamma(m + 1,
-(b*d*x + b*c)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-b/d) + b*c - a*d)/d))/b`

3.78.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

3.78.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-a + \frac{bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(a - \frac{bc}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-a + b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*b/d)/d
- 1/2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(a - b*c/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*b/d)/d`

3.78.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

3.78.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int \cosh(a + bx) (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int(cosh(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.79 $\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$

3.79.1	Optimal result	589
3.79.2	Mathematica [N/A]	589
3.79.3	Rubi [N/A]	590
3.79.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	591
3.79.5	Fricas [N/A]	591
3.79.6	Sympy [N/A]	591
3.79.7	Maxima [N/A]	592
3.79.8	Giac [N/A]	592
3.79.9	Mupad [N/A]	592

3.79.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \operatorname{Int}((c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx), x)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a), x)`

3.79.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

3.79.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4680}$$

$$\int \operatorname{sech}(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x], x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.79.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Csch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Csc[e + f*x]^n, x]]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.79.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x)`**3.79.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a), x)`**3.79.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*sech(b*x+a),x)`output `Integral((c + d*x)**m*sech(a + b*x), x)`

3.79.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a), x)`**3.79.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a), x)`**3.79.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\cosh(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/cosh(a + b*x),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^m/cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.80 $\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$

3.80.1	Optimal result	593
3.80.2	Mathematica [N/A]	593
3.80.3	Rubi [N/A]	594
3.80.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	595
3.80.5	Fricas [N/A]	595
3.80.6	Sympy [N/A]	595
3.80.7	Maxima [N/A]	596
3.80.8	Giac [N/A]	596
3.80.9	Mupad [N/A]	596

3.80.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \operatorname{Int}((c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx), x)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.80.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x]^2, x]`

3.80.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 4680}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \csc\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4680}$$

$$\int \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^m dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.80.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4680 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[If[MatchQ[f, (f1_.)*(Complex[0, j_])], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sech[I*(e - Pi/2) + I*f*x]^n, x], (-I)^n*Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Csch[(-I)*e - I*f*x]^n, x]], If[MatchQ[e, (e1_.) + Pi/2], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*Sec[e - Pi/2 + f*x]^n, x], Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*csc[e + f*x]^n, x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.80.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x)`**3.80.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`**3.80.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*sech(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `Integral((c + d*x)**m*sech(a + b*x)**2, x)`

3.80.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`**3.80.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int (dx + c)^m \operatorname{sech}(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*sech(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*sech(b*x + a)^2, x)`**3.80.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m \operatorname{sech}^2(a + bx) dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\cosh(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int((c + d*x)^m/cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.81 $\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

3.81.1	Optimal result	597
3.81.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	597
3.81.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	598
3.81.4	Maple [C] (verified)	599
3.81.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	600
3.81.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	600
3.81.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	600
3.81.8	Giac [F]	601
3.81.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	601

3.81.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4 + m, -bx)}{2b^4} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4 + m, bx)}{2b^4}$$

output `-1/2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(4+m,-b*x)/b^4/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*GAMMA(4+m,b*x)/b^4/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.81.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4 + m, -bx) + e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4 + m, bx)}{2b^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^(3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*((E^a*x^m*Gamma[4 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m + (x^m*Gamma[4 + m, b*x])/(E^a*(b*x)^m))/b^4`

3.81.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m+3} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m+3} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m+3} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m+3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m+3} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m+3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+4, -bx)}{2b^4} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+4, bx)}{2b^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*(E^a*x^m*Gamma[4 + m, -(b*x)])/(b^4*(-(b*x))^m) - (x^m*Gamma[4 + m, b*x])/(2*b^4*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

3.81.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

```
rule 2612 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m]])*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3788 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

3.81.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{4+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[2+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, 3+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{4+m} + \frac{b x^{5+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{5}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{5+m}$	73

```
input int(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(4+m)*x^(4+m)*hypergeom([2+1/2*m], [1/2, 3+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*cosh(a)+b/(
5+m)*x^(5+m)*hypergeom([5/2+1/2*m], [3/2, 7/2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*sinh(a)
```


3.81.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m+3)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m+4, bx) - \cosh((m+3)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m+4, -bx) + \Gamma(m+4, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((m + 3)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m + 4, b*x) - cosh((m + 3)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m + 4, -b*x) + gamma(m + 4, -b*x)*sinh((m + 3)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m + 4, b*x)*sinh((m + 3)*log(b) + a))/b`

3.81.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

3.81.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m-4} x^{m+4} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m+4, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m-4} x^{m+4} e^a \Gamma(m+4, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*x)^(-m - 4)*x^(m + 4)*e^(-a)*gamma(m + 4, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^(-m - 4)*x^(m + 4)*e^a*gamma(m + 4, -b*x)`

3.81.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m + 3)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

3.81.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 3)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m + 3)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.82 $\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

3.82.1	Optimal result	602
3.82.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	602
3.82.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	603
3.82.4	Maple [C] (verified)	604
3.82.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	605
3.82.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	605
3.82.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	605
3.82.8	Giac [F]	606
3.82.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	606

3.82.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3 + m, -bx)}{2b^3} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3 + m, bx)}{2b^3}$$

output `1/2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(3+m,-b*x)/b^3/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*GAMMA(3+m,b*x)/b^3/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.82.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-a} x^m (e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3 + m, -bx) - (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3 + m, bx))}{2b^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^(2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(x^m*((E^(2*a)*Gamma[3 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m - Gamma[3 + m, b*x]/(b*x)^m))/(2*b^3*E^a)`

3.82.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m+2} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m+2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m+2} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m+2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m+2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m+2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & \frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+3, -bx)}{2b^3} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+3, bx)}{2b^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(E^a*x^m*Gamma[3 + m, -(b*x)])/(2*b^3*(-(b*x))^m) - (x^m*Gamma[3 + m, b*x])/(2*b^3*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

3.82.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

```
rule 2612 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m]])*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3788 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

3.82.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{3+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{3+m} + \frac{b x^{4+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[2 + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, 3 + \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{4+m}$	73

```
input int(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(3+m)*x^(3+m)*hypergeom([3/2+1/2*m], [1/2, 5/2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*cosh(a)
+b/(4+m)*x^(4+m)*hypergeom([2+1/2*m], [3/2, 3+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*sinh(a)
```

3.82.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m+2)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m+3, bx) - \cosh((m+2)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m+3, -bx) + \Gamma(m+3, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/2*(cosh((m + 2)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m + 3, b*x) - cosh((m + 2)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m + 3, -b*x) + gamma(m + 3, -b*x)*sinh((m + 2)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m + 3, b*x)*sinh((m + 2)*log(b) + a))/b`**3.82.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`**3.82.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m-3} x^{m+3} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m+3, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m-3} x^{m+3} e^a \Gamma(m+3, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b*x)^(-m - 3)*x^(m + 3)*e^(-a)*gamma(m + 3, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^(-m - 3)*x^(m + 3)*e^a*gamma(m + 3, -b*x)`

3.82.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m + 2)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

3.82.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 2)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m + 2)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.83 $\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

3.83.1	Optimal result	607
3.83.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	607
3.83.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	608
3.83.4	Maple [C] (verified)	609
3.83.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	610
3.83.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	610
3.83.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	610
3.83.8	Giac [F]	611
3.83.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	611

3.83.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2 + m, -bx)}{2b^2} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2 + m, bx)}{2b^2}$$

output `-1/2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(2+m,-b*x)/b^2/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*GAMMA(2+m,b*x)/b^2/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.83.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2 + m, -bx) + e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2 + m, bx)}{2b^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^(1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*((E^a*x^m*Gamma[2 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m + (x^m*Gamma[2 + m, b*x])/(E^a*(b*x)^m))/b^2`

3.83.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m+1} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m+1} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m+1} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & -\frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+2, -bx)}{2b^2} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+2, bx)}{2b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*(E^a*x^m*Gamma[2 + m, -(b*x)])/(b^2*(-(b*x))^m) - (x^m*Gamma[2 + m, b*x])/(2*b^2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

3.83.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

```
rule 2612 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m])*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3788 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

3.83.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{2+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[1+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, 2+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{2+m} + \frac{b x^{3+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{3+m}$	73

```
input int(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(2+m)*x^(2+m)*hypergeom([1+1/2*m], [1/2, 2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*cosh(a)+b/(
3+m)*x^(3+m)*hypergeom([3/2+1/2*m], [3/2, 5/2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*sinh(a)
```

3.83.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m+1)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m+2, bx) - \cosh((m+1)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m+2, -bx) + \Gamma(m+2, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(cosh((m + 1)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m + 2, b*x) - cosh((m + 1)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m + 2, -b*x) + gamma(m + 2, -b*x)*sinh((m + 1)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m + 2, b*x)*sinh((m + 1)*log(b) + a))/b`**3.83.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`**3.83.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m-2} x^{m+2} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m+2, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m-2} x^{m+2} e^a \Gamma(m+2, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b*x)^(-m - 2)*x^(m + 2)*e^(-a)*gamma(m + 2, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^(-m - 2)*x^(m + 2)*e^a*gamma(m + 2, -b*x)`

3.83.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m + 1)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

3.83.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 1)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m + 1)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.84 $\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx$

3.84.1	Optimal result	612
3.84.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	612
3.84.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	613
3.84.4	Maple [C] (verified)	614
3.84.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	615
3.84.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	615
3.84.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	615
3.84.8	Giac [F]	616
3.84.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	616

3.84.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1 + m, -bx)}{2b} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1 + m, bx)}{2b}$$

output `1/2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(1+m,-b*x)/b/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*GAMMA(1+m,b*x)/b/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.84.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{e^{-a} x^m (e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1 + m, -bx) - (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1 + m, bx))}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(x^m*((E^(2*a)*Gamma[1 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m - Gamma[1 + m, b*x]/(b*x)^m))/(2*b*E^a)`

3.84.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^m \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^m dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^m dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & \frac{e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+1, -bx)}{2b} - \frac{e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m+1, bx)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^m*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `(E^a*x^m*Gamma[1 + m, -(b*x)])/(2*b*(-(b*x))^m) - (x^m*Gamma[1 + m, b*x])/ (2*b*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

3.84.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

```
rule 2612 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m])*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3788 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

3.84.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{1+m} + \frac{b x^{2+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[1 + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, 2 + \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{2+m}$	73

```
input int(x^m*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(1+m)*x^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2+1/2*m],[1/2,3/2+1/2*m],1/4*x^2*b^2)*cosh(a)
+b/(2+m)*x^(2+m)*hypergeom([1+1/2*m],[3/2,2+1/2*m],1/4*x^2*b^2)*sinh(a)
```

3.84.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh(m \log(b) + a) \Gamma(m + 1, bx) - \cosh(m \log(-b) - a) \Gamma(m + 1, -bx) + \Gamma(m + 1, -bx) \sinh(m \log(b) + a)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(cosh(m*log(b) + a)*gamma(m + 1, b*x) - cosh(m*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m + 1, -b*x) + gamma(m + 1, -b*x)*sinh(m*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m + 1, b*x)*sinh(m*log(b) + a))/b`**3.84.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**m*cosh(b*x+a),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`**3.84.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m-1} x^{m+1} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m + 1, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m-1} x^{m+1} e^a \Gamma(m + 1, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b*x)^(-m - 1)*x^(m + 1)*e^(-a)*gamma(m + 1, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^(-m - 1)*x^(m + 1)*e^a*gamma(m + 1, -b*x)`

3.84.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

3.84.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^m*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^m*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.85 $\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

3.85.1	Optimal result	617
3.85.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	617
3.85.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	618
3.85.4	Maple [C] (verified)	619
3.85.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	620
3.85.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	620
3.85.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	620
3.85.8	Giac [F]	621
3.85.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	621

3.85.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2}e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, bx)$$

output `-1/2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(m,-b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*x^m*GAMMA(m,b*x)/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.85.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2}e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, bx)$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x],x]`

output `-1/2*(E^a*x^m*Gamma[m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x)^m - (x^m*Gamma[m, b*x])/(2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

3.85.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-1} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m-1} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m-1} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m-1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `-1/2*(E^a*x^m*Gamma[m, -(b*x)]/(-(b*x))^m - (x^m*Gamma[m, b*x])/(2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

3.85.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

```
rule 2612 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m]))*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3788 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

3.85.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^m \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{m} + \frac{b x^{1+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{1+m}$	67

```
input int(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/m*x^m*hypergeom([1/2*m],[1/2,1+1/2*m],1/4*x^2*b^2)*cosh(a)+b/(1+m)*x^(1+
m)*hypergeom([1/2+1/2*m],[3/2,3/2+1/2*m],1/4*x^2*b^2)*sinh(a)
```

3.85.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{-\cosh((m-1)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m, bx) - \cosh((m-1)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m, -bx) + \Gamma(m, -bx)\sinh((m-1)\log(b) + a)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/2*(cosh((m - 1)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m, b*x) - cosh((m - 1)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m, -b*x) + gamma(m, -b*x)*sinh((m - 1)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m, b*x)*sinh((m - 1)*log(b) + a))/b`

3.85.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

3.85.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^m e^{(-a)}\Gamma(m, bx)}{2(bx)^m} - \frac{x^m e^a\Gamma(m, -bx)}{2(-bx)^m}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*x^m*e^(-a)*gamma(m, b*x)/(b*x)^m - 1/2*x^m*e^a*gamma(m, -b*x)/(-b*x)^m`

3.85.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 1)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

3.85.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 1)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m - 1)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.86 $\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

3.86.1	Optimal result	622
3.86.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	622
3.86.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	623
3.86.4	Maple [C] (verified)	624
3.86.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	625
3.86.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	625
3.86.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	625
3.86.8	Giac [F]	626
3.86.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	626

3.86.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{2}be^ax^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-1+m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}be^{-a}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-1+m, bx)$$

```
output 1/2*b*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(-1+m,-b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*b*x^m*GAMMA(-1+m,b*x)/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)
```

3.86.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{2}be^{-a}x^m(e^{2a}(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-1+m, -bx) - (bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-1+m, bx))$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]
```

```
output (b*x^m*((E^(2*a))*Gamma[-1 + m, -(b*x)]/(-(b*x))^m - Gamma[-1 + m, b*x]/(b*x)^m))/(2*E^a)
```

3.86.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-2} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m-2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m-2} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m-2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} e^{a} b x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m-1, -bx) - \frac{1}{2} e^{-a} b x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m-1, bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `(b*E^a*x^m*Gamma[-1 + m, -(b*x)])/(2*(-(b*x))^m) - (b*x^m*Gamma[-1 + m, b*x])/(2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

3.86.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`


```
rule 2612 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m])*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3788 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

3.86.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{-1+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right],\left[\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right],\frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{-1+m} + \frac{b x^m \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{m}{2}\right],\left[\frac{3}{2},1+\frac{m}{2}\right],\frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{m}$	67

```
input int(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(-1+m)*x^(-1+m)*hypergeom([-1/2+1/2*m],[1/2,1/2+1/2*m],1/4*x^2*b^2)*cosh
(a)+b/m*x^m*hypergeom([1/2*m],[3/2,1+1/2*m],1/4*x^2*b^2)*sinh(a)
```

3.86.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m-2)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m-1, bx) - \cosh((m-2)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m-1, -bx) + \Gamma(m-1, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(cosh((m - 2)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m - 1, b*x) - cosh((m - 2)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m - 1, -b*x) + gamma(m - 1, -b*x)*sinh((m - 2)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m - 1, b*x)*sinh((m - 2)*log(b) + a))/b`**3.86.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`**3.86.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m+1} x^{m-1} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m-1, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m+1} x^{m-1} e^a \Gamma(m-1, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b*x)^(-m + 1)*x^(m - 1)*e^(-a)*gamma(m - 1, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^(-m + 1)*x^(m - 1)*e^a*gamma(m - 1, -b*x)`

3.86.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 2)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

3.86.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 2)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m - 2)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.87 $\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx$

3.87.1	Optimal result	627
3.87.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	627
3.87.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	628
3.87.4	Maple [C] (verified)	629
3.87.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	630
3.87.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	630
3.87.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	630
3.87.8	Giac [F]	631
3.87.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	631

3.87.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2}b^2 e^a x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-2 + m, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}b^2 e^{-a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-2 + m, bx)$$

output `-1/2*b^2*exp(a)*x^m*GAMMA(-2+m, -b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-1/2*b^2*x^m*GAMMA(-2+m, b*x)/exp(a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.87.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{2}b^2 e^{-a} x^m (-e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-2 + m, -bx) - (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-2 + m, bx))$$

input `Integrate[x^(-3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `(b^2*x^m*(-(E^(2*a)*Gamma[-2 + m, -(b*x)])/(-(b*x))^m) - Gamma[-2 + m, b*x]/(b*x)^m)/(2*E^a)`

3.87.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-3} \cosh(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m-3} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{a+bx} x^{m-3} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{-a-bx} x^{m-3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-a-bx} x^{m-3} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{a+bx} x^{m-3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^{ab^2x^m}(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-2, -bx) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-ab^2x^m}(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-2, bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x], x]`

output `-1/2*(b^2*E^a*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, -(b*x)]/(-(b*x))^m - (b^2*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, b*x])/(2*E^a*(b*x)^m)`

3.87.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

```
rule 2612 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1))*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m]]*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3788 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] :> Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp
[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e
, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]
```

3.87.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^{-2+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-1+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \cosh(a)}{-2+m} + \frac{b x^{-1+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right], \frac{x^2 b^2}{4}\right) \sinh(a)}{-1+m}$	71

```
input int(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(-2+m)*x^(-2+m)*hypergeom([-1+1/2*m], [1/2, 1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*cosh(a)+b/
(-1+m)*x^(-1+m)*hypergeom([-1/2+1/2*m], [3/2, 1/2+1/2*m], 1/4*x^2*b^2)*sinh(a
)
```

3.87.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \frac{\cosh((m-3)\log(b) + a)\Gamma(m-2, bx) - \cosh((m-3)\log(-b) - a)\Gamma(m-2, -bx) + \Gamma(m-2, -bx)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(cosh((m - 3)*log(b) + a)*gamma(m - 2, b*x) - cosh((m - 3)*log(-b) - a)*gamma(m - 2, -b*x) + gamma(m - 2, -b*x)*sinh((m - 3)*log(-b) - a) - gamma(m - 2, b*x)*sinh((m - 3)*log(b) + a))/b`**3.87.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x**(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`**3.87.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{2} (bx)^{-m+2} x^{m-2} e^{(-a)} \Gamma(m-2, bx) - \frac{1}{2} (-bx)^{-m+2} x^{m-2} e^a \Gamma(m-2, -bx)$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b*x)^(-m + 2)*x^(m - 2)*e^(-a)*gamma(m - 2, b*x) - 1/2*(-b*x)^(-m + 2)*x^(m - 2)*e^a*gamma(m - 2, -b*x)`

3.87.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 3)*cosh(b*x + a), x)`

3.87.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 3)*cosh(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^(m - 3)*cosh(a + b*x), x)`

3.88 $\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.88.1	Optimal result	632
3.88.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	632
3.88.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	633
3.88.4	Maple [F]	634
3.88.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	634
3.88.6	Sympy [F]	634
3.88.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	635
3.88.8	Giac [F]	635
3.88.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	635

3.88.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^{4+m}}{2(4+m)} - \frac{2^{-6-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4+m, -2bx)}{b^4} - \frac{2^{-6-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4+m, 2bx)}{b^4}$$

output `1/2*x^(4+m)/(4+m)-2^(-6-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(4+m,-2*b*x)/b^4/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-6-m)*x^m*GAMMA(4+m,2*b*x)/b^4/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.88.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{64} x^m \left(\frac{32x^4}{4+m} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4+m, -2bx)}{b^4} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(4+m, 2bx)}{b^4} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^(3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^m*((32*x^4)/(4 + m) - (E^(2*a)*Gamma[4 + m, -2*b*x])/(2^m*b^4*(-(b*x))^m) - Gamma[4 + m, 2*b*x]/(2^m*b^4*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)))/64`

3.88.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m+3} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m+3} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m+3} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m+3}}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{e^{2a}2^{-m-6}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+4, -2bx)}{b^4} - \frac{e^{-2a}2^{-m-6}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+4, 2bx)}{b^4} + \frac{x^{m+4}}{2(m+4)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `x^(4 + m)/(2*(4 + m)) - (2^(-6 - m)*E^(2*a)*x^m*Gamma[4 + m, -2*b*x])/(b^4 *(-b*x)^m) - (2^(-6 - m)*x^m*Gamma[4 + m, 2*b*x])/(b^4*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)`

3.88.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.88.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh (bx+a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.88.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m+3)\log(x)) - (m+4) \cosh((m+3)\log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+4, 2bx) + (m+4) \cosh((m+3)\log(2b) - 2a) \Gamma(m+4, -2bx) + (m+4) \gamma(m+4, 2bx) \sinh((m+3)\log(2b) + 2a) - (m+4) \gamma(m+4, -2bx) \sinh((m+3)\log(2b) - 2a) + 4bx \sinh((m+3)\log(x))}{(b^2m + 4b)}$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m+3)*log(x)) - (m+4)*cosh((m+3)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m+4, 2*b*x) + (m+4)*cosh((m+3)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m+4, -2*b*x) + (m+4)*gamma(m+4, 2*b*x)*sinh((m+3)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m+4)*gamma(m+4, -2*b*x)*sinh((m+3)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m+3)*log(x)))/(b*m + 4*b)`

3.88.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**(m+3)*cosh(a+b*x)**2, x)`

3.88.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{4} (2bx)^{-m-4} x^{m+4} e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m+4, 2bx) - \frac{1}{4} (-2bx)^{-m-4} x^{m+4} e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m+4, -2bx) + \frac{x^{m+4}}{2(m+4)}$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(2*b*x)^(-m - 4)*x^(m + 4)*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m + 4, 2*b*x) - 1/4*(-2*b*x)^(-m - 4)*x^(m + 4)*e^(2*a)*gamma(m + 4, -2*b*x) + 1/2*x^(m + 4)/(m + 4)`**3.88.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^(m + 3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`**3.88.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+3} \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 3)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^(m + 3)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.89 $\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.89.1	Optimal result	636
3.89.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	636
3.89.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	637
3.89.4	Maple [F]	638
3.89.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	638
3.89.6	Sympy [F]	638
3.89.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	639
3.89.8	Giac [F]	639
3.89.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	639

3.89.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^{3+m}}{2(3+m)} + \frac{2^{-5-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3+m, -2bx)}{b^3} - \frac{2^{-5-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3+m, 2bx)}{b^3}$$

output `1/2*x^(3+m)/(3+m)+2^(-5-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(3+m,-2*b*x)/b^3/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-5-m)*x^m*GAMMA(3+m,2*b*x)/b^3/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.89.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{32} x^m \left(\frac{16x^3}{3+m} + \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3+m, -2bx)}{b^3} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(3+m, 2bx)}{b^3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^(2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^m*((16*x^3)/(3 + m) + (E^(2*a)*Gamma[3 + m, -2*b*x])/(2^m*b^3*(-(b*x))^m) - Gamma[3 + m, 2*b*x]/(2^m*b^3*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)))/32`

3.89.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m+2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m+2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m+2} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m+2}}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{e^{2a}2^{-m-5}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+3, -2bx)}{b^3} - \frac{e^{-2a}2^{-m-5}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+3, 2bx)}{b^3} + \frac{x^{m+3}}{2(m+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `x^(3 + m)/(2*(3 + m)) + (2^(-5 - m)*E^(2*a)*x^m*Gamma[3 + m, -2*b*x])/(b^3*(-b*x)^m) - (2^(-5 - m)*x^m*Gamma[3 + m, 2*b*x])/(b^3*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)`

3.89.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.89.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh (bx+a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.89.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m+2)\log(x)) - (m+3) \cosh((m+2)\log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+3, 2bx) + (m+3) \cosh((m+2)\log(x))}{(b^2m + 3b)}$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m+2)*log(x)) - (m+3)*cosh((m+2)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m+3, 2*b*x) + (m+3)*cosh((m+2)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m+3, -2*b*x) + (m+3)*gamma(m+3, 2*b*x)*sinh((m+2)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m+3)*gamma(m+3, -2*b*x)*sinh((m+2)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m+2)*log(x)))/(b*m + 3*b)`

3.89.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**(m+2)*cosh(a+b*x)**2, x)`

3.89.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{4} (2bx)^{-m-3} x^{m+3} e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m+3, 2bx) - \frac{1}{4} (-2bx)^{-m-3} x^{m+3} e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m+3, -2bx) + \frac{x^{m+3}}{2(m+3)}$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(2*b*x)^(-m - 3)*x^(m + 3)*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m + 3, 2*b*x) - 1/4*(-2*b*x)^(-m - 3)*x^(m + 3)*e^(2*a)*gamma(m + 3, -2*b*x) + 1/2*x^(m + 3)/(m + 3)`**3.89.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^(2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^(m + 2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`**3.89.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+2} \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 2)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^(m + 2)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.90 $\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.90.1	Optimal result	640
3.90.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	640
3.90.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	641
3.90.4	Maple [F]	642
3.90.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	642
3.90.6	Sympy [F]	642
3.90.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	643
3.90.8	Giac [F]	643
3.90.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	643

3.90.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^{2+m}}{2(2+m)} - \frac{2^{-4-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2+m, -2bx)}{b^2} - \frac{2^{-4-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2+m, 2bx)}{b^2}$$

output `1/2*x^(2+m)/(2+m)-2^(-4-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(2+m,-2*b*x)/b^2/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-4-m)*x^m*GAMMA(2+m,2*b*x)/b^2/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.90.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{16} x^m \left(\frac{8x^2}{2+m} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2+m, -2bx)}{b^2} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(2+m, 2bx)}{b^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^(1+m)*Cosh[a+b*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^m*((8*x^2)/(2+m) - (E^(2*a)*Gamma[2+m,-2*b*x])/(2^m*b^2*(-(b*x))^m) - Gamma[2+m,2*b*x]/(2^m*b^2*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)))/16`

3.90.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{m+1} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int x^{m+1} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx$$

↓ 3793

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m+1} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2}\right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{e^{2a}2^{-m-4}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+2, -2bx)}{b^2} - \frac{e^{-2a}2^{-m-4}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+2, 2bx)}{b^2} + \frac{x^{m+2}}{2(m+2)}$$

input `Int[x^(1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2, x]`

output `x^(2 + m)/(2*(2 + m)) - (2^(-4 - m)*E^(2*a)*x^m*Gamma[2 + m, -2*b*x])/(b^2*(-(b*x))^m) - (2^(-4 - m)*x^m*Gamma[2 + m, 2*b*x])/(b^2*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)`

3.90.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.90.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.90.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m+1)\log(x)) - (m+2) \cosh((m+1)\log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m+2, 2bx) + (m+2) \cosh((m+1)\log(2b) - 2a) \Gamma(m+2, -2bx) + (m+2) \gamma(m+2, 2bx) \sinh((m+1)\log(2b) + 2a) - (m+2) \gamma(m+2, -2bx) \sinh((m+1)\log(2b) - 2a) + 4bx \sinh((m+1)\log(x))}{(b^{m+2})}$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m + 1)*log(x)) - (m + 2)*cosh((m + 1)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m + 2, 2*b*x) + (m + 2)*cosh((m + 1)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m + 2, -2*b*x) + (m + 2)*gamma(m + 2, 2*b*x)*sinh((m + 1)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m + 2)*gamma(m + 2, -2*b*x)*sinh((m + 1)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m + 1)*log(x)))/(b*m + 2*b)`

3.90.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**(m + 1)*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`

3.90.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{4} (2bx)^{-m-2} x^{m+2} e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m+2, 2bx) - \frac{1}{4} (-2bx)^{-m-2} x^{m+2} e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m+2, -2bx) + \frac{x^{m+2}}{2(m+2)}$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(2*b*x)^(-m - 2)*x^(m + 2)*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m + 2, 2*b*x) - 1/4*(-2*b*x)^(-m - 2)*x^(m + 2)*e^(2*a)*gamma(m + 2, -2*b*x) + 1/2*x^(m + 2)/(m + 2)`**3.90.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^(m + 1)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`**3.90.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m+1} \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 1)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^(m + 1)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.91 $\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.91.1	Optimal result	644
3.91.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	644
3.91.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	645
3.91.4	Maple [F]	646
3.91.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	646
3.91.6	Sympy [F]	646
3.91.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	647
3.91.8	Giac [F]	647
3.91.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	647

3.91.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{2(1+m)} + \frac{2^{-3-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1+m, -2bx)}{b} - \frac{2^{-3-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1+m, 2bx)}{b}$$

output `1/2*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+2^(-3-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(1+m,-2*b*x)/b/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-3-m)*x^m*GAMMA(1+m,2*b*x)/b/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.91.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} x^m \left(\frac{4x}{1+m} + \frac{2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1+m, -2bx)}{b} - \frac{2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(1+m, 2bx)}{b} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^m*((4*x)/(1+m) + (E^(2*a)*Gamma[1+m, -2*b*x])/(2^m*b*(-(b*x))^m) - Gamma[1+m, 2*b*x]/(2^m*b*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)))/8`

3.91.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^m \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^m \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^m}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{e^{2a}2^{-m-3}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+1, -2bx)}{b} - \frac{e^{-2a}2^{-m-3}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m+1, 2bx)}{b} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2(m+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^m*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `x^(1 + m)/(2*(1 + m)) + (2^(-3 - m)*E^(2*a)*x^m*Gamma[1 + m, -2*b*x])/(b*(-(b*x))^m) - (2^(-3 - m)*x^m*Gamma[1 + m, 2*b*x])/(b*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)`

3.91.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.91.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `int(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.91.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh(m \log(x)) - (m + 1) \cosh(m \log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m + 1, 2bx) + (m + 1) \cosh(m \log(-2b) - 2a)}{b(m + 1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(4*b*x*cosh(m*log(x)) - (m + 1)*cosh(m*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m + 1, 2*b*x) + (m + 1)*cosh(m*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m + 1, -2*b*x) + (m + 1)*gamma(m + 1, 2*b*x)*sinh(m*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m + 1)*gamma(m + 1, -2*b*x)*sinh(m*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh(m*log(x)))/(b*m + b)`

3.91.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**m*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**m*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`

3.91.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{1}{4} (2bx)^{-m-1} x^{m+1} e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m+1, 2bx) - \frac{1}{4} (-2bx)^{-m-1} x^{m+1} e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m+1, -2bx) + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(2*b*x)^(-m - 1)*x^(m + 1)*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m + 1, 2*b*x) - 1/4*(-2*b*x)^(-m - 1)*x^(m + 1)*e^(2*a)*gamma(m + 1, -2*b*x) + 1/2*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`**3.91.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^m*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`**3.91.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^m \cosh(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^m*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^m*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.92 $\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.92.1	Optimal result	648
3.92.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	648
3.92.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	649
3.92.4	Maple [F]	650
3.92.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	650
3.92.6	Sympy [F]	650
3.92.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	651
3.92.8	Giac [F]	651
3.92.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	651

3.92.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^m}{2m} - 2^{-2-m} e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -2bx) - 2^{-2-m} e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, 2bx)$$

output `1/2*x^m/m-2^(-2-m)*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(m,-2*b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-2-m)*x^m*GAMMA(m,2*b*x)/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.92.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} x^m \left(\frac{2}{m} - 2^{-m} e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, -2bx) - 2^{-m} e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(m, 2bx) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^m*(2/m - (E^(2*a)*Gamma[m, -2*b*x]))/(2^m*(-(b*x))^m) - Gamma[m, 2*b*x]/(2^m*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m))/4`

3.92.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-1} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m-1} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m-1} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m-1}}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & e^{2a}(-2^{-m-2})x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m, -2bx) - e^{-2a}2^{-m-2}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m, 2bx) + \frac{x^m}{2m}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `x^m/(2*m) - (2^(-2 - m)*E^(2*a)*x^m*Gamma[m, -2*b*x])/(-(b*x))^m - (2^(-2 - m)*x^m*Gamma[m, 2*b*x])/(E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)`

3.92.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.92.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x-1+m*cosh(b*x+a)2,x)`

output `int(x-1+m*cosh(b*x+a)2,x)`

3.92.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m-1)\log(x)) - m \cosh((m-1)\log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m, 2bx) + m \cosh((m-1)\log(-2b) - 2a) \Gamma(m, -2bx) + 4bx \sinh((m-1)\log(x))}{(b*m)}$$

input `integrate(x-1+m*cosh(b*x+a)2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m-1)*log(x)) - m*cosh((m-1)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m, 2*b*x) + m*cosh((m-1)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m, -2*b*x) + m*gamma(m, 2*b*x)*sinh((m-1)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - m*gamma(m, -2*b*x)*sinh((m-1)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m-1)*log(x)))/(b*m)`

3.92.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**m-1*cosh(a + b*x)**2, x)`

3.92.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^m e^{(-2a)} \Gamma(m, 2bx)}{4 (2bx)^m} - \frac{x^m e^{(2a)} \Gamma(m, -2bx)}{4 (-2bx)^m} + \frac{x^m}{2m}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*x^m*e^(-2*a)*gamma(m, 2*b*x)/(2*b*x)^m - 1/4*x^m*e^(2*a)*gamma(m, -2*b*x)/(-2*b*x)^m + 1/2*x^m/m`

3.92.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 1)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

3.92.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-1} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 1)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(m - 1)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.93 $\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.93.1	Optimal result	652
3.93.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	652
3.93.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	653
3.93.4	Maple [F]	654
3.93.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	654
3.93.6	Sympy [F]	654
3.93.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	655
3.93.8	Giac [F]	655
3.93.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	655

3.93.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^{-1+m}}{2(1-m)} + 2^{-1-m} b e^{2a} x^m (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1+m, -2bx) - 2^{-1-m} b e^{-2a} x^m (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1+m, 2bx)$$

output `-1/2*x^(-1+m)/(1-m)+2^(-1-m)*b*exp(2*a)*x^m*GAMMA(-1+m,-2*b*x)/((-b*x)^m)-2^(-1-m)*b*x^m*GAMMA(-1+m,2*b*x)/exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)`

3.93.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{2} x^m \left(\frac{1}{(-1+m)x} + 2^{-m} b e^{2a} (-bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1+m, -2bx) - 2^{-m} b e^{-2a} (bx)^{-m} \Gamma(-1+m, 2bx) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^(-2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^m*(1/((-1 + m)*x) + (b*E^(2*a)*Gamma[-1 + m, -2*b*x])/(2^m*(-(b*x))^m) - (b*Gamma[-1 + m, 2*b*x])/(2^m*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m))/2`

3.93.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m-2} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m-2} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m-2}}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & e^{2a}b2^{-m-1}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-1, -2bx) - e^{-2a}b2^{-m-1}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-1, 2bx) - \frac{x^{m-1}}{2(1-m)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-2 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `-1/2*x^(-1 + m)/(1 - m) + (2^(-1 - m)*b*E^(2*a)*x^m*Gamma[-1 + m, -2*b*x]) /(-(b*x))^m - (2^(-1 - m)*b*x^m*Gamma[-1 + m, 2*b*x])/(E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)`

3.93.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.93.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh (bx+a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.93.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m-2)\log(x)) - (m-1) \cosh((m-2)\log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m-1, 2bx) + (m-1) \cosh((m-2)\log(2b) - 2a) \Gamma(m-1, -2bx) + (m-1) \gamma(m-1, 2bx) \sinh((m-2)\log(2b) + 2a) - (m-1) \gamma(m-1, -2bx) \sinh((m-2)\log(2b) - 2a) + 4bx \sinh((m-2)\log(x))}{(b^m - b)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m-2)*log(x)) - (m-1)*cosh((m-2)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m-1, 2*b*x) + (m-1)*cosh((m-2)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m-1, -2*b*x) + (m-1)*gamma(m-1, 2*b*x)*sinh((m-2)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m-1)*gamma(m-1, -2*b*x)*sinh((m-2)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m-2)*log(x)))/(b*m - b)`

3.93.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh^2(a+bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**(m-2)*cosh(a+b*x)**2, x)`

3.93.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(m-2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

3.93.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-2+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 2)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

3.93.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-2+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-2} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 2)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(m - 2)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.94 $\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$

3.94.1	Optimal result	656
3.94.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	656
3.94.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	657
3.94.4	Maple [F]	658
3.94.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	658
3.94.6	Sympy [F]	658
3.94.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	659
3.94.8	Giac [F]	659
3.94.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	659

3.94.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^{-2+m}}{2(2-m)} - 2^{-m}b^2e^{2a}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-2+m, -2bx) - 2^{-m}b^2e^{-2a}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-2+m, 2bx)$$

output $-1/2*x^{(-2+m)}/(2-m)-b^2*\exp(2*a)*x^m*\text{GAMMA}(-2+m, -2*b*x)/(2^m)/((-b*x)^m)-b^2*x^m*\text{GAMMA}(-2+m, 2*b*x)/(2^m)/\exp(2*a)/((b*x)^m)$

3.94.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = -\frac{x^{-2+m}}{2(2-m)} - 2^{-m}b^2e^{2a}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-2+m, -2bx) - 2^{-m}b^2e^{-2a}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(-2+m, 2bx)$$

input `Integrate[x^(-3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output $-1/2*x^{(-2 + m)}/(2 - m) - (b^2*E^{(2*a)*x^m*\text{Gamma}[-2 + m, -2*b*x]})/(2^m*(-(b*x))^m) - (b^2*x^m*\text{Gamma}[-2 + m, 2*b*x]})/(2^m*E^{(2*a)*(b*x)^m})$

3.94.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-3} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^{m-3} \sin\left(ia + ibx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{m-3} \cosh(2a + 2bx) + \frac{x^{m-3}}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -e^{2a}b^22^{-m}x^m(-bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-2, -2bx) - e^{-2a}b^22^{-m}x^m(bx)^{-m}\Gamma(m-2, 2bx) - \frac{x^{m-2}}{2(2-m)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-3 + m)*Cosh[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `-1/2*x^(-2 + m)/(2 - m) - (b^2*E^(2*a)*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, -2*b*x])/(2^m*(-(b*x))^m) - (b^2*x^m*Gamma[-2 + m, 2*b*x])/(2^m*E^(2*a)*(b*x)^m)`

3.94.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

3.94.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh (bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x)`

3.94.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \cosh((m-3)\log(x)) - (m-2) \cosh((m-3)\log(2b) + 2a) \Gamma(m-2, 2bx) + (m-2) \cosh((m-3)\log(2b) - 2a) \Gamma(m-2, -2bx) + (m-2) \gamma(m-2, 2bx) \sinh((m-3)\log(2b) + 2a) - (m-2) \gamma(m-2, -2bx) \sinh((m-3)\log(2b) - 2a) + 4bx \sinh((m-3)\log(x))}{(b^m - 2b)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(4*b*x*cosh((m-3)*log(x)) - (m-2)*cosh((m-3)*log(2*b) + 2*a)*gamma(m-2, 2*b*x) + (m-2)*cosh((m-3)*log(-2*b) - 2*a)*gamma(m-2, -2*b*x) + (m-2)*gamma(m-2, 2*b*x)*sinh((m-3)*log(2*b) + 2*a) - (m-2)*gamma(m-2, -2*b*x)*sinh((m-3)*log(-2*b) - 2*a) + 4*b*x*sinh((m-3)*log(x)))/(b*m - 2*b)`

3.94.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate(x**(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**(m-3)*cosh(a+b*x)**2,x)`

3.94.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(m-3>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

3.94.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh^2(bx + a) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-3+m)*cosh(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 3)*cosh(b*x + a)^2, x)`

3.94.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-3+m} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx = \int x^{m-3} \cosh^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 3)*cosh(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(m - 3)*cosh(a + b*x)^2, x)`

3.95 $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.95.1	Optimal result	660
3.95.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	660
3.95.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	661
3.95.4	Maple [F]	661
3.95.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	662
3.95.6	Sympy [F]	662
3.95.7	Maxima [F]	662
3.95.8	Giac [F]	663
3.95.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	663

3.95.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{4}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}$$

output `-4/9/sech(x)^(3/2)+2/3*x*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(1/2)`

3.95.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \frac{2(-2 + 3x \tanh(x))}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sech[x]^(3/2) - (x*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/3,x]`

output `(2*(-2 + 3*x*Tanh[x]))/(9*Sech[x]^(3/2))`

3.95. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.95.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x \sinh(x)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} - \frac{4}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Int[x/Sech[x]^(3/2) - (x*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/3,x]`

output `-4/(9*Sech[x]^(3/2)) + (2*x*Sinh[x])/(3*Sqrt[Sech[x]])`

3.95.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.95.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}{3} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

3.95. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.95.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.95.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{3x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} dx}{3}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)**(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-3*x/sech(x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(x*sqrt(sech(x)), x))/3`

3.95.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x*sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(3/2), x)`

3.95. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.95.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x*sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(3/2), x)`

3.95.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = - \int \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}}}{3} - \frac{x}{\left(\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(1/cosh(x))^(3/2) - (x*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/3,x)`

output `-int((x*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/3 - x/(1/cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

3.95. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.96
$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$$

3.96.1	Optimal result	664
3.96.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	664
3.96.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	665
3.96.4	Maple [F]	665
3.96.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	666
3.96.6	Sympy [F]	666
3.96.7	Maxima [F]	666
3.96.8	Giac [F]	667
3.96.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	667

3.96.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = -\frac{4}{25\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{5\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)}$$

output `-4/25/sech(x)^(5/2)+2/5*x*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(3/2)`

3.96.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = \frac{2(-2 + 5x \tanh(x))}{25\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sech[x]^(5/2) - (3*x)/(5*Sqrt[Sech[x]]),x]`

output `(2*(-2 + 5*x*Tanh[x]))/(25*Sech[x]^(5/2))`

3.96.
$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$$

3.96.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x \sinh(x)}{5\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{4}{25\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)}$$

input `Int[x/Sech[x]^(5/2) - (3*x)/(5*Sqrt[Sech[x]]),x]`

output `-4/(25*Sech[x]^(5/2)) + (2*x*Sinh[x])/(5*Sech[x]^(3/2))`

3.96.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.96.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

3.96. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$

3.96.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.96.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{5x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int \frac{3x}{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} dx}{5}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)**(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-5*x/sech(x)**(5/2), x) + Integral(3*x/sqrt(sech(x)), x))/5`

3.96.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-3/5*x/sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(5/2), x)`

3.96. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$

3.96.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(5/2)-3/5*x/sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-3/5*x/sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(5/2), x)`

3.96.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx = - \int \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}}} - \frac{x}{\left(\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(1/cosh(x))^(5/2) - (3*x)/(5*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `-int((3*x)/(5*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2)) - x/(1/cosh(x))^(5/2), x)`

3.96. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} - \frac{3x}{5\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} \right) dx$

3.97 $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.97.1	Optimal result	668
3.97.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	668
3.97.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	669
3.97.4	Maple [F]	669
3.97.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	670
3.97.6	Sympy [F]	670
3.97.7	Maxima [F]	670
3.97.8	Giac [F]	671
3.97.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	671

3.97.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{4}{49\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{20}{63\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{7\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{10x \sinh(x)}{21\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}$$

output `-4/49/sech(x)^(7/2)-20/63/sech(x)^(3/2)+2/7*x*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(5/2)+10/21*x*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(1/2)`

3.97.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \left(-\frac{167}{882} - \frac{88}{441} \cosh(2x) - \frac{1}{98} \cosh(4x) + \frac{13}{42}x \sinh(2x) + \frac{1}{28}x \sinh(4x) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x/Sech[x]^(7/2) - (5*x*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/21,x]`

output `Sqrt[Sech[x]]*(-167/882 - (88*Cosh[2*x])/441 - Cosh[4*x]/98 + (13*x*Sinh[2*x])/42 + (x*Sinh[4*x])/28)`

3.97. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21}x\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.97.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{20}{63 \operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{4}{49 \operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} + \frac{2x \sinh(x)}{7 \operatorname{sech}^{\frac{5}{2}}(x)} + \frac{10x \sinh(x)}{21 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}$$

input `Int[x/Sech[x]^(7/2) - (5*x*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/21,x]`

output `-4/(49*Sech[x]^(7/2)) - 20/(63*Sech[x]^(3/2)) + (2*x*Sinh[x])/(7*Sech[x]^(5/2)) + (10*x*Sinh[x])/(21*Sqrt[Sech[x]])`

3.97.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.97.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}{21} \right) dx$$

input `int(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

3.97. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.97.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.97.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{21x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int 5x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} dx}{21}$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)**(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-21*x/sech(x)**(7/2), x) + Integral(5*x*sqrt(sech(x)), x))/21`

3.97.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-5/21*x*sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(7/2), x)`

3.97. $\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.97.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/sech(x)^(7/2)-5/21*x*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-5/21*x*sqrt(sech(x)) + x/sech(x)^(7/2), x)`

3.97.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{7}{2}}(x)} - \frac{5}{21} x \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = - \int \frac{5x \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}}}{21} - \frac{x}{\left(\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}\right)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(1/cosh(x))^(7/2) - (5*x*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/21,x)`

output `-int((5*x*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/21 - x/(1/cosh(x))^(7/2), x)`

3.98 $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

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3.98.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	675

3.98.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{8x}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{16}{27}i\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{ix}{2}, 2\right) \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{16 \sinh(x)}{27\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} + \frac{2x^2 \sinh(x)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}$$

output `-8/9*x/sech(x)^(3/2)+16/27*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(1/2)+2/3*x^2*sinh(x)/sech(x)^(1/2)-16/27*I*(cosh(1/2*x)^2)^(1/2)/cosh(1/2*x)*EllipticF(I*sinh(1/2*x),2)^(1/2))*cosh(x)^(1/2)*sech(x)^(1/2)`

3.98.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \frac{2}{27} \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \left(-8i\sqrt{\cosh(x)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{ix}{2}, 2\right) + \cosh(x) (-12x \cosh(x) + (8 + 9x^2) \sinh(x)) \right)$$

3.98. $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

input `Integrate[x^2/Sech[x]^(3/2) - (x^2*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/3,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[Sech[x]]*((-8*I)*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]*EllipticF[(I/2)*x, 2] + Cosh[x]*(-1
2*x*Cosh[x] + (8 + 9*x^2)*Sinh[x]))/27`

3.98.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x^2 \sinh(x)}{3\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} - \frac{8x}{9\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} + \frac{16 \sinh(x)}{27\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}} - \frac{16}{27}i\sqrt{\cosh(x)}\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{ix}{2}, 2\right)$$

input `Int[x^2/Sech[x]^(3/2) - (x^2*Sqrt[Sech[x]])/3,x]`

output `(-8*x)/(9*Sech[x]^(3/2)) - ((16*I)/27)*Sqrt[Cosh[x]]*EllipticF[(I/2)*x, 2]
*Sqrt[Sech[x]] + (16*Sinh[x])/(27*Sqrt[Sech[x]]) + (2*x^2*Sinh[x])/(3*Sqrt
[Sech[x]])`

3.98. $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.98.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.98.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}}{3} \right) dx$$

input `int(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x)`

3.98.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.98.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{3x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} \right) dx + \int x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} dx}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**2/sech(x)**(3/2)-1/3*x**2*sech(x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-(Integral(-3*x**2/sech(x)**(3/2), x) + Integral(x**2*sqrt(sech(x)), x))/3`

3.98. $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.98.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x^2*sqrt(sech(x)) + x^2/sech(x)^(3/2), x)`

3.98.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = \int -\frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} + \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}(x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/sech(x)^(3/2)-1/3*x^2*sech(x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/3*x^2*sqrt(sech(x)) + x^2/sech(x)^(3/2), x)`

3.98.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx = -\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}}}{3} - \frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{1}{\cosh(x)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(1/cosh(x))^(3/2) - (x^2*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/3,x)`

output `-int((x^2*(1/cosh(x))^(1/2))/3 - x^2/(1/cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

3.98. $\int \left(\frac{x^2}{\operatorname{sech}^{\frac{3}{2}}(x)} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)} \right) dx$

3.99 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

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3.99.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^4}{4d} - \frac{6ad^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} - \frac{3ad(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{6ad^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{a(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/4*a*(d*x+c)^4/d-6*a*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)/f^4-3*a*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+6*a*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+a*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

3.99.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = a \left(\frac{1}{4} x (4c^3 + 6c^2 dx + 4cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3) - \frac{3d(c^2 f^2 + 2cdf^2 x + d^2(2 + f^2 x^2)) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} + \frac{(c + dx)(c^2 f^2 + 2cdf^2 x + d^2(6 + f^2 x^2)) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `a*((x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3))/4 - (3*d*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 + ((c + d*x)*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(6 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3)`

3.99.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3798$$

$$\int (a(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) + a(c + dx)^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{6ad^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} - \frac{3ad(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{a(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a(c + dx)^4}{4d} - \frac{6ad^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^4)/(4*d) - (6*a*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 - (3*a*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (6*a*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (a*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

3.99.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.99.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a((dx+c)((dx+c)^2 f^2+6d^2)f \sinh(fx+e)-3d((dx+c)^2 f^2+2d^2) \cosh(fx+e)+(\frac{1}{2}x^2 d^2+c dx+c^2)x(\frac{dx}{2}+c)f^4-3c^2 d f^2 x^2)}{f^4}$
risch	$\frac{a d^3 x^4}{4} + a d^2 c x^3 + \frac{3 a d c^2 x^2}{2} + a c^3 x + \frac{a c^4}{4 d} + \frac{a(d^3 x^3 f^3+3 c d^2 f^3 x^2+3 c^2 d f^3 x-3 d^3 f^2 x^2+c^3 f^3-6 c d^2 f^2 x^2)}{2 f^4}$
parts	$\frac{a(dx+c)^4}{4d} + \frac{a\left(\frac{d^3((fx+e)^3 \sinh(fx+e)-3(fx+e)^2 \cosh(fx+e)+6(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)-6 \cosh(fx+e))}{f^3} - 3d^3 e((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e))\right)}{f^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^3 a(fx+e)^4}{4 f^3} + \frac{d^3 a((fx+e)^3 \sinh(fx+e)-3(fx+e)^2 \cosh(fx+e)+6(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)-6 \cosh(fx+e))}{f^3} - \frac{d^3 e a(fx+e)^3}{f^3} - \frac{3 d^3 e a((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^3}$
default	$\frac{d^3 a(fx+e)^4}{4 f^3} + \frac{d^3 a((fx+e)^3 \sinh(fx+e)-3(fx+e)^2 \cosh(fx+e)+6(fx+e) \sinh(fx+e)-6 \cosh(fx+e))}{f^3} - \frac{d^3 e a(fx+e)^3}{f^3} - \frac{3 d^3 e a((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*((d*x+c)*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+6*d^2)*f*sinh(f*x+e)-3*d*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*cosh(f*x+e)+(1/2*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*x*(1/2*d*x+c)*f^4-3*c^2*d*f^2-6*d^3)/f^4`

3.99. $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

3.99.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^3 f^4 x^4 + 4acd^2 f^4 x^3 + 6ac^2 df^4 x^2 + 4ac^3 f^4 x - 12(ad^3 f^2 x^2 + 2acd^2 f^2 x + ac^2 df^2 + 2ad^3) \cosh(fx + e)}{4f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/4*(a*d^3*f^4*x^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*f^4*x^3 + 6*a*c^2*d*f^4*x^2 + 4*a*c^3*f^4*x - 12*(a*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*f^2*x + a*c^2*d*f^2 + 2*a*d^3)*cosh(f*x + e) + 4*(a*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + a*c^3*f^3 + 6*a*c*d^2*f + 3*(a*c^2*d*f^3 + 2*a*d^3*f)*x)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^4`**3.99.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^3 x + \frac{ac^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{3ac^2 dx^2}{2} + \frac{3ac^2 dx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{3acd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + acd^2 x^3 + \frac{3acd^2 x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{6acd^2 x \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} \\ (a \cosh(e) + a) \left(c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 dx^2}{2} + cd^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*c**3*x + a*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2/2 + 3*a*c**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a*c**2*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + a*c*d**2*x**3 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 6*a*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 6*a*c*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 + a*d**3*x**4/4 + a*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a*d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 6*a*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - 6*a*d**3*cosh(e + f*x)/f**4, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)*(c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4), True))`

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*a*d^3*x^4 + a*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a*c^2*d*x^2 + a*c^3*x + 1/2*(a*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*f^3*x - 3*a*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a*c^3*f^3 - 6*a*c*d^2*f^2*x - 3*a*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a*d^3*f*x + 6*a*c*d^2*f - 6*a*d^3)*e^(f*x + e)/f^4 - 1/2*(a*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*f^3*x + 3*a*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a*c^3*f^3 + 6*a*c*d^2*f^2*x + 3*a*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a*d^3*f*x + 6*a*c*d^2*f + 6*a*d^3)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4`

3.99.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\sinh(e + fx) (ac^3 f^2 + 6acd^2)}{f^3} - \frac{3 \cosh(e + fx) (ac^2 d f^2 + 2ad^3)}{f^4} + \frac{ad^3 x^4}{4} + ac^3 x + \frac{3x \sinh(e + fx) (ac^2 d f^2 + 2ad^3)}{f^3} + \frac{3ac^2 dx^2}{2} + acd^2 x^3 - \frac{3ad^3 x^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{ad^3 x^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{6acd^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{3acd^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `(sinh(e + f*x)*(a*c^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2))/f^3 - (3*cosh(e + f*x)*(2*a*d^3 + a*c^2*d*f^2))/f^4 + (a*d^3*x^4)/4 + a*c^3*x + (3*x*sinh(e + f*x)*(2*a*d^3 + a*c^2*d*f^2))/f^3 + (3*a*c^2*d*x^2)/2 + a*c*d^2*x^3 - (3*a*d^3*x^2*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (a*d^3*x^3*sinh(e + f*x))/f - (6*a*c*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (3*a*c*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f`

3.100 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

3.100.1 Optimal result	682
3.100.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	682
3.100.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	683
3.100.4 Maple [A] (verified)	684
3.100.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	684
3.100.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	685
3.100.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	685
3.100.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	686
3.100.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	686

3.100.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^3}{3d} - \frac{2ad(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2ad^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{a(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/3*a*(d*x+c)^3/d-2*a*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+2*a*d^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+a*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

3.100.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = a \left(c^2x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2x^3}{3} - \frac{2d(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{(c^2f^2 + 2cdf^2x + d^2(2 + f^2x^2)) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `a*(c^2*x + c*d*x^2 + (d^2*x^3)/3 - (2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + ((c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3)`

3.100.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) + a(c + dx)^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-\frac{2ad(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{a(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a(c + dx)^3}{3d} + \frac{2ad^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*d) - (2*a*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (2*a*d^2*Sin
h[e + f*x])/f^3 + (a*(c + d*x)^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

3.100.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.100.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{\left(\left((dx+c)^2 f^2+2d^2\right) \sinh (fx+e)+f\left((-2x d^2-2cd) \cosh (fx+e)+x\left(\frac{1}{3} x^2 d^2+c dx+c^2\right) f^2-2cd\right)\right) a}{f^3}$
risc	$\frac{a d^2 x^3}{3} + a d c x^2 + a c^2 x + \frac{a c^3}{3 d} + \frac{a\left(d^2 x^2 f^2+2 c d f^2 x+c^2 f^2-2 d^2 f x-2 c d f+2 d^2\right) e^{f x+e}}{2 f^3} - \frac{a\left(d^2 x^2 f^2+2 c d f^2 x+c^2 f^2\right) e^{f x+e}}{2 f^3}$
parts	$\frac{a(dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{a\left(\frac{d^2((fx+e)^2 \sinh (fx+e)-2(fx+e) \cosh (fx+e)+2 \sinh (fx+e))}{f^2} - \frac{2 d^2 e((fx+e) \sinh (fx+e)-\cosh (fx+e))}{f^2} + \frac{2 d c((fx+e) \sinh (fx+e)-\cosh (fx+e))}{f}\right)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{d^2 a(fx+e)^3}{3 f^2} + \frac{d^2 a((fx+e)^2 \sinh (fx+e)-2(fx+e) \cosh (fx+e)+2 \sinh (fx+e))}{f^2}}{f^2} - \frac{d^2 e a(fx+e)^2}{f^2} - \frac{2 d^2 e a((fx+e) \sinh (fx+e)-\cosh (fx+e))}{f^2}$
default	$\frac{\frac{d^2 a(fx+e)^3}{3 f^2} + \frac{d^2 a((fx+e)^2 \sinh (fx+e)-2(fx+e) \cosh (fx+e)+2 \sinh (fx+e))}{f^2}}{f^2} - \frac{d^2 e a(fx+e)^2}{f^2} - \frac{2 d^2 e a((fx+e) \sinh (fx+e)-\cosh (fx+e))}{f^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*sinh(f*x+e)+f*((-2*d^2*x-2*c*d)*cosh(f*x+e)+x*(1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*f^2-2*c*d))*a/f^3`

3.100.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh (e+fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{a d^2 f^3 x^3 + 3 a c d f^3 x^2 + 3 a c^2 f^3 x - 6(a d^2 f x + a c d f) \cosh (f x + e) + 3(a d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a c d f^2 x + a c^2 f^2 + 2 a c d f) \sinh (f x + e)}{3 f^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(a*d^2*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*f^3*x - 6*(a*d^2*f*x + a*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2 + 2*a*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^3`

3.100.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^2x + \frac{ac^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + acdx^2 + \frac{2acd \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2acd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{ad^2x^3}{3} + \frac{ad^2x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2ad^2x \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} \\ (a \cosh(e) + a) \left(c^2x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2x^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c**2*x + a*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f + a*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*a*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + a*d**2*x**3/3 + a*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*a*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 2*a*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 , Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)*(c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3), True))`

3.100.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int (c + dx)^2(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} ad^2x^3 + acdx^2 + ac^2x + acd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} ad^2 \left(\frac{(f^2x^2e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{ac^2 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2*x + a*c*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 1/2*a*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + a*c^2*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

3.100.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} ad^2 x^3 + acdx^2 + ac^2 x + \frac{(ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2 - 2ad^2 fx - 2acdf + 2ad^2)e^{(fx+e)}}{2f^3}$$

$$- \frac{(ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2 + 2ad^2 fx + 2acdf + 2ad^2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{2f^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2*x + 1/2*(a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2 - 2*a*d^2*f*x - 2*a*c*d*f + 2*a*d^2)*e^(f*x + e)/f^3 - 1/2*(a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2 + 2*a*d^2*f*x + 2*a*c*d*f + 2*a*d^2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3`

3.100.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2a d^2 \sinh(e + fx) - \frac{a f (6x \cosh(e+fx) d^2 + 6c \cosh(e+fx) d)}{3} + \frac{a f^2 (3c^2 \sinh(e+fx) + 3d^2 x^2 \sinh(e+fx) + 6cdx \sinh(e+fx))}{3}}{f^3}$$

$$+ \frac{a(3c^2 x + 3cdx^2 + d^2 x^3)}{3}$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `(2*a*d^2*sinh(e + f*x) - (a*f*(6*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x) + 6*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)))/3 + (a*f^2*(3*c^2*sinh(e + f*x) + 3*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x) + 6*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)))/3)/f^3 + (a*(3*c^2*x + d^2*x^3 + 3*c*d*x^2))/3`

3.101 $\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

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3.101.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^2}{2d} - \frac{ad \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{a(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/2*a*(d*x+c)^2/d-a*d*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+a*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

3.101.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\begin{aligned} &\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{a(-2(e + fx)(de - 2cf - dfx) - 4d \cosh(e + fx) + 4f(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx))}{4f^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(-2*(e + f*x)*(d*e - 2*c*f - d*f*x) - 4*d*Cosh[e + f*x] + 4*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x]))/(4*f^2)`

3.101.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(a \cosh(e + fx) + a) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx) \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) + a(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a(c + dx)^2}{2d} - \frac{ad \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*d) - (a*d*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (a*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

3.101.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.101.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{(f(dx+c)\sinh(fx+e)-\cosh(fx+e)d+x\left(\frac{dx}{2}+c\right)f^2-d)a}{f^2}$	43
risch	$\frac{adx^2}{2} + acx + \frac{a(dx+cf-d)e^{fx+e}}{2f^2} - \frac{a(dx+cf+d)e^{-fx-e}}{2f^2}$	60
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx\right) + \frac{a\left(\frac{d((fx+e)\sinh(fx+e)-\cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{de\sinh(fx+e)}{f} + c\sinh(fx+e)\right)}{f}$	67
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{da(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{da((fx+e)\sinh(fx+e)-\cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{dea(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{dea\sinh(fx+e)}{f} + ca(fx+e) + ca\sinh(fx+e)}{f}$	91
default	$\frac{\frac{da(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{da((fx+e)\sinh(fx+e)-\cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{dea(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{dea\sinh(fx+e)}{f} + ca(fx+e) + ca\sinh(fx+e)}{f}$	91

input `int((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(f*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)-cosh(f*x+e)*d+x*(1/2*d*x+c)*f^2-d)*a/f^2`**3.101.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{adf^2x^2 + 2acf^2x - 2ad \cosh(fx + e) + 2(adfx + acf) \sinh(fx + e)}{2f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(a*d*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*f^2*x - 2*a*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^2`

3.101.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} acx + \frac{ac \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{adx^2}{2} + \frac{adx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{ad \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ (a \cosh(e) + a) \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*c*x + a*c*sinh(e + f*x)/f + a*d*x**2/2 + a*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))`**3.101.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + acx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} ad \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{ac \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a*d*x^2 + a*c*x + 1/2*a*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + a*c*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

3.101.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + acx + \frac{(adf x + acf - ad)e^{(fx+e)}}{2f^2} - \frac{(adf x + acf + ad)e^{(-fx-e)}}{2f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*a*d*x^2 + a*c*x + 1/2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f - a*d)*e^(f*x + e)/f^2 - 1/2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f + a*d)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2`**3.101.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{af(2c \sinh(e+fx) + 2dx \sinh(e+fx)) - ad \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{a(dx^2 + 2cx)}{2}$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x),x)`output `((a*f*(2*c*sinh(e + f*x) + 2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)))/2 - a*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (a*(2*c*x + d*x^2))/2`

3.102 $\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx$

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3.102.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{a \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d} + \frac{a \log(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{a \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d}$$

output `a*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*cosh(-e+c*f/d)/d+a*ln(d*x+c)/d-a*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d`

3.102.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{a(\cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + \log(c + dx) + \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(a*(Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + Log[c + d*x] + Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)])/d`

3.102.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a \cosh(e + fx) + a}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + a \sin\left(\frac{ie + ifx + \pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} + \frac{a}{c + dx} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a \log(c + dx)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(a*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d + (a*Log[c + d*x])/d + (a*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d`

3.102.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

3.102.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{a \ln(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{a e^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-fx - e - \frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{a e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(fx + e + \frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d}$	94

```
input int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*ln(d*x+c)/d-1/2*a/d*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2*a/d*e
xp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)
```

3.102.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) + a \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right) + 2a \log(dx+c) - (a \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - a \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \sinh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/2*((a*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + a*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d)
+ 2*a*log(d*x + c) - (a*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - a*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sin
h(-(d*e - c*f)/d)/d
```

3.102.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = a \left(\int \frac{\cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx + \int \frac{1}{c + dx} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x)`

output `a*(Integral(cosh(e + f*x)/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(1/(c + d*x), x))`

3.102.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{e^{\left(-e + \frac{cf}{d}\right)} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d) + a*log(d*x + c)/d`

3.102.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{a \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)} + a \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{\left(-e + \frac{cf}{d}\right)} + 2 a \log(dx + c)}{2 d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(a*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + a*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 2*a*log(d*x + c))/d`

3.102.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x),x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x), x)`

3.103 $\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

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3.103.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{a}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{af \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{af \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^2}$$

output `-a/d/(d*x+c)-a*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)+a*f*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^2
-a*f*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^2`

3.103.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{a\left(-\frac{d(1+\cosh(e+fx))}{c+dx} + f \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) + f \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(a*(-((d*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x]))/(c + d*x)) + f*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]*Sin
h[e - (c*f)/d] + f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]))/d^2`

3.103.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a \cosh(e + fx) + a}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} + \frac{a}{(c + dx)^2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{af \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{af \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{a}{d(c + dx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(a/(d*(c + d*x))) - (a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(d*(c + d*x)) + (a*f*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d])/d^2 + (a*f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d^2`

3.103.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.) , x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.103.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{a}{d(dx+c)} - \frac{fae^{-fx-e}}{2d(dx+f+c)} + \frac{fae^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{fae^{fx+e}}{2d^2\left(\frac{cf}{d}+fx\right)} - \frac{fae^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d^2}$	149

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a/d/(d*x+c)-1/2*f*a*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+1/2*f*a/d^2*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2*f*a/d^2*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2*f*a/d^2*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)`

3.103.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{2ad \cosh(fx + e) + 2ad - ((adf x + acf) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - (adf x + acf) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right) + ((d^3x + cd^2) \operatorname{inh}\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right))}{2(d^3x + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/2*(2*a*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*a*d - ((a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + ((a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d)/(d^3*x + c*d^2)`

3.103.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.103.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right) - \frac{a}{d^2 x + cd}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*a*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - a/(d^2*x + c*d)`**3.103.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 631 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{\left((dx+c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right) f^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right) - de + cf}{d} \right) e^{\left(\frac{de-cf}{d} \right)} - def^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right)}{d} \right)}{\left((dx+c) d^4 \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} \right) \right)} \right) - \frac{a}{(dx+c)d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a*(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - d*e*f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) + c*f^3*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - d*f^2*e^((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*d^4*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d^5*e + c*d^4*f)*f) - ((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - d*e*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + c*f^3*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + d*f^2*e^(-(d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*d^4*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d^5*e + c*d^4*f)*f)) - a/((d*x + c)*d)`

3.103.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

3.104 $\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

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3.104.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{af^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{2d^3} - \frac{af \sinh(e + fx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{af^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{2d^3}$$

```
output -1/2*a/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/2*a*f^2*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*cosh(-e+c*f/d)/d^3-1/2*a*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)^2-1/2*a*f^2*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^3-1/2*a*f*sinh(f*x+e)/d^2/(d*x+c)
```

3.104.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{a \left(f^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) - \frac{d(d+d \cosh(e+fx)+f(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx))}{(c+dx)^2} + f^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \right)}{2d^3}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output $(a*(f^2*\text{Cosh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{CoshIntegral}[f*(c/d + x)] - (d*(d + d*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x] + f*(c + d*x)*\text{Sinh}[e + f*x]))/(c + d*x)^2 + f^2*\text{Sinh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[f*(c/d + x)])/(2*d^3)$

3.104.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a \cosh(e + fx) + a}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int \left(\frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} + \frac{a}{(c + dx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{af^2 \text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d^3} + \frac{af^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d^3} - \frac{af \sinh(e + fx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{a \cosh(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{a}{2d(c + dx)^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + a*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^3, x]$

output $-1/2*a/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x])/(2*d*(c + d*x)^2) + (a*f^2*\text{Cosh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{CoshIntegral}[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d^3) - (a*f*\text{Sinh}[e + f*x])/(2*d^2*(c + d*x)) + (a*f^2*\text{Sinh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d^3)$

3.104.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.104.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a}{2d(dx+c)^2} + \frac{f^3 a e^{-fx-e} x}{4d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} + \frac{f^3 a e^{-fx-e} c}{4d^2(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a e^{-fx-e}}{4d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \text{Ei}_1}{4}$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*a/d/(d*x+c)^2 + 1/4*f^3*a*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*x + 1/4*f^3*a*exp(-f*x-e)/d^2/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*c - 1/4*f^2*a*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2) - 1/4*f^2*a/d^3*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*\text{Ei}(1, f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d) - 1/4*f^2*a/d^3*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)^2 - 1/4*f^2*a/d^3*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x) - 1/4*f^2*a/d^3*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*\text{Ei}(1, -f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)$$

3.104.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2ad^2 \cosh(fx + e) + 2ad^2 - ((ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) + (ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(-\frac{d^2 e - c^2 f}{d}\right) + 2(ad^2 f^2 x + acdf^2) \operatorname{sinh}(fx + e) + ((ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - (ad^2 f^2 x^2 + 2acdf^2 x + ac^2 f^2) \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \operatorname{inh}\left(-\frac{d^2 e - c^2 f}{d}\right)}{(d^5 x^2 + 2cd^4 x + c^2 d^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/4*(2*a*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*a*d^2 - ((a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*(a*d^2*f*x + a*c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e) + ((a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x + a*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)`

3.104.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.104.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{e^{(-e+\frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(e-\frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right) - \frac{a}{2(d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d)}$$

3.104. $\int \frac{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/2*a*(e^{(-e + c*f/d)}*exp_integral_e(3, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^{(e - c*f/d)}*exp_integral_e(3, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) - 1/2*a/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d)$$

3.104.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^2 f^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(e-\frac{cf}{d})} + ad^2 f^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e+\frac{cf}{d})} + 2acdf^2 x \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(e-\frac{cf}{d})} + 2acdf^2 x \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e+\frac{cf}{d})}}{(c+dx)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{4}*(a*d^2*f^2*x^2*\operatorname{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(e - c*f/d)} + a*d^2*f^2*x^2*\operatorname{Ei}(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-e + c*f/d)} + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x*\operatorname{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(e - c*f/d)} + 2*a*c*d*f^2*x*\operatorname{Ei}(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-e + c*f/d)} + a*c^2*f^2*\operatorname{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(e - c*f/d)} + a*c^2*f^2*\operatorname{Ei}(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-e + c*f/d)} - a*d^2*f*x*e^{(f*x + e)} + a*d^2*f*x*e^{(-f*x - e)} - a*c*d*f*e^{(f*x + e)} + a*c*d*f*e^{(-f*x - e)} - a*d^2*e^{(f*x + e)} - a*d^2*e^{(-f*x - e)} - 2*a*d^2)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)$$

3.104.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + a \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

3.105 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

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3.105.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2cd^2x}{4f^2} + \frac{3a^2d^3x^2}{8f^2} + \frac{3a^2(c + dx)^4}{8d}$$

$$- \frac{12a^2d^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4}$$

$$- \frac{6a^2d(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{3a^2d^3 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{8f^4}$$

$$- \frac{3a^2d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2}$$

$$+ \frac{12a^2d^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{3a^2d^2(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{4f^3}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
3/4*a^2*c*d^2*x/f^2+3/8*a^2*d^3*x^2/f^2+3/8*a^2*(d*x+c)^4/d-12*a^2*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)/f^4-6*a^2*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-3/8*a^2*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^4-3/4*a^2*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+12*a^2*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+2*a^2*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(f*x+e)/f+3/4*a^2*d^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

3.105.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2(-96d(c^2f^2 + 2cdf^2x + d^2(2 + f^2x^2)) \cosh(e + fx) - 3d(2c^2f^2 + 4cdf^2x + d^2(1 + 2f^2x^2)) \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 2f(3f^3x(4c^3 + 6c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3) + 16(c + d)x)(c^2f^2 + 2cdf^2x + d^2(6 + f^2x^2)) \sinh(e + fx) + (c + d)x(2c^2f^2 + 4cdf^2x + d^2(3 + 2f^2x^2)) \sinh(2(e + fx)))}{16f^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(-96*d*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Cosh[e + f*x] - 3*d*(2*c^2*f^2 + 4*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(1 + 2*f^2*x^2))*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*f*(3*f^3*x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) + 16*(c + d*x)*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(6 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x] + (c + d*x)*(2*c^2*f^2 + 4*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(3 + 2*f^2*x^2))*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)])))/(16*f^4)`

3.105.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 3798$$

$$\int (a^2(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(e + fx) + 2a^2(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) + a^2(c + dx)^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{12a^2d^2(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f^3} + \frac{3a^2d^2(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)\cosh(e+fx)}{4f^3} - \frac{3a^2d(c+dx)^2\cosh^2(e+fx)}{4f^2} - \frac{6a^2d(c+dx)^2\cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2a^2(c+dx)^3\sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2(c+dx)^3\sinh(e+fx)\cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{3a^2d(c+dx)^2}{8f^2} + \frac{3a^2(c+dx)^4}{8d} - \frac{3a^2d^3\cosh^2(e+fx)}{8f^4} - \frac{12a^2d^3\cosh(e+fx)}{f^4}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(3*a^2*d*(c + d*x)^2)/(8*f^2) + (3*a^2*(c + d*x)^4)/(8*d) - (12*a^2*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 - (6*a^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (3*a^2*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(8*f^4) - (3*a^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(4*f^2) + (12*a^2*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (2*a^2*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (3*a^2*d^2*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(4*f^3) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

3.105.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.105.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{\left((dx+c)f\left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + \frac{3d^2}{2} \right) \sinh(2fx+2e) - \frac{3d\left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + \frac{d^2}{2} \right) \cosh(2fx+2e)}{2} + 8(dx+c)\left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + 6d^2 \right) f \sinh(fx+e) \right)}{4f^4}$
risch	$\frac{3a^2 d^3 x^4}{8} + \frac{3a^2 d^2 c x^3}{2} + \frac{9a^2 d c^2 x^2}{4} + \frac{3a^2 c^3 x}{2} + \frac{3a^2 c^4}{8d} + \frac{a^2(4d^3 x^3 f^3 + 12c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 12c^2 d f^3 x - 6d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4c^3 f^3)}{32f^4}$
parts	Expression too large to display
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*((d*x+c)*f*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+3/2*d^2)*sinh(2*f*x+2*e)-3/2*d*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+1/2*d^2)*cosh(2*f*x+2*e)+8*(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+6*d^2)*f*sinh(f*x+e)-24*d*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*cosh(f*x+e)+(3/2*d^3*x^4+6*c^3*x+6*d^2*c*x^3+9*d*c^2*x^2)*f^4-45/2*c^2*d*f^2-189/4*d^3)*a^2/f^4`

3.105.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{6 a^2 d^3 f^4 x^4 + 24 a^2 c d^2 f^4 x^3 + 36 a^2 c^2 d f^4 x^2 + 24 a^2 c^3 f^4 x - 3 (2 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x + 2 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + a^2 d^3)}{4 f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output 1/16*(6*a^2*d^3*f^4*x^4 + 24*a^2*c*d^2*f^4*x^3 + 36*a^2*c^2*d*f^4*x^2 + 24
*a^2*c^3*f^4*x - 3*(2*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x + 2*a^2*c^2*d*f^
2 + a^2*d^3)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 3*(2*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x +
2*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + a^2*d^3)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 96*(a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c
*d^2*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 2*a^2*d^3)*cosh(f*x + e) + 4*(8*a^2*d^3*f^3*x
^3 + 24*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 8*a^2*c^3*f^3 + 48*a^2*c*d^2*f + 24*(a^2*c^2*d
*f^3 + 2*a^2*d^3*f)*x + (2*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 2*a^2*c
^3*f^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f + 3*(2*a^2*c^2*d*f^3 + a^2*d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e))
*sinh(f*x + e))/f^4
```

3.105.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 779 vs. $2(243) = 486$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 779, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 c^3 x \sinh^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{a^2 c^3 x \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2} + a^2 c^3 x + \frac{a^2 c^3 \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{2a^2 c^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{3a^2 c^2 dx^2 \sinh^2(e+fx)}{4} \\ (a \cosh(e) + a)^2 \left(c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 dx^2}{2} + cd^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4} \right) \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```



```

output Piecewise((-a**2*c**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c**3*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/
2 + a**2*c**3*x + a**2*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*c**
3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/4 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*
x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/4 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2/2 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x*sinh(e +
f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 6*a**2*c**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a**2*c**2*d
*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 6*a**2*c**2*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 - a**2*c*d**
2*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*d**2*x**3*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*d
**2*x**3 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 6*a**2*c
*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a**2*c*d**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 3
*a**2*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 12*a**2*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/
f**2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3) + 12*a**2*c*d**2
*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - a**2*d**3*x**4*sinh(e + f*x)**2/8 + a**2*d**3*x**4*c
osh(e + f*x)**2/8 + a**2*d**3*x**4/4 + a**2*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e
+ f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*a**2*d**3*x**2*sinh(e
+ f*x)**2/(8*f**2) - 3*a**2*d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(8*f**2) - 6*a**2*
d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 3*a**2*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(
4*f**3) + 12*a**2*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - 3*a**2*d**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2
/(8*f**4) - 12*a**2*d**3*cosh(e + f*x)/f**4, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)**
2*(c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4), True))

```

3.105.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 527 vs. $2(223) = 446$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx &= \frac{1}{4} a^2 d^3 x^4 + a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 d x^2 \\
 &+ \frac{3}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{2e}) - e^{(2e)} e^{(2fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^2} \right) a^2 c^2 d \\
 &+ \frac{1}{16} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2f^2x^2e^{(2e)} - 2fxe^{(2e)} + e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{3(2f^2x^2 + 2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^3} \right) a^2 c d^2 \\
 &+ \frac{1}{32} \left(4x^4 + \frac{(4f^3x^3e^{(2e)} - 6f^2x^2e^{(2e)} + 6fxe^{(2e)} - 3e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^4} - \frac{(4f^3x^3 + 6f^2x^2 + 6fx + 3)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^4} \right) \\
 &+ \frac{1}{8} a^2 c^3 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx+2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 c^3 x \\
 &+ 3a^2 c^2 d \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right) \\
 &+ 3a^2 c d^2 \left(\frac{(f^2x^2e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right) \\
 &+ a^2 d^3 \left(\frac{(f^3x^3e^e - 3f^2x^2e^e + 6fxe^e - 6e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^4} - \frac{(f^3x^3 + 3f^2x^2 + 6fx + 6)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^4} \right) \\
 &+ \frac{2a^2 c^3 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a^2*d^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + 3/16*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*a^2*c^2*d + 1/16*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) - 2*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^3 - 3*(2*f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3)*a^2*c*d^2 + 1/32*(4*x^4 + (4*f^3*x^3*e^(2*e) - 6*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) + 6*f*x*e^(2*e) - 3*e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^4 - (4*f^3*x^3 + 6*f^2*x^2 + 6*f*x + 3)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^4)*a^2*d^3 + 1/8*a^2*c^3*(4*x + e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c^3*x + 3*a^2*c^2*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + a^2*d^3*((f^3*x^3*e^e - 3*f^2*x^2*e^e + 6*f*x*e^e - 6*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^4 - (f^3*x^3 + 3*f^2*x^2 + 6*f*x + 6)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4) + 2*a^2*c^3*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

3.105.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 577 vs. $2(223) = 446$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 577, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3}{8} a^2 d^3 x^4 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{9}{4} a^2 c^2 d x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{(4 a^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 12 a^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 12 a^2 c^2 d f^3 x - 6 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c^3 f^3 - 12 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x - 6 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 a^2 d^3 f x + 6 a^2 c^3)}{32 f^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 3 a^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 3 a^2 c^2 d f^3 x - 3 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + a^2 c^3 f^3 - 6 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x - 3 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 a^2 d^3 f x + 6 a^2 c^3)}{f^4}$$

$$- \frac{(a^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 3 a^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 3 a^2 c^2 d f^3 x + 3 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + a^2 c^3 f^3 + 6 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x + 3 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 a^2 d^3 f x + 6 a^2 c^3)}{f^4}$$

$$- \frac{(4 a^2 d^3 f^3 x^3 + 12 a^2 c d^2 f^3 x^2 + 12 a^2 c^2 d f^3 x + 6 a^2 d^3 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c^3 f^3 + 12 a^2 c d^2 f^2 x + 6 a^2 c^2 d f^2 + 6 a^2 d^3 f x + 6 a^2 c^3)}{32 f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*a^2*d^3*x^4 + 3/2*a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 9/4*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + 3/2*a^2*c^3*x + 1/32*(4*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 12*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x - 6*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c^3*f^3 - 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x - 6*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a^2*d^3*f*x + 6*a^2*c^3)*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f^4 + (a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x - 3*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a^2*c^3*f^3 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x - 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a^2*d^3*f*x + 6*a^2*c^3)*e^(f*x + e)/f^4 - (a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x + 3*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + a^2*c^3*f^3 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a^2*d^3*f*x + 6*a^2*c^3)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4 - 1/32*(4*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 12*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x + 6*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c^3*f^3 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x + 6*a^2*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*a^2*d^3*f*x + 6*a^2*c^3)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^4`

3.105.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{16 a^2 c^3 f^3 \sinh(e + fx) - \frac{3 a^2 d^3 \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{2} - 96 a^2 d^3 \cosh(e + fx) + 12 a^2 c^3 f^4 x + 2 a^2 c^3 f^3 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{32 f^4}$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (16*a^2*c^3*f^3*\sinh(e + f*x) - (3*a^2*d^3*\cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/2 - 96*a^2*d \\ & ^3*\cosh(e + f*x) + 12*a^2*c^3*f^4*x + 2*a^2*c^3*f^3*\sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 3* \\ & a^2*d^3*f^4*x^4 + 96*a^2*c*d^2*f*\sinh(e + f*x) + 96*a^2*d^3*f*x*\sinh(e + f \\ & *x) - 3*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2*\cosh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 2*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*\sinh(2*e + 2 \\ & *f*x) - 48*a^2*c^2*d*f^2*\cosh(e + f*x) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f*\sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) + \\ & 3*a^2*d^3*f*x*\sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) - 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^2*\cosh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 18* \\ & a^2*c^2*d*f^4*x^2 + 12*a^2*c*d^2*f^4*x^3 - 48*a^2*d^3*f^2*x^2*\cosh(e + f*x \\ &) + 16*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*\sinh(e + f*x) - 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x*\cosh(2*e + 2*f*x) \\ & + 6*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x*\sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) + 48*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*\sinh(e + f*x \\ &) + 6*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*\sinh(2*e + 2*f*x) - 96*a^2*c*d^2*f^2*x*\cosh(e + f* \\ & x) + 48*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x*\sinh(e + f*x))/(8*f^4) \end{aligned}$$

3.106 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

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3.106.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 d^2 x}{4f^2} + \frac{a^2 (c + dx)^3}{2d} - \frac{4a^2 d (c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{a^2 d (c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx)}{2f^2} + \frac{4a^2 d^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{2a^2 (c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 d^2 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{a^2 (c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
1/4*a^2*d^2*x/f^2+1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^3/d-4*a^2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-1/2*a^2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+4*a^2*d^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+2*a^2*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f+1/4*a^2*d^2*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

3.106.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2(12c^2 f^3 x + 12cdf^3 x^2 + 4d^2 f^3 x^3 - 32df(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) - 2df(c + dx) \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 32d^2 \sinh(e + fx) + 16c^2 f^2 \sinh[e + fx] + 32cd^2 f^2 x \sinh[e + fx] + 16d^2 f^2 x^2 \sinh[e + fx] + d^2 \sinh[2(e + fx)] + 2c^2 f^2 \sinh[2(e + fx)] + 4cd^2 f^2 x \sinh[2(e + fx)] + 2d^2 f^2 x^2 \sinh[2(e + fx)])}{8f^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(12*c^2*f^3*x + 12*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 4*d^2*f^3*x^3 - 32*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x] - 2*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 32*d^2*Sinh[e + f*x] + 16*c^2*f^2*Sinh[e + f*x] + 32*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[e + f*x] + 16*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[e + f*x] + d^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*c^2*f^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] + 4*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)])/(8*f^3)`

3.106.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(e + fx) + 2a^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) + a^2(c + dx)^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{a^2 d(c+dx) \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2f^2} - \frac{4a^2 d(c+dx) \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2a^2(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \\
& \frac{a^2(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{a^2(c+dx)^3}{2d} + \frac{4a^2 d^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f^3} + \\
& \frac{a^2 d^2 \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{a^2 d^2 x}{4f^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*d^2*x)/(4*f^2) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^3)/(2*d) - (4*a^2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (a^2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(2*f^2) + (4*a^2*d^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (2*a^2*(c + d*x)^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (a^2*d^2*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(4*f^3) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

3.106.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.106.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{a^2 \left(\left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + \frac{d^2}{2} \right) \sinh(2fx+2e) - df(dx+c) \cosh(2fx+2e) + 8 \left((dx+c)^2 f^2 + 2d^2 \right) \sinh(fx+e) + 6f \left(-\frac{8d(dx+c) \cosh(fx+e)}{3} \right) \right)}{4f^3}$
risch	$\frac{a^2 d^2 x^3}{2} + \frac{3a^2 dc x^2}{2} + \frac{3a^2 c^2 x}{2} + \frac{a^2 c^3}{2d} + \frac{a^2 (2d^2 x^2 f^2 + 4cd f^2 x + 2c^2 f^2 - 2d^2 fx - 2cdf + d^2) e^{2fx+2e}}{16f^3} + \frac{a^2 (d^2 x^2 f^2 + \frac{d^2}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{f^2}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 (dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e)^2 \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{f^2} + \frac{(fx+e)^3}{6} - \frac{(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2})^2}{2} + \frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{4} + \frac{fx}{4} + \frac{e}{4} \right)}{f^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 a^2 (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{2d^2 a^2 \left((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + 2 \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \right)}{f^2} + \frac{d^2 a^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e)^2 \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)^3}{6} \right)}{f^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2 a^2 (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{2d^2 a^2 \left((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + 2 \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \right)}{f^2} + \frac{d^2 a^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e)^2 \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)^3}{6} \right)}{f^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a^2*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+1/2*d^2)*sinh(2*f*x+2*e)-d*f*(d*x+c)*cosh(2*f*x+2*e)+8*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*sinh(f*x+e)+6*f*(-8/3*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)+x*(1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*f^2+17/6*c*d))/f^3`

3.106.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 a^2 d^2 f^3 x^3 + 6 a^2 c d f^3 x^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 f^3 x - (a^2 d^2 f x + a^2 c d f) \cosh(fx + e)^2 - (a^2 d^2 f x + a^2 c d f) \sinh(fx + e)}{f^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/4*(2*a^2*d^2*f^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*f^3*x - (a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - (a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 16*(a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + (8*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 16*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + 8*a^2*c^2*f^2 + 16*a^2*d^2 + (2*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*a^2*c^2*f^2 + a^2*d^2)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))/f^3`

3.106.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. $2(163) = 326$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{a^2 c^2 x \sinh^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{a^2 c^2 x \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2} + a^2 c^2 x + \frac{a^2 c^2 \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{2a^2 c^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{a^2 c dx^2 \sinh^2(e+fx)}{2} \\ (a \cosh(e) + a)^2 \left(c^2 x + c dx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**2*c**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c**2*x + a**2*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*c*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*d*x**2 + a**2*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/f + 4*a**2*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*c*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(2*f**2) - 4*a**2*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 - a**2*d**2*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2/6 + a**2*d**2*x**3*cosh(e + f*x)**2/6 + a**2*d**2*x**3/3 + a**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - a**2*d**2*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 4*a**2*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + a**2*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3) + 4*a**2*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)**2*(c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3), True))`

3.106.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 327 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2 x^3 + a^2 c d x^2 + \frac{1}{8} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fx e^{(2e)} - e^{(2e)}) e^{(2fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1) e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f^2} \right) a^2 c d$$

$$+ \frac{1}{48} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2f^2 x^2 e^{(2e)} - 2fx e^{(2e)} + e^{(2e)}) e^{(2fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{3(2f^2 x^2 + 2fx + 1) e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f^3} \right) a^2 d^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} a^2 c^2 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx + 2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 c^2 x$$

$$+ 2a^2 c d \left(\frac{(fx e^e - e^e) e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1) e^{(-fx - e)}}{f^2} \right)$$

$$+ a^2 d^2 \left(\frac{(f^2 x^2 e^e - 2fx e^e + 2e^e) e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2 x^2 + 2fx + 2) e^{(-fx - e)}}{f^3} \right) + \frac{2a^2 c^2 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a^2*d^2*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + 1/8*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*a^2*c*d + 1/48*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) - 2*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^3 - 3*(2*f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3)*a^2*d^2 + 1/8*a^2*c^2*(4*x + e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c^2*x + 2*a^2*c*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + a^2*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + 2*a^2*c^2*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

3.106.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a^2 d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c d x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 x$$

$$+ \frac{(2 a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c d f^2 x + 2 a^2 c^2 f^2 - 2 a^2 d^2 f x - 2 a^2 c d f + a^2 d^2) e^{(2 f x + 2 e)}}{16 f^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a^2 c d f^2 x + a^2 c^2 f^2 - 2 a^2 d^2 f x - 2 a^2 c d f + 2 a^2 d^2) e^{(f x + e)}}{f^3}$$

$$- \frac{(a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a^2 c d f^2 x + a^2 c^2 f^2 + 2 a^2 d^2 f x + 2 a^2 c d f + 2 a^2 d^2) e^{(-f x - e)}}{f^3}$$

$$- \frac{(2 a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 4 a^2 c d f^2 x + 2 a^2 c^2 f^2 + 2 a^2 d^2 f x + 2 a^2 c d f + a^2 d^2) e^{(-2 f x - 2 e)}}{16 f^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a^2*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c*d*x^2 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*x + 1/16*(2*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*a^2*c^2*f^2 - 2*a^2*d^2*f*x - 2*a^2*c*d*f + a^2*d^2)*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f^3 + (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2 - 2*a^2*d^2*f*x - 2*a^2*c*d*f + 2*a^2*d^2)*e^(f*x + e)/f^3 - (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2 + 2*a^2*d^2*f*x + 2*a^2*c*d*f + 2*a^2*d^2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3 - 1/16*(2*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*a^2*c^2*f^2 + 2*a^2*d^2*f*x + 2*a^2*c*d*f + a^2*d^2)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3`

3.106.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{16 a^2 d^2 \sinh(e + fx) + \frac{a^2 d^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{2} + 8 a^2 c^2 f^2 \sinh(e + fx) + 6 a^2 c^2 f^3 x + a^2 c^2 f^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{16 f^3}$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output $(16a^2d^2\sinh(e + fx) + (a^2d^2\sinh(2e + 2fx))/2 + 8a^2c^2f^2\sinh(e + fx) + 6a^2c^2f^3x + a^2c^2f^2\sinh(2e + 2fx) + 2a^2d^2f^3x^3 - a^2c*d*f*\cosh(2e + 2fx) - 16a^2d^2f*x*\cosh(e + fx) + a^2d^2f^2*x^2*\sinh(2e + 2fx) + 6a^2c*d*f^3*x^2 - a^2d^2f*x*\cosh(2e + 2fx) - 16a^2c*d*f*\cosh(e + fx) + 8a^2d^2f^2*x^2*\sinh(e + fx) + 16a^2c*d*f^2*x*\sinh(e + fx) + 2a^2c*d*f^2*x*\sinh(2e + 2fx))/(4f^3)$

3.107 $\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

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3.107.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{2}a^2cx + \frac{1}{4}a^2dx^2 + \frac{a^2(c + dx)^2}{2d} - \frac{2a^2d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{a^2d \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} + \frac{2a^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output `1/2*a^2*c*x+1/4*a^2*d*x^2+1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^2/d-2*a^2*d*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-1/4*a^2*d*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+2*a^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f+1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

3.107.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2(-6(e + fx)(-2cf + d(e - fx)) - 16d \cosh(e + fx) - d \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 16f(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx))}{8f^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output $(a^2*(-6*(e + f*x)*(-2*c*f + d*(e - f*x)) - 16*d*Cosh[e + f*x] - d*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 16*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x] + 2*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)])/(8*f^2)$

3.107.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2 dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int (c + dx) \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int (a^2(c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx) + 2a^2(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) + a^2(c + dx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{3a^2(c + dx)^2}{4d} - \frac{a^2d \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} - \frac{2a^2d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2, x]$

output $(3*a^2*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*d) - (2*a^2*d*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (a^2*d*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(4*f^2) + (2*a^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (a^2*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)$

3.107.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

3.107.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
risch	$\frac{3a^2 dx^2}{4} + \frac{3a^2 cx}{2} + \frac{a^2(2dxf+2cf-d)e^{2fx+2e}}{16f^2} + \frac{a^2(dx+cf-d)e^{fx+e}}{f^2} - \frac{a^2(dx+cf+d)e^{-fx-e}}{f^2} - \frac{a^2(2dxf+2cf-d)}{f^2}$
parts	$a^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} dx^2 + cx \right) + \frac{d \left(\frac{(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + \frac{(fx+e)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2})^2}{4} \right)}{f} - \frac{de \left(\frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + \frac{fx+e}{2} \right)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{da^2(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{2da^2((fx+e) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) - \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}))}{f} + \frac{da^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + \frac{(fx+e)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2})^2}{4} \right)}{f} - \frac{dea^2 \left(\frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + \frac{fx+e}{2} \right)}{f}$
default	$\frac{da^2(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{2da^2((fx+e) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) - \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}))}{f} + \frac{da^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + \frac{(fx+e)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2})^2}{4} \right)}{f} - \frac{dea^2 \left(\frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + \frac{fx+e}{2} \right)}{f}$

```
input int((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 3/4*a^2*d*x^2+3/2*a^2*c*x+1/16*a^2*(2*d*f*x+2*c*f-d)/f^2*exp(2*f*x+2*e)+a^2*(d*f*x+c*f-d)/f^2*exp(f*x+e)-a^2*(d*f*x+c*f+d)/f^2*exp(-f*x-e)-1/16*a^2*(2*d*f*x+2*c*f+d)/f^2*exp(-2*f*x-2*e)
```

3.107. $\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

3.107.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{6a^2df^2x^2 + 12a^2cf^2x - a^2d \cosh(fx + e)^2 - a^2d \sinh(fx + e)^2 - 16a^2d \cosh(fx + e) + 4(4a^2dfx + 4a^2c)}{8f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/8*(6*a^2*d*f^2*x^2 + 12*a^2*c*f^2*x - a^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - a^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 16*a^2*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 4*(4*a^2*d*f*x + 4*a^2*c*f + (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))/f^2`**3.107.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{a^2cx \sinh^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{a^2cx \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2} + a^2cx + \frac{a^2c \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{2a^2c \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{a^2dx^2 \sinh^2(e+fx)}{4} + \frac{a^2d}{2} \\ (a \cosh(e) + a)^2 \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**2*c*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + a**2*c*x + a**2*c*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*c*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/4 + a**2*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/4 + a**2*d*x**2/2 + a**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) + 2*a**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - a**2*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 2*a**2*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2, Ne(f, 0)), ((a*cosh(e) + a)**2*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))`

3.107.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} a^2 dx^2 + \frac{1}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{2e} - e^{2e})e^{2fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^2} \right) a^2 d \\ &+ \frac{1}{8} a^2 c \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx+2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 cx \\ &+ a^2 d \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right) + \frac{2a^2 c \sinh(fx + e)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a^2*d*x^2 + 1/16*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*a^2*d + 1/8*a^2*c*(4*x + e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c*x + a^2*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 2*a^2*c*sinh(f*x + e)/f`**3.107.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx &= \frac{3}{4} a^2 dx^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 cx + \frac{(2a^2 dfx + 2a^2 cf - a^2 d)e^{(2fx+2e)}}{16f^2} \\ &+ \frac{(a^2 dfx + a^2 cf - a^2 d)e^{(fx+e)}}{f^2} \\ &- \frac{(a^2 dfx + a^2 cf + a^2 d)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \\ &- \frac{(2a^2 dfx + 2a^2 cf + a^2 d)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{16f^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/4*a^2*d*x^2 + 3/2*a^2*c*x + 1/16*(2*a^2*d*f*x + 2*a^2*c*f - a^2*d)*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f^2 + (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f - a^2*d)*e^(f*x + e)/f^2 - (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f + a^2*d)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2 - 1/16*(2*a^2*d*f*x + 2*a^2*c*f + a^2*d)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2`

3.107.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3a^2 dx^2}{4} + \frac{3a^2 cx}{2} - \frac{a^2 d \cosh(e + fx)^2}{4f^2} - \frac{2a^2 d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2a^2 c \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 c \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{2a^2 dx \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{a^2 dx \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x),x)`output `(3*a^2*d*x^2)/4 + (3*a^2*c*x)/2 - (a^2*d*cosh(e + f*x)^2)/(4*f^2) - (2*a^2*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*a^2*c*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (a^2*c*cosh(e + f*x)*sinh(e + f*x))/(2*f) + (2*a^2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (a^2*d*x*cosh(e + f*x)*sinh(e + f*x))/(2*f)`

3.108 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{c+dx} dx$

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3.108.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{2a^2 \cosh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{cf}{d} + fx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \cosh(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx)}{2d} + \frac{3a^2 \log(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{2a^2 \sinh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{cf}{d} + fx)}{d} + \frac{a^2 \sinh(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx)}{2d}$$

```
output 1/2*a^2*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d+2*a^2*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*cosh(-e+c*f/d)/d+3/2*a^2*ln(d*x+c)/d-1/2*a^2*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d-2*a^2*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d
```

3.108.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{a^2 \left(4 \cosh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(f(\frac{c}{d} + x)) + \cosh(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}) + 3 \log(c + dx) + 4 \sinh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \operatorname{Shi}(f(\frac{c}{d} + x)) \right)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(a^2*(4*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 3*Log[c + d*x] + 4*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*d)`

3.108.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3799} \\
 & 4a^2 \int \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 4a^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & 4a^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(e + fx)}{2(c + dx)} + \frac{\cosh(2e + 2fx)}{8(c + dx)} + \frac{3}{8(c + dx)} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 4a^2 \left(\frac{\text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\text{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{8d} + \frac{\sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{8d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x),x]`

output `4*a^2*((Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + (Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(8*d) + (3*Log[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + (Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(8*d))`

3.108.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.108.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a^2 e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{a^2 e^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{3a^2 \ln(dx+c)}{2d} - \frac{a^2 e^{-\frac{2(cf-de)}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{-2fx-2e-\frac{2(cf-de)}{d}}{4d}\right)}{4d}$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-a^2/d*\exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*\text{Ei}(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-a^2/d*\exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*\text{Ei}(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)+3/2*a^2*\ln(d*x+c)/d-1/4*a^2/d*\exp(-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*\text{Ei}(1,-2*f*x-2*e-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*a^2/d*\exp(2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*\text{Ei}(1,2*f*x+2*e+2*(c*f-d*e)/d)$

3.108.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{6a^2 \log(dx + c) + 4(a^2 \text{Ei}(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}) + a^2 \text{Ei}(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d})) \cosh(-\frac{de-cf}{d}) + (a^2 \text{Ei}(\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}) + a^2 \text{Ei}(-\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}))}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $1/4*(6*a^2*\log(d*x + c) + 4*(a^2*\text{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + a^2*\text{Ei}(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + (a^2*\text{Ei}(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + a^2*\text{Ei}(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*(a^2*\text{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - a^2*\text{Ei}(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - (a^2*\text{Ei}(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - a^2*\text{Ei}(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d)/d$

3.108.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = a^2 \left(\int \frac{2 \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx + \int \frac{\cosh^2(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx + \int \frac{1}{c + dx} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c),x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cosh(e + f*x)/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(cosh(e + f*x)**2/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(1/(c + d*x), x))`

3.108.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \log(dx + c)}{d} \right)$$

$$- a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*a^2*(e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*log(d*x + c)/d - a^2*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d) + a^2*log(d*x + c)/d`**3.108.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(df x + cf)}{d}\right) e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} + 4 a^2 \text{Ei}\left(\frac{df x + cf}{d}\right) e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} + 4 a^2 \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{df x + cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} + a^2 \text{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(df x + cf)}{d}\right) e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} + 6 a^2 \log(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(a^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 4*a^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 4*a^2*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + a^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d) + 6*a^2*log(d*x + c))/d`

3.108.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + f x))^2}{c + d x} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + f x))^2}{c + d x} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x), x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x), x)`

3.109 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

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3.109.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{4a^2 \cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{a^2 f \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2 f \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2 f \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 f \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^2}$$

output `-4*a^2*cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^4/d/(d*x+c)+2*a^2*f*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^2+a^2*f*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)/d^2-a^2*f*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d^2-2*a^2*f*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^2`

3.109.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left(-3d - 4d \cosh(e + fx) - d \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 2f(c + dx) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) + 4f(c + dx) \right)}{(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(-3*d - 4*d*Cosh[e + f*x] - d*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*f*(c + d*x)*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d]*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d] + 4*f*(c + d*x)*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d] + 4*c*f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 4*d*f*x*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 2*c*f*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2*d*f*x*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d]))/(2*d^2*(c + d*x))`

3.109.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3799} \\
 & 4a^2 \int \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 4a^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\
 & 4a^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{2if \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh(e+fx)}{4(c+dx)} - \frac{i \sinh(2e+2fx)}{8(c+dx)} \right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4a^2 \left(-\frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{2if \left(-\frac{i\text{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{i\text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{4d} - \frac{i \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{4d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `4*a^2*(-(Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^4/(d*(c + d*x))) + ((2*I)*f*(((1/8*I)*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x]*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d])/d - ((I/4)*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d])/d - ((I/4)*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d - ((I/8)*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/d)/d)`

3.109.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1)))*Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sinh[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.109.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
risch	$-\frac{f a^2 e^{-fx-e}}{d(dx+cf)} + \frac{f a^2 e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{f a^2 e^{fx+e}}{d^2\left(\frac{cf}{d}+fx\right)} - \frac{f a^2 e^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{3a^2}{2d(dx+c)} - \frac{f a^2}{4d}$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-f*a^2*\exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+f*a^2/d^2*\exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-f*a^2/d^2*\exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-f*a^2/d^2*\exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)-3/2*a^2/d/(d*x+c)-1/4*f*a^2*\exp(-2*f*x-2*e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+1/2*f*a^2/d^2*\exp(2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}(1,2*f*x+2*e+2*(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*f*a^2/d^2*\exp(2*f*x+2*e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2*f*a^2/d^2*\exp(-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*\operatorname{Ei}(1,-2*f*x-2*e-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)$$

3.109.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 359 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{a^2 d \cosh(fx + e)^2 + a^2 d \sinh(fx + e)^2 + 4a^2 d \cosh(fx + e) + 3a^2 d - 2((a^2 dfx + a^2 cf) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - \dots}{(c+dx)^2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$-1/2*(a^2*d*\cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*d*\sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a^2*d*\cosh(f*x + e) + 3*a^2*d - 2*((a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*\operatorname{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*\operatorname{Ei}(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - ((a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*\operatorname{Ei}(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*\operatorname{Ei}(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*((a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*\operatorname{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*\operatorname{Ei}(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + ((a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*\operatorname{Ei}(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*\operatorname{Ei}(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^3*x + c*d^2)$$

3.109.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = a^2 \left(\int \frac{2 \cosh(e + fx)}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{\cosh^2(e + fx)}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{1}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `a**2*(Integral(2*cosh(e + f*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(cosh(e + f*x)**2/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(1/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x))`

3.109.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{4} a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{2}{d^2x + cd} \right) \\ & \quad - a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right) - \frac{a^2}{d^2x + cd} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*a^2*(e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + 2/(d^2*x + c*d) - a^2*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d)) - a^2/(d^2*x + c*d)`

3.109.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1134 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1134, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.22

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/4*(2*(d*x + c)*a^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(2*((d*x +
c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(2*(d*e - c*f)/d)
- 2*a^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e
+ c*f)/d)*e^(2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*a^2*c*f^3*Ei(2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c
) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*(d*x + c)*a
^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) -
c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*a^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(((
d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f
)/d) + 4*a^2*c*f^3*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e
+ c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*(d*x + c)*a^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x +
c) + f)*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*
f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*a^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c
*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - 4*a^2*c*f^3*Ei(-((d
*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f
)/d) - 2*(d*x + c)*a^2*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(-2*((d*x
+ c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*(d*e - c*f
)/d) + 2*a^2*d*e*f^2*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)
- d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) - 2*a^2*c*f^3*Ei(-2*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(
d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) - a^2*d
*f^2*e^(2*(d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)/d) - 4*a^2*d*f^...
```

3.109.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

```
input int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

```
output int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^2, x)
```

3.110 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

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3.110.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{2a^2 \cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{a^2 f^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 f^2 \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^3}$$

$$- \frac{4a^2 f \cosh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d^2(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 f^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 f^2 \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^3}$$

output

```
a^2*f^2*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d^3+a^2*f^2*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*cosh(-e+c*f/d)/d^3-2*a^2*cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^4/d/(d*x+c)^2-a^2*f^2*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d^3-a^2*f^2*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^3-4*a^2*f*cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^3*sinh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/d^2/(d*x+c)
```

3.110.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 \left(-3d^2 - 4d^2 \cosh(e + fx) - d^2 \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 4f^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + 4f^2(c - \right.}{$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output

```
(a^2*(-3*d^2 - 4*d^2*Cosh[e + f*x] - d^2*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 4*f^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 4*f^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] - 4*c*d*f*Sinh[e + f*x] - 4*d^2*f*x*Sinh[e + f*x] - 2*c*d*f*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] - 2*d^2*f*x*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] + 4*c^2*f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 8*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 4*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + 4*c^2*f^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 8*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 4*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d]))/(4*d^3*(c + d*x)^2)
```

3.110.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3795, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3799}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 4a^2 \int \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{(c+dx)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 4a^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4}{(c+dx)^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3795} \\
& 4a^2 \left(\frac{2f^2 \int \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{3f^2 \int \frac{\cosh^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{f \sinh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \cosh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 4a^2 \left(-\frac{3f^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{c+dx} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{2f^2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} - \frac{f \sinh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \cosh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{2d(c+dx)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
& 4a^2 \left(-\frac{3f^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(e+fx)}{2(c+dx)} + \frac{1}{2(c+dx)}\right) dx}{2d^2} + \frac{2f^2 \int \left(\frac{\cosh(e+fx)}{2(c+dx)} + \frac{\cosh(2e+2fx)}{8(c+dx)} + \frac{3}{8(c+dx)}\right) dx}{d^2} - \frac{f \sinh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \cosh^3}{d^2(c+dx)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& 4a^2 \left(-\frac{3f^2 \left(\frac{\text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\log(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{2f^2 \left(\frac{\text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\text{Chi}(2e+2fx)}{2d} \right)}{d^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

```
output 4*a^2*(-1/2*Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^4/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (f*Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]
^3*Sinh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/(d^2*(c + d*x)) - (3*f^2*((Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshI
ntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + Log[c + d*x]/(2*d) + (Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*Si
nhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d)))/(2*d^2) + (2*f^2*((Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*Co
shIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + (Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*
c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(8*d) + (3*Log[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhI
ntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d) + (Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f
)/d + 2*f*x])/(8*d)))/d^2)
```

3.110.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3793 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := In
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

```
rule 3795 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbo
l] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[
b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)
*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c +
d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*
(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*Ssin[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b,
c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]
```

```
rule 3799 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Ssin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)))
+ f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^
2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

3.110.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 617 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 618, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

method	result
risch	$\frac{f^3 a^2 e^{-fx-e} x}{2d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} + \frac{f^3 a^2 e^{-fx-e} c}{2d^2(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a^2 e^{-fx-e}}{2d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a^2 e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d^3}$

input `int((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} f^3 a^2 \exp(-fx-e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) x + \frac{1}{2} f^3 a^2 \exp(-fx-e) / d^2 / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) * c - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 \exp(-fx-e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp((cf-d*e)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}(1, fx+e+(cf-d*e)/d) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(fx+e) / (cf/d+fx)^2 - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(fx+e) / (cf/d+fx) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(-(cf-d*e)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}(1, -fx-e-(cf-d*e)/d) - \frac{3}{4} a^2 / d / (d*x+c)^2 + \frac{1}{4} f^3 a^2 \exp(-2fx-2e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) x + \frac{1}{4} f^3 a^2 \exp(-2fx-2e) / d^2 / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) * c - \frac{1}{8} f^2 a^2 \exp(-2fx-2e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(2*(cf-d*e)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}(1, 2fx+2e+2*(cf-d*e)/d) - \frac{1}{8} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(2fx+2e) / (cf/d+fx)^2 - \frac{1}{4} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(2fx+2e) / (cf/d+fx) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a^2 / d^3 \exp(-2*(cf-d*e)/d) * \operatorname{Ei}(1, -2fx-2e-2*(cf-d*e)/d) \end{aligned}$$

3.110.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 596 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 596, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{a^2 d^2 \cosh(fx + e)^2 + a^2 d^2 \sinh(fx + e)^2 + 4 a^2 d^2 \cosh(fx + e) + 3 a^2 d^2 - 2((a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a^2 c d f^2 x + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/4*(a^2*d^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a^2*d^2*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a^2*d^2*cosh(f
*x + e) + 3*a^2*d^2 - 2*((a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)
*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*E
i(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - 2*((a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*
d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*
d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*
(a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f + (a^2*d^2*f*x + a^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f
*x + e) + 2*((a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x +
c*f)/d) - (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x +
c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*((a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^
2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*f^2*x + a^
2*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*
d^4*x + c^2*d^3)
```

3.110.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = a^2 \left(\int \frac{2 \cosh(e + fx)}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{\cosh^2(e + fx)}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{1}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output

```
a**2*(Integral(2*cosh(e + f*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x
**3), x) + Integral(cosh(e + f*x)**2/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 +
d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(1/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3
), x))
```

3.110.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} a^2 \left(\frac{1}{d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d} + \frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right)$$

$$- a^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right) - \frac{a^2}{2(d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*a^2*(1/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d) + e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)) - a^2*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(3, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)) - 1/2*a^2/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d)`**3.110.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 682 vs. 2(199) = 398.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 682, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right) e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} + 4 a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} + 4 a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} + 4 a^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right) e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})}}{2(d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d)}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/8*(4*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(2*e - 2*c*f/d)} + 4*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(e - c*f/d)} + 4*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-e + c*f/d)} + 4*a^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)} + 8*a^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(2*e - 2*c*f/d)} + 8*a^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(e - c*f/d)} + 8*a^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-e + c*f/d)} + 8*a^2*c*d*f^2*x*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)} + 4*a^2*c^2*f^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(2*e - 2*c*f/d)} + 4*a^2*c^2*f^2*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(e - c*f/d)} + 4*a^2*c^2*f^2*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-e + c*f/d)} + 4*a^2*c^2*f^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)} - 2*a^2*d^2*f*x*e^{(2*f*x + 2*e)} - 4*a^2*d^2*f*x*e^{(f*x + e)} + 4*a^2*d^2*f*x*e^{(-f*x - e)} + 2*a^2*d^2*f*x*e^{(-2*f*x - 2*e)} - 2*a^2*c*d*f*e^{(2*f*x + 2*e)} - 4*a^2*c*d*f*e^{(f*x + e)} + 4*a^2*c*d*f*e^{(-f*x - e)} + 2*a^2*c*d*f*e^{(-2*f*x - 2*e)} - a^2*d^2*e^{(2*f*x + 2*e)} - 4*a^2*d^2*e^{(f*x + e)} - 4*a^2*d^2*e^{(-f*x - e)} - a^2*d^2*e^{(-2*f*x - 2*e)} - 6*a^2*d^2)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)$

3.110.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

3.111 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

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3.111.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^3}{af} - \frac{6d(c+dx)^2 \log(1+e^{e+fx})}{af^2} - \frac{12d^2(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{af^3} + \frac{12d^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{e+fx})}{af^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{af}$$

```
output (d*x+c)^3/a/f-6*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))/a/f^2-12*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(
2,-exp(f*x+e))/a/f^3+12*d^3*polylog(3,-exp(f*x+e))/a/f^4+(d*x+c)^3*tanh(1/
2*f*x+1/2*e)/a/f
```

3.111.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{2 \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)\right) \left(-\frac{6de^e \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)\right) \left(\frac{e^{-e}(c+dx)^3}{3d} + \frac{(1+e^{-e})(c+dx)^2 \log(1+e^{-e-fx})}{f} - \frac{2de^{-e}(1+e^e)(f(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-e-fx})}{f^3} \right)}{1+e^e} \right)}{af(1+\cosh(e+fx))}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(2*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*((-6*d*E^e*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*((c + d*x)^3/(3*d*E^e) + ((1 + E^(-e))*(c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)]))/f - (2*d*(1 + E^e)*(f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -E^(-e - f*x)] + d*PolyLog[3, -E^(-e - f*x)])))/(E^e*f^3)))/(1 + E^e) + (c + d*x)^3*Sech[e/2]*Sinh[(f*x)/2]))/(a*f*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x]))`

3.111.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a \cosh(e + fx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \sin\left(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3799} \\
 & \frac{\int (c + dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (c + dx)^3 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6id \int -i(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6d \int (c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6d \int -i(c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \int (c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4201} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{e+fx} (c+dx)^2 dx}{1+e^{e+fx}} - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log(1+e^{e+fx}) dx}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx}) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx}) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{e+fx})}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f}}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.111. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `((6*I)*d*((-1/3*I)*(c + d*x)^3)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)])/f - (2*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -E^(e + f*x)])/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -E^(e + f*x)]/f^2))/f))/f + (2*(c + d*x)^3*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/(2*a)`

3.111.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 4201 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

3.111.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 324 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(d^3x^3+3cd^2x^2+3c^2dx+c^3)}{fa(1+ef^{x+e})} + \frac{6dc^2\ln(ef^{x+e})}{af^2} - \frac{6dc^2\ln(1+ef^{x+e})}{af^2} + \frac{2d^3x^3}{af} - \frac{4d^3e^3}{af^4} - \frac{6d^3\ln(1+ef^{x+e})x^2}{af^2} + \frac{12d^3p}{af^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/f/a*(d^3*x^3+3*c*d^2*x^2+3*c^2*d*x+c^3)/(1+\exp(f*x+e))+6/a/f^2*d*c^2*\ln \\ & (\exp(f*x+e))-6/a/f^2*d*c^2*\ln(1+\exp(f*x+e))+2/a/f*d^3*x^3-4/a/f^4*d^3*e^3- \\ & 6/a/f^2*d^3*\ln(1+\exp(f*x+e))*x^2+12*d^3*polylog(3,-\exp(f*x+e))/a/f^4+6/a/f \\ & ^4*d^3*e^2*\ln(\exp(f*x+e))-6/a/f^3*d^3*e^2*x-12/a/f^3*d^3*polylog(2,-\exp(f* \\ & x+e))*x+6/a/f*d^2*c*x^2+6/a/f^3*d^2*c*e^2-12/a/f^2*d^2*c*\ln(1+\exp(f*x+e))* \\ & x-12/a/f^3*d^2*c*polylog(2,-\exp(f*x+e))+12/a/f^2*d^2*c*e*x-12/a/f^3*d^2*c* \\ & e*\ln(\exp(f*x+e)) \end{aligned}$$

3.111.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 438 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d^3 e^3 - 3cd^2 e^2 f + 3c^2 d e f^2 - c^3 f^3 + (d^3 f^3 x^3 + 3cd^2 f^3 x^2 + 3c^2 d f^3 x + d^3 e^3 - 3cd^2 e^2 f + 3c^2 d e f^2) \cosh(fx + e) - 6(d^3 f^3 x + cd^2 f + (d^3 f^3 x + cd^2 f) \cosh(fx + e) + (d^3 f^3 x + cd^2 f) \sinh(fx + e)) \operatorname{dilog}(-\cosh(fx + e) - \sinh(fx + e)) - 3(d^3 f^2 x^2 + 2cd^2 f^2 x + c^2 d f^2 + (d^3 f^2 x^2 + 2cd^2 f^2 x + c^2 d f^2) \cosh(fx + e) + (d^3 f^2 x^2 + 2cd^2 f^2 x + c^2 d f^2) \sinh(fx + e)) \log(\cosh(fx + e) + \sinh(fx + e) + 1) + 6(d^3 \cosh(fx + e) + d^3 \sinh(fx + e) + d^3) \operatorname{polylog}(3, -\cosh(fx + e) - \sinh(fx + e)) + (d^3 f^3 x^3 + 3cd^2 f^3 x^2 + 3c^2 d f^3 x + d^3 e^3 - 3cd^2 e^2 f + 3c^2 d e f^2) \sinh(fx + e))}{a f^4 \cosh(fx + e) + a f^4 \sinh(fx + e) + a f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
2*(d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - c^3*f^3 + (d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*f^3*x + d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2)*cosh(f*x + e) - 6*(d^3*f^3*x + c*d^2*f + (d^3*f^3*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + (d^3*f^3*x + c*d^2*f)*sinh(f*x + e))*dilog(-cosh(f*x + e) - sinh(f*x + e)) - 3*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2 + (d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2)*cosh(f*x + e) + (d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2)*sinh(f*x + e))*log(cosh(f*x + e) + sinh(f*x + e) + 1) + 6*(d^3*cosh(f*x + e) + d^3*sinh(f*x + e) + d^3)*polylog(3, -cosh(f*x + e) - sinh(f*x + e)) + (d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*f^3*x + d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2)*sinh(f*x + e))/(a*f^4*cosh(f*x + e) + a*f^4*sinh(f*x + e) + a*f^4)
```

3.111.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{c^3}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output

```
(Integral(c**3/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x))/a
```

3.111.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a\cosh(e+fx)} dx \\ &= 6c^2d \left(\frac{xe^{(fx+e)}}{afe^{(fx+e)}+af} - \frac{\log((e^{(fx+e)}+1)e^{(-e)})}{af^2} \right) + \frac{2c^3}{(ae^{(-fx-e)}+a)f} \\ & \quad - \frac{2(d^3x^3+3cd^2x^2)}{afe^{(fx+e)}+af} - \frac{12(fx\log(e^{(fx+e)}+1)+\text{Li}_2(-e^{(fx+e)}))cd^2}{af^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{6(f^2x^2\log(e^{(fx+e)}+1)+2fx\text{Li}_2(-e^{(fx+e)})-2\text{Li}_3(-e^{(fx+e)}))d^3}{af^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{2(d^3f^3x^3+3cd^2f^3x^2)}{af^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `6*c^2*d*(x*e^(f*x + e)/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1)*e^(-e))/(a*f^2)) + 2*c^3/((a*e^(-f*x - e) + a)*f) - 2*(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2)/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - 12*(f*x*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) + dilog(-e^(f*x + e)))*c*d^2/(a*f^3) - 6*(f^2*x^2*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) + 2*f*x*dilog(-e^(f*x + e)) - 2*polylog(3, -e^(f*x + e)))*d^3/(a*f^4) + 2*(d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2)/(a*f^4)`

3.111.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+a\cosh(e+fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)^3}{a\cosh(fx+e)+a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

3.111.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

3.112 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

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3.112.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2}{af} - \frac{4d(c+dx) \log(1+e^{e+fx})}{af^2} - \frac{4d^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{af^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{af}$$

output $(d*x+c)^2/a/f-4*d*(d*x+c)*\ln(1+\exp(f*x+e))/a/f^2-4*d^2*\text{polylog}(2,-\exp(f*x+e))/a/f^3+(d*x+c)^2*\tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a/f$

3.112.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{2 \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)\right) \left(-\frac{2 \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)\right) (f(c+dx)(f(c+dx)+2d(1+e^e) \log(1+e^{-e-fx})) - 2d^2(1+e^e) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-e-fx}))}{(1+e^e)f^2} \right) + (c+dx)^2}{af(1+\cosh(e+fx))}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(c+d*x)^2/(a+a*\text{Cosh}[e+f*x]),x]$

```
output (2*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*((-2*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*(f*(c + d*x))*(f*(c + d*x) + 2*
d*(1 + E^e)*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)]) - 2*d^2*(1 + E^e)*PolyLog[2, -E^(-e - f
*x)])))/((1 + E^e)*f^2) + (c + d*x)^2*Sech[e/2]*Sinh[(f*x)/2]))/(a*f*(1 + C
osh[e + f*x]))
```

3.112.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.550$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a \cosh(e+fx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a + a \sin\left(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3799} \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4id \int -i(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \int (c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \int -i(c+dx) \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \int (c+dx) \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4201} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{1+e^{e+fx}} dx - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d}\right)}{f}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{d \int \log(1+e^{e+fx}) dx}{f}\right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d}\right)}{f}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log(1+e^{e+fx}) de^{e+fx}}{f^2}\right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d}\right)}{f}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} + \frac{d \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f^2}\right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d}\right)}{f}}{2a}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `((4*I)*d*(((1/2*I)*(c + d*x)^2)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)]))/f + (d*PolyLog[2, -E^(e + f*x)]/f^2)))/f + (2*(c + d*x)^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/(2*a)`

3.112.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3799 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b))) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`
- rule 4201 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.112.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(x^2 d^2 + 2cdx + c^2)}{fa(1+e^{fx+e})} + \frac{4dc \ln(e^{fx+e})}{af^2} - \frac{4dc \ln(1+e^{fx+e})}{af^2} + \frac{2d^2 x^2}{af} + \frac{4d^2 ex}{af^2} + \frac{2d^2 e^2}{af^3} - \frac{4d^2 \ln(1+e^{fx+e})x}{af^2} - \frac{4d^2 \text{polylog}}{af^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/f/a*(d^2*x^2+2*c*d*x+c^2)/(1+\exp(f*x+e))+4/a/f^2*d*c*\ln(\exp(f*x+e))-4/a/f^2*d*c*\ln(1+\exp(f*x+e))+2/a/f*d^2*x^2+4/a/f^2*d^2*e*x+2/a/f^3*d^2*e^2-4/a/f^2*d^2*\ln(1+\exp(f*x+e))*x-4*d^2*\text{polylog}(2,-\exp(f*x+e))/a/f^3-4/a/f^3*d^2*e*\ln(\exp(f*x+e))$$

3.112.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{2(d^2 e^2 - 2cde f + c^2 f^2 - (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2cdf^2 x - d^2 e^2 + 2cdef) \cosh(fx+e) + 2(d^2 \cosh(fx+e) + d^2 \sinh(fx+e)) \text{dilog}(-\cosh(fx+e) - \sinh(fx+e)) + 2*(d^2*f*x + c*d*f + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*\cosh(f*x + e) + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*\sinh(f*x + e))*\log(\cosh(f*x + e) + \sinh(f*x + e) + 1) - (d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*f)*\sinh(f*x + e))/(a*f^3*\cosh(f*x + e) + a*f^3*\sinh(f*x + e) + a*f^3)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$-2*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + c^2*f^2 - (d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*f)*\cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(d^2*\cosh(f*x + e) + d^2*\sinh(f*x + e) + d^2*\text{dilog}(-\cosh(f*x + e) - \sinh(f*x + e)) + 2*(d^2*f*x + c*d*f + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*\cosh(f*x + e) + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*\sinh(f*x + e))*\log(\cosh(f*x + e) + \sinh(f*x + e) + 1) - (d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*f)*\sinh(f*x + e))/(a*f^3*\cosh(f*x + e) + a*f^3*\sinh(f*x + e) + a*f^3)$$

3.112.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{c^2}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{d^2x^2}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{2cdx}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `(Integral(c**2/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x))/a`

3.112.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*d^2*(x^2/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - 2*integrate(x/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f), x) + 4*c*d*(x*e^(f*x + e)/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1)*e^(-e))/(a*f^2)) + 2*c^2/((a*e^(-f*x - e) + a)*f)`

3.112.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

3.112.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

3.113 $\int \frac{c+dx}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

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3.113.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	766
3.113.4 Maple [A] (verified)	768
3.113.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	768
3.113.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	768
3.113.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	769
3.113.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	769
3.113.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	770

3.113.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = -\frac{2d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{af^2} + \frac{(c + dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{af}$$

output `-2*d*ln(cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e))/a/f^2+(d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a/f`

3.113.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2 \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) \left(-2d \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right) + f(c + dx) \sinh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)\right)}{af^2(1 + \cosh(e + fx))}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(2*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*(-2*d*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*Log[Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]] + f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[(e + f*x)/2]))/(a*f^2*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x]))`

3.113.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c+dx}{a \cosh(e+fx)+a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{c+dx}{a+a \sin\left(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3799} \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx) \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2}+\frac{ifx}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4672} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2id \int -i \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int -i \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2}+\frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2id \int \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2}+\frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3956}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2}}{2a}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `((-4*d*Log[Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]])/f^2 + (2*(c + d*x)*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/(2*a)`

3.113.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.113.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln\left(1 - \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right) d + \left((dx+c) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) + dx\right) f}{a f^2}$	47
risch	$\frac{2dx}{af} + \frac{2de}{af^2} - \frac{2(dx+c)}{af(1+e^{fx+e})} - \frac{2d \ln(1+e^{fx+e})}{af^2}$	63

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(2*ln(1-tanh(1/2*e+1/2*f*x))*d+((d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*e+1/2*f*x)+d*x)*f)/a/f^2`

3.113.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs. 2(41) = 82.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dfx \cosh(fx + e) + dfx \sinh(fx + e) - cf - (d \cosh(fx + e) + d \sinh(fx + e) + d) \log(\cosh(fx + e))}{af^2 \cosh(fx + e) + af^2 \sinh(fx + e) + af^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `2*(d*f*x*cosh(f*x + e) + d*f*x*sinh(f*x + e) - c*f - (d*cosh(f*x + e) + d*sinh(f*x + e) + d)*log(cosh(f*x + e) + sinh(f*x + e) + 1))/(a*f^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a*f^2*sinh(f*x + e) + a*f^2)`

3.113.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{c \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{af} + \frac{dx \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{af} - \frac{dx}{af} + \frac{2d \log\left(\tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{af^2} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ \frac{cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}}{a \cosh(e) + a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Piecewise((c*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)/(a*f) + d*x*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)/(a*f) - d*x/(a*f) + 2*d*log(tanh(e/2 + f*x/2) + 1)/(a*f**2), Ne(f, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)/(a*cosh(e) + a), True))`

3.113.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= 2d \left(\frac{x e^{(fx+e)}}{a f e^{(fx+e)} + a f} - \frac{\log\left(\left(e^{(fx+e)} + 1\right)e^{(-e)}\right)}{a f^2} \right) + \frac{2c}{(a e^{(-fx-e)} + a) f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*d*(x*e^(f*x + e)/(a*f*e^(f*x + e) + a*f) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1)*e^(-e))/(a*f^2)) + 2*c/((a*e^(-f*x - e) + a)*f)`

3.113.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dfx e^{(fx+e)} - d e^{(fx+e)} \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) - cf - d \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1))}{af^2 e^{(fx+e)} + af^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(d*f*x*e^(f*x + e) - d*e^(f*x + e)*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) - c*f - d*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1))/(a*f^2*e^(f*x + e) + a*f^2)`

3.113.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2 dx}{a f} - \frac{2(c + dx)}{a f (e^{e+fx} + 1)} - \frac{2 d \ln(e^{fx} e^e + 1)}{a f^2}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`

output `(2*d*x)/(a*f) - (2*(c + d*x))/(a*f*(exp(e + f*x) + 1)) - (2*d*log(exp(f*x)*exp(e) + 1))/(a*f^2)`

$$3.114 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

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3.114.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

3.114.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

3.114.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a \cosh(e+fx)+a)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a \cosh(e+fx)+a)} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.114.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.114.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a + a \cosh(fx + e))} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`**3.114.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a*d*x + a*c + (a*d*x + a*c)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`**3.114.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + a \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{c \cosh(e + fx) + c + dx \cosh(e + fx) + dx} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `Integral(1/(c*cosh(e + f*x) + c + d*x*cosh(e + f*x) + d*x), x)/a`

3.114.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(a \cosh(fx+e)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*d*integrate(1/(a*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f*x + a*c^2*f + (a*d^2*f*x^2*e^e + 2*a*c*d*f*x*e^e + a*c^2*f*e^e)*e^(f*x)), x) - 2/(a*d*f*x + a*c*f + (a*d*f*x*e^e + a*c*f*e^e)*e^(f*x))`**3.114.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(a \cosh(fx+e)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`**3.114.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)), x)`

3.115 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$

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3.115.6 Sympy [N/A]	777
3.115.7 Maxima [N/A]	778
3.115.8 Giac [N/A]	778
3.115.9 Mupad [N/A]	778

3.115.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

3.115.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

3.115.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a \cosh(e+fx)+a)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a \cosh(e+fx)+a)} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.115.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.115.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(a+a \cosh(fx+e))} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`**3.115.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(a \cosh(fx+e)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + (a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`**3.115.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{c^2 \cosh(e+fx)+c^2+2cdx \cosh(e+fx)+2cdx+d^2x^2 \cosh(e+fx)+d^2x^2} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `Integral(1/(c**2*cosh(e + f*x) + c**2 + 2*c*d*x*cosh(e + f*x) + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2*cosh(e + f*x) + d**2*x**2), x)/a`

3.115.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a\cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(a\cosh(fx+e)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4*d*integrate(1/(a*d^3*f*x^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*f*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*f*x + a*c^3*f + (a*d^3*f*x^3*e^e + 3*a*c*d^2*f*x^2*e^e + 3*a*c^2*d*f*x*e^e + a*c^3*f*e^e)*e^(f*x)), x) - 2/(a*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*f*x + a*c^2*f + (a*d^2*f*x^2*e^e + 2*a*c*d*f*x*e^e + a*c^2*f*e^e)*e^(f*x))`**3.115.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a\cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(a\cosh(fx+e)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`**3.115.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a\cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+a\cosh(e+fx))(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

3.116 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

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3.116.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	787
3.116.8 Giac [F]	788
3.116.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	788

3.116.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3a^2 f} - \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \log(1+e^{e+fx})}{a^2 f^2} + \frac{4d^3 \log(\cosh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}))}{a^2 f^4} - \frac{4d^2(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{a^2 f^3} + \frac{4d^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{e+fx})}{a^2 f^4} + \frac{d(c+dx)^2 \text{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{2a^2 f^2} - \frac{2d^2(c+dx) \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{a^2 f^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{3a^2 f} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \text{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}) \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{6a^2 f}$$

```
output 1/3*(d*x+c)^3/a^2/f-2*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^2+4*d^3*ln(cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e))/a^2/f^4-4*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^3+4*d^3*polylog(3,-exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^4+1/2*d*(d*x+c)^2*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2/a^2/f^2-2*d^2*(d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f+1/6*(d*x+c)^3*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f
```

3.116.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) \left(-\frac{8d \cosh^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) (6d^2 e^e f x - 3c^2 e^e f^3 x + 3cdf^3 x^2 + d^2 f^3 x^3 + 6cdf^2 x \log(1 + e^{-e - fx}) + 6cde^e f^2 x \log(1 + e^{-e - fx}) + 3c^2 d e^e f^2 x \log(1 + e^{-e - fx}))}{(1 + E^e)^2} \right)}{(1 + E^e)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output

```
(Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*((-8*d*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]^3*(6*d^2*E^e*f*x - 3*c^2*E^e*f^3*x + 3*c*d*f^3*x^2 + d^2*f^3*x^3 + 6*c*d*f^2*x*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)] + 6*c*d*E^e*f^2*x*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)] + 3*d^2*f^2*x^2*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)] + 3*d^2*E^e*f^2*x^2*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)] - 6*d^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)] - 6*d^2*E^e*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)] + 3*c^2*f^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)] + 3*c^2*E^e*f^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)] - 6*d*(1 + E^e)*f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -E^(-e - f*x)] - 6*d^2*(1 + E^e)*PolyLog[3, -E^(-e - f*x)]))/((1 + E^e)*f) + (c + d*x)*Sech[e/2]*(3*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[(f*x)/2] + 3*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + (f*x)/2] - 12*d^2*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 3*c^2*f^2*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 6*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 3*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 6*d^2*Sinh[e + (f*x)/2] - 6*d^2*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2] + c^2*f^2*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2] + 2*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2] + d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2]))/(3*a^2*f^3*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x])^2)
```

3.116.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956, 4201, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \sin (ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3799

$$\frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^4\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2}+\frac{ifx}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4674

$$-\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^3 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}$$

↓ 3042

$$-\frac{4d^2 \int (c+dx) \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2}+\frac{ifx}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^3 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2}+\frac{ifx}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}$$

↓ 4672

$$-\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int -i \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6id \int -i(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f}$$

↓ 26

$$-\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6d \int (c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$-\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int -i \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2}+\frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{6d \int -i(c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2}+\frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2}+\frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

↓ 26

3.116. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2id \int \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \int (c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

↓ 3956

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \int (c+dx)^2 \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

↓ 4201

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{e+fx} (c+dx)^2 dx}{1+e^{e+fx}} - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx} + 1)}{f} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log(1+e^{e+fx}) dx}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx} + 1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx}) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3d} \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2d(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f^2}$$

↓ 2720

3.116. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx} + 1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx}) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f} \right)}{f} \right) \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3}$$

4a²

7143

$$-\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right))}{f^2} \right)}{f^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{6id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log(e^{e+fx} + 1)}{f} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{e+fx})}{f^2} \right)}{f} \right) \right)}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^3}{3}$$

4a²

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `((2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2)/f^2 + (2*(c + d*x)^3*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/(3*f) - (4*d^2*((-4*d*Log[Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]])/f^2 + (2*(c + d*x)*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/f^2 + (2*((6*I)*d*((-1/3*I)*(c + d*x)^3)/d + (2*I)*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)])/f - (2*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -E^(e + f*x)])/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -E^(e + f*x)])/f^2))/f)/f + (2*(c + d*x)^3*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f)/3)/(4*a^2)`

3.116.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.116. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b))) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4201 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 4674 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x]
+ (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x]
+ Simp[b^2*d^2*m*(m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))]
Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)
Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x]
&& GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.116.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 599 vs. 2(220) = 440.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 600, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(3d^3 f^2 x^3 e^{fx+e} + 9cd^2 f^2 x^2 e^{fx+e} + d^3 f^2 x^3 - 3d^3 f x^2 e^{2fx+2e} + 9c^2 d f^2 x e^{fx+e} + 3cd^2 f^2 x^2 - 6cd^2 f x e^{2fx+2e} - 3d^3 f x^2 e^{fx+e} + 3c^3 e^{2fx+2e})}{3}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(3*d^3*f^2*x^3*exp(f*x+e)+9*c*d^2*f^2*x^2*exp(f*x+e)+d^3*f^2*x^3-3*d^3*f*x^2*exp(2*f*x+2*e)+9*c^2*d*f^2*x*exp(f*x+e)+3*c*d^2*f^2*x^2-6*c*d^2*f*x*exp(2*f*x+2*e)-3*d^3*f*x^2*exp(f*x+e)+3*c^3*f^2*exp(f*x+e)+3*c^2*d*f^2*x-3*c^2*d*f*exp(2*f*x+2*e)-6*c*d^2*f*x*exp(f*x+e)-6*d^3*x*exp(2*f*x+2*e)+c^3*f^2-3*c^2*d*f*exp(f*x+e)-6*c*d^2*exp(2*f*x+2*e)-12*d^3*x*exp(f*x+e)-12*c*d^2*exp(f*x+e)-6*d^3*x-6*d^2*c)/f^3/a^2/(1+exp(f*x+e))^3+2/a^2/f^2*d*c^2*ln(exp(f*x+e))-2/a^2/f^2*d*c^2*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))+2/a^2/f^4*d^3*e^2*ln(exp(f*x+e))+2/a^2/f*d^2*c*x^2+2/3/a^2/f*d^3*x^3-4/3/a^2/f^4*d^3*e^3+4*d^3*polylog(3,-exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^4-4/a^2/f^4*d^3*ln(exp(f*x+e))+4/a^2/f^4*d^3*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))+4/a^2/f^2*d^2*c*e*x-4/a^2/f^2*d^2*c*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))*x-4/a^2/f^3*d^2*c*e*ln(exp(f*x+e))-2/a^2/f^3*d^3*e^2*x-2/a^2/f^2*d^3*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))*x^2-4/a^2/f^3*d^3*polylog(2,-exp(f*x+e))*x+2/a^2/f^3*d^2*c*e^2-4/a^2/f^3*d^2*c*polylog(2,-exp(f*x+e))
```

$$3.116. \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

3.116.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1863 vs. $2(219) = 438$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1863, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.31

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

2/3*(d^3*e^3 + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - c^3*f^3 - 6*d^3*e + (d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*
f^3*x^2 + d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - 6*d^3*e + 3*(c^2*d*f^3
- 2*d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + (d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + d^3*e^3
- 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - 6*d^3*e + 3*(c^2*d*f^3 - 2*d^3*f)*x)*sin
h(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(d^3*f^3*x^3 + d^3*e^3 - 6*d^3*e + (3*c^2*d*e + c^2*d)*f^
2 + (3*c*d^2*f^3 + d^3*f^2)*x^2 - (3*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d^2)*f + (3*c^2*d*f^3
+ 2*c*d^2*f^2 - 4*d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(d^3*f^3*x^3 + d^3*e^3 -
6*d^3*e + (3*c^2*d*e + c^2*d)*f^2 + (3*c*d^2*f^3 + d^3*f^2)*x^2 - (3*c*d^2
*e^2 - 2*c*d^2)*f + (3*c^2*d*f^3 + 2*c*d^2*f^2 - 4*d^3*f)*x + (d^3*f^3*x^3
+ 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + d^3*e^3 - 3*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*c^2*d*e*f^2 - 6*d^3*e + 3
*(c^2*d*f^3 - 2*d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 3*(c*d^2*e^2 -
2*c*d^2)*f + 3*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + d^3*e^3 - c^3*f^3 - 6*d^3*e + (3*c^2*d*e + c
^2*d)*f^2 - (3*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*c*d^2)*f + 2*(c*d^2*f^2 - d^3*f)*x)*cosh(f*x
+ e) - 6*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f + (d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + (d^3*f
*x + c*d^2*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + 3*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*
(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f + (d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e)^2 +
3*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f + (d^3*f*x + c*
d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(d^3*f*x + c*d^2*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e
))*dilog(-cosh(f*x + e) - sinh(f*x + e)) - 3*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x
+ c^2*d*f^2 + (d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2 - 2*d^3)*cosh(f*...

```

3.116.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{c^3}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{1}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

3.116. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `(Integral(c**3/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x))/a**2`

3.116.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 610 vs. $2(219) = 438$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= 2c^2d \left(\frac{fxe^{(3fx+3e)} + (3fxe^{(2e)} + e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)} + e^{(fx+e)}}{a^2f^2e^{(3fx+3e)} + 3a^2f^2e^{(2fx+2e)} + 3a^2f^2e^{(fx+e)} + a^2f^2} - \frac{\log((e^{(fx+e)} + 1)e^{(-e)})}{a^2f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3}c^3 \left(\frac{3e^{(-fx-e)}}{(3a^2e^{(-fx-e)} + 3a^2e^{(-2fx-2e)} + a^2e^{(-3fx-3e)} + a^2)f} + \frac{1}{(3a^2e^{(-fx-e)} + 3a^2e^{(-2fx-2e)} + a^2e^{(-3fx-3e)})e^{(2fx)} + 3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{2(d^3f^2x^3 + 3cd^2f^2x^2 - 6d^3x - 6cd^2 - 3(d^3fx^2e^{(2e)} + 2cd^2e^{(2e)} + 2(cd^2fe^{(2e)} + d^3e^{(2e)})x)e^{(2fx)} + 3}{3(a^2f^3e^{(3fx+3e)} + 3a^2f^3e^{(2fx+2e)} + 3a^2f^3)}$$

$$- \frac{4(fx \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) + \text{Li}_2(-e^{(fx+e)}))cd^2}{a^2f^3} - \frac{4d^3x}{a^2f^3}$$

$$- \frac{2(f^2x^2 \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) + 2fx \text{Li}_2(-e^{(fx+e)}) - 2 \text{Li}_3(-e^{(fx+e)}))d^3}{a^2f^4}$$

$$+ \frac{4d^3 \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1)}{a^2f^4} + \frac{2(d^3f^3x^3 + 3cd^2f^3x^2)}{3a^2f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2*c^2*d*((f*x*e^{(3*f*x + 3*e)} + (3*f*x*e^{(2*e)} + e^{(2*e)})*e^{(2*f*x)} + e^{(f*x + e)})/(a^2*f^2*e^{(3*f*x + 3*e)} + 3*a^2*f^2*e^{(2*f*x + 2*e)} + 3*a^2*f^2*e^{(f*x + e)} + a^2*f^2) - \log((e^{(f*x + e)} + 1)*e^{(-e)})/(a^2*f^2)) + 2/3*c^3*(3*e^{(-f*x - e)})/((3*a^2*e^{(-f*x - e)} + 3*a^2*e^{(-2*f*x - 2*e)} + a^2*e^{(-3*f*x - 3*e)} + a^2)*f) + 1/((3*a^2*e^{(-f*x - e)} + 3*a^2*e^{(-2*f*x - 2*e)} + a^2*e^{(-3*f*x - 3*e)} + a^2)*f)) - 2/3*(d^3*f^2*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^2*x^2 - 6*d^3*x - 6*c*d^2 - 3*(d^3*f*x^2*e^{(2*e)} + 2*c*d^2*e^{(2*e)} + 2*(c*d^2*f*e^{(2*e)} + d^3*e^{(2*e)}))*x)*e^{(2*f*x)} + 3*(d^3*f^2*x^3*e^e - 4*c*d^2*e^e + (3*c*d^2*f^2*e^e - d^3*f*e^e)*x^2 - 2*(c*d^2*f*e^e + 2*d^3*e^e)*x)*e^{(f*x)})/(a^2*f^3*e^{(3*f*x + 3*e)} + 3*a^2*f^3*e^{(2*f*x + 2*e)} + 3*a^2*f^3*e^{(f*x + e)} + a^2*f^3) - 4*(f*x*log(e^{(f*x + e)} + 1) + dilog(-e^{(f*x + e)}))*c*d^2/(a^2*f^3) - 4*d^3*x/(a^2*f^3) - 2*(f^2*x^2*log(e^{(f*x + e)} + 1) + 2*f*x*dilog(-e^{(f*x + e)})) - 2*polylog(3, -e^{(f*x + e)})*d^3/(a^2*f^4) + 4*d^3*log(e^{(f*x + e)} + 1)/(a^2*f^4) + 2/3*(d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*f^3*x^2)/(a^2*f^4)$

3.116.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

3.116.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

3.117 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

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3.117.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2}{3a^2 f} - \frac{4d(c+dx) \log(1+e^{e+fx})}{3a^2 f^2} - \frac{4d^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{3a^2 f^3} + \frac{d(c+dx) \text{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{3a^2 f^2} - \frac{2d^2 \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{3a^2 f^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{3a^2 f} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \text{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}) \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{6a^2 f}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x+c)^2/a^2/f-4/3*d*(d*x+c)*ln(1+exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^2-4/3*d^2*polylog
(2,-exp(f*x+e))/a^2/f^3+1/3*d*(d*x+c)*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2/a^2/f^2-2/3*d^
2*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^2*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f+1/6*
(d*x+c)^2*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f
```

3.117.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) \left(-\frac{8 \cosh^3\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right) (f(c + dx)(f(c + dx) + 2d(1 + e^e) \log(1 + e^{-e - fx})) - 2d^2(1 + e^e) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-e - fx}))}{1 + e^e} \right) + \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{e}{2}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]*((-8*Cosh[(e + f*x)/2]^3*(f*(c + d*x)*(f*(c + d*x) + 2*d*(1 + E^e)*Log[1 + E^(-e - f*x)]) - 2*d^2*(1 + E^e)*PolyLog[2, -E^(-e - f*x)]))/(1 + E^e) + Sech[e/2]*(2*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[(f*x)/2] + 2*d*f*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + (f*x)/2] - 4*d^2*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 3*c^2*f^2*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 6*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 3*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[(f*x)/2] + 2*d^2*Sinh[e + (f*x)/2] - 2*d^2*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2] + c^2*f^2*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2] + 2*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2] + d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[e + (3*f*x)/2]))/(3*a^2*f^3*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x])^2)`

3.117.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4254, 24, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 4201, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\left(a + a \sin\left(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3799}$$

$$\frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4674

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx - \frac{4d^2 \int \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{3f^2} + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{4d^2 \int \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx}{3f^2} + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx - \frac{8id^2 \int 1d\left(-i \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{3f^3} + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c+dx)^2 \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} - \frac{8d^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^3}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4id \int -i(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \int (c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} - \frac{8d^2}{3f^3}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

3.117. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \int -i(c+dx) \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 26

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \int (c+dx) \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4201

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{1+e^{e+fx}} dx - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{d \int \log(1+e^{e+fx}) dx}{f} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log(1+e^{e+fx}) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{4id \left(2i \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log(e^{e+fx}+1)}{f} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{e+fx})}{f^2} \right) - \frac{i(c+dx)^2}{2d} \right)}{f} \right) + \frac{4d(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f}}{4a^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

```
output ((4*d*(c + d*x)*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2)/(3*f^2) - (8*d^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]
)/(3*f^3) + (2*(c + d*x)^2*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/(3*f)
+ (2*((4*I)*d*((-1/2*I)*(c + d*x)^2)/d + (2*I)*((c + d*x)*Log[1 + E^(e + f*x)]
)/f + (d*PolyLog[2, -E^(e + f*x)]/f^2))/f + (2*(c + d*x)^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]
)/f)/3)/(4*a^2)
```

3.117.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 24 Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x_, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
))))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x
)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 2838 Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3799 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)))
+ f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^
2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

```
rule 4201 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x
_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[2*I Int[
(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 4254 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

```
rule 4672 Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)
*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 4674 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbo
l] := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n
- 1))), x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^
2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2)))
Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/
(n - 1) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c
, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

3.117.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
risch	$\frac{-2(3e^{fx+e}d^2f^2x^2+6e^{fx+e}cdf^2x+d^2x^2f^2-2d^2fxe^{2fx+2e}+3e^{fx+e}c^2f^2+2cdf^2x-2cdf e^{2fx+2e}-2d^2fxe^{fx+e}+c^2f^2-2cdf e^{fx+e})}{3f^3a^2(1+e^{fx+e})^3}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*(3*\exp(f*x+e)*d^2*f^2*x^2+6*\exp(f*x+e)*c*d*f^2*x+d^2*x^2*f^2-2*d^2*f* \\ & x*\exp(2*f*x+2*e)+3*\exp(f*x+e)*c^2*f^2+2*c*d*f^2*x-2*c*d*f*\exp(2*f*x+2*e)-2 \\ & *d^2*f*x*\exp(f*x+e)+c^2*f^2-2*c*d*f*\exp(f*x+e)-2*\exp(2*f*x+2*e)*d^2-4*\exp(\\ & f*x+e)*d^2-2*d^2)/f^3/a^2/(1+\exp(f*x+e))^3+4/3/a^2*d/f^2*c*\ln(\exp(f*x+e))- \\ & 4/3/a^2*d/f^2*c*\ln(1+\exp(f*x+e))+2/3/a^2*d^2/f*x^2+4/3/a^2*d^2/f^2*e*x+2/3 \\ & /a^2*d^2/f^3*e^2-4/3/a^2*d^2/f^2*\ln(1+\exp(f*x+e))*x-4/3*d^2*\text{polylog}(2,-\exp \\ & (f*x+e))/a^2/f^3-4/3/a^2*d^2/f^3*e*\ln(\exp(f*x+e)) \end{aligned}$$

3.117.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 963 vs. $2(163) = 326$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 963, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + c^2*f^2 - (d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 \\ & + 2*c*d*e*f)*\cosh(f*x + e)^3 - (d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c \\ & *d*e*f)*\sinh(f*x + e)^3 - (3*d^2*f^2*x^2 - 3*d^2*e^2 + 2*d^2 + 2*(3*c*d*e \\ & + c*d)*f + 2*(3*c*d*f^2 + d^2*f)*x)*\cosh(f*x + e)^2 - (3*d^2*f^2*x^2 - 3*d \\ & ^2*e^2 + 2*d^2 + 2*(3*c*d*e + c*d)*f + 2*(3*c*d*f^2 + d^2*f)*x + 3*(d^2*f^ \\ & 2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*f)*\cosh(f*x + e))*\sinh(f*x + e)^2 \\ & - 2*d^2 + (3*d^2*e^2 + 3*c^2*f^2 - 2*d^2*f*x - 4*d^2 - 2*(3*c*d*e + c*d)*f \\ &)*\cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(d^2*\cosh(f*x + e))^3 + d^2*\sinh(f*x + e)^3 + 3*d^2*\cos \\ & h(f*x + e)^2 + 3*d^2*\cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(d^2*\cosh(f*x + e) + d^2)*\sinh(f*x \\ & + e)^2 + d^2 + 3*(d^2*\cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*d^2*\cosh(f*x + e) + d^2)*\sinh(f* \\ & x + e))*\text{dilog}(-\cosh(f*x + e) - \sinh(f*x + e)) + 2*(d^2*f*x + (d^2*f*x + c \\ & *d*f)*\cosh(f*x + e))^3 + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*\sinh(f*x + e)^3 + c*d*f + 3*(d^2* \\ & f*x + c*d*f)*\cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(d^2*f*x + c*d*f + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*\cosh \\ & (f*x + e))*\sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*\cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(d^2*f* \\ & x + c*d*f + (d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*\cosh(f*x + e))^2 + 2*(d^2*f*x + c*d*f)*\cosh(f \\ & *x + e))*\sinh(f*x + e))*\log(\cosh(f*x + e) + \sinh(f*x + e) + 1) + (3*d^2*e^ \\ & 2 + 3*c^2*f^2 - 2*d^2*f*x - 3*(d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x - d^2*e^2 + 2*c*d \\ & *e*f)*\cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 4*d^2 - 2*(3*c*d*e + c*d)*f - 2*(3*d^2*f^2*x^2 - 3 \\ & *d^2*e^2 + 2*d^2 + 2*(3*c*d*e + c*d)*f + 2*(3*c*d*f^2 + d^2*f)*x)*\cosh(f*x \\ & + e))*\sinh(f*x + e))/(a^2*f^3*\cosh(f*x + e)^3 + a^2*f^3*\sinh(f*x + e)^... \end{aligned}$$

3.117.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{c^2}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx + \int \frac{2cdx}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `(Integral(c**2/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x))/a**2`

3.117.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*d^2*((f^2*x^2 - 2*(f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + (3*f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e - 4*e^e)*e^(f*x) - 2)/(a^2*f^3*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2*f^3*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^3*e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f^3) - 6*integrate(1/3*x/(a^2*f*e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f), x) + 4/3*c*d*((f*x*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + (3*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + e^(f*x + e))/(a^2*f^2*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1)*e^(-e))/(a^2*f^2) + 2/3*c^2*(3*e^(-f*x - e)/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x - e) + 3*a^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) + a^2*e^(-3*f*x - 3*e) + a^2)*f) + 1/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x - e) + 3*a^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) + a^2*e^(-3*f*x - 3*e) + a^2)*f))`

3.117.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

3.117.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

3.118 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

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3.118.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = -\frac{2d \log(\cosh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}))}{3a^2 f^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{6a^2 f^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{3a^2 f} + \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{sech}^2(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}) \tanh(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2})}{6a^2 f}$$

```
output -2/3*d*ln(cosh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e))/a^2/f^2+1/6*d*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2/a^2/f^2
+1/3*(d*x+c)*tanh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f+1/6*(d*x+c)*sech(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)^2*t
anh(1/2*f*x+1/2*e)/a^2/f
```

3.118.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{\cosh(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)) (-2d \cosh(\frac{3}{2}(e+fx)) \log(\cosh(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)))) + \cosh(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx)) (2d - 6d \log(\cosh(\frac{1}{2}(e+fx))))}{3a^2 f^2 (1 + \cosh(e+fx))^2}$$

```
input Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]
```

output $(\text{Cosh}[(e + f*x)/2]*(-2*d*\text{Cosh}[(3*(e + f*x))/2]*\text{Log}[\text{Cosh}[(e + f*x)/2]] + \text{Cosh}[(e + f*x)/2]*(2*d - 6*d*\text{Log}[\text{Cosh}[(e + f*x)/2]])) + f*(c + d*x)*(3*\text{Sinh}[(e + f*x)/2] + \text{Sinh}[(3*(e + f*x))/2]))/(3*a^2*f^2*(1 + \text{Cosh}[e + f*x])^2)$

3.118.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 4673, 3042, 4672, 26, 3042, 26, 3956}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3799

$$\frac{\int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (c + dx) \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4673

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int (c + dx) \csc\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

↓ 4672

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2id \int -i \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}$$

3.118. $\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{2d \int -i \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} + \frac{2id \int \tan\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2}\right) dx}{f} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2} \\
& \downarrow 3956 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{f} - \frac{4d \log\left(\cosh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right)}{f^2} \right) + \frac{2(c+dx) \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f} + \frac{2d \operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{3f^2}}{4a^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `((2*d*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2)/(3*f^2) + (2*(c + d*x)*Sech[e/2 + (f*x)/2]^2*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/(3*f) + (2*((-4*d*Log[Cosh[e/2 + (f*x)/2]])/f^2 + (2*(c + d*x)*Tanh[e/2 + (f*x)/2])/f))/3)/(4*a^2)`

3.118.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 3956 `Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 4672 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 4673 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]`

3.118.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{4 \ln\left(1 - \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)\right) d - (dx+c)f \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^3 - d \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)^2 + 3 \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) f(dx+c) + 2dx f}{6f^2a^2}$	82
risch	$\frac{2dx}{3fa^2} + \frac{2de}{3f^2a^2} - \frac{2(3e^{fx+e}dfx + 3e^{fx+e}cf + dxf - e^2fx + 2ed + cf - e^{fx+e}d)}{3f^2a^2(1+e^{fx+e})^3} - \frac{2d \ln(1+e^{fx+e})}{3f^2a^2}$	108

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{6}*(4*\ln(1-\tanh(1/2*e+1/2*f*x))*d-(d*x+c)*f*\tanh(1/2*e+1/2*f*x)^3-d*\tanh(1/2*e+1/2*f*x)^2+3*\tanh(1/2*e+1/2*f*x)*f*(d*x+c)+2*d*x*f)/f^2/a^2$

3.118.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx \cosh(fx + e))^3 + dx \sinh(fx + e)^3 + (3dx + d) \cosh(fx + e)^2 + (3dx \cosh(fx + e) + 3dx +$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(d*f*x*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + d*f*x*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + (3*d*f*x + d)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + (3*d*f*x*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*d*f*x + d)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - c*f - (3*c*f - d)*cosh(f*x + e) - (d*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + d*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + 3*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(d*cosh(f*x + e) + d)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*d*cosh(f*x + e) + d)*sinh(f*x + e) + d)*log(cosh(f*x + e) + sinh(f*x + e) + 1) + (3*d*f*x*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 3*c*f + 2*(3*d*f*x + d)*cosh(f*x + e) + d)*sinh(f*x + e))/(a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e)^3 + a^2*f^2*sinh(f*x + e)^3 + 3*a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2 + 3*(a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 3*(a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2*f^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2)*sinh(f*x + e))`

3.118.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{c \tanh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{6a^2 f} + \frac{c \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{2a^2 f} - \frac{dx \tanh^3\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{6a^2 f} + \frac{dx \tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right)}{2a^2 f} - \frac{dx}{3a^2 f} + \frac{2d \log\left(\tanh\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{3a^2 f^2} - \frac{d \tanh^2\left(\frac{e}{2}\right)}{6a^2 f} \\ \frac{cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}}{(a \cosh(e) + a)^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-c*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*f) + c*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)/(2*a**2*f) - d*x*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)**3/(6*a**2*f) + d*x*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)/(2*a**2*f) - d*x/(3*a**2*f) + 2*d*log(tanh(e/2 + f*x/2) + 1)/(3*a**2*f**2) - d*tanh(e/2 + f*x/2)**2/(6*a**2*f**2), Ne(f, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)/(a*cosh(e) + a)**2, True))`

3.118.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} d \left(\frac{fxe^{(3fx+3e)} + (3fxe^{(2e)} + e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)} + e^{(fx+e)}}{a^2 f^2 e^{(3fx+3e)} + 3a^2 f^2 e^{(2fx+2e)} + 3a^2 f^2 e^{(fx+e)} + a^2 f^2} - \frac{\log((e^{(fx+e)} + 1)e^{(-e)})}{a^2 f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} c \left(\frac{3e^{(-fx-e)}}{(3a^2 e^{(-fx-e)} + 3a^2 e^{(-2fx-2e)} + a^2 e^{(-3fx-3e)} + a^2) f} + \frac{1}{(3a^2 e^{(-fx-e)} + 3a^2 e^{(-2fx-2e)} + a^2 e^{(-3fx-3e)} + a^2) f} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*d*((f*x*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + (3*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + e^(f*x + e))/(a^2*f^2*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2) - log((e^(f*x + e) + 1)*e^(-e))/(a^2*f^2)) + 2/3*c*(3*e^(-f*x - e)/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x - e) + 3*a^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) + a^2*e^(-3*f*x - 3*e) + a^2)*f) + 1/((3*a^2*e^(-f*x - e) + 3*a^2*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e) + a^2*e^(-3*f*x - 3*e) + a^2)*f))`

3.118.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 192 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(dx e^{(3fx+3e)} + 3dfx e^{(2fx+2e)} - 3cfe^{(fx+e)} - de^{(3fx+3e)} \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) - 3de^{(2fx+2e)} \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) - 3de^{(fx+e)} \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1) - 3de \log(e^{(fx+e)} + 1))}{3(a^2 f^2 e^{(3fx+3e)} + 3a^2 f^2 e^{(2fx+2e)} + 3a^2 f^2 e^{(fx+e)} + a^2 f^2)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(d*f*x*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*d*f*x*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) - 3*c*f*e^(f*x + e) - d*e^(3*f*x + 3*e)*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*d*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) - 3*d*e^(f*x + e)*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1) - c*f + d*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + d*e^(f*x + e) - d*log(e^(f*x + e) + 1))/(a^2*f^2*e^(3*f*x + 3*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(2*f*x + 2*e) + 3*a^2*f^2*e^(f*x + e) + a^2*f^2)`

3.118.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{2d}{3a^2 f^2 (e^{e+fx} + 1)} - \frac{2(d + cf + dfx)}{3a^2 f^2 (2e^{e+fx} + e^{2e+2fx} + 1)} + \frac{2dx}{3a^2 f} - \frac{2d \ln(e^{fx} e^e + 1)}{3a^2 f^2} - \frac{4e^{e+fx}(c + dx)}{3a^2 f (3e^{e+fx} + 3e^{2e+2fx} + e^{3e+3fx} + 1)}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `(2*d)/(3*a^2*f^2*(exp(e + f*x) + 1)) - (2*(d + c*f + d*f*x))/(3*a^2*f^2*(2*exp(e + f*x) + exp(2*e + 2*f*x) + 1)) + (2*d*x)/(3*a^2*f) - (2*d*log(exp(f*x)*exp(e) + 1))/(3*a^2*f^2) - (4*exp(e + f*x)*(c + d*x))/(3*a^2*f*(3*exp(e + f*x) + 3*exp(2*e + 2*f*x) + exp(3*e + 3*f*x) + 1))`

3.119 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

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3.119.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.119.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 21.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2), x]`

3.119.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a \cosh(e+fx)+a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a \cosh(e+fx)+a)^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.119.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.119.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(a+a \cosh (fx+e))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`**3.119.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh (e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(a \cosh (fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a^2*d*x + a^2*c + (a^2*d*x + a^2*c)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^2*d*x + a^2*c)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`**3.119.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh (e+fx))^2} dx \\ &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{c \cosh ^2 (e+fx)+2c \cosh (e+fx)+c+dx \cosh ^2 (e+fx)+2dx \cosh (e+fx)+dx} dx}{a^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`output `Integral(1/(c*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*c*cosh(e + f*x) + c + d*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*d*x*cosh(e + f*x) + d*x), x)/a**2`

3.119.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 593, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(a \cosh(fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -2/3*(d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + c^2*f^2 - 2*d^2 + (d^2*f*x*e^(2*e) + c*d
*f*e^(2*e) - 2*d^2*e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + (3*d^2*f^2*x^2*e^e + 3*c^2*f^2*e^e
+ c*d*f*e^e - 4*d^2*e^e + (6*c*d*f^2*e^e + d^2*f*e^e)*x)*e^(f*x))/(a^2*d
^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x + a^2*c^3*f^3 + (a^2*d
^3*f^3*x^3*e^(3*e) + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^(3*e) + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x*e^(3*
e) + a^2*c^3*f^3*e^(3*e))*e^(3*f*x) + 3*(a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^(2*e) + 3*a^2*c
*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^(2*e) + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f^3*x*e^(2*e) + a^2*c^3*f^3*e^(2*e))*e
^(2*f*x) + 3*(a^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^e + 3*a^2*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^e + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f
^3*x*e^e + a^2*c^3*f^3*e^e)*e^(f*x)) - integrate(2/3*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^
2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2 - 6*d^3)/(a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4 + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 6*a
^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x + a^2*c^4*f^3 + (a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^e
+ 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^e + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^e + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x
*e^e + a^2*c^4*f^3*e^e)*e^(f*x)), x)
```

3.119.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(a \cosh(fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2), x)
```

3.119.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2 (c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)), x)`

$$3.120 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

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3.120.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.120.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 22.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]))^2,x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]))^2, x]`

3.120.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a \cosh(e+fx)+a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a \cosh(e+fx)+a)^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.120.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.120.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2 (a+a \cosh (fx+e))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`output `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`**3.120.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+a \cosh (e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2 (a \cosh (fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*x + a^2*c^2 + (a^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*x + a^2*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*x + a^2*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`**3.120.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+a \cosh (e+fx))^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{c^2 \cosh^2 (e+fx)+2c^2 \cosh (e+fx)+c^2+2cdx \cosh^2 (e+fx)+4cdx \cosh (e+fx)+2cdx+d^2x^2 \cosh^2 (e+fx)+2d^2x^2 \cosh (e+fx)+d^2x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(c**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*c**2*cosh(e + f*x) + c**2 + 2*c*d*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 4*c*d*x*cosh(e + f*x) + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*d**2*x**2*cosh(e + f*x) + d**2*x**2), x)/a**2`

3.120.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 710, normalized size of antiderivative = 35.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(a \cosh(fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*(d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + c^2*f^2 - 6*d^2 + 2*(d^2*f*x*e^(2*e) + c*d*f*e^(2*e) - 3*d^2*e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + (3*d^2*f^2*x^2*e^e + 3*c^2*f^2*e^e + 2*c*d*f*e^e - 12*d^2*e^e + 2*(3*c*d*f^2*e^e + d^2*f*e^e)*x)*e^(f*x))/ (a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4 + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x + a^2*c^4*f^3 + (a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^(3*e) + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^(3*e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^(3*e) + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x*e^(3*e) + a^2*c^4*f^3*e^(3*e))*e^(3*f*x) + 3*(a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^(2*e) + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^(2*e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^(2*e) + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x*e^(2*e) + a^2*c^4*f^3*e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x) + 3*(a^2*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^e + 4*a^2*c*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^e + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^e + 4*a^2*c^3*d*f^3*x*e^e + a^2*c^4*f^3*e^e)*e^(f*x)) - integrate(4/3*(d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*x + c^2*d*f^2 - 12*d^3)/(a^2*d^5*f^3*x^5 + 5*a^2*c*d^4*f^3*x^4 + 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 5*a^2*c^4*d*f^3*x + a^2*c^5*f^3 + (a^2*d^5*f^3*x^5*e^e + 5*a^2*c*d^4*f^3*x^4*e^e + 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*f^3*x^3*e^e + 10*a^2*c^3*d^2*f^3*x^2*e^e + 5*a^2*c^4*d*f^3*x*e^e + a^2*c^5*f^3*e^e)*e^(f*x)), x)`

3.120.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2), x)`**3.120.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `int(1/((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

3.121 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$

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3.121.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{96\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^4} - \frac{12x^2\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^2} + \frac{48x\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d}$$

output `-96*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^4-12*x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2+48*x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d^3+2*x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d`

3.121.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}(-6(8 + d^2x^2) + dx(24 + d^2x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{d^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output $(2\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh[c + dx])}(-6(8 + d^2x^2) + dx(24 + d^2x^2)\tanh[(c + dx)/2]))/d^4$

3.121.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.778$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x^3 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x^3 \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{6 \int -ix^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{6 \int x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{6 \int -ix^2 \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \int x \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 26

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((2*x^3*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d + ((6*I)*(((2*I)*x^2*Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d - ((4*I)*((-4*Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d^2 + (2*x*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d))/d)`

3.121.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`
- rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.121.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^{dx+c}+1)^2 e^{-dx-c} (d^3 x^3 e^{dx+c} - d^3 x^3 - 6d^2 x^2 e^{dx+c} - 6x^2 d^2 + 24dx e^{dx+c} - 24dx - 48 e^{dx+c} - 48)}}{(e^{dx+c}+1)d^4}$	108

input `int(x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2^{(1/2)}*(a*(\exp(d*x+c)+1)^2*\exp(-d*x-c))^{(1/2)}/(\exp(d*x+c)+1)*(d^3*x^3*\exp(d*x+c)-d^3*x^3-6*d^2*x^2*\exp(d*x+c)-6*x^2*d^2+24*d*x*\exp(d*x+c)-24*d*x-48*\exp(d*x+c)-48)/d^4$

3.121.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.121.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

3.121.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^3}x^3 + 6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^2}x^2 + 24\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}x - (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^3}x^3e^c - 6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^2}x^2e^c + 24\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}xe^c - 48\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}))e^{d/2}}{d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3 + 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3*e^c - 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^c + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^c - 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^c)*e^(d*x) + 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c)/d^4`

3.121.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{ad^3} x^3 e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - \sqrt{ad^3} x^3 e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 6 \sqrt{ad^2} x^2 e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 6 \sqrt{ad^2} x^2 e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} + 24 \sqrt{ad} x e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 24 \sqrt{ad} x e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 48 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 48 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} \right)}{d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) - 6*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 6*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) + 24*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 24*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) - 48*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 48*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c))/d^4`**3.121.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{c+dx}}{2} + \frac{e^{-c-dx}}{2} \right)} \left(\frac{96 e^{c+dx}}{d^4} + \frac{48x}{d^3} + \frac{96}{d^4} + \frac{2x^3}{d} + \frac{12x^2}{d^2} - \frac{2x^3 e^{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{12x^2 e^{c+dx}}{d^2} - \frac{48x e^{c+dx}}{d^3} \right)}{e^{c+dx} + 1}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `-((a + a*(exp(c + d*x)/2 + exp(-c - d*x)/2))^(1/2))*((96*exp(c + d*x))/d^4 + (48*x)/d^3 + 96/d^4 + (2*x^3)/d + (12*x^2)/d^2 - (2*x^3*exp(c + d*x))/d + (12*x^2*exp(c + d*x))/d^2 - (48*x*exp(c + d*x))/d^3)/(exp(c + d*x) + 1)`

3.122 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$

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3.122.3 Rubi [C] (verified)	823
3.122.4 Maple [A] (verified)	825
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3.122.6 Sympy [F]	826
3.122.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	826
3.122.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	826
3.122.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	827

3.122.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{8x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^2} + \frac{16 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d}$$

```
output -8*x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2+16*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d^3+2*x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d
```

3.122.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))} (-4dx + (8 + d^2x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{d^3}$$

```
input Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]
```

```
output (2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])]*(-4*d*x + (8 + d^2*x^2)*Tanh[(c + d*x)/2]))/d^3
```

3.122.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \int -ix \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \int x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \int -ix \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \left(\frac{2ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2i \int \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \left(\frac{2ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3117

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \left(\frac{2ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((2*x^2*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d + ((4*I)*((2*I)*x*Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d - ((4*I)*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d^2))/d`

3.122.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)])^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.122.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^{dx+c}+1)^2 e^{-dx-c}} (d^2 x^2 e^{dx+c} - x^2 d^2 - 4dx e^{dx+c} - 4dx + 8e^{dx+c} - 8)}{(e^{dx+c}+1)d^3}$	86

input `int(x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2^(1/2)*(a*(exp(d*x+c)+1)^2*exp(-d*x-c))^(1/2)/(exp(d*x+c)+1)*(d^2*x^2*exp(d*x+c)-x^2*d^2-4*d*x*exp(d*x+c)-4*d*x+8*exp(d*x+c)-8)/d^3`

3.122.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.122.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

3.122.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}x - (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad^2x^2e^c - 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ad}xe^c + 8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ae^c})e^{dx} + 8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a})e^{(-\frac{1}{2}dx - \frac{1}{2}c)}}}{d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^c - 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^c + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^c)*e^(d*x) + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c)/d^3`

3.122.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} e^{\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2}dx - \frac{1}{2}c\right)} - 4\sqrt{ad}xe^{\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)} - 4\sqrt{ad}xe^{\left(-\frac{1}{2}dx - \frac{1}{2}c\right)} + 8\sqrt{ae^{\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right)}} - 8\sqrt{ae^{\left(-\frac{1}{2}dx - \frac{1}{2}c\right)}} \right)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\sqrt{2} \cdot (\sqrt{a} \cdot d^2 x^2 e^{(1/2)d x + 1/2c} - \sqrt{a} \cdot d^2 x^2 e^{(-1/2)d x - 1/2c}) - 4 \sqrt{a} \cdot d x e^{(1/2)d x + 1/2c} - 4 \sqrt{a} \cdot d x e^{(-1/2)d x - 1/2c} + 8 \sqrt{a} e^{(1/2)d x + 1/2c} - 8 \sqrt{a} e^{(-1/2)d x - 1/2c}) / d^3$

3.122.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= - \frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{c+dx}}{2} + \frac{e^{-c-dx}}{2} \right)} \left(\frac{8x}{d^2} - \frac{16e^{c+dx}}{d^3} + \frac{16}{d^3} + \frac{2x^2}{d} - \frac{2x^2 e^{c+dx}}{d} + \frac{8x e^{c+dx}}{d^2} \right)}{e^{c+dx} + 1}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output $-((a + a \cdot (\exp(c + d \cdot x)/2 + \exp(-c - d \cdot x)/2))^{(1/2)} \cdot ((8 \cdot x)/d^2 - (16 \cdot \exp(c + d \cdot x))/d^3 + 16/d^3 + (2 \cdot x^2)/d - (2 \cdot x^2 \cdot \exp(c + d \cdot x))/d + (8 \cdot x \cdot \exp(c + d \cdot x))/d^2)) / (\exp(c + d \cdot x) + 1)$

3.123 $\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$

3.123.1 Optimal result	828
3.123.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	828
3.123.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	829
3.123.4 Maple [A] (verified)	831
3.123.5 Fracas [F(-2)]	831
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3.123.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	832
3.123.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	832
3.123.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	832

3.123.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^2} + \frac{2x\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d}$$

output `-4*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2+2*x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d`

3.123.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}(-2 + dx \tanh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right))}{d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])]*(-2 + d*x*Tanh[(c + d*x)/2]))/d^2`

3.123.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \, dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \, dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) \, dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right) \, dx}{d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3118}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{2x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((-4*Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d^2 + (2*x*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/d)`

3.123.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Ssin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.123.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^{dx+c}+1)^2 e^{-dx-c} (dx e^{dx+c} - dx - 2 e^{dx+c} - 2)}}{(e^{dx+c}+1)d^2}$	64

```
input int(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2^(1/2)*(a*(exp(d*x+c)+1)^2*exp(-d*x-c))^(1/2)/(exp(d*x+c)+1)*(d*x*exp(d*x+c)-d*x-2*exp(d*x+c)-2)/d^2
```

3.123.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

3.123.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \int x \sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)
```


3.123.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}dx - (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}dxe^c - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}e^c)e^{dx}) + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}e^{(-\frac{1}{2}dx - \frac{1}{2}c)}}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^c - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^c)*e^(d*x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c)/d^2`**3.123.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{a} d x e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} d x + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - \sqrt{a} d x e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} d x - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 2 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} d x + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 2 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} d x - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} \right)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c))/d^2`**3.123.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 x \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)} - \frac{4 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{d^2}$$

input `int(x*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output $(2*x*\sinh(c/2 + (d*x)/2)*(a + a*\cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(d*\cosh(c/2 + (d*x)/2)) - (4*(a + a*\cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2))/d^2$

$$3.124 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx$$

3.124.1 Optimal result	834
3.124.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	834
3.124.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	835
3.124.4 Maple [F]	837
3.124.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	837
3.124.6 Sympy [F]	837
3.124.7 Maxima [F]	838
3.124.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	838
3.124.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	838

3.124.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx = \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \\ + \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)$$

output `Chi(1/2*d*x)*cosh(1/2*c)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Shi(1/2*d*x)*sinh(1/2*c)*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

3.124.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a(1+\cosh(c+dx))} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right. \\ \left. + \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x,x]`

output `Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])]*Sech[(c + d*x)/2]*(Cosh[c/2]*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2] + Sinh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2])`

$$3.124. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} dx$$

3.124.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx)+a}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \sin(ic+idx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx)+a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx)+a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2}+\frac{idx}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx)+a} \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx - i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx)+a} \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx)+a} \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2}+\frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx)+a} \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx - i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3779}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

↓ 3782

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*(Cosh[c/2]*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2] + Sinh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2])`

3.124.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
  x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

3.124.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}}{x} dx$$

```
input int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x)
```

```
output int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x)
```

3.124.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

3.124.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}}{x} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x,x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))/x, x)
```

3.124.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/x, x)`

3.124.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{a} \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{1}{2} dx \right) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} c\right)} + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{1}{2} dx \right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} c\right)} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a)*Ei(1/2*d*x)*e^(1/2*c) + sqrt(a)*Ei(-1/2*d*x)*e^(-1/2*c))`

3.124.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x, x)`

3.125 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^2} dx$

3.125.1 Optimal result	839
3.125.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	839
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3.125.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	844

3.125.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x} + \frac{1}{2}d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}\text{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)\text{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}d \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}\text{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)\text{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)$$

```
output (a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x+1/2*d*cosh(1/2*c)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Shi(1/2*d*x)/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*d*Chi(1/2*d*x)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sinh(1/2*c)*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

3.125.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cosh(c+dx))}(-2+dx\text{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)\text{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)+dx \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\text{sech}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right)\text{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right))}{2x}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x^2,x]
```



```
output (Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])] * (-2 + d*x*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2]*Sech[(c + d*x)/2]*Sinh[c/2] + d*x*Cosh[c/2]*Sech[(c + d*x)/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2]))/(2*x)
```

3.125.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.722$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3778}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{1}{2} id \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{26}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{1}{2} d \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3784 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx + i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3779 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx + i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right) \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3782 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} id \left(i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x^2,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*(-(Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]/x) - (I/2)*d*(I*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2]*Sinh[c/2] + I*Cosh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2]))`

3.125. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^2} dx$

3.125.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`
- rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`
- rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.125.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

3.125.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.125.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))/x**2, x)`

3.125.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/x^2, x)`

3.125.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{a} dx \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{1}{2} dx\right) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} c\right)} - \sqrt{a} dx \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 2 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 2 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} \right)}{4x}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(a)*d*x*Ei(1/2*d*x)*e^(1/2*c) - sqrt(a)*d*x*Ei(-1/2*d*x)*e^(-1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 2*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*d*x - 1/2*c))/x`

3.125.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^2, x)`

3.126 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^3} dx$

3.126.1 Optimal result 845
 3.126.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 846
 3.126.3 Rubi [C] (verified) 846
 3.126.4 Maple [F] 849
 3.126.5 Fracas [F(-2)] 849
 3.126.6 Sympy [F] 850
 3.126.7 Maxima [F] 850
 3.126.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 850
 3.126.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 851

3.126.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{8}d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{8}d^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) - \frac{d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)} \tanh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{4x}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2+1/8*d^2*Chi(1/2*d*x)*cosh(1/2*c)*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*d^2*sech(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*Shi(1/2*d*x)*sinh(1/2*c)*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/4*d*(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/x
```

3.126.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}(-4 + d^2 x^2 \cosh(\frac{c}{2}) \operatorname{Chi}(\frac{dx}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) + d^2 x^2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)) \sinh(\frac{c}{2}) \operatorname{Shi}(\frac{dx}{2}))}{8x^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x^3,x]`output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x]))*(-4 + d^2*x^2*Cosh[c/2]*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2]*Sech[(c + d*x)/2] + d^2*x^2*Sech[(c + d*x)/2]*Sinh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2] - 2*d*x*Tanh[(c + d*x)/2]))/(8*x^2)`**3.126.3 Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3784, 26, 3042, 26, 3779, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2})}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3778 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4}id \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(\frac{1}{4}d \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4}d \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}id \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow 3778 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}id \left(\frac{1}{2}id \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}id \left(\frac{1}{2}id \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 3784 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}id \left(\frac{1}{2}id \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx - i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}id \left(\frac{1}{2}id \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}id \left(\frac{1}{2}id \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{idx}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 26 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}id \left(\frac{1}{2}id \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx - i \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \downarrow 3779 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}id \left(\frac{1}{2}id \left(\sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{idx}{2} + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \downarrow 3782 \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}id \left(\frac{1}{2}id \left(\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{c}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]/x^3,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]*Sech[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*(-1/2*Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]/x^2 - (I/4)*d*((-I)*Sinh[c/2 + (d*x)/2])/x + (I/2)*d*(Cosh[c/2]*CoshIntegral[(d*x)/2] + Sinh[c/2]*SinhIntegral[(d*x)/2]))`

3.126.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.126.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

3.126.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.126. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}{x^3} dx$

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

3.126.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))/x**3, x)`

3.126.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/x^3, x)`

3.126.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{a} d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{1}{2} dx\right) e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} c\right)} + \sqrt{a} d^2 x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 2 \sqrt{a} dx e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} + 2 \sqrt{a} dx e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} - 4 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} + 4 \sqrt{a} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} dx - \frac{1}{2} c\right)} \right)}{16 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{a}d^2x^2\text{Ei}(1/2dx)e^{1/2c} + \sqrt{a}d^2x^2\text{Ei}(-1/2dx)e^{-1/2c} - 2\sqrt{a}dx e^{1/2dx + 1/2c} + 2\sqrt{a}dx e^{-1/2dx - 1/2c} - 4\sqrt{a}e^{1/2dx + 1/2c} - 4\sqrt{a}e^{-1/2dx - 1/2c})/x^2$

3.126.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^3, x)`

3.127 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$

3.127.1 Optimal result	852
3.127.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	852
3.127.3 Rubi [C] (verified)	853
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3.127.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	856
3.127.8 Giac [F]	856
3.127.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	857

3.127.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -96\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} - 12x^2\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + 48x\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2x^3\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `-96*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-12*x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+48*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+2*x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)`

3.127.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = 2\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \left(-6(8 + x^2) + x(24 + x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]`

output `2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-6*(8 + x^2) + x*(24 + x^2)*Tanh[x/2])`

3.127.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^3 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^3 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6i \int -ix^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6 \int x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6 \int -ix^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right)\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3777} \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3118} \\
& \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(2*x^3*Sinh[x/2] + (6*I)*((2*I)*x^2*Cosh[x/2] - (4*I)*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2])))`

3.127.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.127.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^x+1)^2 e^{-x}} (x^3 e^x - x^3 - 6x^2 e^x - 6x^2 + 24x e^x - 24x - 48 e^x - 48)}{e^x + 1}$	62

input `int(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2^(1/2)*(a*(exp(x)+1)^2*exp(-x))^(1/2)/(exp(x)+1)*(x^3*exp(x)-x^3-6*x^2*exp(x)-6*x^2+24*x*exp(x)-24*x-48*exp(x)-48)`

3.127.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.127.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1)), x)`

3.127.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x^3 + 6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x^2 + 24\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x - \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x^3 - 6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x^2 + 24\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}x - 48\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^x + 48\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^3 + 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^3 - 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^x + 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^(-1/2*x)`

3.127.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + ax^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x^3, x)`

3.127.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}\right)} (48x + 96e^x + 12x^2 e^x - 2x^3 e^x - 48x e^x + 12x^2 + 2x^3 + 96)}{e^x + 1}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x)`output `-((a + a*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2))^(1/2)*(48*x + 96*exp(x) + 12*x^2*exp(x) - 2*x^3*exp(x) - 48*x*exp(x) + 12*x^2 + 2*x^3 + 96))/(exp(x) + 1)`

3.128 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$

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3.128.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	862

3.128.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -8x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + 16 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `-8*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+16*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+2*x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)`

3.128.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = 8 \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \left(-x + \frac{1}{4} (8 + x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]`

output `8*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-x + ((8 + x^2)*Tanh[x/2])/4)`

3.128.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int -ix \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \int x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \int -ix \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx\right)\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \\ \downarrow 3117 \\ \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right) \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*((4*I)*((2*I)*x*Cosh[x/2] - (4*I)*Sinh[x/2]) + 2*x^2*Sinh[x/2])`

3.128.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3117 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Ssin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Ssin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.128.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^x+1)^2 e^{-x} (x^2 e^x - x^2 - 4x e^x - 4x + 8 e^x - 8)}}{e^x + 1}$	50

input `int(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2^(1/2)*(a*(exp(x)+1)^2*exp(-x))^(1/2)/(exp(x)+1)*(x^2*exp(x)-x^2-4*x*exp(x)-4*x+8*exp(x)-8)`**3.128.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`**3.128.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1)), x)`

3.128.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$$

$$= -\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax^2} + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax} - \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax^2} - 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax} + 8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^x + 8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^x + 8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(-1/2*x)`**3.128.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + ax^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x^2, x)`**3.128.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}\right)} (8x - 16e^x - 2x^2 e^x + 8x e^x + 2x^2 + 16)}{e^x + 1}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x)`output `-((a + a*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2))^(1/2)*(8*x - 16*exp(x) - 2*x^2*exp(x) + 8*x*exp(x) + 2*x^2 + 16))/(exp(x) + 1)`

3.129 $\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx$

3.129.1 Optimal result	863
3.129.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	863
3.129.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	864
3.129.4 Maple [A] (verified)	865
3.129.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	866
3.129.6 Sympy [F]	866
3.129.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	866
3.129.8 Giac [F]	867
3.129.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	867

3.129.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -4\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + 2x\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `-4*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+2*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)`

3.129.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = 2\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \left(-2 + x \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]`

output `2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-2 + x*Tanh[x/2])`

3.129.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x \sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \, dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \, dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) \, dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) \, dx\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3118} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2])`

3.129.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.129.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a(e^x+1)^2 e^{-x} (x e^x - x - 2e^x - 2)}}{e^x + 1}$	38

input `int(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2^{(1/2)}*(a*(\exp(x)+1)^2*\exp(-x))^{(1/2)}/(\exp(x)+1)*(x*\exp(x)-x-2*\exp(x)-2)$

3.129.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(x)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.129.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(x)} dx = \int x\sqrt{a(\cosh(x)+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(a*(cosh(x)+1)), x)`

3.129.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(x)} dx = -\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax} - \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ax} - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^x + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\right)e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^x + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(-1/2*x)`

3.129.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = \int \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x, x)`

3.129.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + a \left(\frac{e^{-x}}{2} + \frac{e^x}{2}\right)} (2x + 4e^x - 2xe^x + 4)}{e^x + 1}$$

input `int(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2),x)`

output `-((a + a*(exp(-x)/2 + exp(x)/2))^(1/2)*(2*x + 4*exp(x) - 2*x*exp(x) + 4))/
(exp(x) + 1)`

3.130 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx$

3.130.1 Optimal result	868
3.130.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	868
3.130.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	869
3.130.4 Maple [F]	870
3.130.5 Fracas [F(-2)]	870
3.130.6 Sympy [F]	870
3.130.7 Maxima [F]	871
3.130.8 Giac [F]	871
3.130.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	871

3.130.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `Chi(1/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)`

3.130.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a(1+\cosh(x))} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x,x]`

output `Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*CoshIntegral[x/2]*Sech[x/2]`

3.130.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3782} \\
 & \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*CoshIntegral[x/2]*Sech[x/2]`

3.130.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
  x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

3.130.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx$$

```
input int((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x)
```

```
output int((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x)
```

3.130.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

3.130.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)}}{x} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2)/x,x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1))/x, x)
```

3.130.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x, x)`

3.130.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x, x)`

3.130.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x, x)`

3.131 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx$

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3.131.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `-(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x+1/2*sech(1/2*x)*Shi(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)`

3.131.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cosh(x))}(-2+x \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))}{2x}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-2 + x*Sech[x/2]*SinhIntegral[x/2]))/(2*x)`

3.131.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3779}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{1}{2}i \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right)}{x} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3779}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2} - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x^2,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-(Cosh[x/2]/x) + SinhIntegral[x/2]/2)`

3.131.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3779 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(SinhIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.131.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

3.131.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

3.131.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1))/x**2, x)`

3.131.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x^2, x)`

3.131.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x^2, x)`

3.131.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2, x)`

3.132 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx$

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3.132.8 Giac [F]	881
3.132.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	881

3.132.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}\text{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x}$$

output `-1/2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2+1/8*Chi(1/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-1/4*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)/x`

3.132.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(1+\cosh(x))}(-4+x^2\text{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2x\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right))}{8x^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-4 + x^2*CoshIntegral[x/2]*Sech[x/2] - 2*x*Tanh[x/2]))/(8*x^2)`

3.132.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3778, 26, 3042, 26, 3778, 3042, 3782}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4}i \int -\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}i \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3778}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3782

$$\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}i \left(\frac{i \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2} - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]/x^3,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-1/2*Cosh[x/2]/x^2 - (I/4)*((I/2)*CoshIntegral[x/2] - (I*Sinh[x/2])/x))`

3.132.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3778 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f/(d*(m + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`


```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
  x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

3.132.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx$$

```
input int((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x)
```

```
output int((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x)
```

3.132.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

3.132.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a (\cosh(x) + 1)}}{x^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(1/2)/x**3,x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(a*(cosh(x) + 1))/x**3, x)
```

3.132.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x^3, x)`

3.132.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/x^3, x)`

3.132.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^3, x)`

3.133 $\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$

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3.133.3 Rubi [C] (verified)	883
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3.133.6 Sympy [F]	888
3.133.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	888
3.133.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	889
3.133.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	889

3.133.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 185

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = & -\frac{1280}{9}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \\ & - 16ax^2\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} - \frac{64}{27}a \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \\ & - \frac{8}{3}ax^2 \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + \frac{32}{9}ax \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \\ & + \frac{4}{3}ax^3 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \\ & + \frac{640}{9}ax\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{8}{3}ax^3\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

output `-1280/9*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-16*a*x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-64/27*a*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-8/3*a*x^2*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+32/9*a*x*cosh(1/2*x)*sinh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+4/3*a*x^3*cosh(1/2*x)*sinh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+640/9*a*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+8/3*a*x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)`

3.133.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{27}a\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))}(-2(968 + 117x^2) + 3x(328 + 15x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \cosh(x) (-2(8 + 9x^2) + 3x(8 + 3x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)))$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(-2*(968 + 117*x^2) + 3*x*(328 + 15*x^2)*Tanh[x/2] + Cosh[x]*(-2*(8 + 9*x^2) + 3*x*(8 + 3*x^2)*Tanh[x/2]))) / 27`

3.133.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 23, number of rules used = 23, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.643$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3792, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118, 3791, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int x^3\left(a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right)\right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\ & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^3 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^3 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3792} \end{aligned}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^3 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + \frac{8}{3} \int x \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^3 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6i \int -ix^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6 \int x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 6 \int -ix^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) + \frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) \right) \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3118

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3791

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int -i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{8}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{3} x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(2x^3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 6i \left(2ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2), x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*((-4*x^2*Cosh[x/2]^3)/3 + (2*x^3*Cosh[x/2]^2*Sinh[x/2])/3 + (8*((-4*Cosh[x/2]^3)/9 + (2*x*Cosh[x/2]^2*Sinh[x/2])/3 + (2*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2]))/3))/3 + (2*(2*x^3*Sinh[x/2] + (6*I)*((2*I)*x^2*Cosh[x/2] - (4*I)*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2]))))/3`

3.133.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 3791 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[d*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]
  ]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
  x)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
  1]
```

```
rule 3792 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbo
  l] := Simp[d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Sim
  p[b*(c + d*x)^m*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^
  2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[d^2
  *m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^n, x], x]
  /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
  /2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a
  *(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
  EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

3.133.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

```
input int(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

3.133.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

3.133.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

3.133.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{54} \left(9\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 + 18\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + 24\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x + 16\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}} - \left(9\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 - 18\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + 24\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x - 16\sqrt{2}a^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) e^{2x} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/54*(9*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^3 + 18*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 16*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2) - (9*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^3 - 18*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x - 16*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(3*x) - 81*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^3 - 6*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x - 48*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(2*x) + 81*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^3 + 6*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 48*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^x*e^(-3/2*x)`

3.133.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{54} \sqrt{2} \left(54 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 9 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} + 324 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 18 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} + 1296 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x e^{(-\frac{1}{2}x)} + 24 a^{\frac{3}{2}} x e^{(-\frac{3}{2}x)} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/54*sqrt(2)*(54*a^(3/2)*x^3*e^(-1/2*x) + 9*a^(3/2)*x^3*e^(-3/2*x) + 324*a^(3/2)*x^2*e^(-1/2*x) + 18*a^(3/2)*x^2*e^(-3/2*x) + 1296*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-1/2*x) + 24*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-3/2*x) + 2592*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) + 16*a^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x) - (9*a^(3/2)*x^3 - 18*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*a^(3/2)*x - 16*a^(3/2))*e^(3/2*x) - 81*(a^(3/2)*x^3 - 6*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*a^(3/2)*x - 48*a^(3/2))*e^(1/2*x) + 27*(a^(3/2)*x^3 + 6*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 24*a^(3/2)*x + 48*a^(3/2))*e^(-1/2*x))`

3.133.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^3*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

3.134 $\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$

3.134.1 Optimal result	890
3.134.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	890
3.134.3 Rubi [C] (verified)	891
3.134.4 Maple [F]	894
3.134.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	894
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3.134.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	895
3.134.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	896

3.134.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{32}{3}ax\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} - \frac{16}{9}ax \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + \frac{4}{3}ax^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{224}{9}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{8}{3}ax^2\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{32}{27}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `-32/3*a*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-16/9*a*x*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+4/3*a*x^2*cosh(1/2*x)*sinh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+224/9*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+8/3*a*x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)+32/27*a*sinh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)`

3.134.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{27}a\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \left(-156x + (328 + 45x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \cosh(x) \left(-12x + (8 + 9x^2) \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*a*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cosh}[x])] * (-156*x + (328 + 45*x^2)*\text{Tanh}[x/2] + \text{Cosh}[x] * (-12*x + (8 + 9*x^2)*\text{Tanh}[x/2])))/27$

3.134.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3792, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3777, 3042, 3117}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int x^2 \left(a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right) \right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$2 \operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^2 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$2 \operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3792}$$

$$2 \operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + \frac{8}{9} \int \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{8}{9} x \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$2 \operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{8}{9} \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{8}{9} x \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3113}$$

$$2 \operatorname{asech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{16}{9} i \int \left(\sinh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1 \right) d\left(-i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{8}{9} x \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x^2 \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \int -ix \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \int x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \int -ix \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \int x \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{16}{9} i \left(-\frac{1}{3} i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3777

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3117

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(2x^2 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4i \left(2ix \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output $2*a*\text{Sqrt}[a + a*\text{Cosh}[x]]*\text{Sech}[x/2]*((-8*x*\text{Cosh}[x/2]^3)/9 + (2*x^2*\text{Cosh}[x/2]^2*\text{Sinh}[x/2])/3 + (2*((4*I)*((2*I)*x*\text{Cosh}[x/2] - (4*I)*\text{Sinh}[x/2]) + 2*x^2*\text{Sinh}[x/2]))/3 + ((16*I)/9)*((-I)*\text{Sinh}[x/2] - (I/3)*\text{Sinh}[x/2]^3))$

3.134.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 $\text{Int}[(\text{Complex}[0, a_])*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Complex}[\text{Identity}[0], a]) \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2, 1]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3113 $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Exp}[\text{and}[(1 - x^2)^{(n - 1)/2}], x], x], x, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n - 1/2, 0]$

rule 3117 $\text{Int}[\sin[\text{Pi}/2 + (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3777 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d*x)^m*(\text{Cos}[e + f*x]/f), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*\text{Cos}[e + f*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 3792 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((b_.)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*m*(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^m*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n - 1)})/(f*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*n^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 2)}*(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
  x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

3.134.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

```
input int(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

3.134.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

3.134.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**2*(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**2*(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)
```

3.134.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{54} \left(9\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x^2 + 12\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x + 8\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} - \left(9\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x^2 - 12\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x + 8\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \right) e^{(3x)} - 81 \left(\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x^2 - 4\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x + 8\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \right) e^{(-3x)} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/54*(9*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 12*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2) - (9*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 - 12*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(3*x) - 81*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(2*x) + 81*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 8*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(-3/2*x)`**3.134.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{54} \sqrt{2} \left(54a^{3/2}x^2e^{(-1/2x)} + 9a^{3/2}x^2e^{(-3/2x)} + 216a^{3/2}xe^{(-1/2x)} + 12a^{3/2}xe^{(-3/2x)} + 432a^{3/2}e^{(-1/2x)} + 8a^{3/2}e^{(-3/2x)} - \left(54a^{3/2}x^2e^{(1/2x)} + 9a^{3/2}x^2e^{(3/2x)} + 216a^{3/2}xe^{(1/2x)} + 12a^{3/2}xe^{(3/2x)} + 432a^{3/2}e^{(1/2x)} + 8a^{3/2}e^{(3/2x)} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/54*sqrt(2)*(54*a^(3/2)*x^2*e^(-1/2*x) + 9*a^(3/2)*x^2*e^(-3/2*x) + 216*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-1/2*x) + 12*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-3/2*x) + 432*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) + 8*a^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x) - (9*a^(3/2)*x^2 - 12*a^(3/2)*x + 8*a^(3/2))*e^(3/2*x) - 81*(a^(3/2)*x^2 - 4*a^(3/2)*x + 8*a^(3/2))*e^(1/2*x) + 27*(a^(3/2)*x^2 + 4*a^(3/2)*x + 8*a^(3/2))*e^(-1/2*x)`

3.134.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

3.135 $\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$

3.135.1 Optimal result	897
3.135.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	897
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3.135.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	901
3.135.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	902

3.135.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{16}{3}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} - \frac{8}{9}a \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} + \frac{4}{3}ax \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{8}{3}ax\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output

```
-16/3*a*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-8/9*a*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+4/3*a*x*cosh(1/2*x)*sinh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+8/3*a*x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)*tanh(1/2*x)
```

3.135.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{9}a\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(-54 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \cosh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) + 3x \left(9 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*Sech[x/2]*(-54*Cosh[x/2] - 2*Cosh[(3*x)/2] + 3*x*(9*Sinh[x/2] + Sinh[(3*x)/2]))) / 9
```

3.135.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3791, 3042, 3777, 26, 3042, 26, 3118}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int x \left(a + a \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix \right) \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x \cosh^3 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int x \sin \left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3791} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x \cosh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) dx - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \cosh^2 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int x \sin \left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \cosh^2 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3777} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) - 2i \int -i \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \cosh^2 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) - 2 \int \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \cosh^2 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \int -i \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 26

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2i \int \sin\left(\frac{ix}{2}\right) dx \right) - \frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)$$

↓ 3118

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{4}{9} \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(2x \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*((-4*Cosh[x/2]^3)/9 + (2*x*Cosh[x/2]^2*Sinh[x/2])/3 + (2*(-4*Cosh[x/2] + 2*x*Sinh[x/2]))/3)`

3.135.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3118 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-Cos[c + d*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3777 `Int[((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cos[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 3791 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :>
  Simp[d*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(f^2*n^2)), x] + (-Simp[b*(c + d*x)*Cos[e + f*x]
  ]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(f*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(c + d*
  x)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n,
  1]
```

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
  x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/SIN[e
  /2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a
  *(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
  EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

3.135.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

```
input int(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

3.135.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

3.135.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

3.135.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{18} \left(3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x + 2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} - \left(3\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x - 2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \right) e^{(3x)} - 27 \left(\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x - 2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \right) e^{(2x)} + 27 \left(\sqrt{2}a^{3/2}x + 2\sqrt{2}a^{3/2} \right) e^{(x)} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/18*(3*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2) - (3*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x - 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(3*x) - 27*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x - 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(2*x) + 27*(sqrt(2)*a^(3/2)*x + 2*sqrt(2)*a^(3/2))*e^(1*x)`

3.135.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{18} \sqrt{2} \left(18a^{3/2}xe^{(-1/2x)} + 3a^{3/2}xe^{(-3/2x)} + 36a^{3/2}e^{(-1/2x)} + 2a^{3/2}e^{(-3/2x)} - \left(3a^{3/2}x - 2a^{3/2} \right) e^{(3/2x)} - 27 \left(a^{3/2}x - 2a^{3/2} \right) e^{(1/2x)} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/18*sqrt(2)*(18*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-1/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-3/2*x) + 36*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) + 2*a^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x) - (3*a^(3/2)*x - 2*a^(3/2))*e^(3/2*x) - 27*(a^(3/2)*x - 2*a^(3/2))*e^(1/2*x)`

3.135.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx = \int x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

3.136 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx$

3.136.1 Optimal result 903
 3.136.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 903
 3.136.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 904
 3.136.4 Maple [F] 905
 3.136.5 Fracas [F(-2)] 905
 3.136.6 Sympy [F] 906
 3.136.7 Maxima [F] 906
 3.136.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 906
 3.136.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 907

3.136.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{3}{2}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}\text{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}a\sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}\text{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `3/2*a*Chi(1/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+1/2*a*Chi(3/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)`

3.136.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2}a\sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))}\left(3\text{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \text{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)\right) \text{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*(3*CoshIntegral[x/2] + CoshIntegral[(3*x)/2])*Sech[x/2])/2`

3.136.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4} \right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*((3*CoshIntegral[x/2])/4 + CoshIntegral[(3*x)/2]/4)*Sech[x/2]`

3.136.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.136.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x)`

3.136.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

3.136.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2)/x, x)`

3.136.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)/x, x)`

3.136.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \left(a^{3/2} \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{3}{2} x \right) + 3 a^{3/2} \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{1}{2} x \right) + 3 a^{3/2} \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{1}{2} x \right) + a^{3/2} \operatorname{Ei} \left(-\frac{3}{2} x \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*(a^(3/2)*Ei(3/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*Ei(1/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*Ei(-1/2*x) + a^(3/2)*Ei(-3/2*x))`

3.136. $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx$

3.136.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x, x)`

3.137 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

3.137.1 Optimal result 908
 3.137.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 908
 3.137.3 Rubi [C] (verified) 909
 3.137.4 Maple [F] 910
 3.137.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 910
 3.137.6 Sympy [F] 911
 3.137.7 Maxima [F] 911
 3.137.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 911
 3.137.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 912

3.137.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2a \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x} + \frac{3}{4}a \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{3}{4}a \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)$$

output `-2*a*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x+3/4*a*sech(1/2*x)*Shi(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+3/4*a*sech(1/2*x)*Shi(3/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)`

3.137.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(x))} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(8 \cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 3x \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 3x \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)\right)}{4x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-1/4*(a*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[x])]*Sech[x/2]*(8*Cosh[x/2]^3 - 3*x*SinhIntegral[x/2] - 3*x*SinhIntegral[(3*x)/2]))/x`

3.137.3 Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3794, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3794} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{3}{2}i \int \left(-\frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} - \frac{i \sinh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right) dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} + \frac{3}{2}i \left(-\frac{1}{4}i \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{4}i \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-(Cosh[x/2]^3/x) + ((3*I)/2)*((-1/4*I)*SinhIntegral[x/2] - (I/4)*SinhIntegral[(3*x)/2]))`

3.137.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3794 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[f*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), Cos[e + f*x]*Sin[e + f*x]^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.137.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

3.137.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

3.137.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

3.137.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

3.137.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{3 a^{3/2} x \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{3}{2} x) + 3 a^{3/2} x \operatorname{Ei}(\frac{1}{2} x) - a^{3/2} x \operatorname{Ei}(-\frac{1}{2} x) - 2 a^{3/2} e^{(\frac{3}{2} x)} - 6 a^{3/2} e^{(\frac{1}{2} x)} - 2 a^{3/2} e^{(-\frac{1}{2} x)}}{x} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*sqrt(2)*((3*a^(3/2)*x*Ei(3/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*x*Ei(1/2*x) - a^(3/2)*x*Ei(-1/2*x) - 2*a^(3/2)*e^(3/2*x) - 6*a^(3/2)*e^(1/2*x) - 2*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x))/x - (2*a^(3/2)*x*Ei(-1/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*x*Ei(-3/2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) + 2*a^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x))/x)`

3.137.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

3.138 $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

3.138.1 Optimal result 913
 3.138.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 913
 3.138.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 914
 3.138.4 Maple [F] 916
 3.138.5 Fracas [F(-2)] 916
 3.138.6 Sympy [F] 916
 3.138.7 Maxima [F] 917
 3.138.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 917
 3.138.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 917

3.138.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)}}{x^2} + \frac{3}{16} a \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{9}{16} a \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{3a \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a + a \cosh(x)} \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x}$$

output `-a*cosh(1/2*x)^2*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x^2+3/16*a*Chi(1/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+9/16*a*Chi(3/2*x)*sech(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-3/2*a*cosh(1/2*x)*sinh(1/2*x)*(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)/x`

3.138.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cosh(x)))^{3/2} (3x^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 9x^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 8(2 + 3x \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)))}{32x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `((a*(1 + Cosh[x]))^(3/2)*(3*x^2*CoshIntegral[x/2]*Sech[x/2]^3 + 9*x^2*CoshIntegral[(3*x)/2]*Sech[x/2]^3 - 8*(2 + 3*x*Tanh[x/2]))) / (32*x^2)`

3.138. $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

3.138.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 3795, 3042, 3782, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3795}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{x} dx + \frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x} dx - \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3782}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{9}{8} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{x} dx - \frac{3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4} - \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3793}$$

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(\frac{9}{8} \int \left(\frac{3 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right) dx - \frac{3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4} - \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2a \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a} \left(-\frac{3\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{9}{8} \left(\frac{3\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)}{4} \right) - \frac{\cosh^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2x^2} - \frac{3 \sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4x} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]]*Sech[x/2]*(-1/2*Cosh[x/2]^3/x^2 - (3*CoshIntegral[x/2])/4 + (9*((3*CoshIntegral[x/2])/4 + CoshIntegral[(3*x)/2]/4))/8 - (3*Cosh[x/2]^2*Sinh[x/2])/(4*x))`

3.138.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3782 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CoshIntegral[c*f*(fz/d) + f*fz*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f*fz*I, 0]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3795 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + (-Simp[b*f*n*(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*f^2*n*((n - 1)/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[f^2*(n^2/(d^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*SIN[e + f*x])^n, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[m, -2]`

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
  x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*SIN[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

3.138.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

```
input int((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x)
```

```
output int((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x)
```

3.138.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:
integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

3.138.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2)/x**3,x)
```

```
output Integral((a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2)/x**3, x)
```

3.138. $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

3.138.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

3.138.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{9 a^{3/2} x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{3}{2} x\right) + 3 a^{3/2} x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{1}{2} x\right) + a^{3/2} x^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{1}{2} x\right) - 6 a^{3/2} x e^{(3/2) x} - 6 a^{3/2} x e^{(3/2) x}}{x^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/32*sqrt(2)*((9*a^(3/2)*x^2*Ei(3/2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*x^2*Ei(1/2*x) + a^(3/2)*x^2*Ei(-1/2*x) - 6*a^(3/2)*x*e^(3/2*x) - 6*a^(3/2)*x*e^(1/2*x) + 2*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-1/2*x) - 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3/2*x) - 12*a^(3/2)*e^(1/2*x) - 4*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x))/x^2 + (2*a^(3/2)*x^2*Ei(-1/2*x) + 9*a^(3/2)*x^2*Ei(-3/2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-1/2*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*x*e^(-3/2*x) - 8*a^(3/2)*e^(-1/2*x) - 4*a^(3/2)*e^(-3/2*x))/x^2)`

3.138.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

3.138. $\int \frac{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

3.139 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$

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3.139.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 383

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4x^3 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{12ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{12ix^2 \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{48ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{48ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{96i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{96i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}$$

output $4*x^3*\arctan(\exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*\cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d/(a+a*\cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-12*I*x^2*\cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{polylog}(2,-I*\exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*\cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+12*I*x^2*\cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{polylog}(2,I*\exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*\cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+48*I*x*\cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{polylog}(3,-I*\exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^3/(a+a*\cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-48*I*x*\cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{polylog}(3,I*\exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^3/(a+a*\cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-96*I*\cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{polylog}(4,-I*\exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^4/(a+a*\cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+96*I*\cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\text{polylog}(4,I*\exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^4/(a+a*\cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)$

3.139.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2i \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(d^3 x^3 \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - d^3 x^3 \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - 6d^2 x^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output $((2*I)*\text{Cosh}[(c + d*x)/2]*(d^3*x^3*\text{Log}[1 - I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - d^3*x^3*\text{Log}[1 + I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 6*d^2*x^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 6*d^2*x^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 24*d*x*\text{PolyLog}[3, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 24*d*x*\text{PolyLog}[3, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 48*\text{PolyLog}[4, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 48*\text{PolyLog}[4, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)]))/(d^4*\text{Sqrt}[a*(1 + \text{Cosh}[c + d*x])])$

3.139.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4668, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.139. $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx) + a}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x^3 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x^3 \csc\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{6i \int x^2 \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{6i \int x^2 \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{4x^3 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \int x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \int x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c+dx) + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7163}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

↓ 2720

$$\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \int e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

↓ 7143

$$\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4x^3 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{6i \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

input Int[x^3/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]

3.139. $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$

```
output (Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((4*x^3*ArcTan[E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d + ((6*I)*((-2*x^
2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d + (4*((2*x*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(c/2
+ (d*x)/2)]/d - (4*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d^2))/d))/d - ((6*
I)*((-2*x^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d + (4*((2*x*PolyLog[3, I*E^(
c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d - (4*PolyLog[4, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d^2))/d))/d))/Sqr
t[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]
```

3.139.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))
*(F_)^v_ /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

```
rule 4668 Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_
))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.139.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

3.139.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^3/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

3.139.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

3.139.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(2)*d^3*integrate(x^3*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3), x) + 12*sqrt(2)*d^2*integrate(x^2*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3), x) + 48*sqrt(2)*d*integrate(x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3), x) + 96*sqrt(2)*(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3)*d) + arctan(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(sqrt(a)*d^4)) - 2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^3*x^3*e^(1/2*c) + 6*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d^2*x^2*e^(1/2*c) + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*c) + 48*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*c))*e^(1/2*d*x)/(a*d^4*e^(d*x + c) + a*d^4)`

3.139.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

3.139.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^3/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

3.140 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$

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3.140.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4x^2 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{8ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{8ix \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{16i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{16i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 4*x^2*arctan(exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(
1/2)-8*I*x*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*c
osh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+8*I*x*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)/d^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(3,-I*exp(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-16*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog
(3,I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^3/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

3.140.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2i \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(d^2 x^2 \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - d^2 x^2 \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - 4dx \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) + \dots\right)}{d^3 \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`output `((2*I)*Cosh[(c + d*x)/2]*(d^2*x^2*Log[1 - I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - d^2*x^2*Log[1 + I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 4*d*x*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 4*d*x*PolyLog[2, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + 8*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] - 8*PolyLog[3, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)]))/(d^3*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x])])`**3.140.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4668, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{id x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x^2 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x^2 \csc\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{id x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 4668 \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{4i \int x \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{4i \int x \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{4x^2 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \downarrow 3011 \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4i \left(\frac{2 \int \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{2 \int \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} + \\
 & \downarrow 2720 \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4i \left(\frac{4 \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{4 \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
 & \downarrow 7143 \\
 & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4x^2 \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{4i \left(\frac{4 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{4i \left(\frac{4 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2x \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((4*x^2*ArcTan[E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d + ((4*I)*((-2*x*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d + (4*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d^2))/d - ((4*I)*((-2*x*PolyLog[2, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d + (4*PolyLog[3, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)])/d^2))/d)/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]`

3.140.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
  Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
  ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
  [{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
  *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^(c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)
  *(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
  b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
  m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
  , f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
  Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
  /2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
  *(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
  EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

```
rule 4668 Int[csc[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_
  ))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
  I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
  1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
  + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
  , d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_S
  ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
  , e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.140.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

3.140.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

3.140.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

3.140.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(2)*d^2*integrate(x^2*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^2), x) + 8*sqrt(2)*d*integrate(x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^2), x) + 16*sqrt(2)*(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/((sqrt(a)*d^2*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^2)*d) + arctan(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d^3)) - 2*(sqrt(2)*d^2*x^2*e^(1/2*c) + 4*sqrt(2)*d*x*e^(1/2*c) + 8*sqrt(2)*e^(1/2*c))*e^(1/2*d*x)/(sqrt(a)*d^3*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d^3)`

3.140.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

3.140.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

3.141 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$

3.141.1 Optimal result	932
3.141.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	933
3.141.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	933
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3.141.5 Fricas [F]	935
3.141.6 Sympy [F]	936
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3.141.8 Giac [F]	936
3.141.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	937

3.141.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{4x \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} - \frac{4i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} + \frac{4i \cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 4*x*arctan(exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)-4*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)+4*I*cosh(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*polylog(2,I*exp(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))/d^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

3.141.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4i \cosh\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(ic \arctan\left(e^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) - \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{a(1 + \cosh(c + dx))}}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`output `((4*I)*Cosh[(c + d*x)/2]*(I*c*ArcTan[E^((c + d*x)/2)] + ((c + d*x)*Log[1 - I*E^((c + d*x)/2)]])/2 - ((c + d*x)*Log[1 + I*E^((c + d*x)/2)])/2 - PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^((c + d*x)/2)] + PolyLog[2, I*E^((c + d*x)/2)])/(d^2*Sqrt[a*(1 + Cosh[c + d*x]))]`**3.141.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3800}$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \int x \csc\left(\frac{ic}{2} + \frac{idx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 4668 \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{2i \int \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{2i \int \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) dx}{d} + \frac{4x \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
& \downarrow 2715 \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{4i \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \log\left(1 - ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} + \frac{4i \int e^{-\frac{c}{2} - \frac{dx}{2}} \log\left(1 + ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right) de^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}}{d^2} + \frac{4x \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} \\
& \downarrow 2838 \\
& \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) \left(\frac{4x \arctan\left(e^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{4i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{4i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}}\right)}{d^2} \right)}{\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Cosh[c/2 + (d*x)/2]*((4*x*ArcTan[E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]))/d - ((4*I)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d^2 + ((4*I)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(c/2 + (d*x)/2)]/d^2))/Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]`

3.141.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

```
rule 4668 Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_
))^m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.141.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}} dx$$

```
input int(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

3.141.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(x/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)
```


3.141.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1)), x)`

3.141.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(2)*d*integrate(x*e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d*e^(2*d*x + 2*c) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d), x) + 4*sqrt(2)*(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(sqrt(a)*d*e^(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*d)*d + arctan(e^(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(sqrt(a)*d^2) - 2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*d*x*e^(1/2*c) + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*e^(1/2*c))*e^(1/2*d*x)/(a*d^2*e^(d*x + c) + a*d^2)`

3.141.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a), x)`

3.141.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(x/(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

$$3.142 \quad \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.142.1 Optimal result	938
3.142.2 Mathematica [N/A]	938
3.142.3 Rubi [N/A]	939
3.142.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	940
3.142.5 Fricas [N/A]	940
3.142.6 Sympy [N/A]	940
3.142.7 Maxima [N/A]	941
3.142.8 Giac [N/A]	941
3.142.9 Mupad [N/A]	941

3.142.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

3.142.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]), x]`

3.142.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + a \sin(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.142.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.142.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(dx+c)}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`**3.142.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cosh(dx+c)+ax}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/(a*x*cosh(d*x + c) + a*x), x)`**3.142.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a(\cosh(c+dx)+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))), x)`

3.142.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cosh(dx+c)+ax}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)*x), x)
```

3.142.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\cosh(dx+c)+ax}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)*x), x)
```

3.142.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+a\cosh(c+dx)}} dx$$

```
input int(1/(x*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)
```

```
output int(1/(x*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)
```

$$3.143 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$$

3.143.1 Optimal result	942
3.143.2 Mathematica [N/A]	942
3.143.3 Rubi [N/A]	943
3.143.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	944
3.143.5 Fricas [N/A]	944
3.143.6 Sympy [N/A]	944
3.143.7 Maxima [N/A]	945
3.143.8 Giac [N/A]	945
3.143.9 Mupad [N/A]	945

3.143.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

3.143.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+a \cosh(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]), x]`

3.143.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \sin(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*sqrt[a + a*Cosh[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.143.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.143.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`**3.143.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)/(a*x^2*cosh(d*x + c) + a*x^2), x)`**3.143.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))), x)`

3.143.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)*x^2), x)`**3.143.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a \cosh(dx + c) + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)*x^2), x)`**3.143.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

3.144 $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$

3.144.1 Optimal result	946
3.144.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	947
3.144.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	947
3.144.4 Maple [F]	951
3.144.5 Fricas [F]	951
3.144.6 Sympy [F]	951
3.144.7 Maxima [F]	952
3.144.8 Giac [F]	952
3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	952

3.144.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 402

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^3}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{3x^2}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{24x \arctan(e^{x/2}) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &+ \frac{x^3 \arctan(e^{x/2}) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{24i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &- \frac{3ix^2 \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{24i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &+ \frac{3ix^2 \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{12ix \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &- \frac{12ix \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{24i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \\ &+ \frac{24i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(4, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x^3 \tanh(\frac{x}{2})}{2a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} \end{aligned}$$

output $3x^2/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}-24x*\arctan(\exp(1/2*x))*\cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}+x^3*\arctan(\exp(1/2*x))*\cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}+24*I*\cosh(1/2*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-I*\exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}-3*I*x^2*\cosh(1/2*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-I*\exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}-24*I*\cosh(1/2*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*\exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}+3*I*x^2*\cosh(1/2*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*\exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}+12*I*x*\cosh(1/2*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(3,-I*\exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}-12*I*x*\cosh(1/2*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(3,I*\exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}-24*I*\cosh(1/2*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(4,-I*\exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}+24*I*\cosh(1/2*x)*\operatorname{polylog}(4,I*\exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}+1/2*x^3*\tanh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a\cosh(x))^{1/2}$

3.144.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(6x^2 \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 8i \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(-3x \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) + \frac{1}{8}x^3 \log(1 - ie^{x/2})\right)\right)}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output $(\operatorname{Cosh}[x/2]*(6*x^2*\operatorname{Cosh}[x/2] + (8*I)*\operatorname{Cosh}[x/2]^2*(-3*x*\operatorname{Log}[1 - I*E^(x/2)] + (x^3*\operatorname{Log}[1 - I*E^(x/2)]))/8 + 3*x*\operatorname{Log}[1 + I*E^(x/2)] - (x^3*\operatorname{Log}[1 + I*E^(x/2)]))/8 - (3*(-8 + x^2)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)])/4 + (3*(-8 + x^2)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, I*E^(x/2)])/4 + 3*x*\operatorname{PolyLog}[3, (-I)*E^(x/2)] - 3*x*\operatorname{PolyLog}[3, I*E^(x/2)] - 6*\operatorname{PolyLog}[4, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + 6*\operatorname{PolyLog}[4, I*E^(x/2)]) + x^3*\operatorname{Sinh}[x/2])/((a*(1 + \operatorname{Cosh}[x]))^(3/2))$

3.144.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}} dx && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \int x^3 \operatorname{sech}^3(\frac{x}{2}) dx}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} && \downarrow \text{3800} \\
& \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \int x^3 \csc(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} \int x^3 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) dx - 12 \int x \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) dx + x^3 \tanh(\frac{x}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) + 6x^2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} && \downarrow \text{4674} \\
& \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} \int x^3 \csc(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - 12 \int x \csc(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + x^3 \tanh(\frac{x}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) + 6x^2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} && \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} (-6i \int x^2 \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 6i \int x^2 \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx + 4x^3 \arctan(e^{x/2})) - 12(-2i \int \log(1 - ie^{x/2}))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} && \downarrow \text{2715} \\
& \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} (-6i \int x^2 \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 6i \int x^2 \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx + 4x^3 \arctan(e^{x/2})) - 12(-4i \int e^{-x/2} \log(1 - ie^{x/2}))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} && \downarrow \text{2838} \\
& \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} (-6i \int x^2 \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 6i \int x^2 \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx + 4x^3 \arctan(e^{x/2})) - 12(4x \arctan(e^{x/2}) - 4 \int \arctan(e^{x/2}) dx)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} && \downarrow \text{3011} \\
& \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} (6i(4 \int x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) dx - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})) - 6i(4 \int x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2}) dx - 2x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})))}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} && \downarrow \text{7163}
\end{aligned}$$

3.144. $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$


```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

```
rule 4668 Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_
))^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
+ d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c
, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 4674 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^m), x_Symbo
l] := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n
- 1))), x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^
2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + Simp[b^2*d^2*m*((m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2)))
Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/
(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c
, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

```
rule 7163 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.
)*(x_)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.144.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int(x^3/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int(x^3/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

3.144.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x^3/(a^2*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*cosh(x) + a^2), x)
```

3.144.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a (\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**3/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**3/(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)
```


3.144.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `8/27*sqrt(2)*((3*e^(5/2*x) + 8*e^(3/2*x) - 3*e^(1/2*x))/(a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)) + 3*arctan(e^(1/2*x))/a^(3/2)) + 36*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/9*x^3*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) + 72*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/9*x^2*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) + 96*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/9*x*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) - 4/27*(9*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^3 + 18*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x^2 + 24*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x + 16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(3/2*x)/(a^2*e^(3*x) + 3*a^2*e^(2*x) + 3*a^2*e^x + a^2)`

3.144.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/(a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

3.145 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$

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3.145.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 248

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x^2 \arctan(e^{x/2}) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{4 \arctan(\sinh(\frac{x}{2})) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{2ix \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{2ix \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{4i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{4i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x^2 \tanh(\frac{x}{2})}{2a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}$$

```
output 2*x/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+x^2*arctan(exp(1/2*x))*cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-4*arctan(sinh(1/2*x))*cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-2*I*x*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+2*I*x*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+4*I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(3,-I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-4*I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(3,I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+1/2*x^2*tanh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)
```

3.145.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(4x \cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + i \cosh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(16i \arctan\left(e^{x/2}\right) + x^2 \log\left(1 - ie^{x/2}\right) - x^2 \log\left(1 + ie^{x/2}\right)\right)\right)}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`output `(Cosh[x/2]*(4*x*Cosh[x/2] + I*Cosh[x/2]^2*((16*I)*ArcTan[E^(x/2)] + x^2*Log[1 - I*E^(x/2)] - x^2*Log[1 + I*E^(x/2)] - 4*x*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + 4*x*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)] + 8*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(x/2)] - 8*PolyLog[3, I*E^(x/2)]) + x^2*Sinh[x/2]))/(a*(1 + Cosh[x]))^(3/2)`**3.145.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4674, 3042, 4257, 4668, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix\right))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \int x^2 \operatorname{sech}^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \int x^2 \csc\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4674} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int x^2 \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx - 4\int \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx + x^2 \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4x \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int x^2 \csc\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - 4\int \csc\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + x^2 \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4x \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int x^2 \csc\left(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - 8 \arctan\left(\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + x^2 \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4x \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 4668

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-4i\int x \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 4i\int x \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx + 4x^2 \arctan(e^{x/2})\right) - 8 \arctan\left(\sinh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + x^2\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(4i\left(2\int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) dx - 2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})\right) - 4i\left(2\int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2}) dx - 2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})\right)\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(4i\left(4\int e^{-x/2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) de^{x/2} - 2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})\right) - 4i\left(4\int e^{-x/2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2}) de^{x/2} - 2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})\right)\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(4x^2 \arctan(e^{x/2}) + 4i\left(4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{x/2}) - 2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})\right) - 4i\left(4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{x/2}) - 2x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})\right)\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(Cosh[x/2]*(-8*ArcTan[Sinh[x/2]] + (4*x^2*ArcTan[E^(x/2)] + (4*I)*(-2*x*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + 4*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(x/2)]) - (4*I)*(-2*x*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)] + 4*PolyLog[3, I*E^(x/2)])))/2 + 4*x*Sech[x/2] + x^2*Sech[x/2]*Tanh[x/2))/(2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]])`

3.145.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
  Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
  ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
  [{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
  *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^(c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)
  *(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
  b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
  m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
  , f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
  Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3800 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e
  /2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a
  *(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] &&
  EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
  /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 4668 Int[csc[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_
  ))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(
  I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[
  1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c
  + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x)) /; FreeQ[{c
  , d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 4674 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)^m*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x]
  + (-Simp[b^2*d*m*(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x]
  + Simp[b^2*d^2*m*(m - 1)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))]
  Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]
  + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
  Int[(c + d*x)^m*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x]
  /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
  && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.145.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int(x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int(x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

3.145.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x^2/(a^2*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*cosh(x) + a^2), x)
```

3.145.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)`

3.145.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/27*sqrt(2)*((3*e^(5/2*x) + 8*e^(3/2*x) - 3*e^(1/2*x))/(a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)) + 3*arctan(e^(1/2*x))/a^(3/2)) + 36*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/9*x^2*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) + 48*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/9*x*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) - 4/27*(9*sqrt(2)*x^2 + 12*sqrt(2)*x + 8*sqrt(2))*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2))`

3.145.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/(a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

3.145.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^2/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

3.146 $\int \frac{x}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$

3.146.1 Optimal result	960
3.146.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	960
3.146.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	961
3.146.4 Maple [F]	963
3.146.5 Fricas [F]	963
3.146.6 Sympy [F]	963
3.146.7 Maxima [F]	964
3.146.8 Giac [F]	964
3.146.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	964

3.146.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x \arctan(e^{x/2}) \cosh(\frac{x}{2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} - \frac{i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{i \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})}{a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}} + \frac{x \tanh(\frac{x}{2})}{2a\sqrt{a+a \cosh(x)}}$$

```
output 1/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+x*arctan(exp(1/2*x))*cosh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)-I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,-I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+I*cosh(1/2*x)*polylog(2,I*exp(1/2*x))/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)+1/2*x*tanh(1/2*x)/a/(a+a*cosh(x))^(1/2)
```

3.146.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (2 \cosh(\frac{x}{2}) + i \cosh^2(\frac{x}{2}) (x(\log(1 - ie^{x/2}) - \log(1 + ie^{x/2})) - 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) + 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2}))) - 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) + 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})}{(a(1 + \cosh(x)))^{3/2}} + x \sinh(\frac{x}{2}) / (a(1 + \cosh(x)))^{3/2}$$

```
input Integrate[x/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2), x]
```

```
output (Cosh[x/2]*(2*Cosh[x/2] + I*Cosh[x/2]^2*(x*(Log[1 - I*E^(x/2)] - Log[1 + I*E^(x/2)]) - 2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + 2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)]) + x* Sinh[x/2])/(a*(1 + Cosh[x]))^(3/2)
```

3.146.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {3042, 3800, 3042, 4673, 3042, 4668, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3800} \\
 & \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \int x \operatorname{sech}^3(\frac{x}{2}) dx}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) \int x \csc(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4673} \\
 & \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} \int x \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) dx + 2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) + x \tanh(\frac{x}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}))}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} \int x \csc(\frac{ix}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + 2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) + x \tanh(\frac{x}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}))}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4668} \\
 & \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} (-2i \int \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) dx + 2i \int \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) dx + 4x \arctan(e^{x/2})) + 2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) + x \tanh(\frac{x}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}))}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & \frac{\cosh(\frac{x}{2}) (\frac{1}{2} (-4i \int e^{-x/2} \log(1 - ie^{x/2}) de^{x/2} + 4i \int e^{-x/2} \log(1 + ie^{x/2}) de^{x/2} + 4x \arctan(e^{x/2})) + 2 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}) + x \tanh(\frac{x}{2}) \operatorname{sech}(\frac{x}{2}))}{2a \sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cosh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}(4x \arctan(e^{x/2}) - 4i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{x/2}) + 4i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{x/2})) + 2\operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + x \tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{a \cosh(x) + a}}$$

input `Int[x/(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Cosh[x/2]*((4*x*ArcTan[E^(x/2)] - (4*I)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(x/2)] + (4*I)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(x/2)])/2 + 2*Sech[x/2] + x*Sech[x/2]*Tanh[x/2]))/(2*a*Sqrt[a + a*Cosh[x]])`

3.146.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))]^(n_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3800 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2*a)^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^FracPart[n]/Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*FracPart[n])) Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[e/2 + a*(Pi/(4*b)) + f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

rule 4668 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/(f*fz*I)) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/E^(I*k*Pi)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 4673 Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))),
  x] + (-Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + S
  imp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x])
  /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

3.146.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int(x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int(x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)
```

3.146.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)*x/(a^2*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*cosh(x) + a^2), x)
```

3.146.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a (\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x/(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2), x)
```

3.146.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*sqrt(2)*((3*e^(5/2*x) + 8*e^(3/2*x) - 3*e^(1/2*x))/(a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 3*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)) + 3*arctan(e^(1/2*x))/a^(3/2)) + 12*sqrt(2)*integrate(1/3*x*e^(3/2*x)/(a^(3/2)*e^(4*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^(3*x) + 6*a^(3/2)*e^(2*x) + 4*a^(3/2)*e^x + a^(3/2)), x) - 4/9*(3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)*x + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(a))*e^(3/2*x)/(a^2*e^(3*x) + 3*a^2*e^(2*x) + 3*a^2*e^x + a^2)`

3.146.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

3.146.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

$$3.147 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.147.1 Optimal result	965
3.147.2 Mathematica [N/A]	965
3.147.3 Rubi [N/A]	966
3.147.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	967
3.147.5 Fricas [N/A]	967
3.147.6 Sympy [N/A]	967
3.147.7 Maxima [N/A]	968
3.147.8 Giac [N/A]	968
3.147.9 Mupad [N/A]	968

3.147.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

3.147.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + a*Cosh[x]))^(3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*(a + a*Cosh[x]))^(3/2), x]`

3.147.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.147.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.147.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`**3.147.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/(a^2*x*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*x*cosh(x) + a^2*x), x)`**3.147.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 9.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a(\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x*(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2)), x)`

3.147.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)*x), x)`**3.147.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)*x), x)`**3.147.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)), x)`

3.148 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$

3.148.1 Optimal result 969
 3.148.2 Mathematica [N/A] 969
 3.148.3 Rubi [N/A] 970
 3.148.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 971
 3.148.5 Fricas [N/A] 971
 3.148.6 Sympy [N/A] 971
 3.148.7 Maxima [N/A] 972
 3.148.8 Giac [N/A] 972
 3.148.9 Mupad [N/A] 972

3.148.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2), x)`

3.148.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x]))^(3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x]))^(3/2), x]`

3.148.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + ix))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a \cosh(x) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + a*Cosh[x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.148.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.148.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + a \cosh(x))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x)`**3.148.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(a*cosh(x) + a)/(a^2*x^2*cosh(x)^2 + 2*a^2*x^2*cosh(x) + a^2*x^2), x)`**3.148.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a (\cosh(x) + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+a*cosh(x))**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a*(cosh(x) + 1))**(3/2)), x)`

3.148.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`**3.148.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a \cosh(x) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+a*cosh(x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((a*cosh(x) + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`**3.148.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + a \cosh(x))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + a*cosh(x))^(3/2)), x)`

3.149 $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$

3.149.1 Optimal result	973
3.149.2 Mathematica [N/A]	973
3.149.3 Rubi [N/A]	974
3.149.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	975
3.149.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	975
3.149.6 Sympy [N/A]	975
3.149.7 Maxima [N/A]	976
3.149.8 Giac [N/A]	976
3.149.9 Mupad [N/A]	976

3.149.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x)`

3.149.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[c + d*x])^(1/3)/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + a*Cosh[c + d*x])^(1/3)/x, x]`

3.149. $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$

3.149.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}{x} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \sin\left(ic + idx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}{x} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a \cosh(c + dx) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cosh[c + d*x])^(1/3)/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.149.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.149. $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$

3.149.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + a \cosh(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x)`output `int((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x)`**3.149.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`**3.149.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a (\cosh(c + dx) + 1)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))**(1/3)/x,x)`output `Integral((a*(cosh(c + d*x) + 1))**(1/3)/x, x)`

3.149. $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$

3.149.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3)/x, x)`**3.149.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a \cosh(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cosh(d*x+c))^(1/3)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a*cosh(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3)/x, x)`**3.149.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + a \cosh(c + dx))^{1/3}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/3)/x,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(c + d*x))^(1/3)/x, x)`

3.149. $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cosh(c + dx)}}{x} dx$

3.150 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$

3.150.1 Optimal result	977
3.150.2 Mathematica [N/A]	977
3.150.3 Rubi [N/A]	978
3.150.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	979
3.150.5 Fricas [N/A]	979
3.150.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	979
3.150.7 Maxima [N/A]	980
3.150.8 Giac [N/A]	980
3.150.9 Mupad [N/A]	980

3.150.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Int}((c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n, x)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

3.150.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^n, x]`

3.150.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3807}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^n dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.150.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.150.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + a \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`**3.150.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)^m*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`**3.150.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**n,x)`output `Timed out`

3.150.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`**3.150.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`**3.150.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^n (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.151 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx$

3.151.1 Optimal result	981
3.151.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	982
3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	983
3.151.4 Maple [F]	984
3.151.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	985
3.151.6 Sympy [F(-2)]	985
3.151.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	986
3.151.8 Giac [F]	987
3.151.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	987

3.151.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 402

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx \\
 = & \frac{5a^3(c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1+m)} + \frac{3^{-1-m}a^3e^{3e-\frac{3cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
 & + \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-3-m}a^3e^{2e-\frac{2cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
 & + \frac{15a^3e^{-e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
 & - \frac{15a^3e^{-e+\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
 & - \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-3-m}a^3e^{-2e+\frac{2cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
 & - \frac{3^{-1-m}a^3e^{-3e+\frac{3cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output $5/2*a^3*(d*x+c)^{(1+m)}/d/(1+m)+1/8*3^{(-1-m)}*a^3*\exp(3*e-3*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*$
 $\text{GAMMA}(1+m,-3*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+3*2^{(-3-m)}*a^3*\exp(2*e-2*c*$
 $f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,-2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+15/8*a^3*\exp$
 $(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-15/8*a^3*$
 $\exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3*2^{(-3$
 $-m)}*a^3*\exp(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)$
 $/d)^m)-1/8*3^{(-1-m)}*a^3*\exp(-3*e+3*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*\text{GAMMA}(1+m,3*f*(d*x+c)/$
 $d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)$

3.151.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx =$$

$$\frac{2^{-6-m} 3^{-1-m} a^3 e^{-3\left(e + \frac{cf}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} (1 + \cosh(e + fx))^3 \left(-2^m d e^{6e} (1 + m) \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^m \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^3,x]`

output $-((2^{(-6 - m)}*3^{(-1 - m)}*a^3*(c + d*x)^m*(1 + \text{Cosh}[e + f*x])^3*(-(2^m*d*E^{$
 $(6*e)*(1 + m)*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, (-3*f*(c + d*x))/d]) - 3^{(2$
 $+ m)*d*E^{(5*e + (c*f)/d)}*(1 + m)*(f*(c/d + x))^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, (-2*f*(c +$
 $d*x))/d] - 5*2^m*3^{(2 + m)*d*E^{(4*e + (2*c*f)/d)}*(1 + m)*((f*(c + d*x))/d)$
 $^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)] + 5*2^m*3^{(2 + m)*d*E^{(2*e + (4*c*f)/d$
 $)*}(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d] + 3^{(2 + m)$
 $*d*E^{(e + (5*c*f)/d)}*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*\text{Gamma}[1 + m, (2*f*(c +$
 $d*x))/d] + 2^m*E^{((3*c*f)/d)}*(-20*3^{(1 + m)}*E^{(3*e)*f*(c + d*x)*(-((f^2*(c$
 $+ d*x)^2)/d^2))^m + d*E^{((3*c*f)/d)}*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*\text{Gamma}$
 $[1 + m, (3*f*(c + d*x))/d]))*\text{Sech}[(e + f*x)/2]^6/(d*E^{(3*(e + (c*f)/d))*f$
 $*(1 + m)*(-((f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m))$

3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^m \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3799} \\
 & 8a^3 \int (c + dx)^m \cosh^6 \left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 8a^3 \int (c + dx)^m \sin \left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^6 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & 8a^3 \int \left(\frac{15}{32} \cosh(e + fx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{3}{16} \cosh(2e + 2fx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{1}{32} \cosh(3e + 3fx)(c + dx)^m + \frac{5}{16} (c + dx)^m \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 8a^3 \left(\frac{3^{-m-1} e^{3e - \frac{3ef}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, -\frac{3f(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{64f} + \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-m-6} e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{f} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^3,x]`


```
output 8*a^3*((5*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(16*d*(1 + m)) + (3^(-1 - m)*E^(3*e - (3*c*f)
/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-3*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(64*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d
))^m) + (3*2^(-6 - m)*E^(2*e - (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(
c + d*x))/d])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (15*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m
*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(64*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (15*E^(
-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(64*f*((f*(c + d*
x))/d)^m) - (3*2^(-6 - m)*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2
*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (3^(-1 - m)*E^(-3*e + (3*c*f)/
d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (3*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(64*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m
)
```

3.151.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3793 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := In
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

```
rule 3799 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)))
+ f*(x/2)]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^
2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])
```

3.151.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + a \cosh(fx + e))^3 dx$$

```
input int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x)
```

```
output int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x)
```

3.151.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 713, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \frac{(a^3 dm + a^3 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{3f}{d}\right) + 3de - 3cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{3(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) + 9(a^3 dm + a^3 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{2f}{d}\right) + 2de - 2cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) + 45(a^3 dm + a^3 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + de - cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{dfx + cf}{d}\right) - 45(a^3 dm + a^3 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{f}{d}\right) - de + cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{dfx + cf}{d}\right) - 9(a^3 dm + a^3 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{2f}{d}\right) - 2de + 2cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{2(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) - (a^3 dm + a^3 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{3f}{d}\right) - 3de + 3cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{3(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) - (a^3 dm + a^3 d) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{3(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{3f}{d}\right) + 3de - 3cf}{d}\right) - 9(a^3 dm + a^3 d) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{2f}{d}\right) + 2de - 2cf}{d}\right) - 45(a^3 dm + a^3 d) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{dfx + cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + de - cf}{d}\right) + 45(a^3 dm + a^3 d) \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{dfx + cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{f}{d}\right) - de + cf}{d}\right) + 9(a^3 dm + a^3 d) \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{2(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{2f}{d}\right) - 2de + 2cf}{d}\right) + (a^3 dm + a^3 d) \Gamma\left(m + 1, -\frac{3(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{3f}{d}\right) - 3de + 3cf}{d}\right) - 60(a^3 d f x + a^3 c f) \cosh(m \log(dx + c)) - 60(a^3 d f x + a^3 c f) \sinh(m \log(dx + c))}{(d f x + c)^m}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output -1/24*((a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(3*f/d) + 3*d*e - 3*c*f)/d)*gamma(m
+ 1, 3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 9*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e
- 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 45*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((
d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d) - 45*(a^3*d*m +
a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d)
- 9*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m +
1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-3*f/d) - 3*d*e
+ 3*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m +
1, 3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(3*f/d) + 3*d*e - 3*c*f)/d) - 9*(a^3*d
*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e -
2*c*f)/d) - 45*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*
log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + 45*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f
)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) + 9*(a^3*d*m + a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1
, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d) + (a^3*d*m
+ a^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, -3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-3*f/d) - 3*d*e +
3*c*f)/d) - 60*(a^3*d*f*x + a^3*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 60*(a^3*d*f*x
+ a^3*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)
```

3.151.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**3,x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`

3.151.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-3e + \frac{3cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{3(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

$$-\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(dx + c)^{m+1}}{d(m + 1)} \right)$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) a^3$$

$$+ \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^3}{d(m + 1)}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/8*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-3*e + 3*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 3*(d*x + c)*
f/d)/d + 3*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f
/d)/d + 3*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/
d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(3*e - 3*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -3*(d*x + c)
*f/d)/d)*a^3 - 3/4*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m
, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(
-m, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)))*a^3 - 3/2*((d*x
+ c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x +
c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a^3 + (d*x
+ c)^(m + 1)*a^3/(d*(m + 1))
```

3.151.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \int (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^3 (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^3*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

3.151.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \int (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^3 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^3*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^3*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.152 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

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3.152.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 263

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2(c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1+m)} + \frac{2^{-3-m}a^2e^{2e-\frac{2cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2e^{e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{a^2e^{-e+\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{2^{-3-m}a^2e^{-2e+\frac{2cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f}$$

output

```
3/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+2^(-3-m)*a^2*exp(2*e-2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA
A(1+m,-2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+a^2*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA
A(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-a^2*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA
(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-2^(-3-m)*a^2*exp(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*(d*x+
c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```

3.152.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$2^{-5-m} a^2 e^{-2(e+\frac{cf}{d})} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} (1 + \cosh(e + fx))^2 \left(-32^{2+m} e^{2(e+\frac{cf}{d})} f(c + dx) \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output

```

-((2^(-5 - m)*a^2*(c + d*x)^m*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x])^2*(-3*2^(2 + m)*E^(2*(e
+ (c*f)/d))*f*(c + d*x)*(-((f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m - d*E^(4*e)*(1 + m)*(
f*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d] - 2^(3 + m)*d*E^(3*e + (c*
f)/d)*(1 + m)*(f*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)] + 2^(3 + m)
*d*E^(e + (3*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d
*x))/d] + d*E^((4*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f
*(c + d*x))/d])*Sech[(e + f*x)/2]^4)/(d*E^(2*(e + (c*f)/d))*f*(1 + m)*(-((
f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m)

```

3.152.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {3042, 3799, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3799}$$

$$4a^2 \int (c + dx)^m \cosh^4\left(\frac{e}{2} + \frac{fx}{2}\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 4a^2 \int (c+dx)^m \sin\left(\frac{ie}{2} + \frac{ifx}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
& 4a^2 \int \left(\frac{1}{2} \cosh(e+fx)(c+dx)^m + \frac{1}{8} \cosh(2e+2fx)(c+dx)^m + \frac{3}{8}(c+dx)^m\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& 4a^2 \left(\frac{2^{-m-5} e^{2e-\frac{2cf}{d}} (c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} + \frac{e^{e-\frac{cf}{d}} (c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{4f} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `4*a^2*((3*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(8*d*(1 + m)) + (2^(-5 - m)*E^(2*e - (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(4*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(4*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m) - (2^(-5 - m)*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

3.152.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3799 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a)^n Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sin[(1/2)*(e + Pi*(a/(2*b)) + f*(x/2))]^(2*n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && (GtQ[n, 0] || IGtQ[m, 0])`

3.152.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + a \cosh(fx + e))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.152.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{(a^2 dm + a^2 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{2f}{d}\right) + 2de - 2cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(dx + c)f}{d}\right) + 8(a^2 dm + a^2 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + de - cf}{d}\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/8*((a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e - 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m +
  1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 8*(a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*
  f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d) - 8*(a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f
  /d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*cos
  h((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) -
  (a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2
  *d*e - 2*c*f)/d) - 8*(a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh(
  (d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + 8*(a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x +
  c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) + (a^2*d*m + a^2*d)*gamma(m +
  1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d) - 12*(a^
  2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 12*(a^2*d*f*x + a^2*c*f)*sinh(m*
  log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)
```


3.152.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational`**3.152.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \\ & -\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{2(dx + c)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} \right. \\ & \left. - \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) a^2 \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^2}{d(m+1)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))*a^2 - ((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a^2 + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a^2/(d*(m + 1))`

3.152.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2 (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

3.152.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.153 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

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3.153.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	997
3.153.8 Giac [F]	998
3.153.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	998

3.153.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^{1+m}}{d(1 + m)} + \frac{ae^{e-\frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} - \frac{ae^{-e+\frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f}$$

```
output a*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+1/2*a*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/2*a*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```

3.153.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{ae^{-e-\frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} (1 + \cosh(e + fx)) \left(-2e^{e+\frac{cf}{d}} f(c + dx) \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^m - de^{2e}(1 + m)\right)}{4df(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `-1/4*(a*E^(-e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*(1 + Cosh[e + f*x])*(-2*E^(e + (c*f)/d)*f*(c + d*x)*(-((f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m - d*E^(2*e)*(1 + m)*(f*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)] + d*E^((2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])*Sech[(e + f*x)/2]^2/(d*f*(1 + m)*(-((f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m)`

3.153.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^m (a \cosh(e + fx) + a) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^m \left(a + a \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \int (a(c + dx)^m \cosh(e + fx) + a(c + dx)^m) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{ae^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{2f} - \\
 & \frac{ae^{\frac{cf}{d} - e} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma \left(m + 1, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{2f} + \frac{a(c + dx)^{m+1}}{d(m + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (a*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(2*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (a*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

3.153.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.153.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + a \cosh(fx + e)) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

3.153.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{(adm + ad) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + de - cf}{d}\right) \Gamma(m + 1, \frac{dfx + cf}{d}) - (adm + ad) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(-\frac{f}{d}\right) - de + cf}{d}\right) \Gamma(m + 1, \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output -1/2*((a*d*m + a*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x
+ c*f)/d) - (a*d*m + a*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1
, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*d*m + a*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*
m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + (a*d*m + a*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*
sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) - 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x +
c)) - 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)
```

3.153.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational
```

3.153.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) a \\ & \quad + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a}{d(m + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/2*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d
+ (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a
+ (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a/(d*(m + 1))
```

3.153.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \int (a \cosh(fx + e) + a)(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

3.153.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + a \cosh(e + fx)) (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + a*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.154 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

3.154.1 Optimal result	999
3.154.2 Mathematica [N/A]	999
3.154.3 Rubi [N/A]	1000
3.154.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1001
3.154.5 Fricas [N/A]	1001
3.154.6 Sympy [N/A]	1001
3.154.7 Maxima [N/A]	1002
3.154.8 Giac [N/A]	1002
3.154.9 Mupad [N/A]	1002

3.154.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

3.154.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+a \cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]), x]`

3.154.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a \cosh(e + fx) + a} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a \cosh(e + fx) + a} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.154.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.154.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a + a \cosh(fx + e)} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`**3.154.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`**3.154.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x)/a`

3.154.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`**3.154.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`**3.154.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + a \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

$$3.155 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

3.155.1 Optimal result	1003
3.155.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1003
3.155.3 Rubi [N/A]	1004
3.155.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1005
3.155.5 Fricas [N/A]	1005
3.155.6 Sympy [N/A]	1005
3.155.7 Maxima [N/A]	1006
3.155.8 Giac [N/A]	1006
3.155.9 Mupad [N/A]	1006

3.155.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.155.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+a \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2, x]`

3.155.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a \cosh(e + fx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + a*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.155.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.155.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a + a \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`**3.155.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(a^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2), x)`**3.155.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 10.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\cosh^2(e+fx)+2 \cosh(e+fx)+1} dx}{a^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(cosh(e + f*x)**2 + 2*cosh(e + f*x) + 1), x)/a**2`

3.155.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`**3.155.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+a*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`**3.155.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + a \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + a*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

3.156 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

3.156.1 Optimal result	1007
3.156.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1007
3.156.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1008
3.156.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1009
3.156.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1010
3.156.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1010
3.156.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1011
3.156.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1011
3.156.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1012

3.156.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^4}{4d} - \frac{6bd^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} - \frac{3bd(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{6bd^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{b(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/4*a*(d*x+c)^4/d-6*b*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)/f^4-3*b*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+6*b*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+b*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

3.156.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{4}ax(4c^3 + 6c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3) - \frac{3bd(c^2f^2 + 2cdf^2x + d^2(2 + f^2x^2)) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} + \frac{b(c + dx)(c^2f^2 + 2cdf^2x + d^2(6 + f^2x^2)) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3))/4 - (3*b*d*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 + (b*(c + d*x)*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(6 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3`

3.156.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \int (a(c + dx)^3 + b(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a(c + dx)^4}{4d} + \frac{6bd^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} - \frac{3bd(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{6bd^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^4)/(4*d) - (6*b*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 - (3*b*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (6*b*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (b*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

3.156.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.156.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(dx+c)f\left((dx+c)^2f^2+6d^2\right)b\sinh(fx+e)-3d\left((dx+c)^2f^2+2d^2\right)b\cosh(fx+e)+\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2d^2+cdx+c^2\right)x\left(\frac{dx}{2}+c\right)af^4-3bc^2d}{f^4}$
risch	$\frac{ad^3x^4}{4} + ad^2cx^3 + \frac{3adc^2x^2}{2} + ac^3x + \frac{ac^4}{4d} + \frac{b(d^3x^3f^3+3cd^2f^3x^2+3c^2df^3x-3d^3f^2x^2+c^3f^3-6cd^2f^2x-3c^2d^2f^2)}{2f^4}$
parts	$\frac{a(dx+c)^4}{4d} + \frac{b\left(d^3((fx+e)^3\sinh(fx+e)-3(fx+e)^2\cosh(fx+e)+6(fx+e)\sinh(fx+e)-6\cosh(fx+e)) - 3d^3e((fx+e)^2\sinh(fx+e))\right)}{f^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^3a(fx+e)^4}{4f^3} + \frac{d^3b((fx+e)^3\sinh(fx+e)-3(fx+e)^2\cosh(fx+e)+6(fx+e)\sinh(fx+e)-6\cosh(fx+e))}{f^3} - \frac{d^3ea(fx+e)^3}{f^3} - \frac{3d^3eb((fx+e)^2\sinh(fx+e))}{f^3}$
default	$\frac{d^3a(fx+e)^4}{4f^3} + \frac{d^3b((fx+e)^3\sinh(fx+e)-3(fx+e)^2\cosh(fx+e)+6(fx+e)\sinh(fx+e)-6\cosh(fx+e))}{f^3} - \frac{d^3ea(fx+e)^3}{f^3} - \frac{3d^3eb((fx+e)^2\sinh(fx+e))}{f^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((d*x+c)*f*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+6*d^2)*b*sinh(f*x+e)-3*d*((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*b*cosh(f*x+e)+(1/2*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*x*(1/2*d*x+c)*a*f^4-3*b*c^2*d*f^2-6*d^3*b)/f^4`

3.156.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^3 f^4 x^4 + 4acd^2 f^4 x^3 + 6ac^2 d f^4 x^2 + 4ac^3 f^4 x - 12(bd^3 f^2 x^2 + 2bcd^2 f^2 x + bc^2 d f^2 + 2bd^3) \cosh(fx + e)}{4 f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/4*(a*d^3*f^4*x^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*f^4*x^3 + 6*a*c^2*d*f^4*x^2 + 4*a*c^3*f^4*x - 12*(b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + b*c^2*d*f^2 + 2*b*d^3)*cosh(f*x + e) + 4*(b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + b*c^3*f^3 + 6*b*c*d^2*f + 3*(b*c^2*d*f^3 + 2*b*d^3*f)*x)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^4`

3.156.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^3 x + \frac{3ac^2 dx^2}{2} + acd^2 x^3 + \frac{ad^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{bc^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{3bc^2 dx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{3bc^2 d \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{3bcd^2 x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{6bd^3 x \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} \\ (a + b \cosh(e)) \left(c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 dx^2}{2} + cd^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c**3*x + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2/2 + a*c*d**2*x**3 + a*d**3*x**4/4 + b*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 3*b*c**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*b*c**2*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 3*b*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 6*b*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 6*b*c*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 + b*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 3*b*d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 6*b*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - 6*b*d**3*cosh(e + f*x)/f**4, Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))*(c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4), True))`

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*a*d^3*x^4 + a*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a*c^2*d*x^2 + a*c^3*x + 1/2*(b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*f^3*x - 3*b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + b*c^3*f^3 - 6*b*c*d^2*f^2*x - 3*b*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*b*d^3*f*x + 6*b*c*d^2*f - 6*b*d^3)*e^(f*x + e)/f^4 - 1/2*(b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*f^3*x + 3*b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + b*c^3*f^3 + 6*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + 3*b*c^2*d*f^2 + 6*b*d^3*f*x + 6*b*c*d^2*f + 6*b*d^3)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4`

3.156.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{\sinh(e + fx) (bc^3 f^2 + 6bcd^2)}{f^3} - \frac{3 \cosh(e + fx) (bc^2 d f^2 + 2bd^3)}{f^4} + \frac{ad^3 x^4}{4} + ac^3 x + \frac{3x \sinh(e + fx) (bc^2 d f^2 + 2bd^3)}{f^3} + \frac{3ac^2 dx^2}{2} + acd^2 x^3 - \frac{3bd^3 x^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{bd^3 x^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{6bcd^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{3bcd^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `(sinh(e + f*x)*(b*c^3*f^2 + 6*b*c*d^2))/f^3 - (3*cosh(e + f*x)*(2*b*d^3 + b*c^2*d*f^2))/f^4 + (a*d^3*x^4)/4 + a*c^3*x + (3*x*sinh(e + f*x)*(2*b*d^3 + b*c^2*d*f^2))/f^3 + (3*a*c^2*d*x^2)/2 + a*c*d^2*x^3 - (3*b*d^3*x^2*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (b*d^3*x^3*sinh(e + f*x))/f - (6*b*c*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (3*b*c*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f`

3.157 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

3.157.1 Optimal result	1013
3.157.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1013
3.157.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1014
3.157.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1015
3.157.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1015
3.157.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1016
3.157.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1016
3.157.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1017
3.157.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1017

3.157.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^3}{3d} - \frac{2bd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2bd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{b(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output $1/3*a*(d*x+c)^3/d-2*b*d*(d*x+c)*\cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+2*b*d^2*\sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+b*(d*x+c)^2*\sinh(f*x+e)/f$

3.157.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{3}ax(3c^2 + 3cdx + d^2x^2) - \frac{2bd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b(c^2f^2 + 2cdf^2x + d^2(2 + f^2x^2)) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x]),x]$

output $(a*x*(3*c^2 + 3*c*d*x + d^2*x^2))/3 - (2*b*d*(c + d*x)*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x])/f^2 + (b*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*\text{Sinh}[e + f*x])/f^3$

3.157.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a(c + dx)^2 + b(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a(c + dx)^3}{3d} - \frac{2bd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{2bd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*d) - (2*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (2*b*d^2*Sin h[e + f*x])/f^3 + (b*(c + d*x)^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

3.157.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.) , x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.157.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{((dx+c)^2 f^2 + 2d^2) b \sinh(fx+e) + f(-2bd(dx+c) \cosh(fx+e) + ax(\frac{1}{3}x^2 d^2 + cdx + c^2) f^2 - 2bcd)}{f^3}$
risc	$\frac{a d^2 x^3}{3} + adc x^2 + a c^2 x + \frac{a c^3}{3d} + \frac{b(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2 - 2d^2 f x - 2cdf + 2d^2) e^{fx+e}}{2f^3} - \frac{b(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2 - 2d^2 f x - 2cdf + 2d^2) e^{fx+e}}{2f^3}$
parts	$\frac{a(dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{b \left(\frac{d^2((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^2} - \frac{2d^2 e((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f^2} + \frac{2dc((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} \right)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 a (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{d^2 b ((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^2} - \frac{d^2 e a (fx+e)^2}{f^2} - \frac{2d^2 e b ((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2 a (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{d^2 b ((fx+e)^2 \sinh(fx+e) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(fx+e) + 2 \sinh(fx+e))}{f^2} - \frac{d^2 e a (fx+e)^2}{f^2} - \frac{2d^2 e b ((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `((((d*x+c)^2*f^2+2*d^2)*b*sinh(f*x+e)+f*(-2*b*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)+a*x*(1/3*x^2*d^2+c*d*x+c^2)*f^2-2*b*c*d))/f^3`**3.157.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^2 f^3 x^3 + 3 acd f^3 x^2 + 3 ac^2 f^3 x - 6 (bd^2 fx + bcdf) \cosh(fx + e) + 3 (bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 bcdf^2 x + bc^2 f^2 + 2 bcd^2 f) \sinh(fx + e)}{3 f^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(a*d^2*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*f^3*x - 6*(b*d^2*f*x + b*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 3*(b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2 + 2*b*d^2*f)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^3`

3.157.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^2x + acdx^2 + \frac{ad^2x^3}{3} + \frac{bc^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{2bcdx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2bcd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{bd^2x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2bd^2x \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} \\ (a + b \cosh(e)) \left(c^2x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2x^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c**2*x + a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**3/3 + b*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 2*b*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*b*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + b*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*b*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 2*b*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3, Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))*(c**2*x + c*d*x**2 + d**2*x**3/3), True))`

3.157.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} ad^2x^3 + acdx^2 + ac^2x + bcd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} bd^2 \left(\frac{(f^2x^2e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right) + \frac{bc^2 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2*x + b*c*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 1/2*b*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + b*c^2*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

3.157.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} ad^2 x^3 + acdx^2 + ac^2 x + \frac{(bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2bcd f^2 x + bc^2 f^2 - 2bd^2 fx - 2bcd f + 2bd^2) e^{(fx+e)}}{2 f^3}$$

$$- \frac{(bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2bcd f^2 x + bc^2 f^2 + 2bd^2 fx + 2bcd f + 2bd^2) e^{(-fx-e)}}{2 f^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*a*d^2*x^3 + a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2*x + 1/2*(b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2 - 2*b*d^2*f*x - 2*b*c*d*f + 2*b*d^2)*e^(f*x + e)/f^3 - 1/2*(b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2 + 2*b*d^2*f*x + 2*b*c*d*f + 2*b*d^2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3`

3.157.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a d^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{\sinh(e + fx) (b c^2 f^2 + 2 b d^2)}{f^3}$$

$$+ a c^2 x + a c d x^2 - \frac{2 b d^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b d^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{2 b c d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2 b c d x \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `(a*d^2*x^3)/3 + (sinh(e + f*x)*(2*b*d^2 + b*c^2*f^2))/f^3 + a*c^2*x + a*c*d*x^2 - (2*b*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (b*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f - (2*b*c*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*b*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x))/f`

3.158 $\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

3.158.1 Optimal result	1018
3.158.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1018
3.158.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1019
3.158.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1020
3.158.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1020
3.158.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1021
3.158.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1021
3.158.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1022
3.158.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1022

3.158.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^2}{2d} - \frac{bd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{b(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f}$$

output `1/2*a*(d*x+c)^2/d-b*d*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2+b*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

3.158.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \frac{-2bd \cosh(e + fx) + f(afx(2c + dx) + 2b(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx))}{2f^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(-2*b*d*Cosh[e + f*x] + f*(a*f*x*(2*c + d*x) + 2*b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x]))/(2*f^2)`

3.158.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx) \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a(c + dx) + b(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a(c + dx)^2}{2d} + \frac{b(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{bd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*d) - (b*d*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 + (b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f`

3.158.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.158.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$\frac{(dx+c)bf \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e)bd + x\left(\frac{dx}{2} + c\right)af^2 - bd}{f^2}$	46
risc	$\frac{adx^2}{2} + acx + \frac{b(dx+cf-d)e^{fx+e}}{2f^2} - \frac{b(dx+cf+d)e^{-fx-e}}{2f^2}$	60
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{d((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{de \sinh(fx+e)}{f} + c \sinh(fx+e)\right)}{f}$	67
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{da(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{db((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{dea(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{deb \sinh(fx+e)}{f} + ca(fx+e) + cb \sinh(fx+e)}{f}$	91
default	$\frac{\frac{da(fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{db((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} - \frac{dea(fx+e)}{f} - \frac{deb \sinh(fx+e)}{f} + ca(fx+e) + cb \sinh(fx+e)}{f}$	91

input `int((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `((d*x+c)*b*f*sinh(f*x+e)-cosh(f*x+e)*b*d+x*(1/2*d*x+c)*a*f^2-b*d)/f^2`**3.158.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{adf^2x^2 + 2acf^2x - 2bd \cosh(fx + e) + 2(bdfx + bcf) \sinh(fx + e)}{2f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/2*(a*d*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*f^2*x - 2*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(b*d*f*x + b*c*f)*sinh(f*x + e))/f^2`

3.158.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} acx + \frac{adx^2}{2} + \frac{bc \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{bdx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{bd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} & \text{for } f \neq 0 \\ (a + b \cosh(e)) \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*c*x + a*d*x**2/2 + b*c*sinh(e + f*x)/f + b*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - b*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2, Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))`**3.158.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + acx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} bd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{bc \sinh(fx + e)}{f}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a*d*x^2 + a*c*x + 1/2*b*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + b*c*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

3.158.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} adx^2 + acx + \frac{(bdfx + bcf - bd)e^{(fx+e)}}{2f^2} - \frac{(bdfx + bcf + bd)e^{(-fx-e)}}{2f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*a*d*x^2 + a*c*x + 1/2*(b*d*f*x + b*c*f - b*d)*e^(f*x + e)/f^2 - 1/2*(b*d*f*x + b*c*f + b*d)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2`**3.158.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{f(bc \sinh(e + fx) + bdx \sinh(e + fx)) - bd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + acx + \frac{adx^2}{2}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x),x)`output `(f*(b*c*sinh(e + f*x) + b*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)) - b*d*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + a*c*x + (a*d*x^2)/2`

3.159 $\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{c+dx} dx$

3.159.1 Optimal result	1023
3.159.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1023
3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1024
3.159.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1025
3.159.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1025
3.159.6 Sympy [F]	1026
3.159.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1026
3.159.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1026
3.159.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1027

3.159.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{b \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d} + \frac{a \log(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d}$$

output `b*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*cosh(-e+c*f/d)/d+a*ln(d*x+c)/d-b*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d`

3.159.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{b \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + a \log(c + dx) + b \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(b*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + a*Log[c + d*x] + b*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)])/d`

3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 3798

$$\int \left(\frac{a}{c + dx} + \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a \log(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{b \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(b*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d + (a*Log[c + d*x])/d + (b*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d`

3.159.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

3.159.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{a \ln(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{b e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}}{d}\right)}{2d} - \frac{b e^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}}{d}\right)}{2d}$	94

```
input int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*ln(d*x+c)/d-1/2*b/d*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2*b/d*exp
(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)
```

3.159.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{(b \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) + b \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right) + 2a \log(dx + c) - (b \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - b \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \sinh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/2*((b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d)
+ 2*a*log(d*x + c) - (b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sin
h(-(d*e - c*f)/d)/d
```

3.159.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x), x)`

3.159.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a \log(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*b*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + a*log(d*x + c)/d`

3.159.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \frac{b \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} + b \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} + 2a \log(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + 2*a*log(d*x + c))/d`

3.159.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x),x)`output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x), x)`

3.160 $\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

3.160.1 Optimal result	1028
3.160.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1028
3.160.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1029
3.160.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1030
3.160.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1030
3.160.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	1031
3.160.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1031
3.160.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1031
3.160.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1032

3.160.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{a}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{bf \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{bf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^2}$$

```
output -a/d/(d*x+c)-b*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)+b*f*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^2
-b*f*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^2
```

3.160.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{d(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{c+dx} + bf \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) + bf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

```
output (-((d*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]))/(c + d*x)) + b*f*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)]*SinhIntegral[e - (c*f)/d] + b*f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)])/d^2
```

3.160.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{a}{(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{a}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{bf \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{bf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(a/(d*(c + d*x))) - (b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(d*(c + d*x)) + (b*f*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d])/d^2 + (b*f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d^2`

3.160.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

3.160.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{a}{d(dx+c)} - \frac{fb e^{-fx-e}}{2d(dx+f+c)} + \frac{fb e^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{fb e^{fx+e}}{2d^2\left(\frac{cf}{d}+fx\right)} - \frac{fb e^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{2d^2}$	149

```
input int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a/d/(d*x+c)-1/2*f*b*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+1/2*f*b/d^2*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)
)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/2*f*b/d^2*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2*f*b/d^2*exp(-
(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)
```

3.160.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{2bd \cosh(fx + e) + 2ad - ((bdfx + bcf)\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - (bdfx + bcf)\operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \cosh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right) + ((bdfx + bcf)\operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) - (bdfx + bcf)\operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)) \sinh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right)}{2(d^3x + cd^2)}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/2*(2*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*a*d - ((b*d*f*x + b*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)
- (b*d*f*x + b*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + ((b*d*f*x
+ b*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (b*d*f*x + b*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*s
inh(-(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^3*x + c*d^2)
```

3.160.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.160.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right) - \frac{a}{d^2 x + cd} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*b*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) - a/(d^2*x + c*d)`**3.160.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 631 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{\left((dx + c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right) f^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right) - de + cf}{d} \right) e^{\left(\frac{de-cf}{d} \right)} - def^2 \operatorname{Ei} \left(\frac{(dx+c) \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right)}{d} \right)}{\left((dx + c) d^4 \left(\frac{de}{dx+c} - \frac{cf}{dx+c} + f \right) - d^5 e + c d^4 f \right) f} \right) - \frac{a}{(dx + c)d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*b*((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - d*e*f^2*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) + c*f^3*Ei(((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^((d*e - c*f)/d) - d*f^2*e^((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*d^4*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d^5*e + c*d^4*f)*f) - ((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - d*e*f^2*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + c*f^3*Ei(-((d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d*e + c*f)/d)*e^(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + d*f^2*e^(-(d*x + c)*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f)/d))*d^2/(((d*x + c)*d^4*(d*e/(d*x + c) - c*f/(d*x + c) + f) - d^5*e + c*d^4*f)*f)) - a/((d*x + c)*d)`

3.160.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

3.161 $\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

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3.161.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{bf^2 \cosh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \text{Chi}(\frac{cf}{d} + fx)}{2d^3} - \frac{bf \sinh(e + fx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{bf^2 \sinh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \text{Shi}(\frac{cf}{d} + fx)}{2d^3}$$

```
output -1/2*a/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/2*b*f^2*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*cosh(-e+c*f/d)/d^3-1/2*b*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)^2-1/2*b*f^2*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^3-1/2*b*f*sinh(f*x+e)/d^2/(d*x+c)
```

3.161.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{bf^2 \cosh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \text{Chi}(f(\frac{c}{d} + x)) - \frac{d(ad+bd \cosh(e+fx)+bf(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx))}{(c+dx)^2} + bf^2 \sinh(e - \frac{cf}{d}) \text{Shi}(f(\frac{c}{d} + x))}{2d^3}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output $(b*f^2*\text{Cosh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{CoshIntegral}[f*(c/d + x)] - (d*(a*d + b*d*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x] + b*f*(c + d*x)*\text{Sinh}[e + f*x]))/(c + d*x)^2 + b*f^2*\text{Sinh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[f*(c/d + x)]/(2*d^3)$

3.161.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\ & \int \left(\frac{a}{(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{a}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{bf^2 \text{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d^3} + \frac{bf^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{2d^3} - \\ & \quad \frac{bf \sinh(e + fx)}{2d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{b \cosh(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x])/(c + d*x)^3, x]$

output $-1/2*a/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (b*\text{Cosh}[e + f*x])/(2*d*(c + d*x)^2) + (b*f^2*\text{Cosh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{CoshIntegral}[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d^3) - (b*f*\text{Sinh}[e + f*x])/(2*d^2*(c + d*x)) + (b*f^2*\text{Sinh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\text{SinhIntegral}[(c*f)/d + f*x])/(2*d^3)$

3.161.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.161.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a}{2d(dx+c)^2} + \frac{f^3be^{-fx-ex}}{4d(d^2x^2f^2+2cdf^2x+c^2f^2)} + \frac{f^3be^{-fx-ec}}{4d^2(d^2x^2f^2+2cdf^2x+c^2f^2)} - \frac{f^2be^{-fx-e}}{4d(d^2x^2f^2+2cdf^2x+c^2f^2)} - \frac{f^2be^{\frac{cf-de}{d}}Ei_1}{4}$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*a/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/4*f^3*b*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2) \\ & -1/4*f^3*b*exp(-f*x-e)/d^2/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)*c-1/4*f^2 \\ & *b*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d^2*f^2*x^2+2*c*d*f^2*x+c^2*f^2)-1/4*f^2*b/d^3*exp((c*f-d*e)/d) \\ & *Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*f^2*b/d^3*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)^2-1/4 \\ & *f^2*b/d^3*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/4*f^2*b/d^3*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d) \end{aligned}$$

3.161.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2bd^2 \cosh(fx + e) + 2ad^2 - ((bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2bcd f^2 x + bc^2 f^2) \text{Ei}(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}) + (bd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2bcd f^2 x + bc^2 f^2))}{d^5 x^2 + 2c d^4 x + c^2 d^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(2*b*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*a*d^2 - ((b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*(b*d^2*f*x + b*c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e) + ((b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x + b*c^2*f^2)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)`

3.161.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.161.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{a + b \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{e^{(-e+\frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(e-\frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right) - \frac{a}{2(d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d)}$$

3.161. $\int \frac{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

3.162 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

3.162.1 Optimal result	1038
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3.162.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1043
3.162.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1044
3.162.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1045

3.162.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{3b^2cd^2x}{4f^2} + \frac{3b^2d^3x^2}{8f^2} + \frac{a^2(c + dx)^4}{4d} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^4}{8d} - \frac{12abd^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} - \frac{6abd(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{3b^2d^3 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{8f^4} - \frac{3b^2d(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} + \frac{12abd^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{2ab(c + dx)^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{3b^2d^2(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output

```
3/4*b^2*c*d^2*x/f^2+3/8*b^2*d^3*x^2/f^2+1/4*a^2*(d*x+c)^4/d+1/8*b^2*(d*x+c)^4/d-12*a*b*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)/f^4-6*a*b*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-3/8*b^2*d^3*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^4-3/4*b^2*d*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+12*a*b*d^2*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+2*a*b*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(f*x+e)/f+3/4*b^2*d^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)^3*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```

3.162.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-96abd(c^2f^2 + 2cdf^2x + d^2(2 + f^2x^2)) \cosh(e + fx) - 3b^2d(2c^2f^2 + 4cdf^2x + d^2(1 + 2f^2x^2)) \cosh(2(e + fx))}{16f^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`output `(-96*a*b*d*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(2 + f^2*x^2))*Cosh[e + f*x] - 3*b^2*d*(2*c^2*f^2 + 4*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(1 + 2*f^2*x^2))*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] + 2*f*((2*a^2 + b^2)*f^3*x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) + 16*a*b*(c + d*x)*(c^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(6 + f^2*x^2))*Sinh[e + f*x] + b^2*(c + d*x)*(2*c^2*f^2 + 4*c*d*f^2*x + d^2*(3 + 2*f^2*x^2))*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]))/(16*f^4)`**3.162.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a^2(c + dx)^3 + 2ab(c + dx)^3 \cosh(e + fx) + b^2(c + dx)^3 \cosh^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a^2(c+dx)^4}{4d} + \frac{12abd^2(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)}{f^3} - \frac{6abd(c+dx)^2\cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2ab(c+dx)^3\sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{12abd^3\cosh(e+fx)}{f^4} + \frac{3b^2d^2(c+dx)\sinh(e+fx)\cosh(e+fx)}{4f^3} - \frac{3b^2d(c+dx)^2\cosh^2(e+fx)}{4f^2} + \frac{b^2(c+dx)^3\sinh(e+fx)\cosh(e+fx)}{2f} + \frac{3b^2d(c+dx)^2}{8f^2} + \frac{b^2(c+dx)^4}{8d} - \frac{3b^2d^3\cosh^2(e+fx)}{8f^4}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(3*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2)/(8*f^2) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^4)/(4*d) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^4)/(8*d) - (12*a*b*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^4 - (6*a*b*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (3*b^2*d^3*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(8*f^4) - (3*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(4*f^2) + (12*a*b*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (2*a*b*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (3*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (b^2*(c + d*x)^3*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

3.162.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.162.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{4(dx+c)fb^2((dx+c)^2f^2+\frac{3d^2}{2})\sinh(2fx+2e)-6d((dx+c)^2f^2+\frac{d^2}{2})b^2\cosh(2fx+2e)+32(dx+c)f((dx+c)^2f^2+6d^2)b}{16f}$
risch	$\frac{a^2d^3x^4}{4} + \frac{d^3b^2x^4}{8} + a^2d^2cx^3 + \frac{d^2b^2cx^3}{2} + \frac{3a^2dc^2x^2}{2} + \frac{3db^2c^2x^2}{4} + a^2c^3x + \frac{b^2c^3x}{2} + \frac{a^2c^4}{4d} + \frac{b^2c^4}{8d} + \dots$
parts	Expression too large to display
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{16} \cdot (4 \cdot (d \cdot x + c) \cdot f \cdot b^2 \cdot ((d \cdot x + c)^2 \cdot f^2 + 3/2 \cdot d^2) \cdot \sinh(2 \cdot f \cdot x + 2 \cdot e) - 6 \cdot d \cdot ((d \cdot x + c)^2 \cdot f^2 + 1/2 \cdot d^2) \cdot b^2 \cdot \cosh(2 \cdot f \cdot x + 2 \cdot e) + 32 \cdot (d \cdot x + c) \cdot f \cdot ((d \cdot x + c)^2 \cdot f^2 + 6 \cdot d^2) \cdot b \cdot a \cdot \sinh(f \cdot x + e) - 96 \cdot d \cdot ((d \cdot x + c)^2 \cdot f^2 + 2 \cdot d^2) \cdot b \cdot a \cdot \cosh(f \cdot x + e) + 16 \cdot (1/2 \cdot x^2 \cdot d^2 + c \cdot d \cdot x + c^2) \cdot x \cdot (1/2 \cdot d \cdot x + c) \cdot (a^2 + 1/2 \cdot b^2) \cdot f^4 - 18 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d \cdot f^2 - 9 \cdot d^3 \cdot b^2) / f^4$$

3.162.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)d^3f^4x^4 + 8(2a^2 + b^2)cd^2f^4x^3 + 12(2a^2 + b^2)c^2df^4x^2 + 8(2a^2 + b^2)c^3f^4x - 3(2b^2d^3f^2x^2 + \dots)}{f^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{16} \cdot (2 \cdot (2 \cdot a^2 + b^2) \cdot d^3 \cdot f^4 \cdot x^4 + 8 \cdot (2 \cdot a^2 + b^2) \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot f^4 \cdot x^3 + 12 \cdot (2 \cdot a^2 + b^2) \cdot c^2 \cdot d \cdot f^4 \cdot x^2 + 8 \cdot (2 \cdot a^2 + b^2) \cdot c^3 \cdot f^4 \cdot x - 3 \cdot (2 \cdot b^2 \cdot d^3 \cdot f^2 \cdot x^2 + 4 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot f^2 \cdot x + 2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d \cdot f^2 + b^2 \cdot d^3) \cdot \cosh(f \cdot x + e)^2 - 3 \cdot (2 \cdot b^2 \cdot d^3 \cdot f^2 \cdot x^2 + 4 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot f^2 \cdot x + 2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d \cdot f^2 + b^2 \cdot d^3) \cdot \sinh(f \cdot x + e)^2 - 96 \cdot (a \cdot b \cdot d^3 \cdot f^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot f^2 \cdot x + a \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d \cdot f^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot d^3) \cdot \cosh(f \cdot x + e) + 4 \cdot (8 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot d^3 \cdot f^3 \cdot x^3 + 24 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot f^3 \cdot x^2 + 8 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot f^3 + 48 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot f + 24 \cdot (a \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d \cdot f^3 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot d^3 \cdot f) \cdot x + (2 \cdot b^2 \cdot d^3 \cdot f^3 \cdot x^3 + 6 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot f^3 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^3 \cdot f^3 + 3 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot f + 3 \cdot (2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d \cdot f^3 + b^2 \cdot d^3 \cdot f) \cdot x) \cdot \cosh(f \cdot x + e)) \cdot \sinh(f \cdot x + e)) / f^4$$

3.162.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 779 vs. $2(255) = 510$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 779, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2 c^3 x + \frac{3a^2 c^2 dx^2}{2} + a^2 cd^2 x^3 + \frac{a^2 d^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{2abc^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{6abc^2 dx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{6abc^2 d \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{6abcd^2 x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} \\ (a + b \cosh(e))^2 \left(c^3 x + \frac{3c^2 dx^2}{2} + cd^2 x^3 + \frac{d^3 x^4}{4} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*c**3*x + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2/2 + a**2*c*d**2*x**3 + a**2*d**3*x**4/4 + 2*a*b*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 6*a*b*c**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 6*a*b*c**2*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 6*a*b*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 12*a*b*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 12*a*b*c*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 + 2*a*b*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 6*a*b*d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 12*a*b*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - 12*a*b*d**3*cosh(e + f*x)/f**4 - b**2*c**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c**3*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c**3*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - 3*b**2*c**2*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/4 + 3*b**2*c**2*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/4 + 3*b**2*c**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - 3*b**2*c**2*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - b**2*c*d**2*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c*d**2*x**3*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + 3*b**2*c*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - 3*b**2*c*d**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) - 3*b**2*c*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) + 3*b**2*c*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3) - b**2*d**3*x**4*sinh(e + f*x)**2/8 + b**2*d**3*x**4*cosh(e + f*x)**2/8 + b**2*d**3*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - 3*b**2*d**3*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(8*f**2) - 3*b**2*d**3*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(8*f**2) + 3*b**2*d**3*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3) - 3*b**2*d**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(8*f**4), Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))**2*(c**3*x + 3*c**2*d*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**3 + d**3*x**4/4), True))`

3.162.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 523 vs. $2(234) = 468$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx &= \frac{1}{4} a^2 d^3 x^4 + a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 d x^2 \\ &+ \frac{3}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{(2e)} - e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^2} \right) b^2 c^2 d \\ &+ \frac{1}{16} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2f^2x^2e^{(2e)} - 2fxe^{(2e)} + e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{3(2f^2x^2 + 2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^3} \right) b^2 c d^2 \\ &+ \frac{1}{32} \left(4x^4 + \frac{(4f^3x^3e^{(2e)} - 6f^2x^2e^{(2e)} + 6fxe^{(2e)} - 3e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^4} - \frac{(4f^3x^3 + 6f^2x^2 + 6fx + 3)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^4} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{8} b^2 c^3 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx+2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 c^3 x \\ &+ 3abc^2 d \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right) \\ &+ 3abcd^2 \left(\frac{(f^2x^2e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \right) \\ &+ abd^3 \left(\frac{(f^3x^3e^e - 3f^2x^2e^e + 6fxe^e - 6e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^4} - \frac{(f^3x^3 + 3f^2x^2 + 6fx + 6)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^4} \right) \\ &+ \frac{2abc^3 \sinh(fx + e)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a^2*d^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + 3/16*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*b^2*c^2*d + 1/16*(8*x^3 + 3*(2*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) - 2*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^3 - 3*(2*f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3)*b^2*c*d^2 + 1/32*(4*x^4 + (4*f^3*x^3*e^(2*e) - 6*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) + 6*f*x*e^(2*e) - 3*e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^4 - (4*f^3*x^3 + 6*f^2*x^2 + 6*f*x + 3)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^4)*b^2*d^3 + 1/8*b^2*c^3*(4*x + e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c^3*x + 3*a*b*c^2*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 3*a*b*c*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e + 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + a*b*d^3*((f^3*x^3*e^e - 3*f^2*x^2*e^e + 6*f*x*e^e - 6*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^4 - (f^3*x^3 + 3*f^2*x^2 + 6*f*x + 6)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^4) + 2*a*b*c^3*sinh(f*x + e)/f`

3.162.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = & a^2 c^3 x + \frac{b^2 c^3 x}{2} + \frac{a^2 d^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^2 d^3 x^4}{8} \\
& + \frac{3 a^2 c^2 d x^2}{2} + a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3 b^2 c^2 d x^2}{4} \\
& + \frac{b^2 c d^2 x^3}{2} - \frac{3 b^2 d^3 \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{16 f^4} \\
& + \frac{b^2 c^3 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f} - \frac{12 a b d^3 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^4} \\
& + \frac{2 a b c^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{3 b^2 d^3 x^2 \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{8 f^2} \\
& + \frac{b^2 d^3 x^3 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f} \\
& - \frac{3 b^2 c^2 d \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{8 f^2} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 c d^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{8 f^3} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 d^3 x \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{8 f^3} \\
& - \frac{3 b^2 c d^2 x \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f^2} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 c^2 d x \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f} - \frac{6 a b c^2 d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} \\
& + \frac{12 a b c d^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{12 a b d^3 x \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 c d^2 x^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4 f} \\
& - \frac{6 a b d^3 x^2 \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2 a b d^3 x^3 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \\
& + \frac{6 a b c d^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \\
& - \frac{12 a b c d^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} \\
& + \frac{6 a b c^2 d x \sinh(e + fx)}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& a^2c^3x + (b^2c^3x)/2 + (a^2d^3x^4)/4 + (b^2d^3x^4)/8 + (3a^2c^2 \\
& *d*x^2)/2 + a^2c*d^2*x^3 + (3b^2c^2*d*x^2)/4 + (b^2c*d^2*x^3)/2 - (3b \\
& ^2*d^3*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(16*f^4) + (b^2*c^3*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (\\
& 12*a*b*d^3*cosh(e + f*x))/f^4 + (2*a*b*c^3*sinh(e + f*x))/f - (3*b^2*d^3*x \\
& ^2*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8*f^2) + (b^2*d^3*x^3*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (3 \\
& *b^2*c^2*d*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8*f^2) + (3*b^2*c*d^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8 \\
& *f^3) + (3*b^2*d^3*x*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8*f^3) - (3*b^2*c*d^2*x*cosh(2*e \\
& + 2*f*x))/(4*f^2) + (3*b^2*c^2*d*x*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (6*a*b*c^2*d \\
& *cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (12*a*b*c*d^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f^3 + (12*a*b*d^3*x*sin \\
& h(e + f*x))/f^3 + (3*b^2*c*d^2*x^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (6*a*b*d^3*x \\
& ^2*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*a*b*d^3*x^3*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (6*a*b*c*d^2*x^2 \\
& *sinh(e + f*x))/f - (12*a*b*c*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (6*a*b*c^2*d*x*si \\
& nh(e + f*x))/f
\end{aligned}$$

3.163 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

3.163.1 Optimal result	1047
3.163.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1048
3.163.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1048
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3.163.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 d^2 x}{4f^2} + \frac{a^2 (c + dx)^3}{3d} + \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^3}{6d} - \frac{4abd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{b^2 d (c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx)}{2f^2} + \frac{4abd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{2ab(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 d^2 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

```
output 1/4*b^2*d^2*x/f^2+1/3*a^2*(d*x+c)^3/d+1/6*b^2*(d*x+c)^3/d-4*a*b*d*(d*x+c)*
cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-1/2*b^2*d*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+4*a*b*d^2*sinh(f*x+e)/
f^3+2*a*b*(d*x+c)^2*sinh(f*x+e)/f+1/4*b^2*d^2*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f^3+
1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)^2*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f
```


3.163.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{24} \left(24a^2c^2x + 12b^2c^2x + 24a^2cdx^2 + 12b^2cdx^2 + 8a^2d^2x^3 + 4b^2d^2x^3 - \frac{96abd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{6b^2d(c + dx) \cosh(2(e + fx))}{f^2} + \frac{96abd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} + \frac{48abc^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{96abcdx \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{48abd^2x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{3b^2d^2 \sinh(2(e + fx))}{f^3} + \frac{6b^2c^2 \sinh(2(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{12b^2cdx \sinh(2(e + fx))}{f} + \frac{6b^2d^2x^2 \sinh(2(e + fx))}{f} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`output `(24*a^2*c^2*x + 12*b^2*c^2*x + 24*a^2*c*d*x^2 + 12*b^2*c*d*x^2 + 8*a^2*d^2*x^3 + 4*b^2*d^2*x^3 - (96*a*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (6*b^2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)]/f^2 + (96*a*b*d^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (48*a*b*c^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (96*a*b*c*d*x*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (48*a*b*d^2*x^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (3*b^2*d^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]/f^3 + (6*b^2*c^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]/f + (12*b^2*c*d*x*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]/f + (6*b^2*d^2*x^2*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)]/f)/24`**3.163.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.163. $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \int (a^2(c + dx)^2 + 2ab(c + dx)^2 \cosh(e + fx) + b^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a^2(c + dx)^3}{3d} - \frac{4abd(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2ab(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{4abd^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} - \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2d(c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx)}{2f^2} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^2 \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^3}{6d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{b^2d^2 \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{4f^3} + \frac{b^2d^2x}{4f^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(b^2*d^2*x)/(4*f^2) + (a^2*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*d) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^3)/(6*d) - (4*a*b*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x])/f^2 - (b^2*d*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(2*f^2) + (4*a*b*d^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f^3 + (2*a*b*(c + d*x)^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/f + (b^2*d^2*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(4*f^3) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(2*f)`

3.163.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.163.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{((dx+c)^2 f^2 + \frac{d^2}{2}) b^2 \sinh(2fx+2e) - b^2 df(dx+c) \cosh(2fx+2e) + 8((dx+c)^2 f^2 + 2d^2) ba \sinh(fx+e) + 4(-4bad(dx+c) c}{4f^3}$
risch	$\frac{a^2 d^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{d^2 b^2 x^3}{6} + a^2 dc x^2 + \frac{db^2 c x^2}{2} + a^2 c^2 x + \frac{b^2 c^2 x}{2} + \frac{a^2 c^3}{3d} + \frac{b^2 c^3}{6d} + \frac{b^2 (2d^2 x^2 f^2 + 4cd f^2 x + 2c^2 f^2)}{16f^3}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 (dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e)^2 \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + \frac{(fx+e)^3}{6} - \frac{(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2})^2}{2} + \frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{4} + \frac{fx+e}{4} \right)}{f^2} \right)}{f^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d^2 a^2 (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{2d^2 ab \left((fx+e)^2 \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + 2 \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \right)}{f^2} + \frac{d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e)^2 \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)}{6} \right)}{f^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2 a^2 (fx+e)^3}{3f^2} + \frac{2d^2 ab \left((fx+e)^2 \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) - 2(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) + 2 \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \right)}{f^2} + \frac{d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e)^2 \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(\frac{fx+e}{2})}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)}{6} \right)}{f^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{4} * \left((d*x+c)^2 * f^2 + \frac{1}{2} * d^2 \right) * b^2 * \sinh(2*f*x+2*e) - b^2 * d * f * (d*x+c) * \cosh(2*f*x+2*e) + 8 * (d*x+c)^2 * f^2 + 2 * d^2 * b^2 * a * \sinh(f*x+e) + 4 * (-4 * b * a * d * (d*x+c) * \cosh(f*x+e) + x * (a^2 + \frac{1}{2} * b^2) * (1/3 * x^2 * d^2 + 2 * c * d * x + c^2) * f^2 - 4 * c * d * (a - 1/16 * b) * b) * f^3$

3.163.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)d^2 f^3 x^3 + 6(2a^2 + b^2)cdf^3 x^2 + 6(2a^2 + b^2)c^2 f^3 x - 3(b^2 d^2 fx + b^2 cdf) \cosh(fx + e)^2 - 3(b^2 d^2 fx + b^2 cdf) \sinh(fx + e)^2}{3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

```
output 1/12*(2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*d^2*f^3*x^3 + 6*(2*a^2 + b^2)*c*d*f^3*x^2 + 6*(2*a^2
+ b^2)*c^2*f^3*x - 3*(b^2*d^2*f*x + b^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 3*(b^2*d
^2*f*x + b^2*c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 48*(a*b*d^2*f*x + a*b*c*d*f)*cosh(f*
x + e) + 3*(8*a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 16*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + 8*a*b*c^2*f^2 + 16*a*b*
d^2 + (2*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*f^2 + b^2*d^2)*cosh
(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))/f^3
```

3.163.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. $2(177) = 354$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2 c^2 x + a^2 c dx^2 + \frac{a^2 d^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{2abc^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{4abcdx \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{4abcd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2abd^2 x^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{4abd^2 x \cosh(e+fx)}{f} \\ (a + b \cosh(e))^2 \left(c^2 x + c dx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

```
output Piecewise((a**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x**2 + a**2*d**2*x**3/3 + 2*a*b*c**2*sin
h(e + f*x)/f + 4*a*b*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 4*a*b*c*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2
+ 2*a*b*d**2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 4*a*b*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 + 4*a*
b*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)/f**3 - b**2*c**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c**2*x*c
osh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - b**2*c*d
*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c*d*x*s
inh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/f - b**2*c*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(2*f**2) - b**2*d
**2*x**3*sinh(e + f*x)**2/6 + b**2*d**2*x**3*cosh(e + f*x)**2/6 + b**2*d**
2*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - b**2*d**2*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4
*f**2) - b**2*d**2*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2) + b**2*d**2*sinh(e + f*x)*c
osh(e + f*x)/(4*f**3), Ne(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))**2*(c**2*x + c*d*x**2 +
d**2*x**3/3), True))
```

3.163.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2 x^3 + a^2 c d x^2 + \frac{1}{8} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{(2e)} - e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f^2} \right) b^2 c d \\
&+ \frac{1}{48} \left(8x^3 + \frac{3(2f^2x^2e^{(2e)} - 2fxe^{(2e)} + e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{3(2f^2x^2 + 2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f^3} \right) b^2 d^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{8} b^2 c^2 \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx + 2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx - 2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 c^2 x \\
&+ 2abcd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx - e)}}{f^2} \right) \\
&+ abd^2 \left(\frac{(f^2x^2e^e - 2fxe^e + 2e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^3} - \frac{(f^2x^2 + 2fx + 2)e^{(-fx - e)}}{f^3} \right) + \frac{2abc^2 \sinh(fx + e)}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

```

output 1/3*a^2*d^2*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + 1/8*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(
2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*b^2*c*d + 1/48*(8*x^3 + 3*(
2*f^2*x^2*e^(2*e) - 2*f*x*e^(2*e) + e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^3 - 3*(2*f^2*x^2
+ 2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3)*b^2*d^2 + 1/8*b^2*c^2*(4*x + e^(2*f*x +
2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c^2*x + 2*a*b*c*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(
f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + a*b*d^2*((f^2*x^2*e^e - 2*f*x*e^e
+ 2*e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^3 - (f^2*x^2 + 2*f*x + 2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3) + 2*a*b*c^
2*sinh(f*x + e)/f

```

3.163.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{6} b^2 d^2 x^3 + a^2 c dx^2 + \frac{1}{2} b^2 c dx^2 + a^2 c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} b^2 c^2 x \\ &+ \frac{(2b^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 4b^2 cdf^2 x + 2b^2 c^2 f^2 - 2b^2 d^2 fx - 2b^2 cdf + b^2 d^2) e^{(2fx+2e)}}{16 f^3} \\ &+ \frac{(abd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2abcdf^2 x + abc^2 f^2 - 2abd^2 fx - 2abcdf + 2abd^2) e^{(fx+e)}}{f^3} \\ &- \frac{(abd^2 f^2 x^2 + 2abcdf^2 x + abc^2 f^2 + 2abd^2 fx + 2abcdf + 2abd^2) e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^3} \\ &- \frac{(2b^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + 4b^2 cdf^2 x + 2b^2 c^2 f^2 + 2b^2 d^2 fx + 2b^2 cdf + b^2 d^2) e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{16 f^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*a^2*d^2*x^3 + 1/6*b^2*d^2*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + 1/2*b^2*c*d*x^2 + a^2*c^2*x + 1/2*b^2*c^2*x + 1/16*(2*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*f^2 - 2*b^2*d^2*f*x - 2*b^2*c*d*f + b^2*d^2)*e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f^3 + (a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2 - 2*a*b*d^2*f*x - 2*a*b*c*d*f + 2*a*b*d^2)*e^(f*x + e)/f^3 - (a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2 + 2*a*b*d^2*f*x + 2*a*b*c*d*f + 2*a*b*d^2)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^3 - 1/16*(2*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*f^2 + 2*b^2*d^2*f*x + 2*b^2*c*d*f + b^2*d^2)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^3`

3.163.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = & a^2 c^2 x + \frac{b^2 c^2 x}{2} + \frac{a^2 d^2 x^3}{3} \\
& + \frac{b^2 d^2 x^3}{6} + \frac{b^2 c^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4f} \\
& + \frac{b^2 d^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{8f^3} + a^2 c dx^2 + \frac{b^2 c dx^2}{2} \\
& + \frac{2ab c^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{4ab d^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f^3} \\
& + \frac{b^2 d^2 x^2 \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{4f} - \frac{b^2 c d \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{4f^2} \\
& - \frac{b^2 d^2 x \cosh(2e + 2fx)}{4f^2} - \frac{4abcd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} \\
& - \frac{4abd^2 x \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2abd^2 x^2 \sinh(e + fx)}{f} \\
& + \frac{b^2 c dx \sinh(2e + 2fx)}{2f} + \frac{4abcd x \sinh(e + fx)}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

```

output a^2*c^2*x + (b^2*c^2*x)/2 + (a^2*d^2*x^3)/3 + (b^2*d^2*x^3)/6 + (b^2*c^2*s
inh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) + (b^2*d^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(8*f^3) + a^2*c*d*x^
2 + (b^2*c*d*x^2)/2 + (2*a*b*c^2*sinh(e + f*x))/f + (4*a*b*d^2*sinh(e + f*
x))/f^3 + (b^2*d^2*x^2*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f) - (b^2*c*d*cosh(2*e + 2*f*
x))/(4*f^2) - (b^2*d^2*x*cosh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(4*f^2) - (4*a*b*c*d*cosh(e +
f*x))/f^2 - (4*a*b*d^2*x*cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*a*b*d^2*x^2*sinh(e + f*x)
)/f + (b^2*c*d*x*sinh(2*e + 2*f*x))/(2*f) + (4*a*b*c*d*x*sinh(e + f*x))/f

```

3.164 $\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

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3.164.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{2}b^2cx + \frac{1}{4}b^2dx^2 + \frac{a^2(c + dx)^2}{2d} - \frac{2abd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} - \frac{b^2d \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} + \frac{2ab(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2f}$$

output `1/2*b^2*c*x+1/4*b^2*d*x^2+1/2*a^2*(d*x+c)^2/d-2*a*b*d*cosh(f*x+e)/f^2-1/4*b^2*d*cosh(f*x+e)^2/f^2+2*a*b*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/f+1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/f`

3.164.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)(e + fx)(-2cf + d(e - fx)) + 16abd \cosh(e + fx) + b^2d \cosh(2(e + fx)) - 16abf(c + dx)}{8f^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/8*(2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*(e + f*x)*(-2*c*f + d*(e - f*x)) + 16*a*b*d*Cosh[e + f*x] + b^2*d*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] - 16*a*b*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x] - 2*b^2*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)])}{f^2}$$

3.164.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx) \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\ & \int (a^2(c + dx) + 2ab(c + dx) \cosh(e + fx) + b^2(c + dx) \cosh^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{a^2(c + dx)^2}{2d} + \frac{2ab(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx)}{f} - \frac{2abd \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \\ & \frac{b^2(c + dx) \sinh(e + fx) \cosh(e + fx)}{2f} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^2}{4d} - \frac{b^2d \cosh^2(e + fx)}{4f^2} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2, x]$

output
$$\frac{(a^2*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*d) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*d) - (2*a*b*d*Cosh[e + f*x])}{f^2} - \frac{(b^2*d*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(4*f^2) + (2*a*b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])}{f} + \frac{(b^2*(c + d*x)*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])}{(2*f)}$$

3.164.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.164.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b^2 f(dx+c) \sinh(2fx+2e) - b^2 d \cosh(2fx+2e) + 16abf(dx+c) \sinh(fx+e) - 16dab \cosh(fx+e) + ((2dx^2+4cx)f^2 - 3d)b^2}{8f^2}$
risch	$\frac{a^2 dx^2}{2} + a^2 cx + \frac{b^2 dx^2}{4} + \frac{b^2 cx}{2} + \frac{b^2(2dx+2cf-d)e^{2fx+2e}}{16f^2} + \frac{ab(dx+cf-d)e^{fx+e}}{f^2} - \frac{ab(dx+cf+d)e^{-fx}}{f^2}$
parts	$a^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} dx^2 + cx \right) + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e) + \frac{(fx+e)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2})^2}{4} \right)}{f} - \frac{de \left(\frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} + \frac{fx}{2} \right)}{f} \right)}{f}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{d a^2 (fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{2dab((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} + \frac{d b^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2})^2}{4} \right)}{f} - \frac{de a^2 (f)}{f}$
default	$\frac{d a^2 (fx+e)^2}{2f} + \frac{2dab((fx+e) \sinh(fx+e) - \cosh(fx+e))}{f} + \frac{d b^2 \left(\frac{(fx+e) \cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2}) \sinh(fx+e)}{2} + \frac{(fx+e)^2}{4} - \frac{\cosh(\frac{fx+e}{2})^2}{4} \right)}{f} - \frac{de a^2 (f)}{f}$

input `int((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*(2*b^2*f*(d*x+c)*sinh(2*f*x+2*e)-b^2*d*cosh(2*f*x+2*e)+16*a*b*f*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)-16*d*a*b*cosh(f*x+e)+((2*d*x^2+4*c*x)*f^2-3*d)*b^2+8*f^2*x*(1/2*d*x+c)*a^2)/f^2`

3.164.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^2 + b^2)df^2x^2 + 4(2a^2 + b^2)cf^2x - b^2d \cosh(fx + e)^2 - b^2d \sinh(fx + e)^2 - 16abd \cosh(fx + e) + 16abd \sinh(fx + e)}{8f^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/8*(2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*d*f^2*x^2 + 4*(2*a^2 + b^2)*c*f^2*x - b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - b^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 16*a*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) + 4*(4*a*b*d*f*x + 4*a*b*c*f + (b^2*d*f*x + b^2*c*f)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*x + e))/f^2`**3.164.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2cx + \frac{a^2dx^2}{2} + \frac{2abc \sinh(e+fx)}{f} + \frac{2abd \sinh(e+fx)}{f} - \frac{2abd \cosh(e+fx)}{f^2} - \frac{b^2cx \sinh^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{b^2cx \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2} + \frac{b^2c \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{2} \\ (a + b \cosh(e))^2 \left(cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*c*x + a**2*d*x**2/2 + 2*a*b*c*sinh(e + f*x)/f + 2*a*b*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)/f - 2*a*b*d*cosh(e + f*x)/f**2 - b**2*c*x*sinh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c*x*cosh(e + f*x)**2/2 + b**2*c*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - b**2*d*x**2*sinh(e + f*x)**2/4 + b**2*d*x**2*cosh(e + f*x)**2/4 + b**2*d*x*sinh(e + f*x)*cosh(e + f*x)/(2*f) - b**2*d*sinh(e + f*x)**2/(4*f**2), N e(f, 0)), ((a + b*cosh(e))**2*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))`

3.164.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} a^2 dx^2 + \frac{1}{16} \left(4x^2 + \frac{(2fxe^{(2e)} - e^{(2e)})e^{(2fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(2fx + 1)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f^2} \right) b^2 d \\ &+ \frac{1}{8} b^2 c \left(4x + \frac{e^{(2fx+2e)}}{f} - \frac{e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{f} \right) + a^2 cx \\ &+ abd \left(\frac{(fxe^e - e^e)e^{(fx)}}{f^2} - \frac{(fx + 1)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \right) + \frac{2abc \sinh(fx + e)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a^2*d*x^2 + 1/16*(4*x^2 + (2*f*x*e^(2*e) - e^(2*e))*e^(2*f*x)/f^2 - (2*f*x + 1)*e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f^2)*b^2*d + 1/8*b^2*c*(4*x + e^(2*f*x + 2*e)/f - e^(-2*f*x - 2*e)/f) + a^2*c*x + a*b*d*((f*x*e^e - e^e)*e^(f*x)/f^2 - (f*x + 1)*e^(-f*x - e)/f^2) + 2*a*b*c*sinh(f*x + e)/f`**3.164.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx &= \frac{1}{2} a^2 dx^2 + \frac{1}{4} b^2 dx^2 + a^2 cx + \frac{1}{2} b^2 cx \\ &+ \frac{(2b^2dfx + 2b^2cf - b^2d)e^{(2fx+2e)}}{16f^2} \\ &+ \frac{(abdfx + abcf - abd)e^{(fx+e)}}{f^2} \\ &- \frac{(abdfx + abcf + abd)e^{(-fx-e)}}{f^2} \\ &- \frac{(2b^2dfx + 2b^2cf + b^2d)e^{(-2fx-2e)}}{16f^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}a^2dx^2 + \frac{1}{4}b^2dx^2 + a^2cx + \frac{1}{2}b^2cx + \frac{1}{16}(2b^2dfx + 2b^2cf - b^2d)e^{(2fx + 2e)}/f^2 + (abdfx + abc f - abd)e^{(fx + e)}/f^2 - (abdfx + abc f + abd)e^{(-fx - e)}/f^2 - \frac{1}{16}(2b^2dfx + 2b^2cf + b^2d)e^{(-2fx - 2e)}/f^2$

3.164.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \frac{a^2 dx^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 dx^2}{4} + a^2 cx + \frac{b^2 cx}{2} - \frac{b^2 d \cosh(e + fx)^2}{4 f^2} + \frac{b^2 c \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2 f} - \frac{2 a b d \cosh(e + fx)}{f^2} + \frac{2 a b c \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{2 a b d x \sinh(e + fx)}{f} + \frac{b^2 d x \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{2 f}$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x),x)`

output $(a^2dx^2)/2 + (b^2dx^2)/4 + a^2cx + (b^2cx)/2 - (b^2d*\cosh(e + fx)^2)/(4*f^2) + (b^2*c*\cosh(e + f*x)*\sinh(e + f*x))/(2*f) - (2*a*b*d*\cosh(e + f*x))/f^2 + (2*a*b*c*\sinh(e + f*x))/f + (2*a*b*d*x*\sinh(e + f*x))/f + (b^2*d*x*\cosh(e + f*x)*\sinh(e + f*x))/(2*f)$

3.165 $\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{c+dx} dx$

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3.165.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1065

3.165.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{2ab \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \log(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{2ab \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{2d}$$

```
output 1/2*b^2*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d+2*a*b*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*cosh(-e+c*f/d)/d+a^2*ln(d*x+c)/d+1/2*b^2*ln(d*x+c)/d-1/2*b^2*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d-2*a*b*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d
```

3.165.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{4ab \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right) + b^2 \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 2a^2 \log(c + dx) + b^2 \log(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(4*a*b*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + b^2*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2*a^2*Log[c + d*x] + b^2*Log[c + d*x] + 4*a*b*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] + b^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*d)`

3.165.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sin(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{c + dx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\ & \int \left(\frac{a^2}{c + dx} + \frac{2ab \cosh(e + fx)}{c + dx} + \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{c + dx} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{a^2 \log(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{2ab \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{2ab \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d} + \\ & \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{b^2 \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{2d} + \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{2d} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x),x]`

```
output (2*a*b*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d + (b^2*Cosh[2*e -
(2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(2*d) + (a^2*Log[c + d*x])/d +
(b^2*Log[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (2*a*b*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d
+ f*x])/d + (b^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/(2
*d)
```

3.165.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

3.165.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
risch	$-\frac{abe^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{abe^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{2d} + \frac{a^2 \ln(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{b^2 e^{\frac{2cf-2de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\frac{2fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}}{d}\right)}{4d}$

```
input int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a*b/d*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-a*b/d*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei
(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)+1/2*b^2*ln(d*x+c)/d+a^2*ln(d*x+c)/d-1/4*b^2/d*exp(2
*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,2*f*x+2*e+2*(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*b^2/d*exp(-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*
Ei(1,-2*f*x-2*e-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)
```


3.165.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(ab \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) + ab \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{de-cf}{d}\right) + \left(b^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right) + b^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right) \right) \cosh\left(-\frac{2(de-cf)}{d}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*(4*(a*b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + a*b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + (b^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + b^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*log(d*x + c) - 4*(a*b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - a*b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - (b^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - b^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/d`**3.165.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c),x)`output `Integral((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))**2/(c + d*x), x)`**3.165.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} b^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 \log(dx + c)}{d} \right)$$

$$- ab \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_1\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) + \frac{a^2 \log(dx + c)}{d}$$

3.165. $\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{c+dx} dx$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*b^2*(e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*log(d*x + c)/d) - a*b*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(1, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d) + a^2*log(d*x + c)/d`

3.165.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right) e^{2e-\frac{2cf}{d}} + 4ab \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{e-\frac{cf}{d}} + 4ab \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right) e^{(-e+\frac{cf}{d})} + b^2 \operatorname{Ei}\left(-\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right) e^{(-2e+\frac{2cf}{d})}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(b^2*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d) + 4*a*b*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(e - c*f/d) + 4*a*b*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-e + c*f/d) + b^2*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d) + 4*a^2*log(d*x + c) + 2*b^2*log(d*x + c))/d`

3.165.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x), x)`

3.166 $\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

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3.166.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1070
3.166.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1071

3.166.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{2ab \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2 f \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2abf \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2abf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 f \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^2}$$

output

```
-a^2/d/(d*x+c)-2*a*b*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)-b^2*cosh(f*x+e)^2/d/(d*x+c)+2*a
*b*f*cosh(-e+c*f/d)*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)/d^2+b^2*f*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*Shi(2*c*f/
d+2*f*x)/d^2-b^2*f*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d^2-2*a*b*f*Chi(c
*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^2
```

3.166.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2a^2d - b^2d - 4abd \cosh(e + fx) - b^2d \cosh(2(e + fx)) + 2b^2f(c + dx) \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) + \dots}{(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2a^2d - b^2d - 4a*b*d*\operatorname{Cosh}[e + f*x] - b^2d*\operatorname{Cosh}[2*(e + f*x)] + 2b^2f*(c + d*x)*\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d]*\operatorname{Sinh}[2*e - (2*c*f)/d] + 4a*b*f*(c + d*x)*\operatorname{CoshIntegral}[f*(c/d + x)]*\operatorname{Sinh}[e - (c*f)/d] + 4a*b*c*f*\operatorname{Cosh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[f*(c/d + x)] + 4a*b*d*f*x*\operatorname{Cosh}[e - (c*f)/d]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[f*(c/d + x)] + 2b^2*c*f*\operatorname{Cosh}[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2b^2*d*f*x*\operatorname{Cosh}[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*\operatorname{SinhIntegral}[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*d^2*(c + d*x))$$
3.166.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2}{(c + dx)^2} + \frac{2ab \cosh(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{(c + dx)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-\frac{a^2}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{2abf \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2abf \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2ab \cosh(e+fx)}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2 f \operatorname{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 f \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e+fx)}{d(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(a^2/(d*(c + d*x))) - (2*a*b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(d*(c + d*x)) - (b^2*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(d*(c + d*x)) + (b^2*f*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x]*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d])/d^2 + (2*a*b*f*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x]*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d])/d^2 + (2*a*b*f*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d^2 + (b^2*f*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/d^2`

3.166.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.166.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
risch	$-\frac{fabe^{-fx-e}}{d(dx+cf)} + \frac{fabe^{\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(fx+e+\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{fabe^{fx+e}}{d^2\left(\frac{cf}{d}+fx\right)} - \frac{fabe^{-\frac{cf-de}{d}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-fx-e-\frac{cf-de}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{a^2}{d(dx+c)} - \frac{b^2}{2(dx+c)}$

3.166. $\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-f*a*b*exp(-f*x-e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+f*a*b/d^2*exp((c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,f*x+e+(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/d^2*f*a*b*exp(f*x+e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/d^2*f*a*b*exp(-(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-f*x-e-(c*f-d*e)/d)-a^2/d/(d*x+c)-1/2*b^2/(d*x+c)/d-1/4*f*b^2*exp(-2*f*x-2*e)/d/(d*f*x+c*f)+1/2*f*b^2/d^2*exp(2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,2*f*x+2*e+2*(c*f-d*e)/d)-1/4*f*b^2/d^2*exp(2*f*x+2*e)/(c*f/d+f*x)-1/2*f*b^2/d^2*exp(-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)*Ei(1,-2*f*x-2*e-2*(c*f-d*e)/d)`

3.166.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{b^2 d \cosh^2(fx + e) + b^2 d \sinh^2(fx + e) + 4abd \cosh(fx + e) + (2a^2 + b^2)d - 2((abdfx + abc f)Ei(\frac{dfx}{c} + \frac{e}{d}) - (abdfx - abc f)Ei(\frac{dfx}{c} - \frac{e}{d}))}{(d^3 x + c d^2)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + b^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) + (2*a^2 + b^2)*d - 2*((a*b*d*f*x + a*b*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*b*d*f*x + a*b*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - ((b^2*d*f*x + b^2*c*f)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b^2*d*f*x + b^2*c*f)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*((a*b*d*f*x + a*b*c*f)*Ei((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a*b*d*f*x + a*b*c*f)*Ei(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + ((b^2*d*f*x + b^2*c*f)*Ei(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (b^2*d*f*x + b^2*c*f)*Ei(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^3*x + c*d^2)`

3.166.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))**2/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

3.166. $\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

3.166.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} b^2 \left(\frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{2}{d^2x + cd} \right)$$

$$- ab \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_2\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)d} \right) - \frac{a^2}{d^2x + cd}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*b^2*(e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + 2/(d^2*x + c*d) - a*b*(e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d) + e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(2, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)*d)) - a^2/(d^2*x + c*d)`

3.166.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1135 vs. 2(186) = 372.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1135, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.20

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4} * (2 * (d * x + c) * b^2 * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) * f^2 * \text{Ei}(2 * ((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{(2 * (d * e - c * f) / d)} - 2 * b^2 * d * e * f^2 * \text{Ei}(2 * ((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{(2 * (d * e - c * f) / d)} + 2 * b^2 * c * f^3 * \text{Ei}(2 * ((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{(2 * (d * e - c * f) / d)} + 4 * (d * x + c) * a * b * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) * f^2 * \text{Ei}(((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{((d * e - c * f) / d)} - 4 * a * b * d * e * f^2 * \text{Ei}(((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{((d * e - c * f) / d)} + 4 * a * b * c * f^3 * \text{Ei}(((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{((d * e - c * f) / d)} - 4 * (d * x + c) * a * b * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) * f^2 * \text{Ei}(-((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{-((d * e - c * f) / d)} + 4 * a * b * d * e * f^2 * \text{Ei}(-((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{-((d * e - c * f) / d)} - 4 * a * b * c * f^3 * \text{Ei}(-((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{-((d * e - c * f) / d)} - 2 * (d * x + c) * b^2 * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) * f^2 * \text{Ei}(-2 * ((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{-2 * (d * e - c * f) / d)} + 2 * b^2 * d * e * f^2 * \text{Ei}(-2 * ((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{-2 * (d * e - c * f) / d} - 2 * b^2 * c * f^3 * \text{Ei}(-2 * ((d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) - d * e + c * f) / d) * e^{-2 * (d * e - c * f) / d} - b^2 * d * f^2 * e^{(2 * (d * x + c) * (d * e / (d * x + c) - c * f / (d * x + c) + f) / d)} - 4 * a * b * d * f^2 * \dots$

3.166.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

3.167 $\int \frac{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

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3.167.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{ab \cosh(e + fx)}{d(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e + fx)}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{abf^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 f^2 \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^3} - \frac{abf \sinh(e + fx)}{d^2(c + dx)} - \frac{b^2 f \cosh(e + fx) \sinh(e + fx)}{d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{abf^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{cf}{d} + fx\right)}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 f^2 \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \text{Shi}\left(\frac{2cf}{d} + 2fx\right)}{d^3}$$

```
output -1/2*a^2/d/(d*x+c)^2+b^2*f^2*Chi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*cosh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d^3+a*b
*f^2*Chi(c*f/d+f*x)*cosh(-e+c*f/d)/d^3-a*b*cosh(f*x+e)/d/(d*x+c)^2-1/2*b^2
*cosh(f*x+e)^2/d/(d*x+c)^2-b^2*f^2*Shi(2*c*f/d+2*f*x)*sinh(-2*e+2*c*f/d)/d
^3-a*b*f^2*Shi(c*f/d+f*x)*sinh(-e+c*f/d)/d^3-a*b*f*sinh(f*x+e)/d^2/(d*x+c)
-b^2*f*cosh(f*x+e)*sinh(f*x+e)/d^2/(d*x+c)
```

3.167.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2a^2d^2 + b^2d^2 + 4abd^2 \cosh(e + fx) + b^2d^2 \cosh(2(e + fx)) - 4abf^2(c + dx)^2 \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \text{Chi}\left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right)\right)}{d^3(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/4*(2*a^2*d^2 + b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d^2*Cosh[e + f*x] + b^2*d^2*Cosh[2*(e + f*x)] - 4*a*b*f^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] \\ & - 4*b^2*f^2*(c + d*x)^2*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 4*a*b*c*d*f*Sinh[e + f*x] + 4*a*b*d^2*f*x*Sinh[e + f*x] + 2*b^2*c*d*f*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] \\ & + 2*b^2*d^2*f*x*Sinh[2*(e + f*x)] - 4*a*b*c^2*f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] - 8*a*b*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] \\ & - 4*a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[f*(c/d + x)] - 4*b^2*c^2*f^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] \\ & - 8*b^2*c*d*f^2*x*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d] - 4*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(d^3*(c + d*x)^2) \end{aligned}$$
3.167.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2}{(c+dx)^3} + \frac{2ab \cosh(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e+fx)}{(c+dx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2}{2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{abf^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{abf^2 \sinh\left(e - \frac{cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(xf + \frac{cf}{d}\right)}{d^3} -$$

$$\frac{abf \sinh(e+fx)}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{ab \cosh(e+fx)}{d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 f^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \cosh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^3} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 f^2 \sinh\left(2e - \frac{2cf}{d}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(2xf + \frac{2cf}{d}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 f \sinh(e+fx) \cosh(e+fx)}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{b^2 \cosh^2(e+fx)}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*a^2/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*Cosh[e + f*x])/(d*(c + d*x)^2) - (b^2*Cosh[e + f*x]^2)/(2*d*(c + d*x)^2) + (a*b*f^2*Cosh[e - (c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d^3 + (b^2*f^2*Cosh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*CoshIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/d^3 - (a*b*f*Sinh[e + f*x])/(d^2*(c + d*x)) - (b^2*f*Cosh[e + f*x]*Sinh[e + f*x])/(d^2*(c + d*x)) + (a*b*f^2*Sinh[e - (c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(c*f)/d + f*x])/d^3 + (b^2*f^2*Sinh[2*e - (2*c*f)/d]*SinhIntegral[(2*c*f)/d + 2*f*x])/d^3`

3.167.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sinh[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.167.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 625 vs. $2(242) = 484$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 626, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

method	result
risch	$\frac{f^3 a b e^{-f x - e} x}{2d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} + \frac{f^3 a b e^{-f x - e} c}{2d^2(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a b e^{-f x - e}}{2d(d^2 x^2 f^2 + 2cd f^2 x + c^2 f^2)} - \frac{f^2 a b e^{\frac{cf - de}{d}} \text{Ei}_1\left(fx + e + \frac{cf - de}{d}\right)}{2d^3}$

input `int((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} f^3 a b \exp(-f x - e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) x + \frac{1}{2} f^3 a b \exp(-f x - e) / d^2 / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) * c - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a b \exp(-f x - e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 a b / d^3 \exp((c f - d e) / d) * \text{Ei}(1, f x + e + (c f - d e) / d) - \frac{1}{2} / d^3 f^2 a b \exp(f x + e) / (c f / d + f x)^2 - \frac{1}{2} / d^3 f^2 a b \exp(f x + e) / (c f / d + f x) - \frac{1}{2} / d^3 f^2 a b \exp(-(c f - d e) / d) * \text{Ei}(1, -f x - e - (c f - d e) / d) - \frac{1}{2} a^2 / d / (d x + c)^2 - \frac{1}{4} b^2 / (d x + c)^2 / d + \frac{1}{4} f^3 b^2 \exp(-2 f x - 2 e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) x + \frac{1}{4} f^3 b^2 \exp(-2 f x - 2 e) / d^2 / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) * c - \frac{1}{8} f^2 b^2 \exp(-2 f x - 2 e) / d / (d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 c d f^2 x + c^2 f^2) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 b^2 / d^3 \exp(2 * (c f - d e) / d) * \text{Ei}(1, 2 f x + 2 e + 2 * (c f - d e) / d) - \frac{1}{8} f^2 b^2 / d^3 \exp(2 f x + 2 e) / (c f / d + f x)^2 - \frac{1}{4} f^2 b^2 / d^3 \exp(2 f x + 2 e) / (c f / d + f x) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 b^2 / d^3 \exp(-2 * (c f - d e) / d) * \text{Ei}(1, -2 f x - 2 e - 2 * (c f - d e) / d) \end{aligned}$$
3.167.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 586 vs. $2(242) = 484$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 586, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + f x))^2}{(c + d x)^3} dx = \frac{b^2 d^2 \cosh(f x + e)^2 + b^2 d^2 \sinh(f x + e)^2 + 4 a b d^2 \cosh(f x + e) + (2 a^2 + b^2) d^2 - 2((a b d^2 f^2 x^2 + 2 a b c d f x + a^2 c + b^2 c^2))}{(c + d x)^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/4*(b^2*d^2*\cosh(f*x + e)^2 + b^2*d^2*\sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 4*a*b*d^2*\cosh(f*x + e) \\
& + (2*a^2 + b^2)*d^2 - 2*((a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2)*\text{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2)*\text{Ei}(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\cosh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) - 2*((b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + b^2*c^2*f^2)*\text{Ei}(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + (b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + b^2*c^2*f^2)*\text{Ei}(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\cosh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d) + 4*(a*b*d^2*f*x + a*b*c*d*f + (b^2*d^2*f*x + b^2*c*d*f)*\cosh(f*x + e))*\sinh(f*x + e) + 2*((a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2)*\text{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f^2*x + a*b*c^2*f^2)*\text{Ei}(-(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\sinh(-(d*e - c*f)/d) + 2*((b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + b^2*c^2*f^2)*\text{Ei}(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f^2*x + b^2*c^2*f^2)*\text{Ei}(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d))*\sinh(-2*(d*e - c*f)/d))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)
\end{aligned}$$

3.167.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))**2/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

3.167.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\
& = -\frac{1}{4} b^2 \left(\frac{1}{d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d} + \frac{e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right) \\
& - ab \left(\frac{e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_3\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{(dx+c)^2 d} \right) - \frac{a^2}{2(d^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 x + c^2 d)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/4*b^2*(1/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d) + e^{(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*\exp_integral_e} \\ & 1_e(3, 2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^{(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*\exp_integral_e} \\ & (3, -2*(d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)) - a*b*(e^{(-e + c*f/d)*\exp_integral_e} \\ & e(3, (d*x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d) + e^{(e - c*f/d)*\exp_integral_e}(3, -(d* \\ & x + c)*f/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d)) - 1/2*a^2/(d^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x + c^2*d) \end{aligned}$$

3.167.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 678 vs. $2(242) = 484$.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^2d^2f^2x^2\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2(dfx+cf)}{d}\right)e^{(2e-\frac{2cf}{d})} + 4abd^2f^2x^2\text{Ei}\left(\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)e^{(e-\frac{cf}{d})} + 4abd^2f^2x^2\text{Ei}\left(-\frac{dfx+cf}{d}\right)e^{(-e+\frac{cf}{d})} + 4a^2d^2}{(d^5x^2 + 2cd^4x + c^2d^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/8*(4*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*\text{Ei}(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(2*e - 2*c*f/d)} + 4*a*b*d^2 \\ & *f^2*x^2*\text{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(e - c*f/d)} + 4*a*b*d^2*f^2*x^2*\text{Ei}(-(d*f*x \\ & + c*f)/d)*e^{(-e + c*f/d)} + 4*b^2*d^2*f^2*x^2*\text{Ei}(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-2* \\ & e + 2*c*f/d)} + 8*b^2*c*d*f^2*x*\text{Ei}(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(2*e - 2*c*f/d)} + 8 \\ & *a*b*c*d*f^2*x*\text{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(e - c*f/d)} + 8*a*b*c*d*f^2*x*\text{Ei}(-(d* \\ & f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-e + c*f/d)} + 8*b^2*c*d*f^2*x*\text{Ei}(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(- \\ & 2*e + 2*c*f/d)} + 4*b^2*c^2*f^2*\text{Ei}(2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(2*e - 2*c*f/d)} + 4 \\ & *a*b*c^2*f^2*\text{Ei}((d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(e - c*f/d)} + 4*a*b*c^2*f^2*\text{Ei}(-(d*f*x \\ & + c*f)/d)*e^{(-e + c*f/d)} + 4*b^2*c^2*f^2*\text{Ei}(-2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*e^{(-2*e + \\ & 2*c*f/d)} - 2*b^2*d^2*f*x*e^{(2*f*x + 2*e)} - 4*a*b*d^2*f*x*e^{(f*x + e)} + 4*a \\ & *b*d^2*f*x*e^{(-f*x - e)} + 2*b^2*d^2*f*x*e^{(-2*f*x - 2*e)} - 2*b^2*c*d*f*e^{(\\ & 2*f*x + 2*e)} - 4*a*b*c*d*f*e^{(f*x + e)} + 4*a*b*c*d*f*e^{(-f*x - e)} + 2*b^2* \\ & c*d*f*e^{(-2*f*x - 2*e)} - b^2*d^2*e^{(2*f*x + 2*e)} - 4*a*b*d^2*e^{(f*x + e)} - \\ & 4*a*b*d^2*e^{(-f*x - e)} - b^2*d^2*e^{(-2*f*x - 2*e)} - 4*a^2*d^2 - 2*b^2*d^2 \\ &)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.167.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

3.168 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

3.168.1 Optimal result	1079
3.168.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1080
3.168.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1080
3.168.4 Maple [F]	1085
3.168.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1085
3.168.6 Sympy [F]	1086
3.168.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	1087
3.168.8 Giac [F]	1087
3.168.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1087

3.168.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 436

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2} - \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2} - \frac{6d^2(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^3} + \frac{6d^2(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^3} + \frac{6d^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^4} - \frac{6d^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^4}$$

output $(d*x+c)^3*\ln(1+b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-(d*x+c)^3*\ln(1+b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+3*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-3*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-6*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^3/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+6*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^3/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+6*d^3*polylog(4,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^4/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-6*d^3*polylog(4,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^4/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)$

3.168.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) - (c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) + \frac{3d\left(f^2(c+dx)^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{be^{e+fx}}{-a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) - 2df(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)\right)}{f^3}}{f^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output $((c + d*x)^3*\text{Log}[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - \text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])] - (c + d*x)^3*\text{Log}[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + \text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])] + (3*d*(f^2*(c + d*x)^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + \text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])] - 2*d*f*(c + d*x)*\text{PolyLog}[3, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + \text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])] + 2*d^2*\text{PolyLog}[4, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + \text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])])]/f^3 - (3*d*(f^2*(c + d*x)^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + \text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])] - 2*d*f*(c + d*x)*\text{PolyLog}[3, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + \text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])] + 2*d^2*\text{PolyLog}[4, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + \text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])])]/f^3)/(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2]*f)$

3.168.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.168. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \sin\left(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3801} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2e^{e+fx}a+be^{2(e+fx)}+b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left((c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) \right)}{bf} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.168. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} b \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}$$

↓ 2720

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} b \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `2*((b*(((c + d*x)^3*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (3*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))])/f) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))])/f - (d*PolyLog[4, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))])/f^2))/f)/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*(((c + d*x)^3*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (3*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))])/f) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))])/f - (d*PolyLog[4, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))])/f^2))/f)/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))`

3.168.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`
- rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3801 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi))))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 7143 Int [PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp [PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

```
rule 7163 Int [((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol]
:= Simp [(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp [f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int [(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x]
&& GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.168.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{a + b \cosh(fx + e)} dx$$

```
input int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

```
output int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

3.168.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1042 vs. 2(394) = 788.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1042, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```

output (6*b*d^3*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(4, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x +
e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) - 6*b*
d^3*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(4, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) -
(b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) + 3*(b*d^3*
f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + b*c^2*d*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*c
osh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt(
(a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) - 3*(b*d^3*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d^2*f^2*x + b*c^2*
d*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (
b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) + (b*
d^3*e^3 - 3*b*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*b*c^2*d*e*f^2 - b*c^3*f^3)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/
b^2)*log(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)
+ 2*a) - (b*d^3*e^3 - 3*b*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*b*c^2*d*e*f^2 - b*c^3*f^3)*sqrt
((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) - 2*b*sqrt((a^
2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a) + (b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*f^3*
x + b*d^3*e^3 - 3*b*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*b*c^2*d*e*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*l
og((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e)
)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) - (b*d^3*f^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2 + 3*b
*c^2*d*f^3*x + b*d^3*e^3 - 3*b*c*d^2*e^2*f + 3*b*c^2*d*e*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 -
b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*si
nh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) - 6*(b*d^3*f*x + b*c*d^2*f)*...

```

3.168.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

```
output Integral((c + d*x)**3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)
```

3.168.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.168.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((d*x + c)^3/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)
```

3.168.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

```
input int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)),x)
```

```
output int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)
```


3.169 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

3.169.1 Optimal result	1088
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3.169.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 320

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f} + \frac{2d(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2} - \frac{2d(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^2} - \frac{2d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^3} + \frac{2d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}f^3}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+2*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-2*d*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-2*d^2*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^3/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+2*d^2*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^3/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)
```

3.169.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) - (c + dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) + \frac{2d\left(f(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{be^{e+fx}}{-a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) - d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{be^{e+fx}}{-a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)\right)}{f^2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} f}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output

```
((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] - (c + d*x)^2*
Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] + (2*d*(f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog
[2, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] - d*PolyLog[3, (b*E^(e + f*x))
/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])]))/f^2 - (2*d*(f*(c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e +
f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))] - d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a
^2 - b^2])])))/f^2)/(Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*f)
```

3.169.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3801}$$

$$2 \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c + dx)^2}{2e^{e+fx}a + be^{2(e+fx)} + b} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2694}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.169. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `2*((b*((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))]/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))]/f^2))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))]/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))]/f^2))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])`

3.169.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
  Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
  ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
  [{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*x))
  *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
  *(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
  b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
  m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
  , f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
  Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3801 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Comple
  x[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e
  + f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)
  *e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
  , d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
  ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
  , e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.169.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{a + b \cosh(fx + e)} dx$$

```
input int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

```
output int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

3.169.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 736 vs. $2(288) = 576$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 736, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{2bd^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 - b^2}{b^2}} \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -\frac{a \cosh(fx+e) + a \sinh(fx+e) + (b \cosh(fx+e) + b \sinh(fx+e)) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 - b^2}{b^2}}}{b}\right) - 2bd^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 - b^2}{b^2}} \operatorname{polylog}\left(\dots\right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -(2*b*d^2*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(3, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) - 2*b*d^2*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(3, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) - 2*(b*d^2*f*x + b*c*d*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) + 2*(b*d^2*f*x + b*c*d*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) + (b*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c*d*e*f + b*c^2*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a) - (b*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c*d*e*f + b*c^2*f^2)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) - 2*b*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a) - (b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x - b*d^2*e^2 + 2*b*c*d*e*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) + (b*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^2*x - b*d^2*e^2 + 2*b*c*d*e*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b))/((a^2 - b^2)*f^3)
```

3.169.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

3.169. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

output `Integral((c + d*x)**2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

3.169.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.169.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

3.169.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

3.169. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

3.170 $\int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$

3.170.1 Optimal result	1095
3.170.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1095
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3.170.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1101

3.170.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{(c + dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} f} - \frac{(c + dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} f} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} f^2} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} f^2}$$

```
output (d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-(d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+d*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-d*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)
```

3.170.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \frac{f(c + dx) \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) \right) + d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{be^{e+fx}}{-a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) - d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} f^2}$$

```
input Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]
```


output $(f*(c + d*x)*(Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]) - Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]) + d*PolyLog[2, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] - d*PolyLog[2, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])])/(Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*f^2)$

3.170.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \sin\left(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3801} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c + dx)}{2e^{e+fx}a + be^{2(e+fx)} + b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

↓ 2715

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

↓ 2838

$$2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `2*((b*(((c + d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))])/(b*f^2)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*(((c + d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))])/(b*f^2)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])`

3.170.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3801 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi))))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.170.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 436 vs. $2(183) = 366$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

method	result
risch	$\frac{2c \arctan\left(\frac{2b e^{fx+e} + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{f\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{-b e^{fx+e} + \sqrt{a^2-b^2} - a}{-a + \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) x}{f\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{b e^{fx+e} + \sqrt{a^2-b^2} + a}{a + \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) x}{f\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} + \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{-b e^{fx+e} + \sqrt{a^2-b^2} - a}{-a + \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) e}{f^2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} -$

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/f*c/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(1/2*(2*b*\exp(f*x+e)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)})+ \\ & /f*d/(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((-b*\exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)})) \\ & *x-1/f*d/(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((b*\exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)})) \\ & *x+1/f^2*d/(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((-b*\exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)})) \\ & *e-1/f^2*d/(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((b*\exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)})) \\ & *e+1/f^2*d/(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}*dilog((-b*\exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)})) \\ & -1/f^2*d/(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}*dilog((b*\exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)})) \\ & -2/f^2*d*e/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(1/2*(2*b*\exp(f*x+e)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

3.170.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 473 vs. $2(181) = 362$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bd\sqrt{\frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2}} \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{a \cosh(fx+e) + a \sinh(fx+e) + (b \cosh(fx+e) + b \sinh(fx+e))\sqrt{\frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2}} + b}{b} + 1\right) - bd\sqrt{\frac{a^2-b^2}{b^2}} \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{a \cosh(fx+e)}{b}\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output (b*d*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*
cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) - b*d*s
qrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f
*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) + (b*d*e - b*
c*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log(2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) + 2*b
*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a) - (b*d*e - b*c*f)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log(
2*b*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*b*sinh(f*x + e) - 2*b*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + 2*a) +
(b*d*f*x + b*d*e)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x
+ e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b)
- (b*d*f*x + b*d*e)*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*
x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b)
)/((a^2 - b^2)*f^2)
```

3.170.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

```
output Integral((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)
```

3.170.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.170.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`

3.170.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.171} \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

3.171.1 Optimal result	1102
3.171.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1102
3.171.3 Rubi [N/A]	1103
3.171.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1104
3.171.5 Fricas [N/A]	1104
3.171.6 Sympy [N/A]	1104
3.171.7 Maxima [N/A]	1105
3.171.8 Giac [N/A]	1105
3.171.9 Mupad [N/A]	1105

3.171.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

3.171.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

3.171.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.171.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.171.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(a + b \cosh(fx + e))} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`**3.171.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a*d*x + a*c + (b*d*x + b*c)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`**3.171.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 6.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `Integral(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)), x)`

3.171.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(b\cosh(fx+e)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`**3.171.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(b\cosh(fx+e)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`**3.171.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\cosh(e+fx))(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.172} \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

3.172.1 Optimal result	1106
3.172.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1106
3.172.3 Rubi [N/A]	1107
3.172.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1108
3.172.5 Fricas [N/A]	1108
3.172.6 Sympy [N/A]	1108
3.172.7 Maxima [N/A]	1109
3.172.8 Giac [N/A]	1109
3.172.9 Mupad [N/A]	1109

3.172.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

3.172.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])), x]`

3.172.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.172.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.172.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (a + b \cosh(fx + e))} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`**3.172.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + (b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`**3.172.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 37.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx)) (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `Integral(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)**2), x)`

3.172.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(b\cosh(fx+e)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`**3.172.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(b\cosh(fx+e)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)), x)`**3.172.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b\cosh(e+fx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\cosh(e+fx))(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.173} \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

3.173.1 Optimal result	1111
3.173.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	1112
3.173.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1112
3.173.4 Maple [F]	1122
3.173.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1122
3.173.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	1123
3.173.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	1123
3.173.8 Giac [F]	1123
3.173.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1124

3.173.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 823

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = & -\frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a^2-b^2)f} + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^2} \\
& + \frac{a(c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f} \\
& + \frac{3d(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^2} \\
& - \frac{a(c+dx)^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f} \\
& + \frac{6d^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^3} \\
& + \frac{3ad(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^2} \\
& + \frac{6d^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^3} \\
& - \frac{3ad(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^2} \\
& - \frac{6d^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^4} \\
& - \frac{6ad^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^3} \\
& - \frac{6d^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^4} \\
& + \frac{6ad^2(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^3} \\
& + \frac{6ad^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^4} \\
& - \frac{6ad^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^4} \\
& - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{(a^2-b^2)f(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}
\end{aligned}$$

3.173. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

output

```

-(d*x+c)^3/(a^2-b^2)/f+3*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2))
)/(a^2-b^2)/f^2+a*(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^
2)^(3/2)/f+3*d*(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/
f^2-a*(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f+6
*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/f^3+3*
a*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)
/f^2+6*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/
f^3-3*a*d*(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)
^(3/2)/f^2-6*d^3*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/f^
4-6*a*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(
3/2)/f^3-6*d^3*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)/f^4+
6*a*d^2*(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/
2)/f^3+6*a*d^3*polylog(4,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)
)/f^4-6*a*d^3*polylog(4,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)
)/f^4-b*(d*x+c)^3*sinh(f*x+e)/(a^2-b^2)/f/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))

```

3.173.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11178 vs. $2(823) = 1646$.

Time = 13.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11178, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.58

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.173.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 4.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.850$, Rules used = {3042, 3805, 26, 3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 6096, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.173. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3805} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3ibd \int -\frac{i(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3801} \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2e^{e+fx}a+be^{2(e+fx)}+b} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^3}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2620}
\end{aligned}$$

3.173. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \int (c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 3011

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3bd \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 6096

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3bd \left(\int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx + \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3bd} \right)}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2620

3.173. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$3bd \left(-\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} \right)$$

$$\frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 3011

$$3bd \left(-\frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)$$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2720

$$3bd \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right) - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} \right)}{bf}$$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} + 1 \right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) - \frac{f(a^2-b^2)}{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{bf} \right)}$$

$$\frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 7143

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} + 1 \right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{2d \int (c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{bf} \right)}{f(a^2-b^2)}$$

$$3bd \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right) - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf}$$

$$\frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 7163

3.173. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b}{2a} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right) \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2720}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b}{2a} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} - \frac{d f e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \dots\right)}{f} \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right) \\
 & \left. \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \right) \frac{1}{f(a^2-b^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 3bd \left(\frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right) \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^3 \log \left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} + 1 \right)}{bf} - \frac{3d \left(\frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} - \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(4, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f^2} \right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{f} \right)}{2a \sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \\
 & \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`


```
output (3*b*d*(-1/3*(c + d*x)^3/(b*d) + ((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a -
  Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) + ((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt
  [a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a
  - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 -
  b^2]])))/f^2))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a
  + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2
  - b^2]])))/f^2))/(b*f)))/((a^2 - b^2)*f) + (2*a*((b*(((c + d*x)^3*Log[1 +
  (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (3*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyL
  og[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/f) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*Pol
  yLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/f - (d*PolyLog[4, -((b*
  E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/f^2))/f))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]
  ) - (b*(((c + d*x)^3*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f)
  - (3*d*(-(((c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]
  )))/f) + (2*d*(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2
  ])))/f - (d*PolyLog[4, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/f^2))/f
  ))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*(c + d*x)^3*Sinh[e + f*x
  ])/((a^2 - b^2)*f*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]))
```

3.173.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
  nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
  tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/
  ((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp
  [((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
  mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
  )))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2694 Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)
  *(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int
  [(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)
  ^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[
  v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*x)] *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3801 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3805 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + (Simp[a/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6096 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sinh[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]/(Cosh[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.173.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.173.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7116 vs. 2(761) = 1522.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7116, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.65

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Too large to include`

3.173.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.173.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.173.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

3.173.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`output `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

$$3.174 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

3.174.1 Optimal result	1126
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3.174.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1137

3.174.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 593

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = & -\frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2)f} + \frac{2d(c+dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^2} \\
& + \frac{a(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f} \\
& + \frac{2d(c+dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^2} \\
& - \frac{a(c+dx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f} \\
& + \frac{2d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^3} \\
& + \frac{2ad(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^2} \\
& + \frac{2d^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)f^3} \\
& - \frac{2ad(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^2} \\
& - \frac{2ad^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^3} \\
& + \frac{2ad^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}f^3} \\
& - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{(a^2-b^2)f(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}
\end{aligned}$$

output $-(d*x+c)^2/(a^2-b^2)/f+2*d*(d*x+c)*\ln(1+b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/$
 $(a^2-b^2)/f^2+a*(d*x+c)^2*\ln(1+b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(a^2-b^2)$
 $^{(3/2)}/f+2*d*(d*x+c)*\ln(1+b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(a^2-b^2)/f^2-$
 $a*(d*x+c)^2*\ln(1+b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(a^2-b^2)^{(3/2)}/f+2*d^2$
 $*\text{polylog}(2,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(a^2-b^2)/f^3+2*a*d*(d*x+c)*$
 $\text{polylog}(2,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(a^2-b^2)^{(3/2)}/f^2+2*d^2*\text{pol}$
 $\text{ylog}(2,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(a^2-b^2)/f^3-2*a*d*(d*x+c)*\text{poly}$
 $\text{log}(2,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(a^2-b^2)^{(3/2)}/f^2-2*a*d^2*\text{polyl}$
 $\text{og}(3,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(a^2-b^2)^{(3/2)}/f^3+2*a*d^2*\text{polylo}$
 $\text{g}(3,-b*\exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(a^2-b^2)^{(3/2)}/f^3-b*(d*x+c)^2*\text{sin}$
 $\text{h}(f*x+e)/(a^2-b^2)/f/(a+b*\cosh(f*x+e))$

3.174.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2814 vs. $2(593) = 1186$.

Time = 10.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2814, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output

```

-((4*(a^2 - b^2)^2*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f^2*x + 2*(a^2 - b^2)^2
*d^2*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f^2*x^2 + 4*a^3*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Sqrt[-(a^
2 - b^2)^2]*c*d*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)]*f*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqr
t[-a^2 + b^2]] - 4*a*b^2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]*Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^2]*c*d*Sqrt[(a^
2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)]*f*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]] + (4*a*b^
2*(a^2 - b^2)^(3/2)*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e +
f*x))/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]])/Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^2] + (4*a^3*Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^
2]*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[-a^2
+ b^2]])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2] - 4*a*(a^2 - b^2)^(5/2)*c*d*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2
*e)]*f*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] - 4*a*(a^2 - b^2)^(3/2
)*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 -
b^2]] + 2*a*(a^2 - b^2)^(5/2)*c^2*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)]*f^2*ArcTanh[(
a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] + 2*a*(a^2 - b^2)^(3/2)*c^2*((a^2 - b^
2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f^2*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] - 2*(a^
2 - b^2)^3*c*d*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)]*f*Log[b + 2*a*E^(e + f*x) + b*E^(
2*(e + f*x))] - 2*(a^2 - b^2)^2*c*d*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*Log[b +
2*a*E^(e + f*x) + b*E^(2*(e + f*x))] - 2*(a^2 - b^2)^3*d^2*Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2
)*E^(2*e)]*f*x*Log[1 + (b*E^(2*e + f*x))/(a*E^e - Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)
])] - 2*(a^2 - b^2)^2*d^2*((a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e))^(3/2)*f*x*Log[1 + (b*E^(2*
e + f*x))/(a*E^e - Sqrt[(a^2 - b^2)*E^(2*e)])] - 2*a*(a^2 - b^2)^3*c*d*...

```

3.174.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {3042, 3805, 26, 3042, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 2720, 6096, 2620, 2715, 2838, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3805} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{2ibd \int -\frac{i(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 3801 \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2e^{e+fx}a+be^{2(e+fx)}+b} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 2694 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)^2}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 2620 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \int (c+dx) \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}}{a^2 - b^2} \\
& \quad \frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 3011
\end{aligned}$$

3.174. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) dx}{f} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} \right)}{a^2-b^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2720

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}\right)}{bf} \right)}{a^2-b^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2bd \int \frac{(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 6096

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}\right)}{bf} \right)}{a^2-b^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2bd \left(\int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx + \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2bd} \right)}{f(a^2-b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2620

3.174. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf}}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) - \frac{b \left((c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}$$

$$2bd \left(-\frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2bd} \right)$$

$$\frac{f(a^2-b^2) b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2715

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf}}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) - \frac{b \left((c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}$$

$$2bd \left(-\frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{bf} \right)$$

$$\frac{f(a^2-b^2) b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 2838

3.174. $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d f e^{-e-fx} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right) de^{e+fx}}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf}}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$2bd \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2bd} \right)$$

$$\frac{f(a^2-b^2) b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

↓ 7143

$$2bd \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2bd} \right)$$

$$2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf}}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right) - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{(c+dx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f} \right)}{bf}}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{b(c+dx)^2 \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \quad a^2-b^2$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

```
output (2*b*d*(-1/2*(c + d*x)^2/(b*d) + ((c + d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) + ((c + d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/(b*f^2) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/(b*f^2)))/((a^2 - b^2)*f) + (2*a*((b*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/f^2))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*(((c + d*x)^2*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]))/(b*f) - (2*d*(-(((c + d*x)*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))/f) + (d*PolyLog[3, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]))]/f^2))/(b*f)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])))/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*(c + d*x)^2*Sinh[e + f*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*f*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]))
```

3.174.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2694 Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n/(b*c*n*Log[F])]), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3801 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3805 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + (Simp[a/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 6096 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_))*Sinh[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/(Cosh[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int [PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp [PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

3.174.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.174.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4105 vs. 2(547) = 1094.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4105, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.92

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(2*(a^2*b - b^3)*d^2*e^2 - 4*(a^2*b - b^3)*c*d*e*f + 2*(a^2*b - b^3)*c^2*f^2 - 2*((a^2*b - b^3)*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b - b^3)*c*d*f^2*x - (a^2*b - b^3)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(a^2*b - b^3)*c*d*e*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 - 2*((a^2*b - b^3)*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b - b^3)*c*d*f^2*x - (a^2*b - b^3)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(a^2*b - b^3)*c*d*e*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - 2*(a*b^2*d^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2*d^2*2*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2*b*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a*b^2*d^2 + 2*(a*b^2*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*b*d^2)*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(3, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) + 2*(a*b^2*d^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2*d^2*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2*b*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a*b^2*d^2 + 2*(a*b^2*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*b*d^2)*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*polylog(3, -(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2))/b) - 2*((a^3 - a*b^2)*d^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*(a^3 - a*b^2)*c*d*f^2*x - 2*(a^3 - a*b^2)*d^2*e^2 + 4*(a^3 - a*b^2)*c*d*e*f - (a^3 - a*b^2)*c^2*f^2)*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*((a^2*b - b^3)*d^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + (a^2*b - b^3)*d^2*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^3 - a*b^2)*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + (a^2*b - b^3)*d^2 + 2*((a^2*b - b^3)*d^2*cosh(f*x + e) + (a^3 - a*b^2)*d^2)*sinh(f*x + e) + (a*b^2*d^2*f*x + a*b^2*c*d*f + (a*b^2*d^2*f*x + a*b^2*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b^2*d^2*f*x + a*b^2*c*d*f)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^2*b*d^2*f*x + a^2*b*c*d*f)*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(a^2*b*d^2*f*x + a^2*b*c*d*f + (a*b^2*...
```

3.174.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.174.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.174.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

3.174.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

3.175 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

3.175.1 Optimal result 1138
 3.175.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1139
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3.175.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \frac{a(c+dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2} f} - \frac{a(c+dx) \log\left(1 + \frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2} f} + \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{(a^2-b^2) f^2} + \frac{ad \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2} f^2} - \frac{ad \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2)^{3/2} f^2} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{(a^2-b^2) f(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}$$

output

```
d*ln(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))/(a^2-b^2)/f^2+a*(d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f-a*(d*x+c)*ln(1+b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f+a*d*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a-(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f^2-a*d*polylog(2,-b*exp(f*x+e)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)/f^2-b*(d*x+c)*sinh(f*x+e)/(a^2-b^2)/f/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))
```

3.175.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 509, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \left(-\sqrt{-(a^2 - b^2)^2} d(e + fx) + 2a\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} d \arctan\left(\frac{a + be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) + 2a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a + be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) + 2a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} d e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a + be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) \right)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

```
output -((((a^2 - b^2)*(-(Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^2]*d*(e + f*x)) + 2*a*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]
*d*ArcTan[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]] + 2*a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] + 2*a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*e*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] - 2*a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*c*f*ArcTanh[(a + b*E^(e + f*x))/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]] + a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*(e + f*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]) - a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*(e + f*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]]) + Sqrt[-(a^2 - b^2)^2]*d*Log[b + 2*a*E^(e + f*x) + b*E^(2*(e + f*x))] + a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*PolyLog[2, (b*E^(e + f*x))/(-a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])] - a*Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]*d*PolyLog[2, -(b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2])])))/(-(a^2 - b^2)^2)^(3/2) + (b*f*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/((a - b)*(a + b)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])))/f^2)
```

3.175.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.722$, Rules used = {3042, 3805, 26, 3042, 26, 3147, 16, 3801, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx \xrightarrow{3042} \int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3805 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{ibd \int -\frac{i \sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{bd \int \frac{\sinh(e+fx)}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{bd \int -\frac{i \cos(ie+ifx-\frac{\pi}{2})}{a-b \sin(ie+ifx-\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 26 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{ibd \int \frac{\cos(\frac{1}{2}(2ie-\pi)+ifx)}{a-b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2ie-\pi)+ifx)} dx}{f(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 3147 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{d \int \frac{1}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} d(b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} \\
& \downarrow 16 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2 - b^2)} \\
& \downarrow 3801 \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2e^{e+fx}a+be^{2(e+fx)}+b} dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2 - b^2)} \\
& \downarrow 2694 \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2(a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{2(a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2})} dx}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2 - b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2 - b^2)} \\
& \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{e^{e+fx}(c+dx)}{a+be^{e+fx}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} dx}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} - \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \\
& \quad \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) dx}{bf} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} - \frac{d \int e^{-e-fx} \log\left(\frac{e^{e+fx}b}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right) de^{e+fx}}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
& \frac{2a \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(c+dx) \log\left(\frac{be^{e+fx}}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}+1\right)}{bf} + \frac{d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{be^{e+fx}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{bf^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \right)}{a^2-b^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{b(c+dx) \sinh(e+fx)}{f(a^2-b^2)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))} + \frac{d \log(a+b \cosh(e+fx))}{f^2(a^2-b^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2, x]`

```
output (d*Log[a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]])/((a^2 - b^2)*f^2) + (2*a*((b*(((c + d*x)*Log[
1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog[2, -((b*E^(
e + f*x))/(a - Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f^2)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]) - (b*(((c
+ d*x)*Log[1 + (b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f) + (d*PolyLog
[2, -((b*E^(e + f*x))/(a + Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])))/(b*f^2)))/(2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2
])))/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*(c + d*x)*Sinh[e + f*x])/((a^2 - b^2)*f*(a + b*Cosh[
e + f*x]))
```

3.175.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 16 Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a +
b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 26 Int[(Complex[0, a_])*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) I
nt[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2694 Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)
*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int
[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)
^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[
v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3147 `Int[cos[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b^p*f) Subst[Int[(a + x)^m*(b^2 - x^2)^(p - 1)/2], x], x, b*Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(p - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3801 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_] * (f_.)*(x_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/(b + (2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)) - (b*E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(I*Pi*(k - 1/2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3805 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + (Simp[a/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.175.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 584 vs. $2(254) = 508$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 585, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(dx+c)(ae^{fx+e}+b)}{f(a^2-b^2)(be^{2fx+2e}+2ae^{fx+e}+b)} + \frac{2ac \arctan\left(\frac{2be^{fx+e}+2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{f(a^2-b^2)\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + \frac{da \ln\left(\frac{-be^{fx+e}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}-a}{-a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)x}{f(a^2-b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{da \ln\left(\frac{be^{fx+e}+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}+a}{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{f(a^2-b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.175. $\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

output `2*(d*x+c)*(a*exp(f*x+e)+b)/f/(a^2-b^2)/(b*exp(2*f*x+2*e)+2*a*exp(f*x+e)+b)+2/f/(a^2-b^2)*a*c/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*exp(f*x+e)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))+1/f/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*d*a*ln((-b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))*x-1/f/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*d*a*ln((b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))*x+1/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*d*a*ln((-b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))*e-1/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*d*a*ln((b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))*e+1/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*d*a*dilog((-b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)-a)/(-a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))-1/f^2/(a^2-b^2)^(3/2)*d*a*dilog((b*exp(f*x+e)+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)+a)/(a+(a^2-b^2)^(1/2)))+1/f^2/(a^2-b^2)*d*ln(b*exp(2*f*x+2*e)+2*a*exp(f*x+e)+b)-2/f^2/(a^2-b^2)*d*ln(exp(f*x+e))-2/f^2/(a^2-b^2)*a*d*e/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*exp(f*x+e)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))`

3.175.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1765 vs. $2(252) = 504$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1765, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.44

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

-(2*(a^2*b - b^3)*d*e - 2*(a^2*b - b^3)*c*f + 2*((a^2*b - b^3)*d*f*x + (a^
2*b - b^3)*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*((a^2*b - b^3)*d*f*x + (a^2*b - b^3)*d
*e)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 - (a*b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 +
2*a^2*b*d*cosh(f*x + e) + a*b^2*d + 2*(a*b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*b*d)*s
inh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x +
e) + (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1
) + (a*b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + a*b^2*d*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a^2*b*d*cosh(f*
x + e) + a*b^2*d + 2*(a*b^2*d*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2*b*d)*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt
((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*dilog(-(a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) - (b*cosh(f*x
+ e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b + 1) - (a*b^2*d*f*x +
a*b^2*d*e + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a*b^2*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a*
b^2*d*e)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^2*b*d*f*x + a^2*b*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e) + 2*(
a^2*b*d*f*x + a^2*b*d*e + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a*b^2*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e))*sinh(f*
x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e) + (b*
cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) + (a*b^2*d*
f*x + a*b^2*d*e + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a*b^2*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + (a*b^2*d*f*x
+ a*b^2*d*e)*sinh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a^2*b*d*f*x + a^2*b*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e)
+ 2*(a^2*b*d*f*x + a^2*b*d*e + (a*b^2*d*f*x + a*b^2*d*e)*cosh(f*x + e))*si
nh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2)*log((a*cosh(f*x + e) + a*sinh(f*x + e)
- (b*cosh(f*x + e) + b*sinh(f*x + e))*sqrt((a^2 - b^2)/b^2) + b)/b) + 2...

```

3.175.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.175.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a^2-4*b^2>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.175.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`

3.175.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

3.176 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$

3.176.1 Optimal result 1147
 3.176.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1147
 3.176.3 Rubi [N/A] 1148
 3.176.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1149
 3.176.5 Fracas [N/A] 1149
 3.176.6 Sympy [N/A] 1149
 3.176.7 Maxima [N/A] 1150
 3.176.8 Giac [N/A] 1150
 3.176.9 Mupad [N/A] 1151

3.176.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.176.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 27.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2), x]`

3.176.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.176.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.176.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(a+b \cosh (fx+e))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`**3.176.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh (e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(b \cosh (fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a^2*d*x + a^2*c + (b^2*d*x + b^2*c)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`**3.176.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 173.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh (e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cosh (e+fx))^2 (c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`output `Integral(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))**2*(c + d*x)), x)`

3.176.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(b\cosh(fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2*(a*e^(f*x + e) + b)/(a^2*b*c*f - b^3*c*f + (a^2*b*d*f - b^3*d*f)*x + (a^2*b*c*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c*f*e^(2*e) + (a^2*b*d*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*d*f*e^(2*e))*x)*e^(2*f*x) + 2*(a^3*c*f*e^e - a*b^2*c*f*e^e + (a^3*d*f*e^e - a*b^2*d*f*e^e)*x)*e^(f*x)) + integrate(2*(b*d + (a*d*f*x*e^e + (c*f*e^e + d*e^e)*a)*e^(f*x))/(a^2*b*c^2*f - b^3*c^2*f + (a^2*b*d^2*f - b^3*d^2*f)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c*d*f - b^3*c*d*f)*x + (a^2*b*c^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c^2*f*e^(2*e) + (a^2*b*d^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*d^2*f*e^(2*e))*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c*d*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c*d*f*e^(2*e))*x)*e^(2*f*x) + 2*(a^3*c^2*f*e^e - a*b^2*c^2*f*e^e + (a^3*d^2*f*e^e - a*b^2*d^2*f*e^e)*x^2 + 2*(a^3*c*d*f*e^e - a*b^2*c*d*f*e^e)*x)*e^(f*x)), x)
```

3.176.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b\cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)(b\cosh(fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(1/((d*x + c)*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2), x)
```

3.176.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2 (c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)), x)`

$$3.177 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

3.177.1 Optimal result	1152
3.177.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1152
3.177.3 Rubi [N/A]	1153
3.177.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1154
3.177.5 Fracas [N/A]	1154
3.177.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	1154
3.177.7 Maxima [N/A]	1155
3.177.8 Giac [N/A]	1155
3.177.9 Mupad [N/A]	1156

3.177.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.177.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 28.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]))^2,x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]))^2, x]`

3.177.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \sin(ie+ifx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.177.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.177.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`output `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`**3.177.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*x + a^2*c^2 + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2)*cosh(f*x + e)), x)`**3.177.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`output `Timed out`

3.177.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 622, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b\cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(b\cosh(fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2*(a*e^(f*x + e) + b)/(a^2*b*c^2*f - b^3*c^2*f + (a^2*b*d^2*f - b^3*d^2*f)
*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c*d*f - b^3*c*d*f)*x + (a^2*b*c^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c^2*f*e^(
(2*e) + (a^2*b*d^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*d^2*f*e^(2*e))*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b*c*d*f*e^(
2*e) - b^3*c*d*f*e^(2*e))*x)*e^(2*f*x) + 2*(a^3*c^2*f*e^e - a*b^2*c^2*f*e^
e + (a^3*d^2*f*e^e - a*b^2*d^2*f*e^e)*x^2 + 2*(a^3*c*d*f*e^e - a*b^2*c*d*f
*e^e)*x)*e^(f*x)) + integrate(2*(2*b*d + (a*d*f*x*e^e + (c*f*e^e + 2*d*e^e
)*a)*e^(f*x))/(a^2*b*c^3*f - b^3*c^3*f + (a^2*b*d^3*f - b^3*d^3*f)*x^3 + 3
*(a^2*b*c*d^2*f - b^3*c*d^2*f)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*b*c^2*d*f - b^3*c^2*d*f)*x + (
a^2*b*c^3*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c^3*f*e^(2*e) + (a^2*b*d^3*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*d^3*f
*e^(2*e))*x^3 + 3*(a^2*b*c*d^2*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c*d^2*f*e^(2*e))*x^2 + 3*(a
^2*b*c^2*d*f*e^(2*e) - b^3*c^2*d*f*e^(2*e))*x)*e^(2*f*x) + 2*(a^3*c^3*f*e^
e - a*b^2*c^3*f*e^e + (a^3*d^3*f*e^e - a*b^2*d^3*f*e^e)*x^3 + 3*(a^3*c*d^2
*f*e^e - a*b^2*c*d^2*f*e^e)*x^2 + 3*(a^3*c^2*d*f*e^e - a*b^2*c^2*d*f*e^e)*
x)*e^(f*x)), x)
```

3.177.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b\cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^2(b\cosh(fx+e)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(1/((d*x + c)^2*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2), x)
```

3.177.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+b\cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\cosh(e+fx))^2(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^2), x)`

3.178 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$

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3.178.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Int}((c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n, x)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`

3.178.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n, x]`

3.178.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + b \sin \left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3807}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.178.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.178.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + b \cosh(fx + e))^n dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x)`**3.178.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`**3.178.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**n,x)`output `Timed out`

3.178.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`**3.178.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (dx + c)^m (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^n, x)`**3.178.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n dx = \int (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^n (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^n*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.179 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx$

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3.179.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 543

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx \\
&= \frac{a^3 (c + dx)^{1+m}}{d(1+m)} + \frac{3ab^2 (c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1+m)} \\
&+ \frac{3^{-1-m} b^3 e^{3e - \frac{3cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
&+ \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-3-m} ab^2 e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
&+ \frac{3a^2 b e^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} \\
&+ \frac{3b^3 e^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
&- \frac{3a^2 b e^{-e + \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} \\
&- \frac{3b^3 e^{-e + \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \\
&- \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-3-m} ab^2 e^{-2e + \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\
&- \frac{3^{-1-m} b^3 e^{-3e + \frac{3cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f}
\end{aligned}$$

```

output a^3*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+3/2*a*b^2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+1/8*3^(-1-m)*b^3
*exp(3*e-3*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-3*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
+3*2^(-3-m)*a*b^2*exp(2*e-2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+3/2*a^2*b*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)
/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+3/8*b^3*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)
/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3/2*a^2*b*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3/8*b^3*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)
/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-3*2^(-3-m)*a*b^2*exp(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/8*3^(-1-m)*b^3*exp(-3*e+3*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,3*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)

```

3.179.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2^{-3-m} 3^{-1-m} e^{-3\left(\frac{e+cf}{d}\right)} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f^2(c+dx)^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} \left(2^m b^3 d e^{6e} (1+m) \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^m \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right) + 3^2\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^3,x]`

output

```
(2^(-3 - m)*3^(-1 - m)*(c + d*x)^m*(2^m*b^3*d*E^(6*e)*(1 + m)*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-3*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 3^(2 + m)*a*b^2*d*E^(5*e + (c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(f*(c/d + x))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2^m*3^(2 + m)*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*d*E^(4*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)] - E^((3*c*f)/d)*(2^m*3^(2 + m)*b*(4*a^2 + b^2)*d*E^(2*e + (c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d] + 3^(2 + m)*a*b^2*d*E^(e + (2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d] + 2^m*(-4*3^(1 + m)*a*(2*a^2 + 3*b^2)*E^(3*e)*f*(c + d*x)*(-((f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m + b^3*d*E^((3*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m*Gamma[1 + m, (3*f*(c + d*x))/d]))/(d*E^(3*(e + (c*f)/d))*f*(1 + m)*(-((f^2*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))^m)
```

3.179.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 543, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a^3(c+dx)^m + 3a^2b(c+dx)^m \cosh(e+fx) + 3ab^2(c+dx)^m \cosh^2(e+fx) + b^3(c+dx)^m \cosh^3(e+fx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^3(c+dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} + \frac{3a^2be^{-\frac{cf}{d}}(c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} - \\ & \frac{3a^2be^{\frac{cf}{d}-e}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} + \\ & \frac{3ab^22^{-m-3}e^{2e-\frac{2cf}{d}}(c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} - \\ & \frac{3ab^22^{-m-3}e^{\frac{2cf}{d}-2e}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} + \frac{3ab^2(c+dx)^{m+1}}{2d(m+1)} + \\ & \frac{b^33^{-m-1}e^{3e-\frac{3cf}{d}}(c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} + \\ & \frac{3b^3e^{-\frac{cf}{d}}(c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} - \\ & \frac{3b^3e^{\frac{cf}{d}-e}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} - \\ & \frac{b^33^{-m-1}e^{\frac{3cf}{d}-3e}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{3f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{8f} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^3,x]`

output `(a^3*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (3*a*b^2*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(2*d*(1 + m)) + (3^(-1 - m)*b^3*E^(3*e - (3*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-3*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (3*2^(-3 - m)*a*b^2*E^(2*e - (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (3*a^2*b*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(2*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (3*b^3*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(8*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (3*a^2*b*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (3*b^3*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (3*2^(-3 - m)*a*b^2*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (3^(-1 - m)*b^3*E^(-3*e + (3*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (3*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(8*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m)`

3.179.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.179.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + b \cosh(fx + e))^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x)`

3.179.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 813, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx =$$

$$\frac{(b^3 dm + b^3 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{3f}{d}\right) + 3de - 3cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{3(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) + 9(ab^2 dm + ab^2 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{2f}{d}\right) + 2de - 3cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{3(dfx + cf)}{d}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```

output -1/24*((b^3*d*m + b^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(3*f/d) + 3*d*e - 3*c*f)/d)*gamma(m
+ 1, 3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 9*(a*b^2*d*m + a*b^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2
*d*e - 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 9*((4*a^2*b + b^3)*d*m
+ (4*a^2*b + b^3)*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*
x + c*f)/d) - 9*((4*a^2*b + b^3)*d*m + (4*a^2*b + b^3)*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f
/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - 9*(a*b^2*d*m + a*b^2*
d)*cosh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)
/d) - (b^3*d*m + b^3*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-3*f/d) - 3*d*e + 3*c*f)/d)*gamma(m
+ 1, -3*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b^3*d*m + b^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, 3*(d*f*x + c*f)/
d)*sinh((d*m*log(3*f/d) + 3*d*e - 3*c*f)/d) - 9*(a*b^2*d*m + a*b^2*d)*gamm
a(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e - 2*c*f)/d) - 9*(
(4*a^2*b + b^3)*d*m + (4*a^2*b + b^3)*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sin
h((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + 9*((4*a^2*b + b^3)*d*m + (4*a^2*b + b^3)
*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) + 9
*(a*b^2*d*m + a*b^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*f
/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d) + (b^3*d*m + b^3*d)*gamma(m + 1, -3*(d*f*x + c*f)/
d)*sinh((d*m*log(-3*f/d) - 3*d*e + 3*c*f)/d) - 12*((2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*d*f*x
+ (2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 12*((2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*d*f
*x + (2*a^3 + 3*a*b^2)*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c))/(d*f*m + d*f)

```

3.179.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**3,x)
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational
```

3.179.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx \\
&= -\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) a^2 b \\
&\quad - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{2(dx + c)^{m+1}}{d(m + 1)} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-3e + \frac{3cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{3(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{3(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^3}{d(m + 1)}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -3/2*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d
+ (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a
^2*b - 3/4*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 2*(d*x
+ c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -2*(
d*x + c)*f/d)/d - 2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)))*a*b^2 - 1/8*((d*x + c)
^(m + 1)*e^(-3*e + 3*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 3*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + 3*(d*x
+ c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + 3*(d*x +
c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)
^(m + 1)*e^(3*e - 3*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -3*(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*b^3 + (
d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a^3/(d*(m + 1))
```


3.179.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \int (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^3 (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^3*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

3.179.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^3 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^3*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^3*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.180 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$

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3.180.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1174

3.180.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 282

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{a^2(c + dx)^{1+m}}{d(1+m)} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^{1+m}}{2d(1+m)} \\ &+ \frac{2^{-3-m} b^2 e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\ &+ \frac{a b e^{-\frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\ &- \frac{a b e^{-e + \frac{cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \\ &- \frac{2^{-3-m} b^2 e^{-2e + \frac{2cf}{d}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1+m, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \end{aligned}$$

```
output a^2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+2^(-3-m)*b^2*exp(2
*e-2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)+a*b*e
xp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-a*b*exp
(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-2^(-3-m)*b
^2*exp(-2*e+2*c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,2*f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m
)
```

3.180.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^m \left(8a^2 f(c + dx) + 4b^2 f(c + dx) + 2^{-m} b^2 d e^{2e - \frac{2cf}{d}} (1 + m) \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output

```
((c + d*x)^m*(8*a^2*f*(c + d*x) + 4*b^2*f*(c + d*x) + (b^2*d*E^(2*e - (2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2^m*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (8*a*b*d*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*Gamma[1 + m, -(f*(c + d*x))/d])/( -((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m - (8*a*b*d*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m - (b^2*d*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(1 + m)*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2^m*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m))/(8*d*f*(1 + m))
```

3.180.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int (c + dx)^m \left(a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3798}$$

$$\int (a^2(c + dx)^m + 2ab(c + dx)^m \cosh(e + fx) + b^2(c + dx)^m \cosh^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a^2(c+dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} + \frac{abe^{e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} -$$

$$\frac{abe^{\frac{cf}{d}-e}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 2^{-m-3} e^{2e-\frac{2cf}{d}}(c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} -$$

$$\frac{b^2 2^{-m-3} e^{\frac{2cf}{d}-2e}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{2f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{f} + \frac{b^2(c+dx)^{m+1}}{2d(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b^2*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(2*d*(1 + m)) + (2^(-3 - m)*b^2*E^(2*e - (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (-2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) + (a*b*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (a*b*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (2^(-3 - m)*b^2*E^(-2*e + (2*c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (2*f*(c + d*x))/d])/(f*((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m)`

3.180.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

3.180.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.180.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 509, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{(b^2 dm + b^2 d) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{2f}{d}\right) + 2de - 2cf}{d}\right) \Gamma\left(m + 1, \frac{2(dfx + cf)}{d}\right) + 8(abdm + abd) \cosh\left(\frac{dm \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + de - cf}{d}\right)}{1}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/8*((b^2*d*m + b^2*d)*cosh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2*d*e - 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m +
  1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) + 8*(a*b*d*m + a*b*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*
  f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d) - 8*(a*b*d*m + a*b*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f
  /d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b^2*d*m + b^2*d)*cos
  h((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d) -
  (b^2*d*m + b^2*d)*gamma(m + 1, 2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(2*f/d) + 2
  *d*e - 2*c*f)/d) - 8*(a*b*d*m + a*b*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh(
  (d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + 8*(a*b*d*m + a*b*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x +
  c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) + (b^2*d*m + b^2*d)*gamma(m +
  1, -2*(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*m*log(-2*f/d) - 2*d*e + 2*c*f)/d) - 4*((2*
  a^2 + b^2)*d*f*x + (2*a^2 + b^2)*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x + c)) - 4*((2*a^2 + b
  ^2)*d*f*x + (2*a^2 + b^2)*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)
```

3.180.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational
```

3.180.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx \\ &= - \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} \right) ab \\ & \quad - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-2e + \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(2e - \frac{2cf}{d})} E_{-m} \left(-\frac{2(dx+c)f}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(dx + c)^{m+1}}{d(m + 1)} \right) \\ & \quad + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^2}{d(m + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (
d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*a*b -
1/4*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-2*e + 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, 2*(d*x + c)*
f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(2*e - 2*c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -2*(d*x +
c)*f/d)/d - 2*(d*x + c)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)))*b^2 + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a^2/(
d*(m + 1))
```

3.180.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2 (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

3.180.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

3.181 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

3.181.1 Optimal result	1175
3.181.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1176
3.181.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1176
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3.181.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1178
3.181.8 Giac [F]	1179
3.181.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1179

3.181.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{a(c + dx)^{1+m}}{d(1 + m)} + \frac{be^{-\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} - \frac{be^{-e+\frac{cf}{d}}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f}$$

```
output a*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d/(1+m)+1/2*b*exp(e-c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,-f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((-f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)-1/2*b*exp(-e+c*f/d)*(d*x+c)^m*GAMMA(1+m,f*(d*x+c)/d)/f/((f*(d*x+c)/d)^m)
```


3.181.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{2a(c + dx)}{d(1 + m)} + \frac{be^{e - \frac{cf}{d}} \left(-\frac{f(c + dx)}{d} \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, -\frac{f(c + dx)}{d}\right)}{f} - \frac{be^{-e + \frac{cf}{d}} \left(f\left(\frac{c}{d} + x\right) \right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(1 + m, \frac{f(c + dx)}{d}\right)}{f} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`output `((c + d*x)^m*((2*a*(c + d*x))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, -(f*(c + d*x)/d)]/(f*(-(f*(c + d*x)/d))^m) - (b*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x)/d)]/(f*(f*(c/d + x))^m)))/2`**3.181.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int (c + dx)^m \left(a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\ & \int (a(c + dx)^m + b(c + dx)^m \cosh(e + fx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a(c+dx)^{m+1}}{d(m+1)} + \frac{be^{e-\frac{cf}{d}}(c+dx)^m \left(-\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, -\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f} - \frac{be^{\frac{cf}{d}-e}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)^{-m} \Gamma\left(m+1, \frac{f(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{2f}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(d*(1 + m)) + (b*E^(e - (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, -((f*(c + d*x))/d)])/(2*f*(-((f*(c + d*x))/d))^m) - (b*E^(-e + (c*f)/d)*(c + d*x)^m*Gamma[1 + m, (f*(c + d*x))/d])/(2*f*((f*(c + d*x))/d)^m)`

3.181.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])]`

3.181.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (a + b \cosh(fx + e)) dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

3.181.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx =$$

$$(b d m + b d) \cosh\left(\frac{d m \log\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + d e - c f}{d}\right) \Gamma(m + 1, \frac{d f x + c f}{d}) - (b d m + b d) \cosh\left(\frac{d m \log\left(-\frac{f}{d}\right) - d e + c f}{d}\right) \Gamma(m + 1, -$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/2*((b*d*m + b*d)*cosh((d*m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x
+ c*f)/d) - (b*d*m + b*d)*cosh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d)*gamma(m + 1
, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d) - (b*d*m + b*d)*gamma(m + 1, (d*f*x + c*f)/d)*sinh((d*
m*log(f/d) + d*e - c*f)/d) + (b*d*m + b*d)*gamma(m + 1, -(d*f*x + c*f)/d)*
sinh((d*m*log(-f/d) - d*e + c*f)/d) - 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*cosh(m*log(d*x +
c)) - 2*(a*d*f*x + a*c*f)*sinh(m*log(d*x + c)))/(d*f*m + d*f)
```

3.181.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> cannot determine truth value of Relational
```

3.181.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(-e + \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} e^{(e - \frac{cf}{d})} E_{-m}\left(-\frac{(dx+c)f}{d}\right)}{d} \right) b$$

$$+ \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a}{d(m + 1)}$$

3.181. $\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*((d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(-e + c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, (d*x + c)*f/d)/d + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*e^(e - c*f/d)*exp_integral_e(-m, -(d*x + c)*f/d)/d)*b + (d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a/(d*(m + 1))`

3.181.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \int (b \cosh(fx + e) + a)(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

3.181.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) dx = \int (a + b \cosh(e + fx)) (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*cosh(e + f*x))*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

$$3.182 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

3.182.1 Optimal result	1180
3.182.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1180
3.182.3 Rubi [N/A]	1181
3.182.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1182
3.182.5 Fricas [N/A]	1182
3.182.6 Sympy [N/A]	1182
3.182.7 Maxima [N/A]	1183
3.182.8 Giac [N/A]	1183
3.182.9 Mupad [N/A]	1183

3.182.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`

3.182.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+b \cosh(e+fx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]), x]`

3.182.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \sin\left(ie + ifx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.182.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.182.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{a + b \cosh(fx + e)} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`**3.182.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)`**3.182.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x)`output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)`

3.182.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)
```

3.182.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{b \cosh(fx + e) + a} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a), x)
```

3.182.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + b \cosh(e + fx)} dx$$

```
input int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)),x)
```

```
output int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x)), x)
```


$$3.183 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

3.183.1 Optimal result	1184
3.183.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1184
3.183.3 Rubi [N/A]	1185
3.183.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1186
3.183.5 Fricas [N/A]	1186
3.183.6 Sympy [N/A]	1186
3.183.7 Maxima [N/A]	1187
3.183.8 Giac [N/A]	1187
3.183.9 Mupad [N/A]	1187

3.183.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`

3.183.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+b \cosh(e+fx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2, x]`

3.183.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {3042, 3807}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \sin(i e + i f x + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2} dx$$

↓ 3807

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Cosh[e + f*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.183.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3807 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.183.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(a + b \cosh(fx + e))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x)`**3.183.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(b^2*cosh(f*x + e)^2 + 2*a*b*cosh(f*x + e) + a^2), x)`**3.183.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 12.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))**2,x)`output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))**2, x)`

3.183.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`**3.183.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(b \cosh(fx + e) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(a+b*cosh(f*x+e))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*cosh(f*x + e) + a)^2, x)`**3.183.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + b \cosh(e + fx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2,x)`output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*cosh(e + f*x))^2, x)`

APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions	1188
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4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

4.1.1 Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7,2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*           Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*           match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*           GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
```

```

(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*   is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*   antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafC
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A"," "}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
        ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
      If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
        finalresult={"A"," "}
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.$
      ]
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
    If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
      finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "<
      ,
      finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
  ];

  finalresult
]

```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
    If[ListQ[expn],
      Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
      If[Head[expn]===Power,
        If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
          ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
          If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
            If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
              1,
              Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
            Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]]],
          If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
            Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
            If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
            If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
            If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],5]],
            If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],6]],
            If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
            If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],8]],
            9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, CsCh,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

4.1.2 Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
# if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000

```



```

#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
# see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
#do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
    return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues";
fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

```

```

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
  fi;
  if is_contains_complex(result) then
    if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
      if debug then
        print("both result and optimal complex");
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        return "A"," ";
      else
        return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf_
        end if
      else #result contains complex but optimal is not
        if debug then
          print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
        fi;
        return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
      fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
      # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
      if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well");
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "A"," ";
      else
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of o
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(" ,
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," )=" ,convert(2*leaf_cou
        fi;
      fi;
    fi;
  fi;

```

```

else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
  fi;
  return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
    convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
    convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  end if
end proc:

```

```

elif type(expn, ``~`) then
  if type(op(2,expn), 'integer') then
    ExpnType(op(1,expn))
  elif type(op(2,expn), 'rational') then
    if type(op(1,expn), 'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  else
    max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)), ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
  end if
elif type(expn, ``+`) or type(expn, ``*`) then
  max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)), max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(4, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(5, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(6, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif op(0,expn)='int' then
  max(8, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)]))) else
  9
end if
end proc:

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,

```

```

        GAMMA,lnGAMMA,Psi,Zeta,polylog,dilog,LambertW,
        EllipticF,EllipticE,EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1,hypergeom,HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
    if nops(u)=2 then
        op(2,u)
    else
        apply(op(0,u),op(2..nops(u),u))
    end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
    MmaTranslator[Mma] [LeafCount] (u);
end proc:

```

4.1.3 Sympy grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#          Port of original Maple grading function by
#          Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#          added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
    #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
    return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):

```

```

if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
        return True
    else:
        return False
else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
        asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
        asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
    ]

def is_special_function(func):
    return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
        fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
        gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
        elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
    ]

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):

```

```

return 1
elif isinstance(expn,list):
    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,``^`)
    if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
        return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnT
elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,``+`) or type(expn,``*`)
    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

```

#main function

```

def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""
    else:
        if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
            if result.has(I):
                if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                    if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                        grade = "A"
                        grade_annotation = ""
                    else:
                        grade = "B"
                        grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is large"
                else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                    grade = "C"
                    grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
            else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result)
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType_result)

    #print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```



```
return grade, grade_annotation
```

4.1.4 SageMath grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#      grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#      'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#      issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
```

```

        return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric', 'hypergeometric_M', 'hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("Enter is_atom, expn=", expn)

    if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
        return False

    #thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-try:
    try:
        if expn.parent() is SR:
            return expn.operator() is None
        if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
            return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
        if hasattr(expn.parent(), "base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(), "gens"):
            return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

        return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        print("Exception, AttributeError in is_atom")
        print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
        return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list:  #isinstance(expn,list):

```

```

    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational):
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expn,Pow)
    if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer)
        return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or inst
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print("type(anti)",type(result))
    print("type(optimal)",type(optimal))

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger t
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal." + str(leaf
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order " + str(expnType_resu

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```

```
return grade, grade_annotation
```